| Course Code   | Applied Dhysics   |          | L | T | P   | С  |
|---------------|-------------------|----------|---|---|-----|----|
| 20ABS9902     | Applied Physics   |          | 3 | 0 | 0   | 3  |
| Pre-requisite | Basics of Physics | Semester |   |   | I - | II |

#### Course Outcomes (CO):

**CO1:** Analyze the intensity variation of light due to interference and diffraction & illustrate the propagation of electromagnetic waves.

**CO2:** Analyze and apply the concepts of LASER S and optical fibers.

CO3: Infer the properties of dielectric magnetic material

**CO4:** Apply the fundamentals of semi conductors for device applications

**CO5:** Implement the behavior of superconductors in diverse fields & interpret the properties of nanomaterials for multiple applications.

**UNIT - I** 10 Hrs

### Optics

Interference of light -principle of superposition-Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected light) - Newton's Rings -Determination of Wavelength. Diffraction-Fraunhofer diffraction- Single slit and double slit- Diffraction Grating. Divergence and Curl of Electric and Magnetic Fields - Gauss' theorem for divergence and Stokes' theorem for curl - Maxwell's Equations (Quantitative) - Electromagnetic wave - propagation in non-conducting medium - Poynting's Theorem.

UNIT - II

# Lasers and Fiber Optics

Lasers – Introduction – Characteristics – Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission – Einstein Coefficients -Population Inversion – Excitation Mechanism and Optical Resonator - He-Ne Laser -Nd: YAG Laser -Semiconductor Diode Laser – Applications of Lasers and Holography.

Introduction to Optical Fibers – Total Internal Reflection – Critical angle of propagation –Acceptance angle – Numerical Aperture – Classification of fibers based on Refractive index profile – Propagation of electromagnetic wave through optical fiber – modes – importance of V-number-Attenuation, Block Diagram of Fiber optic Communication – Industrial Applications

UNIT - III 8 Hrs

## **Dielectric and Magnetic Materials**

Introduction—Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant-Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic,(Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative)- Frequency dependence of polarization-Lorentz (internal) field-Claussius-Mosotti equation-Applications of Dielectrics: Ferroelectricity.

Introduction-Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability-Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Classification of Magnetic materials - Weiss theory of ferromagnetism (qualitative) - Hysteresis- soft and hard magnetic materials - Magnetic memory device applications.

UNIT - IV 8 Hrs

### Semiconductors

Origin of Energy bands (Qualitative)-Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors –Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors- Density of charge carriers – Fermi energy—Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature – Electrical conductivity – Drift and Diffusion currents – Continuity equation - Hall effect -Applications of Hall effect and Semiconductors.

UNIT - V

#### Superconductors and Nonmaterial's

Superconductors-Properties-Meissner'seffect-BCSTheory(Qualitative) - Josephson effect (AC&DC)-Types of Superconductors-Applications of superconductors.

Nanomaterials–Significance of nanoscale–: Physical, Mechanical, Magnetic, Optical properties of nanomaterials – Synthesis of nanomaterials:Top-down-Ball Milling, Bottom-up-Chemical vapour deposition–Characterization of nanomaterials: X-Ray Diffraction (XRD), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM)-Applications of Nanomaterials.

#### Textbooks:

- 1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar &TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"-S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
- 2. B.K.Pandey and S.Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2012.

### Reference Books:

- 1. K Thyagarajan "Engineering Physics",-Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2016
- 2. Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, "Engineering Physics", Pearson Education, 2018
- 3. David J.Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics"-4/e, Pearson Education, 2014
- 4. T Pradeep, "A Text book of NanoScience and NanoTechnology"-Tata Mc Graw Hill 2013.

## Online Learning Resources:

www.nptel.ac.in

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

| mapping 0 | PO1 | PO2 | РО3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1       | 3   |     | 1   | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO2       | 3   |     |     | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO3       | 3   |     | 1   | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO4       | 3   |     | 1   | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO5       | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |

| Course Code   | B 1 134 A 104 4 4   | •   | L  | T  | P                  | С  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 20ABS9911   | Probability And Statist   | ics   | 3  | 0  | 0                  | 3  |  |  |
| Pre-requisite   | Probability   | Semester  |  |  | I - I              | II   |  |  |
| Course Outcomes   | (CO):   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| CO1: Interpre   | et the characteristics through correlation and reg  | gression tools.   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| CO2: Make u   | se of the concepts of probability and their applica   | ations.   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| CO3:Apply di  | screte and continuous probability distributions.  |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| CO4: Inferen  | ce the components of a classical hypothesis test  | for large sample  |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| CO5: Inspect  | the components of a classical hypothesis test for   | r small samples.  |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| UNIT – I  |   |   | 10 I   | Hrs  |                    |  |  |  |
| escriptive statisti   | cs and methods for data science   |   |  |  | 1                  |  |  |  |
|   | tics Introduction, Population vs Sample, Collecti   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
|   | ent and independent Categorical and Continuo  |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
|   | Measures of Variability (spread or variance)  |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
|   | relation, regression coefficients, principle of least   | t squares, method   | of lea   | ast sc   | quares             | s, regressio   |  |  |
| nes   |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
|   |   |   | 8 Hrs  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| UNIT – II   |   | _   | 8 H:   | rs   |                    |  |  |  |
| Probability   |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |
| <b>Probability</b><br>Probability, probab   | bility axioms, addition law and multiplicative law  |   | nditio   | onal p   |                    |  |  |  |
| <b>Probability</b> Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability values of the probability of t | bility axioms, addition law and multiplicative law ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  |   | nditio   | onal p   |                    |  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probab      |   |   | ndition<br>s, pro  | onal p<br>operti   |                    |  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probab      | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability   |   | nditio   | onal p<br>operti   |                    |  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability Probability distribution  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  Itions   | density function  | onditions, pro   | onal p<br>operti   | es, m              | nathematica  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability distribution.  Probability distribution   | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability   | density function  | onditions, pro   | onal p<br>operti   | es, m              | nathematica  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability Probability distribution Probability distribution   | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  Itions   | density function  | onditions, pro   | onal poperti   | es, m              | nathematica  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of the Probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the  | density function  | onditions, pro   | onal poperti   | es, m              | nathematica  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of the Probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV Estimation and Te  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the leasting of hypothesis, large sample tests   | density function  | ondition and the state of the s | onal poperti   | rmal o             | nathematica<br>distribution  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of the Probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Te  Estimation-paramete  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the leasting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point e   | density function  | onditions, probability of the second  | onal poperti   | rmal o             | distribution hypothesis  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability distribution probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Te Estimation-parameted ternative hypothes   | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the least sers, statistics, sampling distribution, point easis, the critical and acceptance regions, level of  | density function binomial distribute estimation, Formula significance, two to   | onditions, probabilities and series are series and series and series and series and series are series and series and series and series are series and series and series and series are series and series are series and series and series are seri | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of of err                     | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis   |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of the Probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Te Estimation-parameted the properties between the test. Large San  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the least sers, statistics, sampling distribution, point easis, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different   | density function  binomial distribution  estimation, Formula significance, two to ce of proportions                                   | onditions, probabilities, probabilities and the second sec | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error for for              | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis   |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of their properties.  UNIT – III Probability distribute their properties.  UNIT – IV Estimation and Te Catimation-parameted lternative hypothes the test. Large Sandifference of means.  | ariables (discrete and continuous), probability  ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the least sers, statistics, sampling distribution, point easis, the critical and acceptance regions, level of  | density function  binomial distribution  estimation, Formula significance, two to ce of proportions                                   | 8 History and the state of the  | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of erit for ems               | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis   |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability distributed by the probability distributed by the properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Text Castimation-parameted the properties by the probability distributed by the properties between the probability of the       | sting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point e is, the critical and acceptance regions, level of inple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample   | density function  binomial distribution  estimation, Formula significance, two to ce of proportions                                   | onditions, probabilities, probabilities and the second sec | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of erit for ems               | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis   |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability distribution probability distribution properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Te Catimation-parameted thernative hypothes the test. Large Sandifference of means.  UNIT – V  Small sample tests   | sting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point e is, the critical and acceptance regions, level of inple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample   | density function binomial distribute estimation, Formula significance, two significance of proportions e and two sample               | 8 Historypes , test  | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error to for ems  rs       | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis and power of  |  |  |
| Probability Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability expectation.  UNIT – III Probability distributed in properties.  UNIT – IV Estimation and Textostimation-parameted iternative hypothesis he test. Large Sandifference of means.  UNIT – V Small sample tests it is a sample test.   | sting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exists, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample on (test for single mean, two means and paired).  | density function binomial distribute estimation, Formula significance, two significance of proportions e and two sample               | 8 Historypes , test  | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error to for ems  rs       | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis and power of  |  |  |
| Probability Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability of the probability distributed by the properties.  UNIT – IV Estimation and Textostimation-parameted lternative hypothes the test. Large Sandifference of means.  UNIT – V  Small sample tests to describe the standard sample tests.  UNIT – V  Small sample tests to goodness   | sting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exists, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample on (test for single mean, two means and paired).  | density function binomial distribute estimation, Formula significance, two significance of proportions e and two sample               | 8 Historypes , test  | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error to for ems  rs       | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis and power of  |  |  |
| Probability Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability discribing Probability distributed heir properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Texting Sample test. Large Samplifference of means.  UNIT – V  Small sample tests Student t-distribution of the sample test.  Estimation-parameter of test. Large Samplifference of means.  UNIT – V  Small sample tests Student t-distribution of the sample test.  Extraction of the sample tests of the sample tests.   | ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the string of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exist, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample in (test for single mean, two means and paired is of fit.   | density function binomial distribution estimation, Formusignificance, two to ce of proportions e and two sample t-test), testing of e | 8 Hillians and services are services and services and services and services are services and ser | onal popertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error to for ems  rs       | rmal o             | distribution  hypothesis and power of  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability discribing probability distributed their properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Textimation-parameted ternative hypothes the test. Large Sandifference of means.  JNIT – V  Small sample tests student t-distribution (2 - test for goodnes)  Textbooks:  1. Miller and F  | ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the string of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exis, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample on (test for single mean, two means and paired is of fit.  | density function binomial distribution estimation, Formusignificance, two to ce of proportions e and two sample t-test), testing of e | s, problem and the state of the | onal propertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error for ems  rs  ity of | null rors a single | hypothesis and power of mean an  |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability distributed in properties.  Probability distributed in properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Textimation-parameted in properties in the test. Large Sandifference of means.  JNIT – V  Small sample tests in the student t-distribution in the student t-distribution in the student t-distribution in the student in the state of the stat      | ations ion - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the string of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exist, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample in (test for single mean, two means and paired is of fit.   | density function binomial distribution estimation, Formusignificance, two to ce of proportions e and two sample t-test), testing of e | s, problem and the state of the | onal propertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error for ems  rs  ity of | null rors a single | distribution  hypothesis and power of the mean and the me |  |  |
| Probability Probability, probability, probability, probability, probability, probability discribing probability distributed their properties.  UNIT – IV  Estimation and Textimation-parameted ternative hypothes the test. Large Sandifference of means.  JNIT – V  Small sample tests student t-distribution (2 - test for goodnes)  Textbooks:  1. Miller and F  | sting of hypothesis, large sample tests ers, statistics, sampling distribution, point exists, the critical and acceptance regions, level of apple Tests: Test for single proportion, different Confidence interval for parameters in one sample in (test for single mean, two means and paired is of fit.  Treunds, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical | density function binomial distribution estimation, Formusignificance, two to ce of proportions e and two sample t-test), testing of e | s, problem and the state of the | onal propertions  rs  nd not  rs  n of error for ems  rs  ity of | null rors a single | distribution  hypothesic and power of the mean and the me |  |  |

- 1. S. Chand ,Probability and Statistics, Dr.T.K.V. Iyengar, Dr.B. Krishna Gandhi, S. Ranganatham, Dr.M.V.S.S.N. Prasad
- 2. S. Ross, a First Course in Probability, Pearson Education India, 2002.
- 3. W. Feller, an Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, 1/e, Wiley, 1968.

# Online Learning Resources:

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Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO2 |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| соз |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO4 |     |     | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO5 |     |     | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |

| Course Code   | Communicative Englis   | 1.       | L | T | P   | С  |
|---------------|------------------------|----------|---|---|-----|----|
| 20AHS9901     | Communicative Englis   | n        | 3 | 0 | 0   | 3  |
| Pre-requisite | Grammar and Literature | Semester |   |   | I - | II |

### **Course Objectives:**

- Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers
- Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials
- Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

#### Course Outcomes (CO):

- **CO1:** Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English.
- CO2: Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms
- CO3: Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions
- **CO4:** Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.
- **CO5:** Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table

UNIT - I 9 Hrs

**Lesson:** On the Conduct of Life: William Hazlitt

**Listening:** Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

**Speaking:** Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

**Writing:** Beginnings and endings of paragraphs – introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

**Grammar and Vocabulary- I :** Parts of Speech, Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form – Wh questions; word order in sentences.

### Vocabulary -2: Formal/academic words and phrases.

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

# Lesson: The Brook: Alfred Tennyson

**Listening:** Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

**Reading:** Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

**Writing:** Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices;

**Mechanics of writing -** punctuation, capital letters.

**Grammar & Vocabulary building-1:** Cohesive devices – linkers, sign posts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

# Vocabulary building: 2 Idioms and Phrases, Homonyms, Homophones and Homographs.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

# Lesson: The Death Trap: Saki

**Listening:** Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

**Speaking:** Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences – recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

**Writing: Summarizing** – identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read.

Grammar and Vocabulary building-II: Direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

**Technical Writing-1:** personal experiences, unforgettable incidents, travelogues. (Imaginative, Narrative and Descriptive)

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

#### Lesson: Innovation: Muhammad Yunus

**Listening:** Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

**Speaking:** Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) – asking for and giving information/directions

**Reading:** Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends / patterns / relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Letter Writing: Official Letters/Report writing, e-mail writing

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Quantifying expressions – adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; Voice -Active & Passive Voice.

Vocabulary:2: Jigsaw Puzzles, Vocabulary Activities through Web tools

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

#### Lesson: Politics and the English Language: George Orwell

**Listening:** Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

**Speaking:** Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts – without the use of PPT slides.

**Reading:** Reading for comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage.

**Technical Writing-2:** Narrative short story, News paper articles on science fiction.

#### Textbooks:

1. Language and Life: A Skills Approach- I Edition 2019, Orient Black Swan

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
- 3. Raymond Murphy's English Grammar in Use Fourth Edition (2012) E-book
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.
- 5. Oxford Learners Dictionary, 12th Edition, 2011
- 6. Norman Lewis Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary (2014)
- 7. Speed Reading with the Right Brain: Learn to Read Ideas Instead of Just Words by David Butler

### **Online Learning Resources:**

- 1. www.englishclub.com
- 2. www.easyworldofenglish.com
- 3. www.languageguide.org/english/
- 4. www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish
- 5. www.eslpod.com/index.html
- 6. www.myenglishpages.com

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |
| CO2 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3   |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO3 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |
| CO4 |     |     |     |     | V   |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |
| CO5 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |

| Course Code   | Data Standarda             |          | L | T | P  | С  |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------|---|---|----|----|
| 20AES0502     | Data Structures            |          | 3 | 0 | 0  | 3  |
| Pre-requisite | C Programming, Mathematics | Semester |   |   | Ι- | II |

### **Course Objectives:**

- To teach the representation of solution to the problem using algorithm
- To explain the approach to algorithm analysis
- To introduce different data structures for solving the problems
- To demonstrate modelling of the given problem as a graph
- To elucidate the existing hashing techniques

### Course Outcomes (CO):

**CO1:** Analyze and evaluate the efficiency of an algorithm

CO2: Implement linear data structures

**CO3:** implement non -linear data structures

CO4: Solve the problem of efficiently using graphs and Hashing techniques

**CO5:** Implement advanced sorting and organizing the file

UNIT - I 9 Hrs

### Introduction

Algorithm Specification, Performance analysis, Performance Measurement. Arrays: Arrays, Dynamically Allocated Arrays. Structures and Unions. Sorting: Motivation, Quick sort, how fast can we sort, Merge sort, Heap sort

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

# Stack, Queue and Linked lists

Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Queues, Circular Queues Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation of Expressions, Multiple Stacks and Queues. Linked lists: Singly Linked Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Additional List Operations, Doubly Linked Lists.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

#### Trees

Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Additional Binary Tree Operations, Binary Search Trees, Counting Binary Trees, Optimal Binary search Trees, AVL Trees. B-Trees: B- Trees, B + Trees.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

### Graphs and Hashing

The Graph Abstract Data Type, Elementary Graph Operations, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees, Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure

Hashing: Introduction to Hash Table, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing.

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

#### Files and Advanced sorting

File Organization: Sequential File Organization, Direct File Organization, Indexed Sequential File Organization. Advanced sorting: Sorting on Several keys, List and Table sorts, Summary of Internal sorting, External sorting.

### Textbooks:

- Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Galgotia Book Source, Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 2. Alan L. Tharp, "File Organization and Processing", Wiley and Sons, 1988.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. D. Samanta, "Classic Data Structures", 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., India, 2012.
- 2. Peter Bras, "Advanced Data Structures", Cambridge University Press, 2016
- 3. Richard F.Gilberg, Behrouz A.Forouzan, "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", Second Edition, Cengage Learning 2005.

### Online Learning Resources:

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Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3   | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      | 2    | 2    |      |
| CO2 | 3   | 2   | 2   |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 1    |
| соз | 3   | 2   | 2   |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 1    |
| CO4 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 2    |
| CO5 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 2    |

| Course Code     | Postland Posture and and                           |                    | L      | T     | P      | C         |
|-----------------|--|--------------------|--------|-------|--------|-----------|
| 20AES0509       | Python Programming                                 |                    | 1      | 0     | 4      | 3         |
| Pre-requisite   | Problem Solving and Programming                    | Semester           |        |       | I - 1  | II        |
| Course Outcomes | (CO):  |                    |        |       |        |           |
| CO1: Under      | stand the Python syntax, semantics, basic progra   | mming construct    | s to b | e use | d to v | write the |
| progra          | ıms  |                    |        |       |        |           |
| CO2: Utilize    | the methods of various data structures to manipro  | ulate the data     |        |       |        |           |
| CO3: Apply      | various packages to work with real need            |                    |        |       |        |           |
| CO4: Apply      | the appropriate Object-Oriented Programming pri    | nciple for a given | scena  | ario  |        |           |
|                 |  |                    |        |       |        |           |
| CO5: Develo     | p bug free applications by handling different type | s of exceptions    |        |       |        |           |

**Basics of Python Programming:** Features and applications of Python, Comparison with C, Literals, variables and identifiers, data types, comments, reserved words, indentation, operators, Input and Output Statements, type conversion.

• Write a program to demonstrate different representations of numbers in Python.

• Write a program to perform different Operations on operators in Python **UNIT - II** 

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

Decision Control Statements: Introduction, selection/conditional branching statements, basic loop

structures/iterative statements, nested loops, break, continue and pass statements, else statement used with loops.

**Strings:** operations and methods, Lists: accessing and updating values in list, nested and cloning lists, basic list operations, list methods, list comprehensions, looping in lists, Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries and Operations.

- Develop programs to demonstrate decision making and looping structures in python.
- Write a program to create, append, and remove lists in Python.
- Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.
- Write a program to demonstrate working with dictionaries in python.

### Case study on Loops:

• A perfect number is a number for which the sum of its proper divisors is exactly equal to the number. For example, the sum of the proper divisors of 28 would be 1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14 = 28, which means that 28 is a perfect number. A number n is called deficient if the sum of its proper divisors is less than n and it is called abundant if this sum exceeds n. Write a program for the given large n, find the sum of all perfect numbers, sum of all deficient numbers and sum of abundant numbers separately. Print all perfect numbers along with its sum, deficient numbers along with its sum and abundant numbers along with its sum.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

**Functions:** Introduction, Declaration and definition, calling a function, returning values from function, pass by object reference, arguments, Local and Global variables, recursive functions, lambda functions, fruitful functions. **Libraries:** NumPy, pandas, Keras.

- Develop Python programs using recursive and non-recursive functions
- Write a program to demonstrate a) arrays b) array indexing such as slicing, integer array indexing and Boolean array indexing along with their basic operations in NumPy

#### Case study on Functions:

• Write a function mult\_lists(a, b) that takes two lists of numbers of the same length, and returns the sum of the products of the corresponding elements of each.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Classes and Objects: Introduction, classes and objects, constructor, encapsulation, Class method and self-argument, \_\_init\_\_() method, class variables and object variables, \_\_del\_\_() method, other special method, public and private data members, private methods, built-in class functions and attributes, overloading methods, overriding methods.

• Write a program to demonstrate how to create classes and objects in the application.

### Case study on Classes

- Design a class named Quadratic Equation for a quadratic equation  $ax^2+bx+c=0$ . The class contains:
  - The private data fields a, b, c that represents three coefficients.
  - A constructor for the arguments for a, b and c
  - Three get methods for a, b and c
  - A method named getDiscriminant() that returns the discriminant, which is b²-4ac.
  - The methods named getRoot1() and getRoot2() for returning the two roots of the equation using the formulas:

 $R_1 = -b + (\sqrt{b^2-4ac})/2a$  and  $R_2 = -b - (\sqrt{b^2-4ac})/2a$ .

- These methods are useful only if the discriminant is non negative. Let these methods return 0 if the discriminant is negative.
- Write a test program that prompts the user to enter values for a, b, c and displays the result based on discriminant.

UNIT – V 9 Hrs

**Inheritance:** Introduction, inheriting classes in python, types of inheritance, complex objects, abstract classes and interfaces. **Error and Exception Handing:** Types of Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, types of exceptions **Files & Database:** Introduction to File Input and Output, Using Loops to Process Files, Introduction to database, standard methods, working with oracle database, case study (create employees table in the oracle database).

- Develop Python programs to exemplify the concepts of inheritance and overloading.
- Write a program to create user defined exception and handle the exception in the application.

### Case study on Files

• Write a script named copyfile.py. This script should prompt the user for the names of two text files. The contents of the first file should be the input that to be written to the second file.

### Textbooks:

- 1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python", 2nd edition, SPD/O'Reilly, 2016.
- 2. Reema thareja, Python Programming using problem solving approach, Oxford University Press.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Dietel and Dietel, Python How to Program.
- 2. Kenneth A. lambert, B.L. Juneja, Fundamentals of Python, Cengage Learning
- 3. James Payne, Beginning Python using Python2.6 and Python3

### Online Learning Resources:

- 3. 1. https://www.python.org
  - 2. https://learnpython.org

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8         | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |             |     |      |      |      | 2    | 2    |
| CO2 | 3   |     | 2   |     | 2   |     |     |             |     |      |      |      | 2    | 2    |
| CO3 |     | 2   |     | 2   | 2   |     |     |             |     |      |      |      | 2    | 2    |
| CO4 |     |     |     | 2   | 2   |     |     |             |     |      |      |      | 2    | 2    |
| CO5 |     |     | 1   |     |     |     |     | <b>&gt;</b> |     |      |      |      | 2    | 2    |

| Co       | ourse Code    |   |                    | L                    | T        | P       | С         |
|----------|---------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| 20       | 0AHS9902      | Communicative English I                                 | ⊿ab                | 0                    | 0        | 3       | 1.5       |
| Pr       | e-requisite   | Language and Grammar                                    | Semester           |                      |          | I - I   | I         |
| Cours    | se Objectives | :   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| •        | Students wi   | ill be exposed to a variety of self instructional, lear | ner friendly mod   | les of               | langu    | age le  | arning.   |
| •        |               | ill learn better pronunciation through Phonetics.       | J                  |                      | Ü        | J       | J         |
| •        |               | ill be trained to use language effectively to face int  | erviews, group d   | iscuss               | ions,    | publi   | c speakin |
| •        |               | ill be initiated into greater use of the computer in    |                    |                      |          | _       | -         |
|          | making etc.   |   | 1 1                | ,                    | •        |         |           |
| Cours    | se Outcomes   | (CO):   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
|          | CO1: Create   | e Awareness on mother tongue influence and neut         | ralize it in order | to im                | prove    | fluen   | cy in     |
|          | spoken Eng    | _   |                    |                      | •        |         | J         |
|          |               | standing the different aspects of the language wit      | h emphasis on L    | SRW                  | nake use |         |           |
|          |               | ategies in discussion                                   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
|          |               | ve word knowledge and apply skills in various lan       | guages learning    | activi               | ies      |         |           |
|          | CO4: Analy    | ze speech sounds, stress ,rhythm, intonation and        | syllable division  | for be               | tter 1   | isteni  | ng and    |
|          | speaking co   | mprehension   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
|          | CO5: Evalu    | ate and exhibit acceptable etiquette essential in so    | ocial and profess  | sional presentations |          | ns.     |           |
| UNIT     | - I           |   |                    | 9 H:                 | rs       |         | -         |
| 1.       | Phonetics     | 1   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| 2.       |               | communication   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| 3.       |               | (word formation, one word substitutes, words ofter      | n misused & con    | ıfused               | , collo  | ocation | ns idioms |
|          | phrases)      |   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| JNIT     | _ TT          |   |                    | 9 H:                 | rs       |         |           |
| 1.       | Reading Cor   | nanahanaian   |                    | 7 11.                |          |         |           |
| 1.<br>2. | JAM           | inprenension  |                    |                      |          |         |           |
|          |               | petween Native and Indian English accent (Speech        | es by TED and k    | (alam)               |          |         |           |
| UNIT     |               |   |                    | 9 H:                 |          |         |           |
| 1.       | Situational o | lialogues/ Giving Directions                            |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| 2.       |               | bjects/places/persons                                   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| UNIT     | – IV          |   |                    | 9 H:                 | rs       |         |           |
|          |               | (Tongue twisters, riddles, puzzles etc)                 |                    | •                    |          |         |           |
| 1.       | Formal Pres   | entations   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
| 2.       |               |   |                    |                      |          |         |           |
|          |               |   |                    | 9 H:                 | rs       |         |           |
| 2.       |               | temporary / Complex topics)                             |                    | 9 H:                 | rs       |         |           |

K-Van Solutions Software

# Reference Books:

Teaching English - British Council

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | <b>PO3</b> | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 |     |     |            |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |
| CO2 |     |     |            |     |     |     |     |     | 3   |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO3 |     |     |            |     |     |     |     |     |     | 3    |      |      |      |      |
| CO4 |     |     |            |     |     |     |     |     |     | 2    |      |      |      |      |
| CO5 |     |     |            |     |     |     |     |     |     | 2    |      |      |      |      |

| Course Code   | Applied Dissert of Lab |                     | L | T | P  | С  |  |
|---------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---|----|----|--|
| 20ABS9907     | Applied Physics Lab    | Applied Physics Lab |   |   |    |    |  |
| Pre-requisite | Basic of Physics       | Semester            |   |   | Ι- | II |  |

### Course Outcomes (CO):

- **CO1:** Analyze the wave properties of light and the interaction of energy with the matter.
- **CO2:** Apply electromagnetic wave propagation in different guided media.
- CO3:Asses the electromagnetic wave propagation and its power in different media
- **CO4:** Analyze the conductivity of semiconductors.
- **CO5:** Interpret the difference between normal conductor and superconductor and apply the nanomaterials for engineering applications.

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of the thickness of the wire using wedge shape method.
- 2. Determination of the radius of curvature of the lens by Newton's ring method
- 3. Determination of wavelength by plane diffraction grating method
- 4. Dispersive power of a diffraction grating
- 5. Study of the Magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current.
- 6. Study the variation of B versus H of the magnetic material (B-H curve)
- 7. Determination of the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber and angle of acceptance.
- 8. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall effect.
- 9. Determination of the energy gap of a semiconductor
- 10. Determination of crystallite size using X-Ray diffraction spectra.
- 11. Determination of Wavelength of LASER using diffraction grating.
- 12. Determination of particle size using LASER.
- 13. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductor by Four probe method.
- 14. Determination of dielectric constant by charging and discharging method.
- 15. Study the temperature dependence of resistance of a thermister.

### Textbooks:

### Reference Books:

- 1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N.Srinivasan, "A Text book of Practical Physics"-S Chand Publishers, 2017.
- 2. http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php-VirtualLabs, Amrita University.

# Online Learning Resources:

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3   | 1   |     | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO2 | 3   |     |     | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| соз | 3   | 1   |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO4 | 3   | 1   | /   | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO5 | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 1   |      |      |      |      |      |

| Course Code   | Data Standarda I ah |                     | L      | T | P | С |  |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|---|---|---|--|
| 20AES0504     | Data Structures Lab | Data Structures Lab |        |   |   |   |  |
| Pre-requisite | Basic Mathematics   | Semester            | I - II |   |   |   |  |

### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce to the different data structures
- To elucidate how the data structure selection influences the algorithm complexity
- To explain the different operations that can be performed on different data structures
- To introduce to the different search and sorting algorithms.

#### Course Outcomes (CO):

- **CO1:** Select the data structure appropriate for solving the problem
- **CO2:** Implement searching and sorting algorithms
- **CO3:** Derive new data types
- **CO4:** Illustrate the working of linear and non linear data structure
- **CO5:** Organize the data using Files structure

### Laboratory Experiments

- 1. String operations using array of pointers
- 2. Searching Algorithms (With the Number of Key Comparisons) Sequential, Binary and Fibonacci Search Algorithms.
- 3. Sorting Algorithms: Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Shell Sort, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, and Radix Sort. Using the system clock, compute the time taken for sorting of elements. The time for other operations like I/O etc should not be considered while computing time.
- 4. Implementation of Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Circular Linked List
- 5. Stack implementation using arrays
- 6. Stack implementation using linked lists
- 7. Queue implementation using arrays. Implement different forms of queue. While implementing you should be able to store elements equal to the size of the queue. No positions should be left blank.
- 8. Queue implementation using linked lists
- 9. Creation of binary search tree, performing operations insertion, deletion, and traversal.
- 10. Breadth first search
- 11. Depth first search
- 12. Travelling sales man problem
- 13. File operations
- 14. Indexing of a file
- 15. Reversing the links (not just displaying) of a linked list.
- 16. Consider a linked list consisting of name of a person and gender as a node. Arrange the linked list using 'Ladies first' principle. You may create new linked lists if necessary.
- 17. An expression can be represented in three ways: infix, prefix and postfix. All the forms are necessary in different contexts. Write modules to convert from one form to another form.
- 18. A table can be defined as a collection of rows and columns. Each row and column may have a label. Different values are stored in the cells of the table. The values can be of different data types. Numerical operations like summation, average etc can be performed on rows/columns which contain numerical data. Such operations are to be prevented on data which is not numeric. User may like to insert row/columns in the already existing table. User may like to remove row/column. Create table data type and support different operations on it.

#### Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Galgotia Book Source, Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 2. Alan L. Tharp, "File Organization and Processing", Wiley and Sons, 1988.

### Reference Books:

- 1. D. Samanta, "Classic Data Structures", 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., India, 2012.
- 2. Richard F.Gilberg, Behrouz A.Forouzan, "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", Second Edition, Cengage Learning 2005.

### **Online Learning Resources:**

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zWg7U0OEAoE&list=PLBF3763AF2E1C572F

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

|     | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3   | 2   |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      | 2    | 2    |      |
| CO2 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 2    |
| CO3 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    | 1    |
| CO4 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    |      |
| CO5 | 3   | 2   | 2   | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      | 1    | 2    |      |

| Course Code   | Environmental Studio          | L                     | T | P | С  |    |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|----|--|--|
| 20AMC9903     | Environmental Studies         | Environmental Studies |   |   |    |    |  |  |
| Pre-requisite | Basic Environmental Knowledge | Semester              |   |   | Ι- | II |  |  |

#### Course Outcomes (CO):

- **CO1:** To recognize and to understand the importance and scope of Environmental Studies.
- **CO2:** To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystem for future generation by communication each other in the society crate the awareness
- **CO3:** Students become conversant with the fact that there is a need to create a concern for our environment that will trigger pro-environmental action; including simple activities we can do in our daily life to protect it.
- **CO4:** By studying Environmental Science, students are exposed to the environment the enables one to find out solution of various environmental problems, encountered on and often.
- **CO5**: At the end of the course, it is expected that student will be able to identify and analyze environmental problems as well as the risks associated with these problems and efforts to be taken to protect the environment from getting polluted. These will enable every human being to live in a more sustainable manner.

UNIT - I 18 Hrs

**Multidisciplinary Nature** of **Environmental Studies**: Introduction – Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

**Natural Resources:** Renewable and non-renewable energy resources – Natural resources and associated problems.

**Forest resources:** Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

**Water resources**: Use and over utilization of surface and sub-surface – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

**Food resources:** World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.

**Energy resources:** Renewable and non-renewable energy resources.

UNIT - II 20 Hrs

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and functions of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem and Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries).

**Biodiversity And Its Conservation :** Introduction- Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man – wildlife conflicts – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT - III 10 Hrs

**Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Causes, effects and its control measures of : Air Pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution and Nuclear hazards.

**Solid Waste Management:** Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone, Tsunami and landslides.

UNIT - IV 15 Hrs

**Social Issues and the Environment:** From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting and watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people – Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies—Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Public awareness.

**UNIT - V** 10 Hrs

**Human Population and the Environment:** Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

### Textbooks:

- 1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by Kaushik, New Age Publishers.

3. Environmental Studies by Sri Krishna Hitech publishing Pvt. Ltd.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Environmental studies by R.Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- 3. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela Printice hall of India Private limited.
- 4. Environmental studies by A. Ravi Krishnan, G. Sujatha Sri Krishna Hitech publications.

# **Online Learning Resources:**

www.nptel.ac.in

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

| mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
|  | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
| CO1  | 3   | 1   | 1   |     |     | 1   | 3   |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO2  | 3   | 1   | 1   |     |     | 1   | 3   |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| соз  | 3   | 1   | 1   |     |     | 1   | 3   |     |     |      | ľ    |      |      |      |
| CO4  | 3   | 1   | 1   |     |     | 1   | 3   | 2   |     |      |      |      |      |      |
| CO5  | 3   | 1   | 1   |     |     | 1   | 3   | 2   |     |      |      | 1    |      |      |