Semester I (First year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week						CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	T	P	С					
1	BS	20ABS9901	Algebra and Calculus	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
2	BS	20ABS9902	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
3	HS	20AHS9901	Communicative English	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
4	ES	20AES0301	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3	30	70	100		
5	ES	20AES0501	Problem Solving and Programming	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
6	HS LAB	20AHS9902	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
7	BS LAB	20ABS9907	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
8	ES LAB	20AES0503	Problem Solving and Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
	Total credits						19.5	240	560	800		



Semester II (First year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL	
				L	Т	P	С			
1	BS	20ABS9911	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	BS	20ABS9921	Numerical Methods	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	ES	20AES0509	Basics of Python Programming	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	ES	20AES0502	Data Structures	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	ES	20AES0507	Web Design	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
6	ES LAB	20AES0510	Basics Of Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	BS LAB	20ABS9918	Computation Lab -I	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ES LAB	20AES0504	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	MC	20AMC9903	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	0	30	0	30
			Total credi	ts			19.5	270	560	830



Semester III (Second year)

SI. No	Cate g ory	Course Code	Course Title	-	Hours per week		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
	-			L	Т	P	С			
1	BS	20ABS9914	Discrete Mathematical Structures	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3001	Digital Electronics and Microprocessor	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3002	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PC	20APC3004	Object Oriented Programming through Java	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	PC	20APC3006	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	PC	20APC3003	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PC	20APC3005	Object Oriented Programming through Java Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PC	20APC3007	Computer Organization Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	SC	20ASC3001	Client Side Scripting	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
10	MC	20AMC9902	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0	30	0	30
			Total credits			21.5	370	560	930	



Semester IV (Second year)

SI. No	Cate	Course Code	Course Title	1	our eer eek		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	т	P	С			
1	PC	20APC3008	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3009	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3011	Data warehousing and Mining	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PC	20APC3013	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	HS	20AHSMB01	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	HS	20AHS9905	Universal Human Values	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
7	PC	20APC3010	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PC	20APC3012	Data warehousing and Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	PC	20APC3014	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
10	SC 20ASC3002 Server Side Scripting 1 0 2					2	2	100	0	100
Total credits							24.5	370	630	1000

Community Service Project (Mandatory) for 6 weeks duration during summer vacation.

(To visit the selected community to conduct survey (Socio-economic & domain survey) and conduct sensitization/awareness program/activities at the end of IV- semester before commencement of V-semester and complete immersion programme also during V-Semester and submit report in V - semester. Assessment will be done at the end of V-Semester)



Semester V (Third year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hou r we		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	Т	P	С			
1	PC	20APC3015	Principles of Data Science	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3017	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3019	Big data Technologies	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	07.4	20AOE9925	Deterministic and Stochastic Statistical Methods	3	0	0				
	OE-1	20AOE0303	Optimization Techniques	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AOE0552	Internet of Things	3	0	0				
5		20APE3001	Design And Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
	PE-1	20APE3002	Computer Graphics	3	0	0				
		20APE3003	Adhoc & Sensor Networks	3	0	0				
6	PC LAB	20APC3018	Artificial Intelligence Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PC LAB	20APC3016	Principles of Data Science Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SC	20ASC3003	Conversational AI/ AI Chat Bot	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
9	Mandatory Course (AICTE Suggested)	20AMC9901	Biology for Engineers	3	0	0	0	30	0	30
10	CSP	20CSP3001	Evaluation of Community Service Project	0	0	0	1.5	100	0	100
ı			21.5	440	490	930				



OE/JOEs for NPTEL

S. No	Professional Elective (12 weeks)	Open Elective (12 weeks)				
1	The Joy Of Computing Using Python	Blockchain and its Applications				
2	Software Testing	Introduction to Cyber Security				
3	Privacy And Security In Online Social Media	Business analytics and data mining modeling using R.				
4	Data analytics with python	Decision making with spread sheet				
5	Development using UML, JAVA and Patterns.	Introduction To Wireless And Cellular Communications				
6	Programming In Modern C++	Text, Textuality And Digital Media				
7	Data Structure And Algorithms Using Java	Psychology Of Learning				
8	Computational Complexity	Public Speaking				
9	Cyber Security and Privacy	Organizational Behaviour				
10	Ethical Hacking	Entrepreneurship				
11	Parameterized Algorithms	Introduction to Film Studies				
12	Computational number theory and algebra	Partition of India in print media and Cinema.				
13	Hardware Security	Data Analysis and decision making				
14	GPU architecture and programming	Education for sustainable development				
15	Introduction to game theory and mechanism	Training and development				
16	Statistical learning for reliability analysis	Literature Culture and Media				
17	Advanced distributed systems.	Introduction to Cultural Studies				
18	Secure computation: part-1	Science, Technology and Society				
19	Secure computation: part-2	Human Resource Development				
20	Pattern recognition and application	E- Business.				

^{*}Student shall register any number of MOOC courses listed above (Professional Elective/ Open Elective) by the department as approved by the BOS from III year. But student is required to submit the pass certificate on NPTEL platform for at least one course with in the Programme duration (Before IV-II examination notification released).

Semester VI (Third year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week		r	Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL	
				L	T	P	С				
1	PC	20APC3020	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
2	PC	20APC3022	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
3	PC	20APC3024	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
4		20APE3004	Software Engineering for AI	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
	PE -2	20APE3005	Game Programming	3	0	0					
		20APE3006	Introduction To NoSQL Database	3	0	0					
5	PC LAB	20APC3021	Big Data Analytics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
6	PC LAB	20APC3023	Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
7	PC LAB	20APC3025	Cloud Computing Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
8	SC	20ASA0502	Soft Skills	1	0	2	2	100	0	100	
9	Mandatory Course (AICTE Suggested)	20AMC9904	Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	0	0	0	30	0	30	
Total credits							18.5	340	490	830	
Industrial/Research Internship (Mandatory) 2 Months during summer vacation											



Semester VII (Fourth year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week		(Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L We	т	P	C			
1	PE-3	20APE3007	Predictive Analytics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
1	1 E-3	20APE3008	Information Retrieval Techniques	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3009	Deep Learning Techniques	3	0	0				
2	JOE/OE-2	20AOE3001	Natural Language Processing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AOE3002	Virtual Reality	3	0	0				
		20AOE3003	Applications of AI	3	0	0				
		20AOE3004	AI for Image Analysis	3	0	0				
		20AOE3005	Ethics And Privacy In AI	3	0	0				
		20AOE3006	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0				
_		20APE3016	Data Analytics	3	0	0				
3	PE-4 CBCC	20APE3017	Software Project Management	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3018	Linux Environment System	3	0	0				
		20APE3019	Data Science Applications	3	0	0				
4	PE -5	20APE3020	Data Science for Business	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3021	Data Stream Mining	3	0	0				
		20APE3022	Process mining	3	0	0				
		20APE3023	Computer Vision	3	0	0				
		20APE0407	Digital Image Processing	3	0	0				
5	OE -3	20APE0411	Embedded Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AOE3601	Enabling Technologies for data science and analytics :IOT	3	0	0				
		20APE0415	Wireless Communications	3	0	0				
		20AOE0302	Management Science	3	0	0				
6	НЕ	20AOE9901	English for Research Paper Writing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AHSMB02	Entrepreneurship Development	3	0	0	-		-	
7	sc	20ASC3004	Exploratory Data Analysis with R	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
8	PR	20APR3001	Evaluation of Industry Internship(III-II Summer Internship)	0	0	0	3	100	0	100
		Total credits					23	380	420	800

Semester VIII (Fourth year)

SI. No	Category	CourseCode	Course Title		Hours per week				Credit s	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	T	P	С					
1	OE-4	20AOE3007	MOOCS	0	0	0	3	25	75	100		
2	PR	20APR3001	Internship	0	0	0	3	100	-	100		
3	PR	20APR3001	Project work	0	0	0	9	60	140	200		
Total credits			•	15	185	215	400					



HONOURS IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

Note: Students can choose a few courses from the following list approved by BOS either 3 credits/ 4 credits courses based on the availability in SWYAM-NPTEL portal, and secure minimum of 20 credits on passing the selected courses.

s.no	SUB.CODE	COURSE NAME	WEEKS	CREDITS
1	20AHN3001	DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HUMAN COMPUTER INTERFACES	12 Weeks	3 or 4
2	20AHN3002	SOCIAL NETWORKS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
3	20AHN3003	NO SQL DATABASES	12 Weeks	3 or 4
4	20AHN3004	ADVANCED IOT APPLICATIONS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
5	20AHN3005	INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRY 4.0 AND INDUSTRIAL INTERNET OF THINGS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
6	20AHN3006	GETTING STARTED WITH COMPETITIVE PROGRAMMING	12 Weeks	3 or 4
7	20AHN3007	COMMUNICATION NETWORKS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
8	20AHN3008	COMPUTER NETWORKS AND INTERNET PROTOCOL	12 Weeks	3 or 4
9	20AHN3009	ALGORITHMIC GAME THEORY	12 Weeks	3 or 4
10	20AHN3010	SCALABLE DB.	12 Weeks	3 or 4
11	20AHN3011	APPLIED ACCELERATED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.	12 Weeks	3 or 4
12	20AHN3012	AI: SEARCH METHODS FOR PROBLEM SOLVING.	12 Weeks	3 or 4
13	20AHN3013	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE: KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING	12 Weeks	3 or 4
14	20AHN3014	MULTI-CORE COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE-STORAGE	12 Weeks	3 or 4
15	20AHN3015	SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS.	12 Weeks	3 or 4
		TOTAL		20

MINOR DEGREE IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE FOR ECE, EEE, CE & ME

Note: Students of other programmes to get "minor in AIDS" shall pass a few SWAYAM-NPTEL courses listed below which are approved by BOS and obtain 15 credits and submitting a minor discipline project in AIDS for scoring 5 credits is compulsory and all together total credits requirement count to be minimum of 20.

S.NO	SUB.CODE	COURSE NAME	WEEKS	CREDITS
1	20AMN3001	OPERATING SYSTEMS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
2	20AMN3002	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION	12 Weeks	3 or 4
3	20AMN3003	COMPUTER NETWORKS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
4	20AMN3004	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	12 Weeks	3 or 4
5	20AMN3005	DATA SCIENCE	12 Weeks	3 or 4
6	20AMN3006	PROGRAMMING IN MODERN C++	12 Weeks	3 or 4
7	20AMN3007	DATA ANALYTICS WITH PYTHON	12 Weeks	3 or 4
8	20AMN3008	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	12 Weeks	3 or 4
9	20AMN3009	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT	12 Weeks	3 or 4
10	20AMN3010	INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE SYSTEMS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
11	20AMN3011	CLOUD COMPUTING	12 Weeks	3 or 4
12	20AMN3012	FOUNDATION OF CRYPTOGRAPHY	12 Weeks	3 or 4
13	20AMN3013	HARDWARE SECURITY	12 Weeks	3 or 4
14	20AMN3014	COMPUTER NETWORKS AND INTERNET PROTOCOL	12 Weeks	3 or 4
15	20AMN3015	COMMUNICATION NETWORKS	12 Weeks	3 or 4
16	20AMN3016	MINOR DISCIPLINE PROJECT IN AIDS (COMPULSORY)	-	5
		TOTAL		20



B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) (Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester I (First year)

sı	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL	
N										
0										
				L	T	P	c			
1	BS	20ABS9901	Algebra and Calculus	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	BS	20ABS9902	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	HS	20AHS9901	Communicative English	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	ES	20AES0301	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
5	ES	20AES0501	Problem Solving and Programming	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	HS LAB	20AHS9902	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	BS LAB	20ABS9907	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ES LAB	20AES0503	Problem Solving and Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
	Total credits						19.5	240	560	800



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year: I Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Algebra and Calculus	L	T	P	C
20ABS9901	I-I	Aigebia aliu Calculus	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1. Apply the matrix algebra techniques for solving various linear equations.
- CO2. Analyze the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.
- CO3. Apply the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives for multi variable functions.
- CO4. Evaluate the multiple integrals in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems.

CO5. Evaluate the improper integrals using special functions like Beta and Gamma.

CO	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
1	Apply	the matrix algebra techniques	for solving various linear equations		L3
2	Analyze	the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.			L4
3	Apply	the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives	for multi variable functions		L3
4	Evaluate	the multiple integrals	in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems		L5
5	Evaluate	the improper integrals	using special functions like Beta and Gamma		L5

Unit I: Matrix Operations and Solving Systems of Linear Equations

12hrs

Rank of a matrix by echelon form, solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations linear equations. Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties, Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem,

Unit II: Quadratic Forms and Mean Value Theorems

9hrs

Diagonalisation of a matrix, quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms, reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders (without proof);

Unit III: Multivariable calculus

9hrs

Partial derivatives, total derivatives, chain rule, change of variables, Jacobians, maxima and minima of functions of two variables, method of Lagrange multipliers.

Unit IV: Multiple Integrals

10hrs

Double integrals, change of order of integration, double integration in polar coordinates, change of Variables in double integration (Cartesian to polar), areas enclosed by plane curves. Evaluation of triple integrals.

Unit V: Special Functions

10hrs

Beta and Gamma functions and their properties, relation between beta and gamma functions, Bessel functions, Bessel's equation, Recurrence formulae or $J_n(x)$, Generating function- Orthoganality of Bessels functions.

Textbooks:

- 1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna Publishers, 2017.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

References:

- 1. Dr.T.K.VIyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S. Ranganathamamd M.V.S.S.N Prasad, Mathematics 1, S.Chand publications.
- 2. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2002.
- 3. B.V.Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. N.Bali, M.Goyal, C.Watkins, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Infinity Science Press.

Mapping of COs to POs

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		3										
CO2	3											
CO3	3											
CO4		3										
CO5		3										

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

СО	Percentage over the to hours		tact hours ned contact	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson % correlation Plan (Hrs)		Verb	BTL		PO5)		
1	14	21.21	3	Apply	L3	PO2	Apply (L3)	3
2	10	15.15	2	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
3	14	21.21	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
4	14	21.21	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
5	14	21.21	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1	Apply (L3)	3

Justification:

CO1: Apply the matrix algebra techniques for solving various linear equations.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Analyze the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives for multi variable functions.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Evaluate the multiple integrals in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is high level to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the improper integrals using special functions like Beta and Gamma.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is high level to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGÉNE(AI)

Year:I		Semester: I Branch of s	tudy	: AII	วร
Course Code	Voor & Com		т	Т	D

Course Code	Year & Sem	APPLIED PHYSICS	L	T	P	С
20ABS9902	I-I	AITEED TITIOIOS	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** the properties of light and electromagnetic waves.
- CO 2: Analyze the fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.
- **CO 3: Analyze** the properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors by implementing the equations of state.
- **CO 5: Apply** the basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials for engineering problems.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	The properties of light and electromagnetic waves.			L2
2	Analyze	The fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.			L4
3	Analyze	The properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.			L4
4	Analyze	The charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors.	By implementing the equations of state.		L4
5	Apply	The basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials		for engineering problems.	L3

Unit I: Optics and EM Theory

10 Hrs

Interference of light -principle of superposition-Conditions for sustained

Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected light) - Newton's Rings -Determination of Wavelength. Diffraction-Fraunhofer diffraction- Single slit and double slit- Diffraction Grating.

Divergence and Curl of Electric and Magnetic Fields - Gauss' theorem for divergence and Stokes' theorem for curl - Maxwell's Equations (Quantitative) - Electromagnetic wave - propagation in non-conducting medium - Poynting's Theorem.

Unit II: Lasers and Fiber Optics

10 Hrs

Lasers – Introduction – Characteristics – Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission – Einstein Coefficients – Population Inversion – Excitation Mechanism and Optical Resonator - He-Ne Laser - Nd:YAG Laser – Semiconductor Diode Laser – Applications of Lasers.

Introduction to Optical Fibers – Total Internal Reflection – Critical angle of propagation – Acceptance angle – Numerical Aperture – Classification of fibers based on Refractive index profile – Propagation of electromagnetic wave through optical fiber – modes – importance of V-number-Attenuation, Block Diagram of Fiber optic Communication – Industrial Applications – Fiber optic Sensors.

Unit III: Dielectric and Magnetic Materials

8 Hrs

Introduction—Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant-Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic,(Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Frequency dependence of polarization-Lorentz (internal) field-Claussius-Mosotti equation-Applications of Dielectrics: Ferroelectricity.

Introduction-Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability-Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Classification of Magnetic materials - Weiss theory of ferromagnetism (qualitative) - Hysteresis- soft and hard magnetic materials - Magnetic memory device applications.

Unit IV: Semiconductors Hrs

Origin of Energy bands (Qualitative)-Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors –Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors- Density of charge carriers – Fermi energy—Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature – Electrical conductivity – Drift and Diffusion currents – Continuity equation - Hall effect -Applications of Hall effect and Semiconductors.

Unit V: Superconductors and Nanomaterials

Superconductors-Properties-Meissner's effect-BCSTheory (Qualitative) - Josephson effect (AC&DC)-Types of Superconductors-Applications of superconductors.

Nanomaterials—Significance of nanoscale—: Physical, Mechanical, Magnetic, Optical properties of nanomaterials —Synthesis of nanomaterials:Top-down-Ball Milling, Bottom-up-Chemical vapour deposition—Characterization of nanomaterials : X-Ray Diffraction (XRD), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM)-Applications of Nanomaterials.

Textbooks:

- 1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar &TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"-S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
- 2. B.K.Pandey and S.Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2012.

References:

- 1. K Thyagarajan "Engineering Physics",-Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2016
- 2. Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, "Engineering Physics", Pearson Education, 2018
- 3. David J.Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics"-4/e, Pearson Education, 2014
- 4. T Pradeep, "A Text book of NanoScience and NanoTechnology"-Tata Mc Graw Hill 2013.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2													
CO2	3			3										
CO3	3			3										
CO4	3			3										
CO5	3													

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

СО	Percentage over the tot contact hou	tal plan		СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL			
1	16	23.8	3	Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	2
2	11	16.4	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
3	12	17.9	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
4	13	19.4	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
5	15	22.3	3	Apply	L3	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
	67				•			

Justification Statements:

CO1: 1.Understand the properties of light and electromagnetic waves.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3);

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3);

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors by implementing the equations of state.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3); PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO5: 5.Apply the basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials for engineering problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO1 verb; therefore, the correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Tear:1		Semester: 1 Brand	n or s	tuay	: AIL	25	
Course Code	Year & Sem	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH	L	T	P	C	l
20AHS9901	I-II	COMMONICATIVE ENGLISH	3	0	0	3	ı

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO1.** Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English (Listening and Writing)
- **CO2:** Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms (Grammar)
- **CO3:** Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions (Speaking)
- **CO4:** Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.(Reading and Writing)
- **CO5:** Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table (Writing)

со	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English.			L2
2	Apply	grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms.			L3
3	Analyze	discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions.			L4
4	Evaluate	reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.			L5
5	Create	a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table.			L6

UNIT – I		10 Hours (4L+6P)

Lesson: On the Conduct of Life: William Hazlitt

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Writing: Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

Grammar and Vocabulary- I: Parts of Speech, Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form – wh questions; word order in sentences.

UNIT – II Probability 10 Hours (4L+6P)

Lesson: The Brook: Alfred Tennyson

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

Grammar & Vocabulary building-1: Cohesive devices - linkers, sign posts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Vocabulary building:2 Idioms and Phrases, Homonyms, Homophones and Homographs.

UNIT – III	10 Hours (4L+6P)
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Lesson: The Death Trap: Saki

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing – identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read.

Grammar and Vocabulary building-II: Direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Technical Writing-1: personal experiences, unforgettable incidents, travelogues. (Imaginative, Narrative and Descriptive).

UNIT - IV 10 Hours (4L+6P)

Lesson: Innovation: Muhammad Yunus

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends / patterns / relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Letter Writing: Official Letters/Report writing, e-mail writing

Grammar and Vocabulary: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; Voice - Active & Passive Voice.

Vocabulary:2: Jigsaw Puzzles, Vocabulary Activities through Web tools

UNIT - V 10 Hours (4L+6P)

Lesson: Politics and the English Language: George Orwell

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides. **Reading**: Reading for comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage.

Technical Writing-2: Narrative short story, News paper articles on science fiction.

Textbooks:

1.Language and Life: A Skills Approach- I Edition 2019, Orient Black Swan

Reference Books:

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- 3. Raymond Murphy's English Grammar in Use Fourth Edition (2012) E-book
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.
- 5. Oxford Learners Dictionary, 12th Edition, 2011
- 6. Norman Lewis Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary (2014)
- 7. Speed Reading with the Right Brain: Learn to Read Ideas Instead of Just Words by David Butler

Web Links

www.englishclub.com

www.easyworldofenglish.com

www.languageguide.org/english/

www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish

www.eslpod.com/index.html

www.myenglishpages.com

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	9 -													
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1										3				
CO2									2	3				
CO3										3				
CO4										3				
CO5										3				

Corelation Matrix

СО	Percentage of hours over the planned conta	e tot	al	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	10	20	2	Understand	L2	PO10	Communication	2
2	10	20	2,2	Apply	L3	PO9,PO10	Individual and Team work, Communication	2,2
3	10	20	3	Analyze	L4	PO10	Communication	3
4	10	20	3	Evaluate	L5	PO10	Communication	3
5	10	20 3		Create	L6	PO10	Communication	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb Understand is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate(2).

CO2: Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2)

CO3: Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb Analyze is of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO4: Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO4 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO5: Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table Action Verb: Create (L6)

CO5 Action Verb Create is of BTL 6. Using Thumb rule, L6 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year:I			Semester: I Branch of	Branch of study: AIDS						
	Course Code	Year & Sem	Engineering Graphics	L	T	P	C			
	20AES0301	I-I	Engineering Grapines	1	0	4	3			

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1. **Apply** the concepts of engineering curves for technical drawing
- CO2. Understand the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines
- CO3. Analyze the projection of planes as well as solids located in quadrant system
- CO4. Analyze the sectional views and development of surfaces of regular solids
- CO5. **Apply** orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
					Level
CO1	Apply	the concepts of engineering curves		for technical drawing	L3
CO2	Understand	the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines			L2
соз	Analyze	draw the projection of planes as well as solids		located in quadrant system	L4
CO4	Analyze	the sectional views and development of surfaces		of regular solids	L4
CO5	Apply	orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object			L3

Unit I: Introduction to Engineering graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance Conventions in drawing - lettering - BIS conventions.

- a) Conic sections including the rectangular hyperbola- general method only,
- b) Cycloid, epicycloids and hypocycloid

Unit II: Projection of points, lines: Projection of points in any quadrant, lines inclined to one or both planes, finding true lengths, angle made by line, traces.

Unit III: Projections of Planes: Projection of points in any quadrant, lines inclined to one or both planes, finding true lengths, angle made by line. Projections of regular plane surfaces.

Projections of Solids: Projections of regular solids inclined to one or both planes by rotational or auxiliary views method.

Unit IV: Sections of solids: Section planes and sectional view of right regular solids- prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone. True shapes of the sections.

Development of surfaces: Development of surfaces of right regular solids-prism, cylinder, pyramid, cone and their sectional parts.

Unit V: Orthographic Projections: Systems of projections, conventions and application to orthographic projections.

Isometric Projections: Principles of isometric projection- Isometric scale; Isometric views -lines, planes, figures, simple and compound solids.

Text Books:

- 1. K.L.Narayana & P.Kannaiah, Engineering Drawing, 3/e, Scitech Publishers
- 2. N.D.Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, 53/e, Charotar Publishers
- 3. Dhanajay A Jolhe, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill

- 4. Shah and Rana, Engineering Drawing, 2/e, Pearson Education
- 5. Basant Agarwal & C.M.Agarwal, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill

Articulation Matrix

COs	Progr	rogramme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3		3							3			2	2
CO2	2		2							3			2	2
CO3	2		2							3			2	2
CO4	3		3							3			2	2
CO5	3		3							3			2	2

Co-relation Matrix:

			со			Program	PO(s): Action	
СО	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	Correlation	Verb	BTL	Outcomes (PO)	Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation
1	18	24	3	Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO10 PSO1 PSO2	Apply (L3) Develop (L3) TR TR TR	3 3 1 2 2
2	15	20	2	Understand	L2	PO1 PO3 PO10 PSO1 PSO2	Apply (L3) Develop (L3) TR TR TR	2 2 1 2 2
3	15	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO1 PO3 PO10 PSO1 PSO2	Apply (L3) Develop (L3) TR TR TR	3 3 1 2 2
4	15	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO1 PO3 PO10 PSO1 PSO2	Apply (L3) Develop (L3) TR TR TR	3 3 1 2 2
5	12	16	2	Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO10 PSO1 PSO2	Apply (L3) Develop (L3) TR TR TR	3 3 1 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the concepts of engineering curves for technical drawing

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO1: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Understand the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO10 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO2: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the projection of planes as well as solids located in quadrant system.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO3: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the sectional views and development of surfaces of regular solids

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO4: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO4: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO5: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

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Course Code	Year & Sem	Problem Solving And Programming	L	T	P	С	
20AES0501	I-I		3	0	0	3	1

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO 1: **Understand** the Programming and Algorithms concepts to Perform Basic operations.
- CO 2: **Apply** the problem solving approaches to generate different algorithms.
- CO 3: **Understand** the various operators to perform mathematical operations.
- CO 4: Apply the Pointers and Array Techniques to manipulate the data.
- CO 5: **Analyze** the Sorting and Searching Techniques to arrange the data in sorted order.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms	
					level	
CO1	Understand	the Programming and		to Perform Basic	L2	
	Ullueistallu	Algorithms concepts	operations.	LZ		
CO2	Amaler	the problem solving	to generate different	L3		
	Apply	approaches		algorithms	LO	
CO3				to perform		
	Understand	the various operators		mathematical	L2	
				operations		
CO4	Apply	the Pointers and Array		to manipulate the	L3	
	Apply	Techniques		data	LS	
CO5	Amalriga	the Sorting and		to arrange the data	τ 4	
	Analyze	Analyze	Searching Techniques		in sorted order.	L4

UNIT - I

Computer Fundamentals: What is a Computer, Evolution of Computers, Generations of Computers, Classification of Computers, Anatomy of a Computer, Memory revisited, Introduction to Operating systems, Operational overview of a CPU.

Introduction to Programming, Algorithms and Flowcharts: Programs and Programming, Programming languages, Compiler, Interpreter, Loader, Linker, Program execution, Fourth generation languages, Fifth generation languages, Classification of Programming languages, Structured programming concept, Algorithms, Pseudo-code, Flowcharts, Strategy for designing algorithms, Tracing an algorithm to depict logic, Specification for converting algorithms into programs.

UNIT - II

Introduction to computer problem solving: Introduction, the problem-solving aspect, top-down design, implementation of algorithms, the efficiency of algorithms, and the analysis of algorithms.

Fundamental algorithms: Exchanging the values of two variables, counting, summation of a set of numbers, factorial computation, sine function computation, generation of the Fibonacci sequence, reversing the digits of an integer.

UNIT - III 8 Hrs

Types, Operators, and Expressions: Variable names, data types and sizes, constants, declarations, arithmetic operators, relational and logical operators, type conversions, increment and decrement operators, bitwise operators, assignment operators and expressions, conditional expressions precedence and order of evaluation.

Input and output: standard input and output, formatted output-Printf, formatted input-Scanf.

Control Flow: Statements and blocks, if-else, else-if, switch, Loops-while and for, Loops-Do- while, break and continue, Goto and labels.

Functions and Program Structure: Basics of functions, functions returning non-integers, external variables, scope variables, header variables, register variables, block structure, initialization, recursion, the C processor.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Factoring methods: Finding the square root of a number, the smallest divisor of a number, the greatest common divisor of two integers, generating prime numbers.

Pointers and arrays: Pointers and addresses, pointers and function arguments, pointers and arrays, address arithmetic, character pointers and functions, pointer array; pointers to pointers, Multi-dimensional arrays, initialization of arrays, pointer vs. multi-dimensional arrays, command line arguments, pointers to functions, complicated declarations.

Array Techniques: Array order reversal, finding the maximum number in a set, removal of duplicates from an order array, finding the kth smallest element

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

Sorting and Searching: Sorting by selection, sorting by exchange, sorting by insertion, sorting by partitioning, binary search.

Structures: Basics of structures, structures and functions, arrays of structures, pointers to structures, self referential structures, table lookup, typedef, unions, bit-fields.

Some other Features: Variable-length argument lists, formatted input-Scanf, file access, Error handling-stderr and exit, Line Input and Output, Miscellaneous Functions.

Textbooks:

- 1. Pradip Dey, and Manas Ghosh, "Programming in C", 2018, Oxford University Press.
- 2. R.G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer". 2014, Pearson.
- 3. Brian W. Kernighan, and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Pearson.

Reference Books:

- 1. RS Bichkar "Programming with C", 2012, Universities Press.
- 2. Pelin Aksoy, and Laura Denardis, "Information Technology in Theory", 2017, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Byron Gottfried and Jitender Kumar Chhabra, "Programming with C", 4th Edition, 2019, McGraw Hill Education.

Online Learning Resources:

www.nptel.ac.in

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											3	
CO2	3	2	3									2	2	
CO3	2	3										2	2	
CO4	3	3	3									2	2	
CO5	3	3	3									2	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
1	19	25%	3	1 19		PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	19	2370	3			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	10	14%	2	CO2. Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
	10	14 70		CO2: Apply	LS	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
				CO2.	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
3	19	25%	3	CO3:		PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
				Understand		PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
	1.5	200/	2	COA. Ameleo	т.	PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
4	15	20%		CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
_	12	1.00/	,	CO5: 14		PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
5	12	16%	2			PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
	75	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the Programming and Algorithms concepts to Perform Basic operations.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the problem solving approaches to generate different algorithms.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Some of the Algorithm knowledge are used to solve various problems. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Understand the various operators to perform mathematical operations.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some mathematical operations to perform operators are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the Pointers and Array Techniques to manipulate the data.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some mathematical operations to perform Pointers and Array Techniques are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Analyze the Sorting and Searching Techniques to arrange the data in sorted order.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some Data Structures operations to perform Sorting and Searching Techniques are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year:I		Semester: I	Branch of s	tudy	: AII	DS	
Course Code	ourse Code Year & Sem	CONANALINICATIVE ENICHELL LAD		L	T	P	С
20AHS9902 I-I		COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH LAB		0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

Reference Books:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Evaluate awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.

CO2: Understanding the different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and make use of different strategies in discussions.

CO3: Apply knowledge of vocabulary and skills in various language learning activities.

CO4: Analyze speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension.

CO5: Evaluate the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level					
1	Evaluate	awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.								
2	Understand	The different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and make use of different strategies in discussions.			L2					
3	Apply	knowledge of vocabulary and skills in various language learning activities			L3					
4	Analyze	speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension.			L4					
5	Evaluate	the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations.			L5					

P	1 COCITALIONS.										
UNIT – I											
1. Phonetics											
2. Non - verbal commu											
3. Vocabulary (word fo	ormation, one word substitutes, words often misused & confused, collocations										
idioms & phrases)											
UNIT – II											
1. Reading Compreher	nsion										
2. JAM											
3. Distinction between Native and Indian English accent (Speeches by TED and Kalam).											
UNIT – III											
1. Situational dialogue	es/Giving Directions										
2. Describing objects/	places/persons										
UNIT – IV											
1. Fun – Buzz (Tongu	e twisters, riddles, puzzles etc)										
2 Formal Presentatio	ns										
UNIT - V											
1. Debate (Contempora	ary / Complex topics)										
2. Group Discussion											
Software Source											
K-Van Solutions Softw	/are										

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1										3				
CO2									2					
СОЗ										2				
CO4										3				
CO5										3				

Corelation Matrix

СО	Percentage of hours over the planned conta (Approx. Hrs)	tota	al	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
		%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	9	25	3	Evaluate	L5	PO10	Communicate	3
2	6	16	2	Understand	L2	PO9	Function	2
3	6	16	2	Apply	L3	PO10	Communicate	2
4	6	16	3	Analyze	L4	PO10	Communicate	3
5	9	25	3	Evaluate	L5	PO10	Communicate	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Evaluate awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO1 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO2: Understanding the different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and make use of different strategies in discussions

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

CO2 Action Verb Understand is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2)

CO3: Apply knowledge of vocabulary and skills in various language learning activities Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO4: Analyze speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb Analyze is of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO5: : Evaluate the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO5 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year:I		Semester: I Branch of s	tudy	: AII	os
Course Code	Voor & Com		T	J	Ъ

Course Code	Year & Sem	Applied Dhysics Lab	L	T	P	С	
20ABS9907	I-I	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Analyze the properties of light for solving engineering problems.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.

CO3: Evaluate the crystallite size using X-ray diffraction.

CO4: Analyze the basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.

CO5: Evaluate the basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Analyze	The properties of light for solving engineering problems.			L4
2	Understand	The basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.			L2
3	Evaluate	The crystallite size	using X-ray diffraction.		L5
4	Analyze	The basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.			L4
5	Evaluate	The basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.			L5

List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of the thickness of the wire using wedge shape method. (CO1)
- 2. Determination of the radius of curvature of the lens by Newton's ring method. (CO1)
- 3. Determination of wavelength by plane diffraction grating method. (CO1)
- 4. Dispersive power of a diffraction grating. (CO1)
- 5. Study of the Magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current. (CO2)
- 6. Study the variation of B versus H of the magnetic material (B-H curve) (CO4)
- 7. Determination of the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber and angle of acceptance. (CO1)
- 8. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall Effect. (CO5)
- 9. Determination of the energy gap of a semiconductor. (CO5)
- 10. Determination of crystallite size using X-Ray diffraction spectra. (CO3)
- 11. Determination of Wavelength of LASER using diffraction grating. (CO1)
- 12. Determination of particle size using LASER. (CO1)
- 13. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductor by Four probe method. (CO5)
- 14. Determination of dielectric constant by charging and discharging method. (CO4)
- 15. Study the temperature dependence of resistance of a thermister. (CO5)

Reference Books:

- 1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N.Srinivasan, "A Text book of Practical Physics"-S Chand Publishers, 2017.
- 2. http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php-VirtualLabs, Amrita University.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3			3										
CO2	2			1										
CO3	3			3										
CO4	3			3										
CO5	3			3										

Corelation Matrix:

СО	hours o	ver t	f contact he total tact hours	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL			
1	9	25	3	A == 1 =		PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3),	3
	9	25	3	Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
2	6	16	2	Understand	L2	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3),	2
	0	10	4	Understand		PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	1
3	6	16	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3),	3
	0	10	4	Evaluate		PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
4	9	25	3	Analyze	L4	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3),	3
		25	3	Allalyze		PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
5	6 16 2		2	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3),	3
		10	4	Evaluate		PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
	36							

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the properties of light for solving engineering problems. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO3: Evaluate the crystallite size using X-ray diffraction.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than PO1 action verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than PO4 action verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 and PO4 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year:I		Semester: I Branch of s	study	: AI	DS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Problem Solving And Programming Lab	L	T	P	С
20AES0503	I-I	Froblem Solving And Frogramming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Analyze** the basics of computer and concepts of C for writing simple programs.
- **CO 2: Analyze** the control statements for solving the problems using C
- **CO 3: Design** the algorithm for implementing complex problems using C.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the arrays to store and retrieve the elements.
- **CO 5: Apply** the different sorting techniques for solving real world problems.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the basics of computer and concepts of C		for writing simple programs	L4
CO2	Analyze	the control statements	using C	for solving the problems	L4
соз	Design	the algorithm	using C	for implementing complex problems	L6
CO4	Analyze	the arrays		to store and retrieve the elements.	L4
CO5	Apply	the different sorting techniques		for solving real world problems	L3

List of Experiments

- 1. Assemble and disassemble parts of a Computer (CO1)
- 2. Design a C program which reverses the number (CO1)
- 3. Design a C program which finds the second maximum number among the given list of numbers. (CO2)
- 4. Construct a program which finds the kth smallest number among the given list of numbers. (CO2)
- 5. Design an algorithm and implement using C language the following exchanges $a \leftarrow b \leftarrow c \leftarrow d$ ← a(**CO2**)
- 6. Develop a C Program which counts the number of positive and negative numbers separately and also compute the sum of them. (CO2)
- 7. Implement the C program which computes the sum of the first n terms of the series Sum = 1 -3 + 5 - 7 + 9(CO2)
- 8. Design a C program which determines the numbers whose factorial values are between 5000 and 32565. (CO2)
- 9. Design an algorithm and implement using a C program which finds the sum of the infinite series $1 - x^2/2! + x^4/4! - x^6/6! + \dots$ (CO3)
- 10. Design a C program to print the sequence of numbers in which each number is the sum of the three most recent predecessors. Assume first three numbers as 0, 1, and 1. (CO3)
- 11. Implement a C program which converts a hexadecimal, octal and binary number to decimal number and vice versa. (CO3)
- 12. Develop an algorithm which computes the all the factors between 1and100 for a given number and implement it using C. (CO3)
- 13. Construct an algorithm which computes the sum of the factorials of numbers between m and n. (CO3)
- 14. Design a C program which reverses the elements of the array. (CO4)
- 15. Given a list of n numbers, Design an algorithm which prints the number of stars equivalent to the value of the number. The starts for each number should be printed horizontally. (CO4)
- 16. Implement the sorting algorithms a. Insertion sort b. Exchange sort c. Selection sort d. Partitioning sort. (CO5)
- 17. Illustrate the use of auto, static, register and external variables. (CO5)
- 18. Design algorithm and implement the operations creation, insertion, deletion, traversing on a singly linked list. (CO5)
- 19. Develop a C program which takes two numbers as command line arguments and finds all the common factors of those two numbers. (CO5)
- 20. Design a C program which sorts the strings using array of pointers. (CO5)

Instructors may add some experiments to the above list. Moreover, 50% of the experiments are to be changed every academic year. Instructors can choose the experiments, provided those experiments are not repetitions.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3											2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3								2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	3								2	2

Correlation matrix

Correlation matrix										
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)					
1	CO1: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	3 3					
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3					
3	CO3: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create (L6) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3					
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3					
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 2 3					

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of C for writing simple programs.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is Greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Analyze the control statements for solving the problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Design the algorithm for implementing complex problems using C.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Algorithms analysis is learning process to find the solution better manner the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the arrays to store and retrieve the elements.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Data analysis is the trending approach in the current days Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the different sorting techniques for solving real world problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) (Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester II (First year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week				CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	Т	P	С			
1	BS	20ABS9911	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	BS	20ABS9921	Numerical Methods		0	0	3	30	70	100
3	ES	20AES0509	Basics of Python Programming	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	ES	20AES0502	Data Structures	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	ES	20AES0507	Web Design	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
6	ES LAB	20AES0510	Basics Of Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	BS LAB	20ABS9918	Computation Lab -I	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ES LAB	20AES0504	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	MC	20AMC9903	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	0	30	0	30
			Total credits				19.5	270	560	830



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

I Cai. I		Semester. 11 Dranci	UI St	uuy.	AID.	_	_
Course Code	Year & Sem	Probability and Statistics	L	T	P	C	
20ABS9911	I-II	Flobability and Statistics	3	0	0	3	1

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO1**: **Understand** the discrete and continuous data through various statistical methods.
- CO2: Analyze the concepts of probability, Baye's theorem and its applications.
- CO3: Analyze the discrete and continuous probability distributions for random data.
- **CO4: Apply** the techniques for testing of hypothesis for large samples.
- **CO5**: **Apply** the techniques for testing of hypothesis for small samples.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the discrete and continuous data	through statistical methods.		L2
CO2	Analyze	The concepts of probability and its applications			L4
CO3	Analyze	The discrete and continuous probability distributions	for random data.		L4
CO4	Apply	The techniques for testing of hypothesis	For large samples		L3
CO5	Apply	The techniques for testing of hypothesis	For small samples		L3

UNIT – I		Desc	riptive	stati	stics	and	l meth	ods	fo	r d	ata s	science	9 Hrs	
-	~		1				~	-	~	11		C 1 .	•	

Data science, Statistics Introduction, Population vs Sample, Collection of data, primary and secondary data, Type of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables, Data visualization, Measures of Central tendency, Measures of Variability (spread or variance) Skewness Kurtosis, correlation, correlation coefficient, rank correlation, regression coefficients, principle of least squares, method of least squares, regression lines

UNIT - II Probability 9 Hrs

Probability, probability axioms, addition law and multiplicative law of probability, conditional probability, Baye's theorem, random variables (discrete and continuous), probability density functions, properties, mathematical expectation.

UNIT – III Probability distributions 9 Hrs

Probability distribution - Binomial, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution and normal distribution-their properties.

UNIT - IV Estimation and Testing of hypothesis, large sample tests 9 Hrs

Estimation-parameters, statistics, sampling distribution, point estimation, Formulation of null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, the critical and acceptance regions, level of significance, two types of errors and power of the test. Large Sample Tests: Test for single proportion, difference of proportions, test for single mean and difference of means. Confidence interval for parameters in one sample and two sample problems.

UNIT - V | Small sample tests | 9 Hrs

Student t-distribution (test for single mean, two means and paired t-test), testing of equality of variances (F-test), x2 - test for goodness of fit.

Textbooks:

- 1. Miller and Freunds, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.
- 2. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. S.Chand ,Probability and Statistics, Dr.T.K.V.Iyengar, Dr.B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham, Dr.M.V.S.S.N.Prasad
- 2. S. Ross, a First Course in Probability, Pearson Education India, 2002.
- **3.** W. Feller, an Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, 1/e, Wiley, 1968.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО		PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1		1												
CO2		3												
CO3		3												
CO4	3													
CO5	3													

Correlation matrix

СО	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours						PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson	%	correlation	Verb BTL			PO5)	
	Plan (Hrs)							
1	11	15.06	2	Understand	L2	PO2	Analyze (L4)	1
2	15	20.52	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
3	16	21.9	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
4	16	21.9	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
5	14	20	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the discrete and continuous data through various statistical methods.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO2 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action Verb is low level to PO2 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO2: Analyze the concepts of probability, Baye's theorem and its applications.

Action Verb: analyze (L4)

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the discrete and continuous probability distributions for random data.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Apply the techniques for testing of hypothesis for large samples.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Apply the techniques for testing of hypothesis for small samples.

Action Verb: Apply

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: I		Semester: II Branch	of st	udy:	AIDS	5
Course Code	Year & Sem	Numerical Methods	L	T	P	С
20ABS9921	I-II	Numerical Methods	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the concept of errors in numerical computations and series approximations.

CO2: Apply the iteration methods to solve Algebraic, Transcendental and Simultaneous Equations.

CO3: Analyze the relevant numerical techniques for interpolation with equal and unequal intervals.

CO4: Analyze the concepts of Curve fitting, Numerical differentiation and integration techniques.

CO5: Evaluate the numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations by using different methods.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the concept of errors in numerical computations and series approximations.		-	L2
CO2	Apply	the iteration methods	to solve Algebraic, Transcendental and Simultaneous Equations.		L3
CO3	Analyze	the relevant numerical techniques for interpolation	with equal and unequal intervals.		L4
CO4	Analyze	the concepts of Curve fitting, Nnumerical differentiation and integration techniques			L4
CO5	Evaluate	the numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations	by using different methods.		L5

UNIT – I		
Errors in Numerical	computations: Errors and their Accuracy, Mathematical Prelimi	naries, Errors and
their Analysis, Absolu	ite, Relative and Percentage Errors, A general error formula,	Error in a series
approximation.		
UNIT – II		
Solution of Algebraic	and Transcendental Equations: The Bisection Method – The	Method of False
Position- Newton-Rap	hson Method, Solution of linear simultaneous equation: Crout's	s triangularisation
method, Gauss - Seida	iteration method.	
UNIT – III		
Interpolation: Newtor	r's forward and backward interpolation formulae – Lagrange's	formulae. Gauss
forward and backward	formula, Stirling's formula, Bessel's formula.	
UNIT – IV		
Curve fitting: Fitting	of a straight line - Second degree curve - Exponential curve	Power curve by
method of least squar	res. Numerical Differentiation for Newton's interpolation for	rmula. Numerical
	al rule – Simpson's 1/3 Rule – Simpson's 3/8 Rule.	
UNIT – V		
Numerical solution of	Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series-Pi	card's Method of

successive Approximations-Euler's Method- Runge - Kutta Methods. Numerical solutions of Laplace

equation using finite difference approximation.

Textbooks:

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.
- 2. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, PHI publisher.

Reference Books:

- 1. Engineering Mathematics, Volume II, E. Rukmangadachari Pearson Publisher.
- 2. Mathematical Methods by T.K.V. Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N.Prasad, S.Chand publication.
- 3. Higher Engineering Mathematics, by B.V.Ramana, Mc Graw Hill publishers.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley India.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1		2												
CO2	3													
CO3		3												
CO4		3												
CO5		3												

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hr s)	%	Corre lation	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcom e (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
1	10	14	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
2	15	21.4	2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	15	21.4	3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
4	16	22.8	3	CO4: Analyse	L4	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
5	14	20	3	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
	70	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concept of errors in numerical computations and series approximations.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is low level to PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Apply the iteration methods to solve Algebraic, Transcendental and Simultaneous Equations.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the relevant numerical techniques for interpolation with equal and unequal intervals.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the concepts of Curve fitting, Numerical differentiation and integration techniques.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: . Evaluate the numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations by using different methods.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is high level to PO2 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).



20AES0509

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: I		Semester: II Branc	າ of st	udy:	AIDS	S
Course Code	Year & Sem	Basics of Python Programming	L	T	P	С
004500500	7 77	basics of Fython Flogramming		_	_	_

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

I-II

CO1: Understand the Basic concepts of python programming to build scripts in IDLE.

CO2: Apply the modularity techniques to invoke user defined functions.

CO3: Apply the concept of Strings and Lists to perform iterative operations on data.

CO4: Apply the Mutable and Immutable data types to perform python Programs.

CO5: Analyze the oops concepts to develop applications with reusability.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the Basic concepts of python programming		to build scripts in IDLE	L2
CO2	Apply	the modularity techniques		to invoke user defined functions	L3
CO3	Apply	the concept of Strings and Lists		to perform iterative operations on data	L3
CO4	Apply	the Mutable and Immutable data types		to perform python Programs	L3
CO5	Analyze	the oops concepts		to develop applications with reusability.	L4

UNIT – I										9Hrs		
Introduction: \	What is	a program,	Running p	ython,	Arithm	etic op	erators,	Value	and	Types. '	Varia	ıbles,
Assignments a	and Sta	tements:	Assignment	stater	ments.	Script	mode.	Order	of	operation	ns. s	string

operations, comments. **Functions**: Function calls, Math functions, Composition, Adding new Functions, Definitions and Uses, Flow of Execution, Parameters and Arguments, Variables and Parameters are local, Stack diagrams, Fruitful Functions and Void Functions, Why Functions.

UNIT - II

Case study: The turtle module, Simple Repetition, Encapsulation, Generalization, Interface design, Refactoring, docstring. **Conditionals and Recursion**: floor division and modulus, Boolean expressions, Logical operators, Conditional execution, Alternative execution, Chained conditionals, Nested conditionals, Recursion, Infinite Recursion, Keyboard input. **Fruitful Functions**: Return values, Incremental development, Composition, Boolean functions, more recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking types

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

Iteration: Reassignment, Updating variables, The while statement, Break, Square roots, Algorithms. **Strings**: A string is a sequence, len, Traversal with a for loop, String slices, Strings are immutable, Searching, Looping and Counting, String methods, The in operator, String comparison. **Case Study**: Reading word lists, Search, Looping with indices. **Lists**: List is a sequence, Lists are mutable, Traversing a list, List operations, List slices, List methods, Map filter and reduce, Deleting elements, Lists and Strings, Objects and values, Aliasing, List arguments.

UNIT - IV 8 Hrs

Dictionaries: A dictionary is a mapping, Dictionary as a collection of counters, Looping and dictionaries, Reverse Lookup, Dictionaries and lists, Memos, Global Variables. **Tuples**: Tuples are immutable, Tuple Assignment, Tuple as Return values, Variable-length argument tuples, Lists and tuples, Dictionaries and tuples, Sequences of sequences. **Files**: Persistence, Reading and writing, Format operator, Filename and paths, Catching exceptions, Databases, Pickling, Pipes, Writing modules. **Classes and Objects**: Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Instances as Return values, Objects are mutable, Copying.

UNIT - V 10Hrs

Classes and Functions: Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus Planning Classes and Methods: Object oriented features, Printing objects, The init method, The __str__method, Operator overloading, Type-based Dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and Implementation Inheritance: Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, decks, Printing the Deck, Add Remove shuffle and sort, Inheritance, Data encapsulation. The Goodies: Conditional expressions, List comprehensions, Generator expressions, any and all, Sets, Counters, default dict, Named tuples, Gathering keyword Args

Textbooks:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python", 2nd edition, SPD/O'Reilly, 2016.

Reference Books:

- 1. Martin C.Brown, "The Complete Reference: Python", McGraw-Hill, 2018.
- 2. Kenneth A. Lambert, B.L. Juneja, "Fundamentals of Python", CENGAGE, 2015.
- 3. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", 2nd edition, Dreamtech Press, 2019

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3			2									
CO2	3	3	3		3							2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2								2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2								2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3								2	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
1	10	19%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO5: Apply(L3)	2 3 2
2	13	24%	3	CO2 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5 PO12	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2
3	10	19%	2	CO3 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
4	9	17%	2	CO4 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
5	11	20%	3	CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO12	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2
	53	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the Basic concepts of python programming to build scripts in IDLE.. Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb.. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply the modularity techniques to invoke user defined functions.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some modular applications user defined functions are created to meet societal needs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the concept of Strings and Lists to perform iterative operations on data. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than one level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the Mutable and Immutable data types to perform python Programs. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than one level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the oops concepts to develop applications with reusability. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELIGENCE (AI)

Year: I Semester: II Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Structures	L	T	P	C
20AES0502	I-II	Data Structures	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** the basic concepts of an Algorithm to measure its performance
- CO 2: Apply the Linear Data Structure to arrange the data in memory
- CO 3: Apply the Non-Linear Data Structure to organize the data in hierarchical structure
- CO 4: Evaluate the real time problems using graphs and hashing techniques
- **CO 5: Apply** the File handling and sorting methods to rearrange the data.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of an Algorithm		to measure its performance	L2
CO2	Apply	the Linear Data Structure		to arrange the data in memory	L3
CO3	Apply	the Non-Linear Data Structure		to organize the data in hierarchical structure	L3
CO4	Evaluate	the Real Time Problems	using Graphs and Hashing Techniques		L5
CO5	Apply	the File handling and sorting methods		to rearrange the data	L3

UNIT – I		9 Hrs

Introduction

Algorithm Specification, Performance analysis, Performance Measurement. Arrays: Arrays, Dynamically Allocated Arrays. Structures and Unions. Sorting: Motivation, Quick sort, how fast can we sort, Merge sort, Heap sort

UNIT – II 9 Hrs

Stack, Queue and Linked lists

Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Queues, Circular Queues Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation of Expressions, Multiple Stacks and Queues. Linked lists: Singly Linked Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Additional List Operations, Doubly Linked Lists.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

Trees

Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Additional Binary Tree Operations, Binary Search Trees, Counting Binary Trees, Optimal Binary search Trees, AVL Trees. B-Trees: B- Trees, B + Trees.

JNIT – IV 9 Hrs

Graphs and Hashing

The Graph Abstract Data Type, Elementary Graph Operations, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees, Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure

Hashing: Introduction to Hash Table, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing.

UNIT - V

Files and Advanced sorting

File Organization: Sequential File Organization, Direct File Organization, Indexed Sequential File Organization.

Advanced sorting: Sorting on Several keys, List and Table sorts, Summary of Internal sorting, External sorting.

Textbooks:

1.Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2nd Edition, Galgotia Book Source, Pvt. Ltd., 2004.

2. Alan L. Tharp, "File Organization and Processing", Wiley and Sons, 1988.

Reference Books:

- 1.D. Samanta, "Classic Data Structures", 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., India, 2012.
- 2. Peter Bras, "Advanced Data Structures", Cambridge University Press, 2016

3. Richard F. Gilberg, Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", Second Edition, Cengage Learning 2005.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

P														
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											2	
CO2	3	3		3								2	2	1
CO3	3	3		3								2	2	1
CO4	1	2	3	3			3					3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2								3	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) : Action Verb	Level of	
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)	
1	18	24%	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3	
2	14	19%	2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO4: Develop (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2	
3	15	20%	2	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO4: Develop (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2	
4	13	18%	2	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO7 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO7: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	1 2 3 3 3 3	
5	14	19%	2	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 3	
	74	100 %							

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of an Algorithm to measure its performance Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the Linear Data Structure to arrange the data in memory Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Linear Data Structure applications, array and structure concepts are used to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the Non-Linear Data Structure to organize the data in hierarchical structure Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Non-Linear Data Structure applications, array and structure concepts are used to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Evaluate the real time problems using graphs and hashing techniques Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, Graph concept is indirectly used to sustainable environment development. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, Graph and Hash concepts are used to write programs and evaluation. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the File handling and sorting methods to rearrange the data. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of data manipulations Sorting and File Organization methods are used to solve storage problems. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ARTIFICIAL ITELIGENCE (AI)

Year: I	Semester: II B	ranch of	study:	AIDS	i
Course Code Year & S	em l	J	LT	P	(

Course Code	Year & Sem	Web Design	L	T	P	С	
20AES0507	I-II	web Design	1	0	4	3	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO 1: Understand basic HTML tags to design web pages
- CO 2: Apply Advanced features to your webpage including special effects
- CO 3: Apply The CSS Knowledge to add colors and text formatting
- CO 4: Apply Advanced CSS to style effective presentation of webpage
- CO 5: Create HTML and CSS Programs to create registration form

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand	basic HTML tags		to design web pages	L2
CO2	Apply	Advanced features		to your webpage including special effects	L3
соз	Apply	The CSS Knowledge		to add colours and text formatting	L3
CO4	Apply	Advanced CSS style		to style effective presentation of webpage	L3
CO5	Create	HTML and CSS Programs		to create Registration form	L6

UNIT – I		9 Hrs

Where Do I Start-What Does a Web Designer Do, What Languages Do I Need to Learn, What Do I Need to Buy, How the Web Works-The Internet Versus the Web, Serving Up Your Information, A Word About Browsers, Web Page Addresses (URLs), The Anatomy of a Web Page, Some Big Concepts You Need to Know-A Dizzying Multitude of Devices, Sticking with the Standards, Progressive Enhancement, Responsive Web Design, One Web for All (Accessibility), The Need for Speed (Site Performance)

HTML Markup for Structure: Creating a Simple Page-A Web Page, Launch a Text Editor, Step 1: Start with Content, Step 2: Give the Document Structure, Step 3: Identify Text Elements, Step 4: Add an Image, Step 5: Change the Look with a Style Sheet, When Good Pages Go Bad, Validating Your Documents. Marking Up Text-Paragraphs, Headings, Lists, More Content Elements, Organizing Page Content, The Inline Element Roundup, Generic Elements (div and span), Some Special Characters

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

HTML Markup for Structure: Adding Links-The href Attribute, Linking to Pages on the Web, Linking Within Your Own Site, Targeting a New Browser Window, Mail Links, Telephone Links. Adding Images-First, a Word on Image Formats, The img Element, A Window in a Window. Table Markup-How Tables Are Used, Minimal Table Structure, Spanning Cells, Table Accessibility, Wrapping Up Tables

HTML Markup for Structure: Forms-How Forms Work, The form Element, Variables and Content, The Great Form Control Roundup, Form Accessibility Features, Form Layout and Design. What's Up, HTML5-A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to XHTML 2, In the Markup Department, Meet the APIs, Video and Audio, Canvas

UNIT – III 9 Hrs

CSS for Presentation: Cascading Style Sheets Orientation-The Benefits of CSS, How Style Sheets Work, The Big Concepts, Moving Forward with CSS. Formatting Text-The Font Properties, Changing Text Color, A Few More Selector Types, Text Line Adjustments, Underlines and Other "Decorations", Changing Capitalization, Spaced Out, Text Shadow, Changing List Bullets and Numbers. Colors and Backgrounds-Specifying Color Values, Foreground Color, Background Color, Playing with Opacity, Introducing...Pseudo-class Selectors, Pseudo-element Selectors, Attribute Selectors, Background

Images, The Shorthand background Property, Like a Rainbow (Gradients), External Style Sheets. Thinking Inside the Box-The Element Box, Specifying Box Dimensions, Padding, Borders, Margins, Assigning Display Roles, Adding Drop Shadows to Boxes

UNIT – IV 9 Hrs

CSS for Presentation: Floating and Positioning- Normal Flow, Floating, Positioning Basics, Relative Positioning, Absolute, Positioning, Fixed Positioning. Page Layout with CSS- Page Layout Strategies, page Layout Techniques, Multicolumn Layouts Using Floats, Positioned Layout, Top-to-Bottom Column Backgrounds. Transitions, Transforms, and Animation- Ease-y Does It (CSS Transitions), CSS Transforms, Keyframe Animation. **CSS Techniques**- A Clean Slate (CSS Reset), Image Replacement Techniques, CSS Sprites, Styling Forms, Styling Tables, Basic Responsive Web Design, Wrapping Up Style Sheets.

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

- 1. Design a page having suitable background colour and text colour with title "My First Web Page" using all the attributes of the Font tag.
- 2. Create a HTML document giving details of your [Name, Age], [Address, Phone] and [Register Number, Class] aligned in proper order using alignment attributes of Paragraph tag.
- 3. Write HTML code to design a page containing some text in a paragraph by giving suitable heading style.
- 4. Create a page to show different character formatting (B, I, U, SUB, SUP) tags.
 - i. viz: $log_b m^p = p log_b m$
- 5. Write HTML code to create a Web Page that contains an Image at its centre.
- 6. Create a web page with an appropriate image towards the left hand side of the page, when user clicks on the image another web page should open.
- 7. Create web Pages using Anchor tag with its attributes for external links.
- 8. Create a web page for internal links; when the user clicks on different links on the web page it should go to the appropriate locations/sections in the same page.
- 9. Write a HTML code to create a web page with pink colour background and display moving message in red colour.
- 10. Create a web page, showing an ordered list of all second semester courses (Subjects).
- 11. Create a web page, showing an unordered list of names of all the Diploma Programmes (Branches) in your institution.
- 12. Create a HTML document containing a nested list showing a content page of any book.
- 13. Create the following table in HTML

Student	Maths	Physics	Chemistry	Computer	
	I-R1C1		I-C2		
I-R2C1	II-C1	I D (C)	II-C1		
III Daga		I-R4C1	III-C1	II-R1C5	
III-R2C2			IV-C1		

14. Create a web page which divides the page in two equal frames and place the audio and video clips in frame-1 and frame-2 respectively.

15. Create a web page which should generate following output:

	ii. FRAME-2
i. FRAME-1	
	iii. FRAME-3

- 16. Create a table to show your class time table.
- 17. Use tables to provide layout to your HTML page describing your college infrastructure.
- 18. Use and <div> tags to provide a layout to the above page instead of a table layout.
- 19. Use frames such that page is divided into 3 frames 20% on left to show contents of pages, 60% in center to show body of page, remaining on right to show remarks.

- 20. Embed Audio and Video into your HTML web page.
- 21. Create a webpage with HTML describing your department use paragraph and list tags.
- 22. Apply various colors to suitably distinguish key words, also apply font styling like italics, underline and two other fonts to words you find appropriate, also use header tags.
- 23. Create links on the words e.g. -Wi-Fi and -LAN|| to link them to Wikipedia pages.
- 24. Insert an image and create a link such that clicking on image takes user to other page.
- 25. Change the background color of the page; At the bottom create a link to take user to the top of the page.
- 26. Develop static pages (using only HTML) of an online book store, the pages should resemble: www.amazon.com, the website should consist the following pages, home page, registration and user login, user profile page, books catalog, shopping cart, payment by credit card, order confirmation.
- 27. Create a web page using Embedded CSS and multimedia
- 28. Write an HTML page that contains a selection box with a list of 5 countries, when the user selects a country, its capital should be printed next to the list; Add CSS to customize the properties of the font of the capital (color, bold and font size).
- 29. Wap in html to design a Bio-Data.
- 30. Wap in html to create a webpage with four frames (Picture, table, list, and hyperlink).
- 31. Wap in html to show all character elements in html.
- 32. Wap in html to create a webpage to show the block level elements and text level elements.
- 33. Wap in html to create a webpage to show various confectionary items using ordered list and unordered list.
- 34. Wap in html to create a webpage to show different hobbies.
- 35. Wap in html to show India map.
- 36. Wap in html to create a web page using style sheet.
- 37. Wap in html to create a web page to show registration
- 38. Wap in html to show books in inventory in different tables by using rowspan and colspan.
- 39. Create a Web Page in HTML to show Admission form in OITM
- 40. A Web Page in HTML to show your resume using Appropriate Formatting Elements.
- 41. A Web Page in HTML to show all the Text, Color, Background and Font Elements
- 42. Write a Program to Create a Nested List.

Textbooks:

1. Jennifer Niederst Robbins, "Learning Web Design", OREILLY 4th Edition

Reference Books:

- 1. Uttam K Roy, -Web Technologies||, Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2010.
- 2. HTML and CSS: Design and Build Websites 1st Edition by Jon Duckett (Author) india price
- 3. Steven Holzner, —The Complete Reference PHP∥, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1st Edition, 2007.
- 4. HTML & CSS: The Complete Reference, Fifth Edition (Complete Reference Series)
- 5. Deitel and Deitel and Nieto, —Internet and World Wide Web How to Program||, Prentice Hall, 5 th Edition, 2011.

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. http://www.scoopworld.in
- 2. http://www.sxecw.edu.in
- 3. http://www.technofest2u.blogspot.com
- 4. http://www.ptutorial.com/php-example/php-upload-image
- 5. http://www.ptutorial.com/php-example/php-change-case

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2		2						3				2	2
CO2	3		2						3				2	2
CO3	3		2						3	3	3		2	2
CO4	3		2						3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	3		3	3					3	3	3	3	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO3 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule	2 2 3
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule	3 2 3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO9 PO10 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule P011: Thumb Rule	3 2 3 3 3
4	4 CO4: Apply		PO1 PO3 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule PO11: Thumb Rule PO12: Thumb Rule	3 2 3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Create	L6	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Design(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule PO11: Thumb Rule PO12: Thumb Rule	3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand basic HTML tags to design web pages

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is lesser than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO3: Design(L6)

CO1 Action verb is lesser than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb Rule

CO1 Using Basic HTML tags, mages and colors, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply Advanced features to your webpage including special effects

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design(L6)

CO2 Action verb is lesser than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

CO2 Using HTML elements like links, adding audio & video to the web page, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply The CSS Knowledge to add colours and text formatting

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design(L6)

CO3 Action verb is lesser than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

CO3 Styling and decorating with box dimensions, padding. Websites plays very crucial role in present days, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumb rule

CO3 Web pages are used to create blogs to share effective content, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

CO3 Web pages and CSS knowledge is to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Apply Advanced CSS to style effective presentation of webpage

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design(L6)

CO4 Action verb is lesser than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

CO4 Using advanced CSS style presentations, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumb rule

CO4 Using advanced CSS techniques, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

CO4 Advanced CSS style presentation and techniques to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

CO4 Using page layout strategies & techniques, CSS Image Replacement Techniques, Styling Tables for life long learning in the broadest context of technological change, therefore the correlation is (3)

CO5: Create HTML and CSS Programs to create registration form, to show India map

Action Verb: Create(L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design(L6)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design(L6)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

CO5 Creating HTML and CSS programs, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumb rule

CO5 Creating HTML and CSS programs, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

CO5 Using HTML and CSS programs to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

CO5 Using HTML and CSS programs, Styling Tables for lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change, therefore the correlation is (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: I Semester: II Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Basics of Python Programming Lab	L	T	P	С	
20AES0510	II-I	basics of Fython Flogramming Lab	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of Python Programming

CO2: Apply the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE and programs.

CO3: Analyze the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries using functions.

CO4: Apply the development applications using python datatypes to read and write data from files.

CO5: Design the solutions using OOPs concepts for real world problems in python.

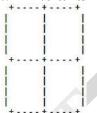
СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the basic concepts of Python Programming			L4
CO2	Apply	the loops and conditional statements of python	using IDLE and programs.		L3
CO3	Analyze	the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries	using functions.		L4
CO4	Apply	the development applications	using python datatypes	to read and write data from files	L3
CO5	Design	the solutions	using OOPs concepts.	for real world problems in python	L6

List of Experiments:

1. Install Python Interpreter and use it to perform different Mathematical Computations. Try to do all **(CO1)**

the operations present in a Scientific Calculator

2. Write a function that draws a grid like the following: (CO1)



3. Write a function that draws a Pyramid with # symbols(CO1)

####

- 4. Using turtles concept draw a wheel of your choice(CO1)
- 5. Write a program that draws Archimedean Spiral(CO1)
- 6. The letters of the alphabet can be constructed from a moderate number of basic elements, like vertical and horizontal lines and a few curves. Design an alphabet that can be drawn with a minimal number of basic elements and then write functions that draw the letters. The alphabet can belong to any Natural language excluding English. You should consider at least Ten letters of the alphabet. (CO1)
- 7. The time module provides a function, also named time that returns the current Greenwich Mean Time in "the epoch", which is an arbitrary time used as a reference point. On UNIX systems, the

epoch is 1 January 1970.

>>> import time

>>>time.time()

1437746094.5735958

Write a script that reads the current time and converts it to a time of day in hours,

minutes, and seconds, plus the number of days since the epoch. (CO1)

- 8. Given $n+r+1 \le 2r$. n is the input and r is to be determined. Write a program which computes minimum value of r that satisfies the above (CO2)
- 9. Write a program that evaluates Ackermann function(CO2)
- 10. The mathematician Srinivasa Ramanujan found an infinite series that can be used to generate a numerical approximation of $1/\pi$:

Write a function called estimate_pi that uses this formula to compute and return an estimate of π .

$$\frac{1}{\pi} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{9801} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(4k)!(1103 + 26390k)}{(k!)^4 396^{4k}}$$

It should use a while loop to compute terms of the summation until the last term is smaller than 1e-15 (which is Python notation for 10 -15). You can check the result by comparing it to math.pi.(CO2)

- 11. Choose any five built-in string functions of C language. Implement them on your own in Python. You should not use string related Python built-in functions. **(CO2)**
- 12. Given a text of characters, Write a program which counts number of vowels, consonants and special characters. (CO2)
- 13. Given a word which is a string of characters. Given an integer say 'n', Rotate each character by 'n' positions and print it. Note that 'n' can be positive or negative. (CO2)
- 14. Given rows of text, write it in the form of columns.(CO2)
- 15. Given a page of text. Count the number of occurrences of each latter (Assume case insensitivity and don't consider special characters). Draw a histogram to represent the same(CO2)
- 16. Write program which performs the following operations on list's. Don't use built-in functions(**CO3**)
- a) Updating elements of a list
- b) Concatenation of list's
- c) Check for member in the list
- d) Insert into the list
- e) Sum the elements of the list
- f) Push and pop element of list
- g) Sorting of list
- h) Finding biggest and smallest elements in the list
- i) Finding common elements in the list
- 17. Write a program to count the number of vowels in a word. (CO3)
- 18. Write a program that reads a file, breaks each line into words, strips whitespace and punctuation from the words, and converts them to lowercase. **(CO4)**
- 19. Go to Project Gutenberg (http://gutenberg.org) and download your favorite out-of-copyright book in plain text format. Read the book you downloaded, skip over the header information at the beginning of the file, and process the rest of the words as before. Then modify the program to count the total number of words in the book, and the number of times each word is used. Print the number of different words used in the book. Compare different books by different authors, written in different eras. (CO4)
- 20. Go to Project Gutenberg (http://gutenberg.org) and download your favorite out-of-copyright book in plain text format. Write a program that allows you to replace words, insert words and delete words from the file.(CO4)
- 21. Consider all the files on your PC. Write a program which checks for duplicate files in your PC and displays their location. Hint: If two files have the same checksum, they probably have the same contents. **(CO4)**
- 22. Consider turtle object. Write functions to draw triangle, rectangle, polygon, circle and sphere. Useobject oriented approach. **(CO5)**
- 23. Write a program illustrating the object oriented features supported by Python. (CO5)
- 24. Design a Python script using the Turtle graphics library to construct a turtle bar chart representing the grades obtained by N students read from a file categorizing them into distinction, first class, second class, third class and failed. (CO5)
- 25. Design a Python script to determine the difference in date for given two dates in

YYYY:MM:DD format($0 \le YYYY \le 9999$, $1 \le MM \le 12$, $1 \le DD \le 31$) following the leap year rules.(**CO5**)

26. Design a Python Script to determine the time difference between two given times in HH:MM:SS format.($0 \le HH \le 23$, $0 \le MM \le 59$, $0 \le SS \le 59$)(**CO5**)

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	2	2											
CO3	3	3	2	2					1			1		
CO4	3	2												
CO5		1	3	3	3			2	1			2		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1 : Analyze	L4	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
_	CO1 . Allalyze	LT	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
2	CO2 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 2 2
3	CO3 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO9 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO9: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2 1 1
4	CO4 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4)	3 2
5	CO5 : Design	L6	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO8 PO9 PO12	PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5: Develop (L6) PO8: Thumb rule PO9: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	1 3 3 3 2 1

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of Python Programming Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE and programs. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For usage of the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE is medium. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Analyze the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries using functions. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2:Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is higher level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to Analyze the compound data using. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO12: Thumb rule

Construct real time applications using functions can be life long learning. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO4: Apply the development applications using python datatypes to read and write data from files.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Design the solutions using OOPs concepts for real world problems in python. Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Develop(L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

IOT Applications can be used to make society better place. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to Create BPP applications. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO12: Thumb rule

In real time oops concepts are used to solve the societal problems. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: I Semester: II Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Computational Lab-I	L	T	P	C	
20ABS9918	I-II	Computational Lab-1	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Apply MS Excel tools for solving problems in linear algebra.

CO2: Analyze the Central Tendency, Correlation and Regression analysis using MS-Excel Tools.

CO3: Analyze the properties of probability distributions using MS- Excel Tools.

CO4: Apply MS- Excel Tools for solving definite integrals numerically.

CO5: Analyze small and large sample problems using statistical tools in MS- Excel.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Apply	MS Excel tools	for solving problems	in linear algebra	L3
2	Analyze	the Central Tendency, Correlation and Regression analysis	Using MS- Excel Tools.		L4
3	Analyze	the properties of probability distributions	Using MS- Excel Tools.		L4
4	Apply	MS Excel tools	for solving definite integrals numerically.		L3
5	Analyze	small and large sample problems	using statistical tools	in MS- Excel	L4

List of Experiments:

- 1. Algebraic operations on matrices, transpose of a matrix.
- 2. Finding determinant, inverse of a matrix.
- 3. Solving system of equations and consistency Non Homogeneous equations
- 4. Rank of a matrix Row reduced Echelon form.
- 5. Practice theory behind the descriptive statistics like measures of central tendency with examples.
- 6. Solving Measures of dispersion concepts with examples.
 - 7. Practicing concept of Correlation with some examples.
 - 8. Solving Regression analysis with some examples.
 - 9. Solving Skewness concept with examples.
 - 10.Practising the Concept of Kurtosis with examples.
- 11. Solving the Numerical Integration by Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3 rule.
- 12. Fitting a Straight line and power curve using Ms-Excel Tools.
- 13. Using functions in MS-Excel to calculate the probabilities for Binomial distribution.
- 14. Using functions in MS-Excel to calculate the probabilities for Poisson distribution.
- 15. Using functions in MS-Excel to calculate the probabilities for Normal distribution.
- 16. Using functions in MS-Excel to calculate the probabilities for Geometric distribution.

- 17. Using functions in MS-Excel to calculate the probabilities for Uniform distribution.
- 18. Testing Single mean in large samples and difference between two means large samples using Z-test.
- 19. Testing Single proportion in large samples and difference between two proportions in large samples using Z-test.
- 20. Testing Single mean in small samples using t-test.
- 21. Testing Student's t-test for difference of means.
- 22. Testing Paired-Sample Y-test in small samples using t-test.
- 23. Testing difference between two means in small samples using t-test.
- 24. Solving problems on Chi-square test for testing goodness of fit.

Reference:

- 1. Higher Engineering in Mathematics, Dr.B.S. Grewal of Khanna Publishers, 42nd Edition.
- 2. Miller and Freunds, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.
- 3.S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012.
- 4.S.Chand ,Probability and Statistics, Dr.T.K.V.Iyengar, Dr.B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham, Dr.M.V.S.S.N.Prasad.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

С	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO								
О	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
1				2										
2				3										
3				3										
4				2										
5				3										

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO	hours o	ver th	f contact e total act hours	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson % correlation Plan (Hrs)		Verb	BTL				
1	6	14	1	Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
2	12	26	3	Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
3	9	20	3	Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
4	9	20	3	Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
5	9	20	3	Analyze L4		PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
	45						_	

Justification:

CO1: Apply MS Excel tools for solving problems in linear algebra.

Action Verb: Apply **(L3)** PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is one less than PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the Central Tendency, Correlation and Regression analysis using MS-Excel Tools.

Action Verb: Analyze **(L4)** PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb equal to PO4 verb; therefore, correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the properties of probability distributions using MS- Excel Tools.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4: Apply MS- Excel Tools for solving definite integrals numerically

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is one less than PO4 verb; therefore, correlation is moderate (2)

CO5: Analyze small and large sample problems using statistical tools in MS- Excel.

Action Verb: Analyze (**L4**) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Teal: 1		Semester: 11 Branch	OI SU	uuy:	AID:	>
Course Code Year & Sem		Data Structures Lab	L	T	P	С
20AES0504	I-II	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO 1: Apply the sorting and searching algorithms using suitable data structure
- CO 2: Design the algorithms to solve real time problems using Linked lists
- CO 3: Design the solutions for computational problems using stacks and queues
- CO 4: Evaluate the operations of breadth first search using queues
- CO 5: Design the algorithms to perform operations on trees and graphs

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	sorting and searching algorithm	using suitable data structure		L3
CO2	Design	the algorithms	using Linked lists	To solve real time problems	L6
соз	Design	the solutions for computational problems	using stacks and queues		L6
CO4	Evaluate	the operations of breadth first search	using queues		L5
CO5	Design	the algorithms		to perform operations on trees and graphs	L6

List of Experiments

- 1. String operations using array of pointers (CO1)
- 2. Searching Algorithms (With the Number of Key Comparisons) Sequential, Binary and Fibonacci Search Algorithms. **(CO1)**
- 3. Sorting Algorithms: Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Shell Sort, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, and Radix Sort. Using the system clock, compute the time taken for sorting of elements. The time for other operations like I/O etc should not be considered while computing time. **(CO1)**
- 4. Implementation of Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Circular Linked List(CO2)
- 5. Stack implementation using arrays(CO3)
- 6. Stack implementation using linked lists(CO3)
- 7. Queue implementation using arrays. Implement different forms of queue. While implementing you should be able to store elements equal to the size of the queue. No positions should be left blank. **(CO3)**
- 8. Queue implementation using linked lists(CO3)
- 9. Creation of binary search tree, performing operations insertion, deletion, and traversal. (CO4)
- 10. Breadth first search(CO4)
- 11. Depth first search(CO4)
- 12. Travelling sales man problem(CO4)
- 13. File operations(CO4)
- 14. Indexing of a file(CO4)
- 15. Reversing the links (not just displaying) of a linked list. (CO4)
- 16. Consider a linked list consisting of name of a person and gender as a node. Arrange the linked list using 'Ladies first' principle. You may create new linked lists if necessary. **(CO5)**
- 17. An expression can be represented in three ways: infix, prefix and postfix. All the forms are necessary in different contexts. Write modules to convert from one form to another form. **(CO5)**
- 18. A table can be defined as a collection of rows and columns. Each row and column may have a label. Different values are stored in the cells of the table. The values can be of different data types. Numerical operations like summation, average etc can be performed on rows/columns which contain numerical data. Such operations are to be prevented on data which is not numeric. User may like to insert row/columns in the already existing table. User may like to remove row/column. Create table data type and support different operations on it. **(CO5)**

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3		3								2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	2		3					3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO5:Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3
2	CO2: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop (L3) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5:Create(L6) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop (L3) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5:Create(L6) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO7 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO5:Create(L6) PO7: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3
5	CO5: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO5:Create(L6) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the sorting and searching algorithms using suitable data structure **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Design the algorithms to solve real time problems using Linked lists

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Develop (L6)

CO2 Action verb is same level PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Linear Data Structure applications, Linked lists concepts are used to write programs store the data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Design the solutions for computational problems using stacks and queues

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Data Structure applications, stacks concepts are used to manage data in the memory. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the operations of breadth first search using queues

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO7: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, queues concept is indirectly used to sustainable environment development. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, queues concepts are used to write programs and evaluation the memory operations. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Design the algorithms to perform operations on trees and graphs

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of data manipulations tree and graphs concepts are used to solve data storage problems. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Branch of study: AIDS

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Course Code	Year & Sem	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	L	T	P	С	
20AMC9903	I-II	ENVIRONMENTAL STODIES	3	0	0	0	

Semester: II

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies and various renewable and nonrenewable resources.

CO2: Understand the ecosystem and biodiversity to solve complex environmental problems

CO3: Apply various types of pollution and solid waste management and related preventive measures

CO4: Apply rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and wasteland reclamation.

CO5:Understand the population explosion

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies and various renewable and nonrenewable resources			L2
2	Understand	Ecosystem and biodiversity to solve complex environmental problems			L2
3	Apply	Various types of pollution and solid waste management and related preventive measures			L3
4	Apply	Rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and wasteland reclamation			L3
5	Understand	Population explosion			L2

UNIT – I		9 Hrs

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: Introduction Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies-Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy resources – Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and sub-surface – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.

Energy resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy resources.

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and functions of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem and Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries).

Biodiversity And Its Conservation: Introduction- Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts - Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

ı	UNIT – III	9 Hrs

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Causes, effects and its control measures of: Air Pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, and Thermal pollution and Nuclear hazards. **Solid Waste Management**: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone, Tsunami and landslides.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting and watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people — Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies–Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act-Public awareness

UNIT – V 9 Hrs

Human Population and the Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

Textbooks:

- 1.Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2.Environmental Studies by Kaushik, New Age Publishers.
- 3. Environmental Studies by Sri Krishna Hitech publishing Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books:

- 1. Environmental studies by R.Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- 3. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela Printice hall of India Private limited.
- 4. Environmental studies by A. Ravi Krishnan, G. Sujatha Sri Krishna Hitech publications.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	P09	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1						2	2							
CO2							2					2		
CO3						2	2							
CO4						2	2							
CO5							2					2		

Correlation matrix

СО	Percentag over the contact h	total plan		ours	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Register (Hrs)	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	10	12	23	3	Understand	L2	PO6,PO7	PO6: PO7:	2,2
2	15	15	28	3	Understand	L2	PO7,PO12	PO7: PO12:	2,2
3	8	8	15	2	Apply	L3	PO6 PO7	PO6: PO7:	2,2
4	9	10	19	2	Apply	L3	PO6,PO7	PO6: PO7:	2,2
5	8	8	15	2	Understand	L2	PO7,PO12,	PO7: PO12:	2,2
	50	53	100						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies and various renewable and nonrenewable resources.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is **Understand** of BTL 2.Using Thumb rule; L2 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO2: Understand the ecosystem and biodiversity to solve complex environmental problems

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is **Understand** of BTL 2.Using Thumb rule; L2 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO3: Apply various types of pollution and solid waste management and related preventive measures

Action Verb: APPLY (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is APPLY of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule; L2 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO4: Apply rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and wasteland reclamation.

Action Verb: APPLY (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is **APPLY** of BTL 2.Using Thumb rule; L2 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO5: Understand the population explosion

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is **Understand** of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule; L2 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY ANDSCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS)

(Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester III (Second year)

SI. No	Cate g ory	Course Code	Course Title	_	Hour er we		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
	-			L	Т	P	С			
1	BS	20ABS9914	Discrete Mathematical Structures		0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3001	Digital Electronics and Microprocessor	3 0 0		3	30	70	100	
3	PC	20APC3002	Database Management Systems		0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PC	20APC3004	Object Oriented Programming through Java		0	0	3	30	70	100
5	PC	20APC3006	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	PC	20APC3003	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PC	20APC3005	Object Oriented Programming through Java Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PC	20APC3007	Computer Organization Lab			1.5	30	70	100	
9	SC	20ASC3001	Client Side Scripting 1		0	2	2	100	0	100
10	MC	20AMC9902	Constitution of India 2 0 0		0	30	0	30		
			Total credits	Total credits						930



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) Semester: I

Year: II		Semester: I Branch o	Branch of study: AIDS							
Course Code	Year & Sem	Discrete Mathematical Structures	L	Т	P	С]			
20ABS9914	II-I	Discrete mathematical structures	3	0	0	3	1			

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Apply the concepts of mathematical logic in various engineering fields.

CO2: Understand the concepts related to set theory and algebraic structures.

CO3: Analyze the theory of elementary combinatorics by using binomial and multinomial theorems.

CO4: Evaluate the solutions of homogeneous and non-homogeneous recurrence relations.

CO5: Apply the graph theory in solving computer science problems and finite difference

approximation.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Apply	the concepts of mathematical logic	in various engineering fields		L3
2	Understand	the concepts related to set theory and algebraic structures.			L2
3	Analyse	the theory of elementary combinatorics	by using binomial and multinomial theorems		L4
4	Evaluate	the solutions of homogeneous and non homogeneous recurrence relations.			L5
5	Apply	the graph theory solving computer science problems.		and finite difference approximation.	L3

Unit I: Mathematical Logic:

9 hrs

Introduction, Statements and Notation, Connectives, Well-formed formulas, Tautology, Duality law, Equivalence, Implication, Normal Forms, Functionally complete set of connectives, Inference Theory of Statement Calculus, Predicate Calculus, Inference theory of Predicate Calculus

Unit II: Set theory: 9 hrs

Basic Concepts of Set Theory, Relations and Ordering, The Principle of Inclusion Exclusion, Pigeon hole principle and its application, Functions composition of functions, Inverse Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattices and its properties. Algebraic structures: Algebraic systems-Examples and General Properties, Semi groups and Monoids, groups, sub groups, homomorphism, Isomorphism.

Unit III: Elementary Combinatorics:

9 hrs

Basics of Counting, Combinations and Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations, Enumerating Combinations and Permutations with Repetitions, Enumerating Permutations with Constrained Repetitions, Binomial Coefficients, The Binomial and Multinomial Theorems.

Unit IV: Recurrence Relations:

9 hrs

Generating Functions of Sequences, Calculating Coefficients of Generating Functions, Recurrence relations, Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating functions, The Method of Characteristic roots, Solutions of Inhomogeneous Recurrence Relations.

Unit V: Graphs: 9 hrs

Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Subgraphs, Trees and their Properties, Spanning Trees, Directed Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multigraphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four Color Problem equation using finite difference approximation.

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel and Theodore P. Baker, Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.,
- 3. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited
- 4. Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science by Narsingh Deo

Online Learning Resources: http://www.cs.yale.edu/homes/aspnes/classes/202/notes.pdf Mapping of COs to POs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3											
2	2											
3		3										
4		3										
5	3											

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO - PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentag over the t	otal pla	ntact hours anned	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson	%	correlation	Verb	BTL		PO5)	
	Plan							
	(Hrs)							
1	15	21.7	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
2	11	15.9	2	Understand	L2	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
3	14	20.2	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
4	14	20.2	3	Evaluate	L5	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
5	15 21.7 3		Apply	L3	PO1 Apply (L3)		3	

CO1: .Apply the concepts of mathematical logic in various engineering fields Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Understand the concepts related to set theory and algebraic structures Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is one level below to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO3: . Analyze the theory of elementary combinatorics by using binomial and multinomial theorems.

Action Verb: Analyse (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyse (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Evaluate the solutions of homogeneous and non homogeneous recurrence relations.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is one level high to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Apply the graph theory in solving computer science problems and finite difference approximation.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 11		Semester: 1 Branch o	T STU	ay: A	AIDS	,
Course Code	Year & Sem	Digital Electronics & Microprocessors	L	T	P	С
20APC3001	II-I	Digital Electionics & Microprocessors	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the different logic circuits using concepts of Boolean algebra.

CO2: Analyze the different logic circuit by combining sequential and combinational circuits.

CO3: Evaluate the different sequential logic circuits for construct complex circuits like counters and registers.

CO4: Apply the 8086 microprocessors to design application for real world issues.

CO5: Apply the 8051 micro controllers to construct complex microprocessor working model for real world problems.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the different logic circuits	using concepts of Boolean algebra		L2
CO2	Analyze	the different logic circuit	by combining sequential and combinational circuits		L4
соз	Evaluate	the different sequential logic circuits		for construct complex circuits like counters and registers.	L5
CO4	Apply	the 8086 microprocessors		to design application for real world issues	L3
CO5	Apply	the 8051 micro controller		to construct complex microprocessor working model for real world problems.	L3

Syllabus:

UNIT - I Number Systems & Code Conversion

Number Systems & Code conversion, Boolean Algebra & Logic Gates, Truth Tables, Universal Gates, Simplification of Boolean functions, SOP and POS methods – Simplification of Boolean functions using K-maps, Signed and Unsigned Binary Numbers.

UNIT - II Combinational Circuits

Combinational Logic Circuits: Adders & Subtractors, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Encoders, Decoders, Programmable Logic Devices.

UNIT - III Sequential Circuits

Sequential Logic Circuits: RS, Clocked RS, D, JK, Master Slave JK, T Flip-Flops, Shift Registers, Types of Shift Registers, Counters, Ripple Counter, Synchronous Counters, Asynchronous Counters, Up-Down Counter.

UNIT - IV Microprocessors - I

8085 microprocessor Review (brief details only), 8086 microprocessor, Functional Diagram, register organization 8086, Flag register of 8086 and its functions, Addressing modes of 8086, Pin diagram of 8086, Minimum mode & Maximum mode operation of 8086, Interrupts in 8086.

UNIT – V Microprocessors - II

Instruction set of 8086, Assembler directives, Procedures and Macros, Simple programs involving arithmetic, logical, branch instructions, Ascending, Descending and Block move programs, String Manipulation

Instructions. Overview of 8051 microcontroller, Architecture, I/O ports and Memory organization, addressing modes and instruction set of 8051(Brief details only), Simple Programs.

Text Books:

- 1. M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2013
- 2. Anil K. Maini, Digital Electronics: Principles, Devices and Applications, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., 2007.
- 3. N. Senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeevanathan, Microprocessor and Microcontrollers, Oxford Publishers, 2010.
- 4. Advanced microprocessors and peripherals-A.K Ray and K.M. Bhurchandani, TMH, 2nd edition, 2006.

Reference Books:

- 1. Thomas L. Floyd, Digital Fundamentals A Systems Approach, Pearson, 2013.
- 2. Charles H. Roth, Fundamentals of Logic Design, Cengage Learning, 5th, Edition, 2004.
- 3. D.V.Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing. TMGH, 2nd edition, 2006.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2		2						2			2	3	
CO2	3		2						2			2	2	
соз	3		3						2			2	2	
CO4	3		3						2	2		2	2	
CO5	2		2	2						2		2	2	

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s):Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)		(0-3)
1	14	23%	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO3 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule	2 2 2
2	10	17%	2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO3 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule	3 3 2
3	12	20%	2	CO3: Evaluate	L3	PO1 PO2 PO9 PO10	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule	3 3 2 2
4	10	17%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO9 PO10	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule	3 3 2 2
5	14	23%	3	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO10	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Apply(L3) PO10: Thumb Rule	2 2 2 2
	60	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the different logic circuits using concepts of Boolean algebra.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one, Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Identify(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

To involvement of individual must know all the basic concept to understand team work outcomes. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO 2: Analyze the different logic circuit by combining sequential and combinational circuits

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

At the time of design sequential and combinational circuits were need to form the team and develop required circuits in long period. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO 3: Evaluate the different sequential logic circuits for construct complex circuits like counters and registers.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO9: Develop (L3)

Need to analyze real time application from the whole team for construct complex circuits. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO10: Thumb rule

For resolving solutions to complex problem required a strong engineering concepts. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO 4: Apply the 8086 microprocessors to design application for real world issues.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO9: Thumb rule

To implement real world application, the individual should have deep knowledge about 8086 microprocessors. Therefore, the correlation is medium. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO10: Thumb rule

Once the model ready with 8086 microprocessors, need to narrate about model with understandable manner Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO 5: Analyze the 8051 micro controller to construct complex microprocessor working model for real world problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Once the model ready with 8085 micro controllers, need to narrate about model with understandable manner Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ARTIFICISLINTELLIGENCE (AI)

Teal: 11		Selliester: 1 Branci	OI SIL	iuy. <i>i</i>	HIDS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Database Management Systems	L	T	P	С
20APC3002	II-I	Database management systems	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of databases to design relational models.

CO2: Apply the SQL and PL/SQL concepts to formulate queries.

CO3: Apply the E-R model for data base design of real world applications. **CO4: Analyze** the query processing and optimization for data manipulation.

CO5: Analyze the concurrent transactions and recover systems to prevent data loss in system crash.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamentals of databases		To design relational models.	L2
CO2	Apply	the SQL and PL/SQL concepts		To formulate queries.	L3
соз	Apply	the E-R model		for data base design of real world applications	L3
CO4	Analyze	the query processing and optimization		For data manipulation.	L4
CO5	Analyze	the concurrent transactions and recover systems		to prevent data loss in system crash.	L4

UNIT - I	Introduction, Intr	roduction to Relation	nal Model	9Hrs
Introduction: Databa	se systems applicat	tions, Purpose of Data	abase Systems, view o	of Data, Database
Languages, Relationa	al Databases, Dat	abase Design, Data	Storage and Query	ying, Transaction
Management, Databa	se Architecture, Da	ata Mining and Infor	mation Retrieval, Spe	ecialty Databases,
Database users and	Administrators, In	ntroduction to Rela	tional Model: Struct	ure of Relational
Databases, Database	Schema, Keys, S	Schema Diagrams, Ro	elational Query Lang	uages, Relational
Operations				
UNIT - II	Introduction to S	QL, Advanced SQL		9 Hrs
-			QL Data Definition, I	7 1110
Introduction to SQL:	Overview of the SQ	L Query Language, S	GQL Data Definition, I	Basic Structure of
Introduction to SQL: SQL Queries, Additio	Overview of the SQ nal Basic Operation	DL Query Language, S is, Set Operations, Ni	=	Basic Structure of Functions, Nested
Introduction to SQL: SQL Queries, Additio Sub-queries, Modifica	Overview of the SQ nal Basic Operation tion of the Databas	DL Query Language, S is, Set Operations, Ni	ull Values, Aggregate I Joint Expressions, Vie	Basic Structure of Functions, Nested
Introduction to SQL: SQL Queries, Additio Sub-queries, Modifica Integrity Constraints,	Overview of the SQ nal Basic Operation tion of the Databas SQL Data types and	DL Query Language, S ns, Set Operations, No se. Intermediate SQL: d schemas, Authorizat	ull Values, Aggregate I Joint Expressions, Vie	Basic Structure of Functions, Nested ews, Transactions,

Recursive Queries, OLAP, Formal relational query languages. UNIT - III Database Design and the E-R Model, Relational Database 9 Hrs

Database Design and the E-R Model: Overview of the Design Process, The Entity-Relationship Model, Constraints, Removing Redundant Attributes in Entity Sets, Entity-Relationship Diagrams, Reduction to Relational Schemas, Entity-Relationship Design Issues.

Relational Database Design:Features of Good Relational Designs, Atomic Domains and First Normal Form, Decomposition Using Functional Dependencies, Functional-Dependency Theory, Algorithms for Decomposition, Decomposition Using Multivalued Dependencies, More Normal Forms.

UNIT - IV Query Processing, Query optimization 9 Hrs Ouery Processing: Overview Measures of Ouery cost Selection operation sorting Join Operation

Query Processing: Overview, Measures of Query cost, Selection operation, sorting, Join Operation, other operations, Evaluation of Expressions.

Query optimization: Overview, Transformation of Relational Expressions, Estimating statistics of Expression results, Choice of Evaluation Plans, Materialized views, Advanced Topics in Query Optimization.

UNIT - V	Transaction Management, Concurrency control and	10Hrs
	Recovery System	

Transaction Management: Transactions: Concept, A Simple Transactional Model, Storage Structures, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Isolation and Atomicity, Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels, Transactions as SQL Statements. Concurrency Control: Lock-based Protocols, Deadlock Handling, Multiple granularity, Timestamp-

based Protocols, and Validation-based Protocols.

Recovery System: Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer Management, Failure with Loss of Nonvolatile Storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations.

Textbooks:

1. A. Silberschatz, H.F.Korth, S.Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts",6/e, TMH 2019

Reference Books:

- 1. Database Management System, 6/e Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, PEA
- 2. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, Carlos Coronel, StevenMorris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Database Management Systems, 3/e, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TMH

Online Learning Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs04/preview

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	3										2		
CO3	3	3	3	2	3			2	2			2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3			3					2	
CO5		3	3	3	3			2	2			2		

Correlation matrix

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of databases to design relational models.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlatio	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)		n			(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
1	12	14%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	13	14%	2	COI : Understand	LZ	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	19	20%	2	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
3	18	19%	2	CO2 A nulv	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
3	18 19%	1970	2	CO3 :Apply	L3	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
					PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2 2	
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	
			_			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
		19%	2	CO4 :Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
4	18					PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	10	1970	2	CO4 :Allalyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
5	25	27%	3	CO5 : Analyze	L4	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	2
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
	93	100						
		%			1			<u> </u>

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the SQL and PL/SQL concepts to formulate queries.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of DB applications, PL/SQL concepts are used to formulate queries. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the E-R model for data base design of real world applications.

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2:Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is higher level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a database. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required between DBA and Database designer to create a database. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of DB applications, ER model concepts are used to create designs. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO4: Analyze the query processing and optimization for data manipulation.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in data manipulation. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Analyze the concurrent transactions and recover systems to prevent data loss in system crash.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed for transaction management. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required for transaction management and recovery of failure transactions. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

In real time transaction management is continuously updating. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



20APC3004

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

0

Year: II		Semester: I Branch o	f stu	dy: A	AIDS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Object Oriented Programming through Java	L	Т	P	С
00 A DC 200 A	TT T	Object Oriented Frogramming through dava		_	_	_

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

II-I

- CO1: **Understand** the OOP concepts to apply basic java programming.
- CO2: **Apply** the inheritance, packages, and interfaces to organize various java resources.
- CO3: Analyze the exception handling to develop efficient and error free codes.
- CO4: Apply the concepts of multithreading and collection frameworks to solve real world scenarios
- CO5: **Apply** the concepts of applets and swings for making web and GUI based applications.

		1 11 0	0	1 1	
СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
001		/TV1 C 1 4 1 C			
CO1	Understand	The fundamentals of		to design java	L2
		OOP concepts		programs.	
CO ₂	Apply	the inheritance,		to organize various	L3
		packages, and interfaces		java resources	
CO3	Analyze	the exception handling		to develop efficient	L4
				and error free codes	
CO4	Apply	the concepts of		to solve real world	L3
		multithreading and		scenarios.	
		collection frameworks			
CO5	Apply	the concepts of applets		for making web and	L3
		and swings		GUI based	
				applications.	

UNIT – I		9Hrs
Object Oriented Ti	hinking: History of Java, Java Buzzwords, Overview of OO	P CLASSES AND
Objects: Classes, O	bjects, Simple Java Program, Methods, Constructors, this F	Keyword, Garbage
Collection, Data Typ	oes, Variables, Arrays, Operators, Control Statements Overlo	ading of Methods
and Constructors, Pa	arameter Passing, Recursion, String Class and String handling	methods.

UNIT - II

Inheritance: Inheritance Basics, Using Super, Multilevel Hierarchy, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, Object Class.

Packages: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages.

Interfaces: Defining an Interface, Implementing Interface, Applying Interface, Variables in Interfaces, Interfaces can be extended.

UNIT - III 8Hrs

Exception Handling: Exception Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built in Exceptions, Creating Own Exception Sub Classes.

Input and Output Operations: I/O basics, reading console input, writing console output, the PrintWriter class, reading and writing files, automatically closing a file.

Generic Programming: Generic classes, generic methods, Bounded Types, Restrictions and Limitations.

UNIT - IV 8 Hrs

Multithreading: Java Thread Model, The Main Thread, Thread Life Cycle, Creating Thread and Multiple Threads, isAlive() and join(), Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Inter thread Communication, Suspending, Resuming and Stopping Threads.

Collection Framework: Collection Overview, Collection Interfaces: The Collection Interface, the List Interface, the Queue Interface, Collection Classes: Array List Class, Linked List Class, String Tokenizer, Scanner.

UNIT - V

Applets: Applet Basics, Life Cycle of an Applet, Simple Applet Display Methods, The HTML APPLET tag, Passing Parameters to Applets.

Swing: Introduction to Swing Model-View, Controller design pattern button, layout management, Swing Components.

Textbooks:

Herbert Schildt, Java. The complete reference, TMH. 9thEdition, 2014

Cay. S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell Core Java 2, Vol 2, Advanced Features, Pearson Education, 7thEdition, 2004

Reference Books:

- 1. J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, John Wiley & sons.
- 2. Y. Daniel Liang, Introduction to Java programming, Pearson Education 6th Edition
- 3. R.A. Johnson- Thomson, An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development.
- 4. P. Radha Krishna, Object Oriented Programming through Java, University Press.

Online Learning Resources:

www.javatpoint.com

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

F						B								
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											1	1
CO2		3	3	2	3						3	3	1	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	3								1	1
CO4	3	3		2	3		2						1	1
CO5		3	3		3						3	3	1	1

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	Verb and BTL(for	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)	PO1 to PO12)	(0-3)
1	16	19%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	10	1970	2	COI : Under stand	LZ	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
2	18	21%	3	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
<u> </u>	10	21 70	3	CO2 :Apply	LS	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
3	19	22%	3	CO3 :Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
						PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
4	18	21%	3	CO4 :Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO7	PO7: Thumb Rule	2
						PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
	,					PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
5	15	17%	2	CO5 :Apply	L3	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3
	85	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the OOP concepts to apply basic java programming.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the inheritance, packages, and interfaces to organize various java resources Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

Create some Java programs to solve real world problems. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Learn java programs to solve. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the exception handling to develop efficient and error free codes

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3: CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Apply the concepts of multithreading and collection frameworks to solve real world scenarios.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

To solve some problems we use multithreading and collection frame works. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Apply the concepts of applets and swings for making web and GUI based applications.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

Java is used to design simple and enterprise applications so need for project management. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

It is a programming language so new version available so we need to learn. Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 11 Semeste			Semester: 1 Branch o	t stu	ay: A	ATDS	
	Course Code	Year & Sem	Computer Organization		T	P	С
	20APC3006	II-I	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the operational concepts and instruction set related to modern processors.

CO2: Evaluate the Arithmetic operations for understanding execution process.

CO3: Understand the hardware requirements of primary and secondary memories to store the data.

CO4: Analyze the Input/Output interfaces to connect multiple devices.

CO5: Apply the pipeline concepts to execute parallel tasks.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the Operational concepts and instruction set related		to modern processors.	L2
CO2	Evaluate	the Arithmetic operations		for understanding execution process.	L5
CO3	Understand	The hardware requirements of primary and secondary memories		to store the data.	L2
CO4	Analyze	the Input/Output interfaces		to connect multiple devices.	L4
CO5	Apply	the pipeline concepts		to execute parallel tasks.	L3

UNIT – I	Basic Structure of Computer, Machine Instructions and	9 Hrs
	Programs	

Basic Structure of Computer: Computer Types, Functional Units, Basic operational Concepts, Bus Structure, Software, Performance, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer.

Machine Instructions and Programs: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Programs, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Basic Input/output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions.

Arithmetic, Basic Processing Unit UNIT - II

9Hrs

Arithmetic: Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed-operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division, Floating-Point Numbers and Operations.

Basic Processing Unit: Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple-Bus Organization, Hardwired Control, and Multi programmed Control.

The Memory System

The Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read-Only Memories, Speed, Size and Cost, Cache Memories, Performance Considerations, Virtual Memories, Memory Management Requirements, Secondary Storage.

UNIT - IV Input/Output Organization

Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts, Processor Examples, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces.

Pipelining, Large Computer Systems UNIT – V

9 Hrs

Pipelining: Basic Concepts, Data Hazards, Instruction Hazards, Influence on Instruction Sets. Large Computer Systems: Forms of Parallel Processing, Array Processors, The Structure of General-Purpose multiprocessors, Interconnection Networks.

Textbooks:

1. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky, "Computer Organization", 5th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.

Reference Books:

- 1. M.Morris Mano, "Computer System Architecture", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Themes and Variations, Alan Clements, "Computer Organization and Architecture", CENGAGE Learning.
- 3. SmrutiRanjanSarangi, "Computer Organization and Architecture", McGraw Hill Education.

John P.Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw Hill Education

Online Learning Resources:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2		
CO2	3	3	3			2						2	2	
CO3	2	3						2	2					
CO4	3	3	3	3	3			2				2		1
CO5	3	3						2	2				2	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)					(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	09	20%	2	CO1:Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
2	09	20%	2	CO2: Evaluate	L5	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	2 2
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
3	09	20%	2	CO3: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	0)	2070		COS. Chuci stanu	LL	PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	09	20%	2	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
5	09	20%	2	CO5 : Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
3		2070	2	соз. Арріу		PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2 2
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	2
	45	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the operational concepts and instruction set related to modern processors.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the deficiencies and demonstrate the need of updating the computer components to meet desired requirements. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Evaluate the Arithmetic operations for understanding execution process

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than level PO1 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

For some of computer applications, Various arithmetic operations are evaluated for understanding execution process of computer systems. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the deficiencies and demonstrate the need of updating the computer instruction set to meet desired requirements. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO3: Understand the hardware requirements of primary and secondary memories to store the data.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to while creating the primary and secondary memories. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to understand and demonstrate the secondary memories in computer system. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Analyze the Input/Output interfaces to connect multiple devices. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is High(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in creating quality input and output interfaces. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the deficiencies and demonstrate the need of updating the input and output interfaces to meet desired requirements. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Apply the pipeline concepts to execute parallel tasks.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed in solving problems caused in pipeline hazards. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to provide the solutions caused due to pipeline hazards. Hence the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Database Management System Lab	L	T	P	C	
20APC3003	II-I	Database management System Dab	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Apply** the DDL, DML Commands for manipulating the data.
- CO 2: Evaluate the simple mathematical operations using PL/SQL.
- CO 3: Apply the Triggers to automate the actions on database
- CO 4: Apply the cursors to access system memory in PL/SQL Programs
- **CO 5: Apply** the Entity-Relationship for real time applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	the DDL, DML Commands		for manipulating the data.	L3
CO2	Evaluate	the simple mathematical operations	using PL/SQL		L5
соз	Apply	the Triggers		to automate the actions on database	L3
CO4	Apply	the cursors		to access system memory in PL/SQL Programs.	L3
CO5	Apply	the Entity-Relationship		for real time applications	L3

List of Experiments:

Week-1: CREATION OF TABLES

1. Create a table called Employee with the following structure.

Name	Туре
Empno	Number
Ename	Varchar2(20)
Job	Varchar2(20)
Mgr	Number
Sal	Number

- Add a column commission with domain to the Employee table.
- Insert any five records into the table.
- Update the column details of job
- Rename the column of Employ table using alter command.
- Delete the employee whose empno is 19. **(CO1)**
- 2. Create department table with the following structure.

Name	Туре
Deptno	Number
Deptname	Varchar2(20)
location	Varchar2(20)

- a. Add column designation to the department table.
- b. Insert values into the table.
- c. List the records of emp table grouped by deptno.
- d. Update the record where deptno is 9.
- e. Delete any column data from the table (CO1)
- 3. Create a table called Customer table

Name	Type

Cust name	Varchar2(20)
Cust street	Varchar2(20)
Cust city	Varchar2(20)

- a. Insert records into the table.
- b. Add salary column to the table.
- c. Alter the table column domain.
- d. Drop salary column of the customer table.
- e. Delete the rows of customer table whose ust_city is 'hyd'. (CO1)

4. Create a table called branch table. (CO1)

Name	Туре
Branch name	Varchar2(20)
Branch city	Varchar2(20)
asserts	Number

- 5. Increase the size of data type for asserts to the branch.
 - a. Add and drop a column to the branch table.
 - b.Insert values to the table.
 - c. Update the branch name column
 - d. Delete any two columns from the table (CO1)
- 6. Create a table called sailor table

Name	Type
Sid	Number
Sname	Varchar2(20)
rating	Varchar2(20)

- a. Add column age to the sailor table.
- b. Insert values into the sailor table.
- c. Delete the row with rating>8.
- d. Update the column details of sailor.
- e. Insert null values into the table. (CO1)
- 7. Create a table called reserves table

Name	Type
Boat id	Integer
sid	Integer
day	Integer

- a. Insert values into the reserves table.
- b. Add column time to the reserves table.
- c. Alter the column day data type to date.
- d. Drop the column time in the table.
- e. Delete the row of the table with some condition. (CO1)

Week-2: QUERIES USING DDL AND DML

- 1. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
 - b. Insert the any three records in the employee table and use rollback. Check the result.
 - c. Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table.
 - d. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result. (CO1)
- 2. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
 - b. Insert the any three records in the employee table and use rollback. Check the result.
 - c. Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table.
 - d. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result. (CO1)
- 3. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
 - b. Insert values in the department table and use commit.
 - c. Add constraints like unique and not null to the department table.
 - d. Insert repeated values and null values into the table. (CO1)
- 4. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
- b. Insert values into the table and use commit.

- c. Delete any three records in the department table and use rollback.
- d. Add constraint primary key and foreign key to the table.
- 5. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. **(CO1)**
 - b. Insert records in the sailor table and use commit.
 - c. Add save point after insertion of records and verify save point.
 - d. Add constraints not null and primary key to the sailor table.
 - e. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
 - f. Use revoke command to remove user permissions.
 - g. Change password of the user created.
 - h. Add constraint foreign key and not null. (CO1)
- 6. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.
 - b. Update the table reserves and use savepoint and rollback.
 - c. Add constraint primary key, foreign key and not null to the reserves table
 - **d.** Delete constraint not null to the table column (CO1)

Week-3:QUERIES USING AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

- 1. a. By using the group by clause, display the enames who belongs to deptno 10 along with average salary.
 - b. Display lowest paid employee details under each department.
 - c. Display number of employees working in each department and their department number.
 - d. Using built-in functions, display number of employees working in each department and their department name from dept table. Insert deptname to dept table and insert deptname foreach row, do the required thing specified above.
 - e. List all employees which start with either B or C.
 - f. Display only these ename of employees where the maximum salary is greater than or equal to 5000. **(CO1)**
- 2. a. Calculate the average salary for each different job.
 - b. Show the average salary of each job excluding manager.
 - c. Show the average salary for all departments employing more than three people.
 - d. Display employees who earn more than the lowest salary in department 30
 - e. Show that value returned by sign (n)function.
 - f. How many days between day of birth to current date (CO1)
- 3. a. Show that two substring as single string.
 - b. List all employee names, salary and 15% rise in salary.
 - c. Display lowest paid emp details under each manager
 - d. Display the average monthly salary bill for each deptno.
 - e. Show the average salary for all departments employing more than two people.
 - f. By using the group by clause, display the eid who belongs to deptho 05 along with average salary. **(CO1)**
- 4. a. Count the number of employees in department20 (CO1)

b. Find the minimum salary earned by clerk.

- a. Find minimum, maximum, average salary of all employees.
- b. List the minimum and maximum salaries for each job type.
- c. List the employee names in descending order.
- d. List the employee id, names in ascending order by empid. (CO1)
- 5. a.Find the sids ,names of sailors who have reserved all boats called "INTERLAKE
 - b. Find the age of youngest sailor who is eligible to vote for each rating level with at least two such sailors.
 - c. Find the sname, bid and reservation date for each reservation.
 - d. Find the ages of sailors whose name begin and end with B and has at least 3characters.
 - e. List in alphabetic order all sailors who have reserved redboat.
 - f. Find the age of youngest sailor for each rating level. (CO1)
- 6. a. List the Vendors who have delivered products within 6 months from order date.
 - b. Display the Vendor details who have supplied both Assembled and Subparts.
 - c. Display the Sub parts by grouping the Vendor type (Local or Nonlocal).
 - d. Display the Vendor details in ascending order.
 - e. Display the Sub part which costs more than any of the Assembled parts.
 - f. Display the second maximum cost Assembled part(CO1)

Week-4: PROGRAMS ON PL/SQL

- 1. a. Write a PL/SQL program to swap two numbers. (CO2)
 - b. Write a PL/SQL program to find the largest of three numbers.
- 2. a. Write a PL/SQL program to find the total and average of 6 subjects and display the grade.
 - b. Write a PL/SQL program to find the sum of digits in a given number. (CO2)
- 3. a. Write a PL/SQL program to display the number in reverse order.
 - b. Write a PL/SQL program to check whether the given number is prime or not. (CO2)
- 4. a. Write a PL/SQL program to find the factorial of a given number.
 - b. Write a PL/SQL code block to calculate the area of a circle for a value of radius varying from 3 to 7.

- Store the radius and the corresponding values of calculated area in an empty table named areas, consisting of two columns radius and area. (CO2)
- 5. a. Write a PL/SQL program to accept a string and remove the vowels from the string. (When 'hello' passed to the program it should display 'Hll' removing e and o from the world Hello).
 - b. Write a PL/SQL program to accept a number and a divisor. Make sure the divisor is less than or equal to 10. Else display an error message. Otherwise Display the remainder in words. **(CO2)**

Week-5: PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS

- 1. Write a function to accept employee number as parameter and return Basic +HRA together assingle column. (CO2)
- 2. Accept year as parameter and write a Function to return the total net salary spent for a given year. (CO2)
- 3. Create a function to find the factorial of a given number and hence find NCR. (CO2)
- 4. Write a PL/SQL block o pint prime Fibonacci series using local functions. (CO2)
- 5. Create a procedure to find the lucky number of a given birth date. (CO2)
- 6. Create function to the reverse of given number(**CO2**)

Week-6: TRIGGERS

1. Create a row level trigger for the customers table that would fire for INSERT or UPDATE or DELETE operations performed on the CUSTOMERS table. This trigger will display the salary difference between the old values and new values (CO3)

CUSTOMERS table:

ID	NAME	AGE	ADDRESS	SALARY
1	Alive	24	Khammam	2000
2	Bob	27	Kadappa	3000
3	Catri	25	Guntur	4000
4	Dena	28	Hyderabad	5000
5	Eeshwar	27	Kurnool	6000
6	Farooq	28	Nellore	7000

- Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger practice triggers using the passenger database. Passenger(Passport_ id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, Name VARCHAR (50) Not NULL, Age Integer Not NULL, Sex Char, Address VARCHAR (50) Not NULL);
 - a. Write a Insert Trigger to check the Passport_id is exactly six digits or not.
 - b. Write a trigger on passenger to display messages '1 Record is inserted', '1 record is deleted', '1 record is updated' when insertion, deletion and updation are done on passenger respectively. **(CO3)**
- 3. Insert row in employee table using Triggers. Every trigger is created with name any trigger have same name must be replaced by new name. These triggers can raised before insert, update or delete rows on data base. The main difference between a trigger and a stored procedure is that the former is attached to a table and is only fired when an INSERT, UPDATE or DELETE occurs. (CO3)
- 4. Convert employee name into uppercase whenever an employee record is inserted or updated. Trigger to fire before the insert or update. **(CO3)**
- 5. Trigger before deleting a record from emp table. Trigger will insert the row to be deleted into table called delete _emp and also record user who has deleted the record and date and time of delete. **(CO3)**
- 6. Create a transparent audit system for a table CUST_MSTR. The system must keep track of the records that are being deleted or updated(CO3)

Week-7:PROCEDURES

- 1. Create the procedure for palindrome of given number. (CO3)
- 2. Create the procedure for GCD: Program should load two registers with two Numbers and then apply the logic for GCD of two numbers. GCD of two numbers is performed by dividing the greater number by the smaller number till the remainder is zero. If it is zero, the divisor is the GCD if not the remainder and the divisors of the previous division are the new set of two numbers. The process is repeated by dividing greater of the two numbers by the smaller number till the remainder is zero and GCD is found.
- 3. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure for factorial of given number. (CO3)
- 4. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to find sum of N natural number. (CO3)
- 5. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to find Fibonacci series. (CO3)
- 6. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to check the given number is perfect or not(CO3)

Week-8: CURSORS

- 1. Write a PL/SQL block that will display the name, dept no, salary of fist highest paid employees. Update the balance stock in the item master table each time a transaction takes place in the item transaction table. The change in item master table depends on the item id is already present in the item master then update operation is performed to decrease the balance stock bythe quantity specified in the item transaction in case the item id is not present in the item master table then the record is inserted in the item master table. (CO4)
 - 2. Write a PL/SQL block that will display the employee details along with salary using cursors. (CO4)
 - 3. To write a Cursor to display the list of employees who are working as a Managers or Analyst. (CO4)
 - **4.** To write a Cursor to find employee with given job and deptno. **(CO4)**
 - 5. Write a PL/SQL block using implicit cursor that will display message, the salaries of all the employees in the 'employee' table are updated. If none of the employee's salary is updated we get a message 'None of the salaries were updated'. Else we get a message like for example, 'Salaries for 1000 employees are updated' if there are 1000 rows in 'employee' table(CO4)

Week-9: CASE STUDY: BOOK PUBLISHING COMPANY

A publishing company produces scientific books on various subjects. The books are written by authors who specialize in one particular subject. The company employs editors who, not necessarily being specialists in a particular area, each take sole responsibility for editing one or more publications.

A publication covers essentially one of the specialist subjects and is normally written by a single author. When writing a particular book, each author works with on editor, but may submit another work for publication to be supervised by other editors. To improve their competitiveness, the company tries to employ a variety of authors, more than one author being a specialist in a particular subject for the above case study, do the following:

- 1. Analyze the data required.
- 2. Normalize the attributes.

Create the logical data model using E-R diagrams(CO5)

Week-10: CASE STUDY GENERAL HOSPITAL

A General Hospital consists of a number of specialized wards (such as Maternity, Pediatric, Oncology, etc.). Each ward hosts a number of patients, who were admitted on the recommendation of their own GP and confirmed by a consultant employed by the Hospital. On admission, the personaldetails of every patient are recorded. A separate register is to be held to store the information of the tests undertaken and the results of a prescribed treatment. A number of tests may be conducted for each patient. Each patient is assigned to one leading consultant but may be examined by another doctor, if required. Doctors are specialists in some branch of medicine and may be leading consultants for a number of patients, not necessarily from the same ward. For the above case study, do the following.

- 1. Analyze the data required.
- 2. Normalize the attributes.

Create the logical data model using E-R diagrams(CO5)

Week-11: CASE STUDY: CAR RENTAL COMPANY

A database is to be designed for a car rental company. The information required includes a description of cars, subcontractors (i.e. garages), company expenditures, company revenues and customers. Cars are to be described by such data as: make, model, year of production, engine size, fuel type, number of passengers, registration number, purchase price, purchase date, rent price andinsurance details. It is the company policy not to keep any car for a period exceeding one year. Allmajor repairs and maintenance are done by subcontractors (i.e. franchised garages), with whom CRC has long-term agreements. Therefore the data about garages to be kept in the database includes garage names, addresses, range of services and the like. Some garages require payments immediately after a repair has been made; with others CRC has made arrangements for credit facilities. Company expenditures are to be registered for all outgoings connected with purchases, repairs, maintenance, insurance etc. Similarly the cash inflow coming from all sources: Car hire, car sales, insurance claims must be kept of file. CRC maintains a reasonably stable client base. For this privileged category of customers special credit card facilities are provided. These customers may also book in advance a particular car. These reservations can be made for any period of time up to one month. Casual customers must pay a deposit for an estimated time of rental, unless they wish to pay by credit card. All major credit cards are accepted. Personal details such as name, address, telephone number, driving license, number about each customer are kept in the database. For the above case study, do the following:

- 1. Analyze the data required.
- 2. Normalize the attributes.

Create the logical data model using E-R diagrams(CO5)

Week-12: CASE STUDY: STUDENT PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM

A database is to be designed for a college to monitor students' progress throughout their course of study. The students are reading for a degree (such as BA, BA (Hons.) M.Sc., etc) within the framework of the modular system. The college provides a number of modules, each being characterized by its code, title, credit value, module leader, teaching staff and the department theycome from. A module is coordinated by a module leader who shares teaching duties with one or more lecturers. A lecturer may teach (and be a module leader for) more than one module. Students are free to choose any module they wish but the following rules must be observed: Some modules require pre- requisites modules and some degree programs have compulsory modules. The database is also to contain some information about students including their numbers, names, addresses, degrees they read for, and their past performance i.e. modules taken and examination results.

For the above case study, do the following: (CO5)

- 1. Analyze the data required.
- 2. Normalize the attributes.
- 3. Create the logical data model i.e., ER diagrams.
- 4. Comprehend the data given in the case study by creating respective tables with primarykeys and foreign keys wherever required.
- 5. Insert values into the tables created (Be vigilant about Master- Slave tables).
- 6. Display the Students who have taken M.Sc course
- 7. Display the Module code and Number of Modules taught by each Lecturer.
- 8. Retrieve the Lecturer names who are not Module Leaders.
- 9. Display the Department name which offers 'English 'module.
- 10. Retrieve the Prerequisite Courses offered by every Department (with Department names).

- 11. Present the Lecturer ID and Name who teaches 'Mathematics'.
- 12. Discover the number of years a Module is aught.
- 13. List out all the Faculties who work for 'Statistics' Department.
- 14. List out the number of Modules taught by each Module Leader.
- 15. List out the number of Modules taught by a particular Lecturer.
- 16. Create a view which contains the fields of both Department and Module tables.(Hint-The fields like Module code, title, credit, Department code and its name).

Update the credits of all the prerequisite courses to 5. Delete the Module 'History' from the Module table.

References:

- 1. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant, B. Navathe, "Database Systems", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2013.
- 2. Peter Rob, Carles Coronel, "Database System Concepts", Cengage Learning, 7th Edition, 2008.

Online Learning Resources/Virtual Labs:

http://www.scoopworld.in http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/labs/dblab/index.php

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

mappi	viapping of course outcomes with program outcomes													
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	3		3								1	
CO2	1	3			3								1	
CO3	3	2		3	3								2	2
CO4	3	2		3	3									
CO5			3		3	2						2		

Correlation matrix

			1_		
Unit		BTL	Program	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb		Outcome (PO)	(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	2
-	CO1. Apply	103	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO1	PO1:Apply(L3)	1
2	CO2: Evalute	L5	PO2	PO3:Formulate(L6)	3
			PO5	PO5:Create(L6)	3
			PO1	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
3	000-41	L3	PO2	PO2:Review(L2)	2
3	CO3: Apply	LS	PO4	PO4:Design(L6)	3
			PO5	PO5:Create(L6)	3
			PO1	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
4	004, 41-		PO2	PO2:Review(L2)	2
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4:Design(L6)	3
			PO5	PO5:Create(L6)	3
			PO3	PO3:Design(L6)	3
	005. 4	10	PO5	PO5:Create(L6)	3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	P06	PO6:Thumb rule	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the DDL, DML Commands for manipulating the data

Action Verb: Apply(L3)
PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Evaluate the simple mathematical operations using PL/SQL.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO2 Verb: Formulate(L6)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply the Triggers to automate the actions on database

Action Verb: Apply(L3)
PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO3 Action verb is is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium(2)

PO4 Verb: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Apply the cursors to access system memory in PL/SQL Programs.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium(2)

PO4 Verb: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the Entity-Relationship for real time applications

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO6 Verb:Thumb rule

By designing a solution for a problem it is easy to provide solution for any problem. So the correlation is medium(2)

PO12: Verb:Thumb rule

Modeling is a continuous learning activity for the user, the correlation is medium(2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI

(AUTONOMOUS) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA	L	T	P	С	
20APC3005	II-I	LAB	0	0	4	2	

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the java compiler and learn how to use eclipse or net beans IDE.

CO2: Apply the class concepts for developing simple java applications.

CO3: Apply the oops concepts for implementing java programs.

CO4: Analyze the concepts of multithreading and collection frameworks for writing simple programs.

CO5: Create the applets and GUI based applications using swings.

со	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the java compiler and learn how to use eclipse or net beans IDE.			L2
CO2	Apply	the class concepts		for developing simple java applications.	L3
CO3	Apply	the oops concepts		for implementin g java programs.	L3
CO4	Analyze	the concepts of multithreading and collection frameworks		for writing simple programs.	L4
CO5	Create	the applets and GUI based applications	using swings.		L6

List of Experiments

Week-1: (Unit-1)

Installation of Java software, study of any integrated development environment, Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class and run it.

Practice Java Basic Programs on Classes and Objects.(CO1)

Week-2: (Unit-1)

Develop a Java application to generate Electricity bill. Create a class with the following members: Consumer no., consumer name, previous month reading, current month reading, type of EB connection (i.e domestic or commercial). Commute the bill amount using the following tariff. If the type of the EB connection is domestic, calculate the amount to be paid as follows:

First 100 units - Rs. 1 per unit; 101-200 units - Rs. 2.50 per unit; 201 -500 units - Rs. 4 per unit;

501 units - Rs. 6 per unit. If the type of the EB connection is commercial, calculate the amount to be paid as follows: First 100 units - Rs. 2 per unit; 101-200 units - Rs. 4.50 per unit; 201 -500 units - Rs. 6 per unit; > 501 units - Rs. 7 per unit.

Write a java program to illustrate the concept of class with method overloading. C) Write a java program to illustrate the concept of class with Constructors overloading. (CO2)

Week-3:(Unit-2)

a) Write a program to create a class named shape. It should contain 2 methods, draw() and erase() that prints "Drawing Shape" and "Erasing Shape" respectively. For this class, create three sub

classes, Circle, Triangle and Square and each class should override the parent class functions - draw () and erase (). The draw() method should print "Drawing Circle", "Drawing Triangle" and "Drawing Square" respectively. The erase() method should print "Erasing Circle", "Erasing Triangle" and "Erasing Square" respectively. Create objects of Circle, Triangle and Square in the following way and observe the polymorphic nature of the class by calling draw() and erase() method using each object. Shape c=new Circle(); Shape t=new Triangle(); Shape s=new Square();

b) Write a Java Program to demonstrate inheritance &usage of super(CO2)

Week-4:(Unit-2)

Write a Java Program to implement multilevel inheritance. (CO3)
Write a Java program to implement the method overriding(CO3)
Write a Java program to implement dynamic method dispatch. (CO3)

Week-5:(Unit-2)

Write a Java program to implement abstract class. (CO3)
Write a Java Program to implement Packages. (CO3)
Write a Java Program to implement Access Protection in Packages. (CO3)
Week-6:(Unit-2)

Write a Java program to demonstrate interfaces. (CO3)
Write a Java program to implement the multiple inheritance using interfaces. (CO3)
Week-7:(Unit-3)

Write a Java program to implement the exception handling mechanism. **(CO3)** Write a Java program to implement the nested try statement. **(CO3)** Write a Java program to implement your own exception class. **(CO3)**

Week-8:(Unit-3)

Write a Java Program to demonstrate the following String Handlings. **(CO3)** String Length& Concatenation.

Character Extraction.

String Comparison.

Searching and modifying String.

Write a Java Program to demonstrate String Buffer Class.

Week-9:(Unit-4)

Write a Java program for multi-thread implementation. (CO4)

Write a Java program to implement producer consumer problem using inter-thread communication mechanism. **(CO4)**

Week-10:(Unit-4)

Practice any two Programs on Collections. **(CO4)**Practice any two Programs on String Tokenizer & Scanner. **(CO4) Week-11:(Unit-5)**

Write a Java Program to develop an applet that displays a simple message. **(CO5)**Develop an applet that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named —Computel is clicked. **(CO5)**Write a java program to handle keyboard events. **(CO5)**

Write a java program to handle Mouse events(CO5)

Week-12:(Unit-5)

Write a Java Program to demonstrate AWT Label & Button. (CO5)

Write a Java Program to demonstrate JLabel, JTextField & JButton. (CO5)

Write a program to design a calculator using event driven programming paradigm of java(CO5)

Reference Books:

- 1. Herbert Schildt.Java. The complete reference, TMH. 9thEdition.
- 2. H.M.Dietel and P.J.Dietel, Java How to Program 6thEdition, PearsonEducation/PHI
- 3. Y.Daniel Liang, Introduction to Java programming, Pearson Education, 6th Edition.
- 4. Cay Horstmann, Big Java, 2ndedition, Wiley Student Edition, Wiley India Private Limited.

Online Learning Resources/Virtual Labs:

http://www.javatpoint.com

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1		3			2								3	
CO2		3	3	2	3								2	
CO3			3	2	3								2	2
CO4		3	3	3	3								2	2
CO5			3		3								2	

Correlation matrix

Unit			Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation
			(PO)		(0-3)
1	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
1	CO1:Understand	LZ	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
2	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	CO2 :Apply	LO	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
7	CO4: Allalyze	1.4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
5	CO5 :Create	L6	PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	3
<u> </u>	5 CO5 :Create	LO	PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the java compiler and learn how to use eclipse or net beans IDE.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is High(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply the class concepts for developing simple java applications.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is High(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply the oops concepts for implementing java programs.

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Analyze the concepts of multithreading and collection frameworks for writing simple programs. **Action Verb :Analyze (L4)**

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Create the applets and GUI based applications using swings.

Action Verb : Create (L6)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year: II Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS
Course Code Year & Sem

Course Code	Year & Sem	Computer Organization Lab	L	T	P	C
20APC3007	II-I	Computer Organization Lab	0	0	2	1

Course Outcomes (CO):

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Analyze** the numbers systems to perform arithmetic operations.
- **CO 2: Design** the half adder and full adder using combinational circuit.
- **CO 3: Apply** the sequential circuits to develop 4-bit shift register and decade counter.
- **CO 4: Apply** the concepts of Boolean algebra to minimize Boolean expression.
- **CO 5: Apply** the booth algorithm to perform operation on binary numbers.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	The numbers systems		to perform arithmetic operations	L4
CO2	Design	The half and full adder	Using combinational circuit	To design the logic gates	L6
соз	Apply	The sequential circuits		to develop 4-bit shift register	L3
CO4	Apply	the concepts of Boolean algebra		to minimize Boolean expression	L3
CO5	Apply	The booth algorithm		to perform operation on binary numbers	L3

List of Experiments:

Exercises in Digital Electronics:

- Implement Logic gates using NAND and NOR gates (CO1)
- Design a Full adder using gates(CO2)
- Design and implement the 4:1 MUX, 8:1 MUX using gates /ICs. (CO2)
- Design and Implement a 3 to 8 decoder using gates(CO2)
- Design a 4 bit comparator using gates/IC(CO3)
- Design and Implement a 4 bit shift register using Flip flops(CO3)
- Design and Implement a Decade counter(CO3)

Microprocessors (8086 Assembly Language Programming)

- 8 Bit Addition and Subtraction. (CO4)
- 16 Bit Addition. **(CO4)**
- BCD Addition. (CO4)
- BCD Subtraction. (CO4)
- 8 Bit Multiplication. (CO4)
- 8 Bit Division. (CO4)
- Searching for an Element in an Array. **(CO4)**
- Sorting in Ascending and Descending Orders. (CO4)
- Finding Largest and Smallest Elements from an Array. (CO4)

Exercises in Computer Organization

- Implement a C program to perform Binary Addition & Subtraction. (CO4)
- Implement a C program to perform Multiplication of two binary numbers(CO4)
- Implement a C program to perform Multiplication of two binary numbers (signed) using Booth's Algorithms. (CO5)
- Implement a C program to perform division of two binary numbers (Unsigned) using restoring

division algorithm. (CO5)

• Implement a C program to perform division of two binary numbers (Unsigned) using non-restoring division algorithm. (CO5)

References:

- Switching theory and logic design -A. Anand Kumar PHI, 2013
- Advanced microprocessor & Peripherals-A. K. Ray and K. M. Bherchandavi, TMH, 2nd edition.
- Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi, Niraj K.Jha Cambridge, 3rd edition
- Digital Design -Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd edition
- Microprocessor and Interfacing -Douglas V. Hall, TMGH 2nd edition.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3		PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3									1	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	3								1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3								2	1

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
1	CO1: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
_	CO1. Alialyze	174	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Formulate (L6)	3
•	COO. Daring	7.0	PO3	PO3: Design(L6)	3
2	CO2: Design	L6	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Create (L6)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
	004		PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Interpret (L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Analyze the numbers systems to perform arithmetic operations.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Design the half adder and full adder using combinational circuit.

Action Verb: CO2: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 3: Apply the sequential circuits to develop 4-bit shift register and decade counter.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

The combinational circuit is the trending approach in the current days Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 4: Apply the concepts of Boolean algebra to minimize Boolean expression.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

The sequential circuit is the trending approach in the current days Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Apply the booth algorithm to perform operation on binary numbers.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II		Semester: I Branch o	<u>f stu</u>	dy: /	AIDS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Client-Side Scripting	L	T	P	С
20ASC3001	II-I	Cheme-side scripting	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** The basic concepts of JavaScript programming for writing simple script in any web browser.
- **CO 2: Apply** the different methods of JavaScript for solving complex problems.
- **CO 3: Analyze** the web pages for real time applications by various events and forms in JavaScript.
- CO 4: Apply the several objects for client-side model in JavaScript.
- **CO 5: Evaluate** the functionalities of cookies and browser data in JavaScript.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The basic concepts of JS		for writing simple script in any web browser	L2
CO2	Apply	The different methods in JS		for solving complex problems	L3
соз	Analyze	The web pages		for real time applications by various events and forms in JavaScript	L4
CO4	Apply	The several objects		for client-side model in JavaScript	L3
CO5	Evaluate	the functionalities of cookies and browser data in JavaScript			L5

UNIT - I Basics of JavaScript Programming

3+6 Hrs

Features of JavaScript, Object Name, Property, Method, Dot Syntax, Main Event, Values and Variables, Operators and Expressions – Primary Expressions, Object and Array Initializers, Function Definition Expression, Property Access Expressions, Invocation Expressions, If Statement, if...else, if..elseif, Nested if Statement, Switch... Case Statement, Loop Statement – for Loop, for...in Loop, while Loop, do...while Loop, continue Statement, Querying and Setting Properties and Deleting Properties, Property Getters and Setters.

- WAP to print hello world
- WAP to use comments in JavaScript.
- WAP to add a noscript block.
- Write a Script in <head>...</head> section.
- Write a Script in <body>...</body> section.
- Write a Script in <body>...</body> and <head>...</head> sections.
- Write a Script using arithmetic, Comparison, Logical, Bitwise, and Assignment operators
- Write code to understand how the Conditional Operator and typeof operator works in JavaScript.
- Write code to understand the working of if statement, if...else statement, and if...else if... statement.
- Implement switch-case statement.
- Implement while loop, do-while and for loop in JavaScript.
- WAP to print the web browser's Navigator object using for loop.
- WAP To implement break, continue and label in JavaScript.
- Write code to call the function that displays the text message on clicking a button.

UNIT - II Array, Function and String

3+6 Hrs

Array – Declaring an Array, Initializing an Array, Defining an Array Elements, Looping an Array, Adding an Array Element, Sorting an Array Element, Combining an Array Elements into a String, Changing Elements of an Array, Objects as Associative Arrays, Function – Defining a Function, Writing a Function, Adding an Arguments, Scope of Variable and Arguments, Calling a Function – Calling a Function With or Without an Argument, Calling Function from HTML, Function Calling another Function, Returning the Value from a Function, String – Manipulate a String, Joining a String, Retrieving a Character from given Position, Retrieving a Position of Character in a String, Dividing Text, Copying a Sub-string, Converting String to Number and Numbers to String, Changing the Case of String, Finding a Unicode of a Character – charCodeAt(), fromCharCode().

- Write code to call the function that displays the text message on clicking a button.
- WAP to call a function that takes two parameters, name and age. Print the same.
- Define a function that takes two parameters and concatenates them before returning the resultant in the calling program.

JNIT - III Form and Event Handling

3+6 Hrs

Building Blocks of a Form, Properties and Methods of Form, Button, Text, Text Area, Checkbox, Radio Button, Select Element, Form Events – Mouse Event, Key Events, Form Objects and Elements, Changing Attribute Value Dynamically, Changing Option List Dynamically, Evaluating Checkbox Selection, Changing a Label Dynamically, Manipulating Form Elements, Intrinsic JavaScript Functions, Disabling Elements, Read Only Elements.

- Write code to implement the following events onclick, onsubmit, onmouseover and onmouseout.
- Design a Registration form (include email id and password) and perform validation to all its fields.

UNIT - IV Objects 3+6 Hrs

Window Object, Math, Number, and Date Objects, Handling Strings Using Regular Expressions. Implement Number, Date, Math, Boolean, Strings, Arrays, RegEx, and HTML DOM objects with all its properties and methods.

UNIT - V Cookies and Browser Data

3+6 Hrs

Cookies – Basic of Cookies, Reading a Cookie Value, Writing a Cookie Value, Creating a Cookies, Deleting a Cookies, Setting the Expiration Date of Cookie, Browser – Opening a Window, Giving the New Window Focus, Window Position, Changing the Content of Window, Closing a Window, Scrolling a Web Page, Multiple Windows at Once, Creating a Web Page in New Window, JavaScript in URLs, JavaScript Security, Timers, Browser Location and History.

- Set a customer name in an input cookie.
- WAP to get all the cookies.
- Extend the expiry date of a cookie by 1 Month.
- Delete a cookie by setting its expiry date to one month behind the current date.
- Do a page redirect using JavaScript at client side.
- Show an appropriate message to your site visitors before redirecting them to a new page. WAP with a time delay to load a new page.
- Redirect your site visitors onto a different page based on their browsers.
- Use an alert box to give a warning message.
- Implement a confirmation dialog box to take user's consent on any option.
- Use a prompt dialog box.
- Use of void is to purposely generate the undefined value.
- Demonstrates how to create an Object.
- Create an object with a User-Defined Function.
- Write code to add a function along with an object.
- Demonstrate with keyword in JavaScript.

Textbooks:

- 1. Javascript Beginners Guide, John Pollock, TMH, 4th Edition
- 2. JavaScript. Demystified, JIM KEOGH, McGraw-Hill.

Reference Books:

- 1. JavaScript™ For Dummies,® 4th Edition, by Emily Vander Veer, Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc © 2005.
- 2. JavaScript for impatient programmers (beta), by Dr. Axel Rauschmayer © 2019.
- 3. Javascript: Beginners Guide on Javascript Programming, by Nick Goddard © 2016.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3			2							2	3	
CO2	3	3		2	3								2	
соз	3	3	3	3	3					3			2	
CO4	3	3	3	2	3							2	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	2							3	2	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	2 3 2 2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3)	3 3 2 3
3	CO3:Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO10	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO10: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 3 2
5	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create(L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand The basic concepts of JavaScript programming for writing simple script in any web browser.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one, Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one, Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

To update the new feature in an application, need to upgrade for long period. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO 2: Apply the different methods of JavaScript for solving complex problems.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

CO 3: Analyze the web pages for real time applications by various events and forms in JavaScript.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO10: Thumb rule

The web site should understand by user, so need to provide proper documents. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Apply the several objects for client-side model in JavaScript.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L2)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

The design application needs to upgrade for future specific requirement. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO 5: Evaluate the functionalities of cookies and browser data in JavaScript.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

The team should be analyze the different kind of cookies. Improve the knowledge towards cookies Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 11		Semester: 1	Branch of stu	ay: A	ATDS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	L	T	P	С
20AMC9902	II-I	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	2	0	0	0

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.

CO2: Remember the basic features of Indian Constitution

CO3: Understand the fundamental rights and duties for becoming a good citizen of India.

CO4: Understand the Powers and functions of Governor, President, and Judiciary.

CO5: Understand the functions of local administration bodies.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance	for building a democratic India.		L2
CO2	Remember	the basic features of Indian Constitution			L1
CO3	Understand	the fundamental rights and duties	for becoming a good citizen of India.		L2
CO4	Understand	the Powers and functions	of Governor, President, and Judiciary.		L2
CO5	Understand	the functions of local			L2

UNIT – I
History of Making of the
UNIT – II
Philosophy of the Indian
UNIT – III
Contours of Constitution
UNIT – II Philosophy of the Indian UNIT – III

Right against Exploitation - Right to Freedom of Religion - Cultural and Educational Rights - Right to Constitutional Remedies - Directive Principles of State Policy - Fundamental Duties.

UNIT - IV

Organs of Governance - Parliament - Composition - Qualifications and Disqualifications - Powers and Functions - Executive, President, Governor - Council of Ministers -Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications - Powers and Functions.

UNIT - V

Local Administration - District's Administration head: Role and Importance - Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation - Panchayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zilla Panchayat - Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zilla Panchayat: Position and role - Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments) - Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy.

Textbooks:

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage hours over planned company	er the	total	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb BTL				
1	4	14	2	Understand	L2	PO6,	Thumb Rule	2
						PO12	Thumb Rule	2
2	4	14	1	Remember	L1	PO6,	Thumb Rule	1
						PO7	Thumb Rule	1
3	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO8,	Thumb Rule	2
						PO12	Thumb Rule	2
4	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO6,	Thumb Rule	2
						PO12	Thumb Rule	2
5	6	20	2	Understand	L2	PO6,	Thumb Rule	2
						PO12	Thumb Rule	2
	30							

CO1: Understand the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2: Remember the basic features of Indian Constitution

Action Verb: Remember (L1)

CO2 Action Verb is Remember of BTL 1. Using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO6 to PO12 as low (1).

CO3: Understand the fundamental rights and duties for becoming a good citizen of India.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand the Powers and functions of Governor, President, and Judiciary.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO5: Understand the functions of local administration bodies.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) (Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester IV (Second year)

SI. No	Cate gory	Course Code	Course Title	Hour per week		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL	
				L	Т	P	C			
1	PC	20APC3008	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3009	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3011	Data warehousing and Mining	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PC	20APC3013	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	HS	20AHSMB01	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	HS	20AHS9905	Universal Human Values	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
7	PC	20APC3010	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PC	20APC3012	Data warehousing and Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	PC	20APC3014	Operating Systems Lab	Operating Systems Lab 0 0 3		3	1.5	30	70	100
10	SC	20ASC3002	Server Side Scripting	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
	·		Total credits				24.5	370	630	1000

Community Service Project (Mandatory) for 6 weeks duration during summer vacation.

(To visit the selected community to conduct survey (Socio-economic & domain survey) and conduct sensitization/awareness program/activities at the end of IV- semester before commencement of V-semester and complete immersion programme also during V-Semester and submit report in V - semester. Assessment will be done at the end of V-Semester)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year:II		Semester:II B	ranch	of St	udy:	AID	S
Course Code	Year & Sem	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	L	T	P	С	
20APC3008	II-II	rormar banguages and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3	•

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the Finite State Machines to recognize formal languages
- CO2: Analyze the Regular grammar from Finite Automata by using Regular Languages.
- CO3: **Apply** the normalization methods for simplification of Context Free Grammar.
- CO4: **Analyze** the concept of push down automata and its applications.
- CO5: Evaluate the Turing Machines to solve undecidability problems like PCP, MPCP.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The Finite State Machines to recognize formal languages			L2
CO2	Analyze	The Regular grammar from Finite Automata	by using Regular Languages.		L4
CO3	Apply	The normalization methods		for simplification of Context Free Grammar.	L3
CO4	Analyze	the concept of push down automata and its applications.			L4
CO5	Evaluate	The Turing Machines		to solve undecidability problems like PCP, MPCP.	L5

UNIT - I Introduction to Finite Automata

9 Hrs

Introduction: Alphabet, languages and grammars, productions and derivation, Chomsky hierarchy of languages.

Finite Automata: An Informal picture of Finite Automata, Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA), Non Deterministic Finite Automata (**NFA**), Finite Automata with Epsilon transitions (ϵ -NFA or NFA- ϵ), Finite Automata with output, Conversion of one machine to another, Minimization of Finite Automata, Myhill- Nerode Theorem.

UNIT - II Regular Language

9Hrs

Regular Languages: Regular Expressions (RE), Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic laws for Regular Expressions, The Arden_s Theorem, Using Arden's theorem to construct RE from FA, Pumping Lemma for RLs, Applications of Pumping Lemma, Equivalence of Two FAs, Equivalence of Two REs, Construction of Regular Grammar from RE, Constructing FA from Regular Grammar, Closure properties of RLs, Decision problems of RLS, Applications of REs and FAs

UNIT - III

Context Free Grammars and Languages

9 Hrs

Context Free Grammars and Languages: Definition of Context Free Grammars (CFG), Derivations and Parse trees, Ambiguity in CFGs, Removing ambiguity, Left recursion and Left factoring, Simplification of CFGs, Normal Forms, Linear grammars, Closure properties for CFLs, Pumping Lemma for CFLs, Decision problems for CFLs, CFG and Regular Language.

UNIT - IV

Push Down Automata

9 Hrs

Push Down Automata (PDA): Informal introduction, The Formal Definition, Graphical notation, Instantaneous description, The Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDAs and CFGs, Deterministic PushDown Automata, Two Stack PDA.

UNIT - V

Turing Machines and Undecidability

9 Hrs

Turing Machines and Undecidability: Basics of Turing Machine (TM), Transitional Representation of TMs, Instantaneous description, Non Deterministic TM, Conversion of Regular Expression to TM, Two stack PDA and TM, Variations of the TM, TM as an integer function, Universal TM, Linear Bounded Automata, TM Languages, Unrestricted grammar, Properties of Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages, Undecidability, Reducibility, Undecidable problems about TMs, Post's

Correspondence Problem(PCP), Modified PCP

Textbooks:

- 1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation, Shyamalendu Kandar, Pearson, 2013
- 2. John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, Pearson Education Asia.

Reference Books:

- 1. J.P. Trembley and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, McGraw Hill Book Co.
- 2. Michael Sipser, Introduction to The Theory of Computation, Thomson Course Technology.
- 3. Harry R. Lewis and Christos H. Papadimitriou, Elements of the Theory of Computation, Pearson Education Asia. John E. Hopcroft and J.D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation, Narosa Pub, 2021
- 4. Dexter C. Kozen, Automata and Computability, Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science, Springer.
- 5. John Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, Tata McGraw Hill.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCb8HLf1c_-m0MovWMWdg_bA

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	3	2	1							2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3									
СОЗ	3	3	3	2	3							2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3		3					2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson			BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation	
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
		010/		CO1:	L2	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	2
1	15	21%	3	Understand		PO4	PO4: Interpret(L2)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
						PO6	PO6:Thumb Rule	1
		A 7				PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
2	15	21%	3	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
				7		PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	A.F.	010/	2	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
3	15	21%	3		L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
	11	1 =0/	2	004. 41	T 4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	11	15%	2	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
5	16	22%	3	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
					PO6	PO6:Thumb Rule	3	
						PO8	PO8:Thumb Rule	3
	72	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the Finite State Machines to recognize formal languages.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO6: Thumb Rule

Finite State Machines are used to design languages and those are useful to engineers for working with different types of grammar. Therefore, the correlation is low(1)

CO2: Analyze the Regular grammar from Finite Automata by using Regular Languages.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply the normalization methods for simplification of Context Free Grammar.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Normalization methods are used to reduce the productions in grammar. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO4: Analyze the concept of push down automata and its applications.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Learning of push down automata is required for recognition of strings, tokens, patterns. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Evaluate the Turing Machines to solve undecidability problems like PCP, MPCP.

Action Verb : Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb Rule

Turing Machines are used to design and solve complex problems useful to engineers for working with different types of problems. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to solve undecidabilty problems by using Turing machines. Therefore the correlation is high (3)



Textbooks:

edition, 2012.

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II Semester: II Branch of study:AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Computer Networks	L	T	P	С
20APC3009	II-II	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understan**d the basics of data communications and networking by using OSI model.
- CO2: Apply the Data link Layer functionalities to solve real world problems.
- CO3: Analyze the various routing algorithms and protocols.
- CO4: **Analyze** the Transport Layer services by using TCP and UDP protocols.
- CO5: **Understand** the various services protocols offered by application layer.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	understand	the basics of data communications and networking by using OSI model.			L2
CO2	Apply	The Data link Layer functionalities		to solve real world problems.	L3
CO3	Analyze	the various routing algorithms and protocols.			L4
CO4	Analyze	the Transport Layer services	by using TCP and UDP protocols		L4
CO5	understand	The various services protocols offered by application layer			L2

UNIT - I		9 Hrs
Introduction: Data	Communications, Networks,	, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and
Administration.		
	otocol Layering, TCP/IP Proto	
Introduction to Ph	ysical Layer: Data and Sign	nals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate Limits
Performance.		
		, Unguided Media, Switching: Introduction, Circuit
Switched Networks,	Packet Switching	
UNIT - II		9Hrs
		addressing, Error detection and Correction: Cycli
		Oata link control: DLC Services, Data link laye
protocols, HDLC, Poi		
		ed Access, Channelization, Connecting devices an
virtual LANs: Connec	cting Devices.	
UNIT - III		9 Hrs
	er: Network layer design in the service, Internetworking.	issues, Routing algorithms, Congestion contro
		esses, IPV6, Internet Control protocol, OSPF, BGF
IP, ICMPv4, IGMP.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
UNIT - IV		9 Hrs
The Transport Laye	er: The Transport Service, Ele	ements of Transport Protocols, Congestion Contro
The internet transpo	ort protocols: UDP, TCP, Perfo	ormance problems in computer networks, Networ
performance measur	rement.	
UNIT - V		9 Hrs
The Application La	ayer: Introduction, Client-Se	erver Programming, WWW and HTTP, FTP, e-ma
TELNET, Secure She	ll, Domain Name System, SNI	MP.

1. "Data communications and networking", Behrouz A. Forouzan, Mc Graw Hill Education, 5th

"Computer Networks", Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Wetherall, Pearson, 5th edition, 2010.

Reference Books:

- 1. Data Communication and Networks, Bhushan Trivedi, Oxford
- 2. "Internetworking with TCP/IP Principles, protocols, and architecture Volume 1, Douglas E. Comer, 5th edition, PHI
- 3. "Computer Networks", 5E, Peterson, Davie, Elsevier.
- 4. "Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security", Chawan- Hwa Wu, Irwin, CRC Publications.
- 5. "Computer Networks and Internets with Internet Applications", Comer.

Online Learning Resources:

 $\frac{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O--rkQNKqls\&list=PLbRMhDVUMngf-peFloB7kyiA40EptH1up}{}$

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1											2	
CO2	3	2				1							2	
соз	3	3		3	3	1						`	2	
CO4	3	3		3	3								3	2
CO5	2	1											1	

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	Verb and	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)					(PO)	BTL(for PO1 to	(0-3)
							PO12)	
1	15	23%	3	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	13	23 / 0	3	COI : Onderstand	LZ	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	1
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	10	15%	2	CO2 : Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
						PO6	PO6:Thumb rule	1
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze L4)	3
3	15	23%	3	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
						PO6	PO6:Thumb rule	1
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
4	11	17%	2	CO4 :Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
_	1.5	200/		G05 V 1		PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
5	15	23%	3	CO5 : Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	1
	66	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: understand the basics of data communications and networking by using OSI model.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Apply Data link Layer functionalities to solve real world problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by One levels. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO6: Thumb rule

Data link Layer functionalities are useful for realtime applications. Therefore the correlation is (1)

CO3: Analyze various routing algorithms and protocols.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Various routing algorithms are useful for finding distance between routers in real life. Therefore the correlation is (1)

CO4: Analyze the Transport Layer services by using TCP and UDP protocols.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Understand various services protocols offered by application layer.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

I Cal. II		1	Semester. 11 Branch	Branch of Study, AIDS					
	Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Warehousing and Mining	L	T	P	С		
	20APC3011	111-11	Data watenousing and mining	3	0	0	3		

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of data mining and data warehousing.
- CO2: **Analyze** the data warehouse architecture and OLAP Technology.
- CO3: Evaluate the performance of association rule mining and classification algorithm.
- CO4: **Analyze** the various clustering methods to form clusters.
- CO5: **Apply** the data mining techniques to extract data.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamental concepts of data mining and data warehousing			L2
CO2	Analyze	the data warehouse architecture and OLAP Technology			L4
соз	Evaluate	The performance of association rule mining and classification algorithm			L5
CO4	Analyze	The various clustering methods		to form clusters	L4
CO5	Apply	The data mining techniques		to extract data	L3

UNIT - I 9 Hrs

Introduction: Fundamentals of data mining, Data Mining Functionalities, Classification of Data Mining systems, Data Mining Task Primitives, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Database or a Data Warehouse System, Major issues in Data Mining. **Data Preprocessing**: Need for Preprocessing the Data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

UNIT - II 9 Hrs

Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology for Data Mining: Data Warehouse, Multidimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Further Development of Data Cube Technology, From Data Warehousing to Data Mining. **Data Cube Computation and Data Generalization**: Efficient Methods for Data Cube Computation, Further Development of Data Cube and OLAP Technology, Attribute-Oriented Induction.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations: Basic Concepts, Efficient and Scalable Frequent Itemset Mining Methods, Mining various kinds of Association Rules, From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis, Constraint- Based Association Mining, Classification and Prediction: Issues Regarding Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Induction, Bayesian Classification, Rule-Based Classification, Classification by Back propagation, Support Vector Machines, Associative Classification, Lazy Learners, Other Classification Methods, Prediction, Accuracy and Error measures, Evaluating the accuracy of a Classifier or a Predictor, Ensemble Methods

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Cluster Analysis: Introduction, Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, A Categorization of Major Clustering Methods, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, Density-Based Methods, Grid-Based Methods, Model-Based Clustering Methods, Clustering High- Dimensional Data, Constraint-Based Cluster Analysis, Outlier Analysis

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

Mining Streams, Time Series and Sequence Data: Mining Data Streams, Mining Time- Series Data, Mining Sequence Patterns in Transactional Databases, Mining Sequence Patterns in Biological Data, Graph Mining, Social Network Analysis and Multi relational Data Mining, Mining Object, Spatial, Multimedia, Text and Web Data: Multidimensional Analysis and Descriptive Mining of Complex Data Objects, Spatial Data Mining, Multimedia Data Mining, Text Mining, Mining the World Wide Web.

Textbooks:

- 1. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Introduction to Data Mining Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach and Vipin Kumar, Pearson Education.

Reference Books:

- 1. Data Mining Techniques, Arun KPujari, Second Edition, Universities Press.
- 2. Data Warehousing in the Real World, Sam Aanhory & Dennis Murray Pearson EdnAsia.
- 3. Insight into Data Mining, K.P.Soman, S.Diwakar, V.Ajay, PHI,2008.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ykZ-_UGcYWg&list=PLLspfyoOYoQcI6Nno3gPkq0h5YSe81hsc

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО		PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	3		3	3									
CO3	3	3		3	3							3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3			3						
CO5	3	3	3	2	3							2		

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
1	13	20%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	11	17%	2	CO2 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3
3	16	25%	3	CO3 :Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	13	20%	2	CO4 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO8	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO8: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3
5	10	15%	2	CO5 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12:Thumb Rule	3 3 3 2 3 2
	63	100 %				1012	Rule	

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of data mining and data warehousing.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO2: Analyze the data warehouse architecture and OLAP Technology.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Evaluate the performance of association rule mining and classification algorithm.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb .Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb .Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb .Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In association mining we need to create association rule. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the various clustering methods to form clusters.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb .Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in data manipulation. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Apply the data mining techniques to extract data.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than as PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

We will apply these mining techniques to create solution. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI

(AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

rear: 1.	L	Seillester: 11 Branch o	ı Stu	uy. 🗗	ITDS		
Course Code	Year & Sem	Operating Systems	L	T	P	С]
20APC3013	II-II	(common to CSE,CIC,AIDS,AIML,CSE(DS))	3	0	0	3	Ī

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the basic concepts of Operating Systems and its services.
- CO2: Apply the concepts of process synchronization and CPU scheduling by drawing Gantt chart
- CO3: **Analyze** the methods to handle deadlock and memory management
- CO4: Evaluate the various disk scheduling algorithms and file system interfaces
- CO5: **Understand** the issues and goals of protection various security

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Crite ria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of Operating Systems and its services			L2
CO2	Apply	the concepts of process synchronization & CPU scheduling	by drawing Gantt chart		L3
соз	Analyze	the methods to handle deadlock and memory management			L4
CO4	Evaluate	the various disk scheduling algorithms and file system interfaces			L5
CO5	Understand	the various security issues and goals of protection			L2

Operating Systems Overview: Operating system functions, Operating system structure, operating systems Operations, protection and security, Computing Environments, Open- Source Operating

System Structures: Operating System Services, User and Operating-System Interface, systems calls, Types of System Calls, system programs, operating system structure, operating system debugging, System Boot.

Processes: Process concept, process Scheduling, Operations on processes, Inter process Communication, Examples of IPC systems.

Threads: overview, Multi-core Programming, Multithreading Models, Thread Libraries, Implicit Threading, Threading Issues.

Process Synchronization: The critical-section problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Mutex Locks, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples, Alternative approaches.

CPU Scheduling: Scheduling-Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Thread Scheduling, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time CPU Scheduling, Algorithm Evaluation.

UNIT - III 8Hrs

Memory Management: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, segmentation, paging, structure of the page table.

Virtual memory: demand paging, page-replacement, Allocation of frames, Thrashing, Memory-Mapped Files, Allocating Kernel Memory

Deadlocks: System Model, deadlock characterization, Methods of handling Deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery from deadlock.

Mass-storage structure: Overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk structure, Disk attachment, Disk scheduling, Swap-space management, RAID structure, Stable-storage implementation.

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory and Disk structure, File system mounting, File sharing, Protection.

File system Implementation: File-system structure, File-system Implementation, Directory Implementation, Allocation Methods, Free-Space management.

UNIT - V

I/O systems: I/O Hardware, Application I/O interface, Kernel I/O subsystem, Transforming I/O requests to Hardware operations.

Protection: Goals of Protection, Principles of Protection, Domain of protection, Access Matrix,

Implementation of Access Matrix, Access control, Revocation of Access Rights, Capability- Based systems, Language – Based Protection

Security: The Security problem, Program threats, System and Network threats, Cryptography as a security tool, User authentication, Implementing security defenses, Firewalling to protect systems and networks, Computer–security classifications.

Textbooks:

 Operating System Concepts, Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, Wiley, Eight Edition, 2018

Reference Books:

- 1. Operating systems by A K Sharma, Universities Press,
- 2. Operating Systems, S.Haldar, A.A.Aravind, Pearson Education.
- 3. Operating Systems, A.S.Godbole, Second Edition, TMH.
- 4. Operating Systems, G.Nutt, N.Chaki and S.Neogy, Third Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. Operating Systems, R.Elmasri, A,G.Carrick and D.Levine, Mc Graw Hill.
- 6. Principles of Operating Systems, B.L.Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.

Online Learning Resources:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106144/ http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	1	1
CO2	3	3				2						3	1	1
соз	3	3	3	3	3								2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2		3				2	2	2
CO5	2	3						3				2	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
				CO1 .		PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	16	19%	2	CO1 : Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
				Understand		PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	19	22%	3	CO2 Annly	L3	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
_ Z	19	2270	3	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	2
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	16	19%	2	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
· `						PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	18	21%	3	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
7	10	21/0	3	CO4. Evaluate	113	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	2
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
5	17	19%	2	CO5:	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	1'	17/0		Understand		PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
	86	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Operating Systems and its services.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In today's world operating system services are updating, those services needs to understand. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply the concepts of process synchronization & CPU scheduling by drawing gantt chart Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Most of the scheduling algorithm were used to solve some of the societal problems like forming Queue line. Therefore the correlation is Moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

Scheduling is the one of the daily activity done in many sectors. Therefore the correlation is High(3)

CO3: Analyze the methods to handle deadlock and memory management

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Evaluate the various disk scheduling algorithms and file system interfaces.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Disk scheduling and file system interfaces are applied to provide solutions for E-Commerce database access . Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in file manipulations and data storage. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

File manipulation of data and storage of data is playing major role in current scenario. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Understand the various security issues and goals of protection

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is same asPO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Ethical principles should be followed for various security issues. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Security services and principles are keep on updating in the today's world. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II Semester: II Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL	L	T	P	C	
20AHSMB01	II-II	ANALYSIS	3	0	0	3	

Course Outcomes (CO):

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamentals of managerial economics and demand concept.
- CO2: Understand the production and cost concepts to optimize the output
- CO3: Analyze the price output relationship in different markets.
- **CO4: Evaluate** the capital budgeting techniques to invest in various projects.

CO5: Analyze the accounting statements to evaluate the financial performance of business entity.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	fundamentals of managerial economics			L2
CO2	Understand	production and cost concepts		To optimize the output	L2
соз	Analyze	price output relationship in various markets			L4
CO4	Evaluate	capital budgeting techniques		To invest in various projects	L5
CO5	Analyze	accounting statements		to evaluate the financial performance of business entity	L4

UNIT - I Managerial economics

Introduction – meaning, nature, significance, functions, and advantages, ME and its role in other fields. Demand - Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity- Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting- Factors governing forecasting, Methods.

UNIT - II **Production and Cost Analysis**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function – Least-cost combination – Short run and Long run Production Function – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS – Cobb-Douglas Production Function - Laws of Returns - Internal and External Economies of scale. Cost& Break-Even Analysis - Cost concepts and Cost behavior - Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems)-Managerial significance and limitations of Break-Even Analysis.

UNIT - III Business Organizations and Markets

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Forms of Business Organizations- Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly-Monopolistic Competition-Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies.

UNIT - IV Capital Budgeting

Introduction to Capital, Sources of Capital. Short-term and Long-term Capital: Working capital, types, Estimating Working capital requirements. Capital Budgeting – Features, Proposals, Time value of money. Methods and Evaluation of Projects – Pay Back Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR), Net Present Value (NPV), and Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (simple problems).

UNIT - V Financial Accounting and Analysis

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Concepts and Conventions-Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance-Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profitand Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). *Financial Analysis* - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

Textbooks:

- 1. Varshney&Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2013.
- 2. Aryasri: Business Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, MGH, 2019

Reference Books:

- 1. Ahuja Hl Managerial economics Schand, 3/e, 2013
- 2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International, 2013.
- 3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
- 4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage, 2013.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.slideshare.net/123ps/managerial-economics-ppt

https://www.slideshare.net/rossanz/production-and-cost-45827016

https://www.slideshare.net/darkyla/business-organizations-19917607

COs Programme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2													
CO2		1												
CO3	3													
CO4		3												
CO5		3												

Course Outcome (CO)	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours	CO: Action verb and BTL	Program Outcome(PO)	PO: Action verb and BTL	Level of correlation (0-3)
CO1	16%	understand	PO1	Apply	2
CO2	22%	understand	PO2	Analyse	1
CO3	22%	Analyse	PO1	Apply	3
CO4	16%	Evaluate	PO2	Analyse	3
CO5	22%	Analyse	PO2	Analyse	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of Managerial economics and demand concept. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Understand the Concept of Production and cost analysis.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

CO3: Analyze the price output in various markets.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO2: Analyse

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyse the Accounting statements and evaluate the financial performance of business entity.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI

(AUTONOMOUS) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Semester: II Branch of study: AIDS

	Year & Sem	rse Code Year & Sem Universal Human		L	T	
Univers	Univers	al Human	Values	3	0	0

Course Outcomes:

Year: II

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the essentials of human values, self-exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education.
- CO2: **Analyze** the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.
- CO3: **Apply** the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society.
- CO4: **Evaluate** the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.
- CO5: **Apply** the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.

СО	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Understand	the essentials of human values, self- exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education			L2
CO2	Analyze	the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.			L4
соз	Apply	the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society			L3
CO4	Evaluate	the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence			L5
CO5	Apply	the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.			L3

UNIT - 1: Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

- Purpose and motivation for the course, recapitulation from Universal Human Values-I
- Self-Exploration-what is it? Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation- as the process for self-exploration
- Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations
- Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority
- Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current. scenario
- Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels.

Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and co-existence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking.

UNIT II: Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

- Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient T' and the material 'Body'
- Understanding the needs of Self (T) and 'Body' happiness and physical facility
- Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer)

- Understanding the characteristics and activities of T' and harmony in T'
- Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail
- Programs to ensure Sanyam and Health.

Include practice sessions to discuss the role others have played in making material goods available to me. Identifying from one's own life. Differentiate between prosperity and accumulation. Discuss program for ensuring health vs dealing with disease.

UNIT III: <u>Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human- Human</u> Relationship.

- Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfillment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship
- Understanding the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence
- Understanding the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship
- Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals
- Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order- from family to world family

Include practice sessions to reflect on relationships in family, hostel and institute as extended family, real life examples, teacher-student relationship, goal of education etc. Gratitude as a universal value in relationships. Discuss with scenarios. Elicit examples from students' lives

UNIT IV: <u>Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence</u> - <u>Whole existence</u> as Coexistence

- Understanding the harmony in the Nature
- Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature recyclability and self-regulation in nature
- Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all- pervasive space
- Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence. Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

UNIT- V: <u>Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional</u> Ethics.

- Natural acceptance of human values
- Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct
- Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order
- Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems.
- Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems
- Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations sum up.

Include practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice (tutorial) Sessions Eg. To discuss the conduct as an engineer or scientist etc.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amar kantak, 1999.
- 2. A. N. Tripathi, "Human Values", New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 4. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi "The Story of My Experiments with Truth"
- 5. E. FSchumacher. "Small is Beautiful"
- 6. Slow is Beautiful -Cecile Andrews
- 7. J C Kumarappa "Economy of Permanence"
- 8. Pandit Sunderlal "Bharat Mein Angreji Raj"
- 9. Dharampal, "Rediscovering India"
- 10. Mohandas K. Gandhi, "Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule"
- 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 12. Vivekananda Romain Rolland(English)
- 13. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

Articulation matrix

Course	COs	Prog	Programme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)												
Title		РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
al 1	CO1								2				12		
rse an	CO2							3	3						
ive um alu	CO3						2	2	2						
Univ Hur Val	CO4						3	3	3				3		
	CO5						2	2	2				2		

Correlation matrix

			СО				PO(s):	
CO	Lesso n Plan (Hrs)	%	Correlation	Verb	BTL	Program Outcomes (PO)	Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlat ion
1	7	19.4	2	Understand	2	PO8,PO12	Thumb Rule	2,2
2	8	22.2	3	Analyze	4	PO7,PO8	Thumb Rule	3,3
3	7	19.4	2	Apply	3	PO6,PO7,P O8	Thumb Rule	2,2,2
4	8	22.2	3	Evaluate	5	PO6,PO7,P O8,PO12	Thumb Rule	3,3,3,3
5	7	19.4	2	Apply	3	PO6,PO7,P O8,PO12	Thumb Rule	2,2,2,2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the essentials of human values, self-exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is Analyze of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO3: Apply the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2)

CO4: Evaluate the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO4 Action Verb is Evaluate of BTL5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).

CO5: Apply the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 11		SEMESTER: II Branch	OTS	tuay	: ATI	72
Course Code	Year & Sem	COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB	L	T	P	C
20APC3010	II-II	COMPOIER NEI WORKS LAD	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO1: Understand** the error detection/correction techniques.
- CO2: Analyze the methods to simulate data link layer protocols.
- **CO3: Apply** the routing algorithm for implementing network layer protocols.
- **CO4: Analyze** the Dijsktra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network.
- **CO5: Apply** the sending and receiving of packets by using NS2 simulator.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the error detection/correction techniques			L2
CO2	Analyze	the methods		to simulate data link layer protocols	L4
соз	Apply	the routing algorithm		for implementing network layer protocols	L3
CO4	Analyze	the Dijsktra's algorithm		to compute the shortest path through a network	L4
CO5	Apply	the sending and receiving of packets	by using NS2 simulator		L3

List of Experiments

- 1. Implementation of Error Detection / Error Correction Techniques (CO1)
- 2. Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and sliding window. (CO1)
- 3. Implementation and study of Goback-N and selective repeat protocols (CO1)
- 4. Implementation of High Level Data Link Control (CO2)
- 5. Write a socket Program for Echo/Ping/Talk commands(CO2)
- 6. To create scenario and study the performance of network with CSMA / CA protocol and compare with CSMA/CD protocols. **(CO2)**
- 7. Implementation of Link state routing algorithm (CO3)
- 8. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character-stuffing and bitstuffing. **(CO3)**
- 9. Write a program to compute CRC code for the polynomials CRC-12, CRC-16 and CRC CCIP(CO3)
- 10. Develop a simple data link layer that performs the flow control using the sliding window protocol, and loss recovery using the Go-Back-N mechanism. **(CO3)**
- 11. Implement Dijsktra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network (CO4)
- 12. Take an example subnet of hosts and obtain a broadcast tree for the subnet. (CO4)
- 13. Implement distance vector routing algorithm for obtaining routing tables at each node. (CO4)
- 14. Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm. (CO5)
- 15. Do the following using NS2 Simulator (CO5)
 - a. NS2 Simulator-Introduction
 - b. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped
 - c. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped by TCP/UDP
 - d. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped due to Congestion
 - e. Simulate to Compare Data Rate& Throughput.
 - f. Simulate to Plot Congestion for Different Source/Destination
 - g. Simulate to Determine the Performance with respect to Transmission of Packets

Reference Books:

- 1.Shivendra S.Panwar, Shiwen Mao, Jeong-dong Ryoo, and Yihan Li, —TCP/IP Essentials A LabBased Approach||, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- 2. Cisco Networking Academy, —CCNA1 and CCNA2 Companion Guide||, Cisco Networking Academy Program,

3rd edition, 2003.

- 3. Ns Manual, Available at: https://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/ns-documentation.html, 2011.
- 4. Elloitte Rusty Harold, —Java Network Programming||, 3rd edition, O'REILLY, 2011. Elloitte Rusty Harold, —Java Network Programming||, 3rd edition, O'REILLY, 2011.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3									2	2
CO3	3	3	3		3			3					2	2
CO4	3	3		3	3								2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	3								2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5 PO8	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply (L3) PO8: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 2 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the error detection/correction techniques

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Analyze the methods to simulate data link layer protocols.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply the routing algorithm for implementing network layer protocols.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

While designing Routing algorithms one should follow ethical principles. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the Dijsktra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the socket programming to develop network applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

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Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Warehousing and Mining Lab	L	T	P	С	
20APC3012	II-II		0	0	3	1.5	1

Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1: Apply** the different mining tools to deal with data mining techniques.
- CO 2: Apply the data mining orange tool kit to visualize results.
- **CO 3: Evaluate** the linear regression model using orange environment.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the working of algorithms for various data mining tasks.
- CO 5: Analyze the performance of different classifiers using weka tool.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	the different mining tools		to deal with data mining techniques.	L3
CO2	Apply	the data mining orange tool kit		to visualize results.	L3
CO3	Evaluate	the linear regression model	using orange environment		L5
CO4	Analyze	the working of algorithms		for data mining tasks	L4
CO5	Analyze	the performance of different classifier	using weka tool		L4

Data Mining Experiments:

Weka Programs: (CO1)

- 1. Create data in .csv and .arff formats to import in weka
- 2. Perform Data Proprocessing on a sample dataset Discretization, Dimensionality Reduction, Data Transformation, Data Normalization
- 3. Perform Association Rule Mining and generate top 10 rules for supermarket.arff
- 4. Build a tree classifier on weather data to decide on the playing conditions.
- 5. Build a Naïve Bayes classifier on weather data to decide on the playing conditions.
- 6. Evaluate the performance of a classifier in knowledge flow environment.
- 7. Perform Clustering on any sample dataset on different algorithms and compare the results.
- 8. Using Experimenter in Simple mode, compare different classifiers with respect to the results generated for iris.arff.
- 9. Using Experimenter in advanced mode, demonstrate how to analyze the results from an experiment and the importance of statistical significance when interpreting results.
- 10. Plot Multiple ROC curves on a dataset using J48 and Random Forest Classifiers.
- 11. Perform training and testing of Naive Bayes incrementally. The results are sent to a TextViewer and predictions are plotted by a Strip Chart component.
- 12. Demonstrate how to Access a database using WEKA tool. 13. Use Knowledge flow canvas and develop a directed graph for C4.5 execution

Data Warehousing Experiments:

Build Data Warehouse and Explore WEKA (CO2)

- A. Build a Data Warehouse/Data Mart (using open source tools like Pentaho Data Integrationtool, Pentoaho Business Analytics; or other data warehouse tools like Microsoft-SSIS, Informatica, Business Objects, etc.).
- (i). Identify source tables and populate sample data
- (ii). Design multi-dimensional data models namely Star, snowflake and Fact constellation schemas forany one enterprise (ex. Banking, Insurance, Finance, Healthcare, Manufacturing, Automobile, etc.).
- (iii). Write ETL scripts and implement using data warehouse tools

- (iv). Perform various OLAP operations such slice, dice, roll up, drill up and pivot
- (v). Explorevisualization features of the tool for analysis like identifying trends etc.
- B. Explore WEKA Data Mining/Machine Learning Toolkit
- (i). Downloading and/or installation of WEKA data mining toolkit,
- (ii). Understand the features of WEKA toolkit such as Explorer, Knowledge Flow interface, Experimenter, command-line interface.
- (iii). Navigate the options available in the WEKA (ex. Select attributes panel, Preprocess panel, Classifypanel, Cluster panel, Associate panel and Visualize panel)
- (iv). Study the arff file format
- (v). Explore the available data sets in WEKA.
- (vi). Load a data set (ex. Weather dataset, Iris dataset, etc.)
- (vii). Load each dataset and observe the following:
 - i. List the attribute names and they types
 - ii. Number of records in each dataset
 - iii. Identify the class attribute (if any)
 - iv. Plot Histogram
 - v. Determine the number of records for each class.
 - vi. Visualize the data in various dimensions

Perform data preprocessing tasks and Demonstrate performing association rule mining on data sets (CO3)

- A. Explore various options available in Weka for preprocessing data and apply (like Discretization Filters, Resample filter, etc.) on each dataset
- B. Load each dataset into Weka and run Aprori algorithm with different support and confidence values. Study the rules generated.
- C. Apply different discretization filters on numerical attributes and run the Apriori association rule algorithm. Study the rules generated. Derive interesting insights and observe the effect of discretization in the rule generation process.

Demonstrate performing classification on data sets (CO3)

- A. Load each dataset into Weka and run Id3, J48 classification algorithm. Study the classifier output. Compute entropy values, Kappa statistic.
- B. Extract if-then rules from the decision tree generated by the classifier, Observe the confusion matrix and derive Accuracy, F-measure, TPrate, FPrate, Precision and Recall values. Apply cross-validation strategy with various fold levels and compare the accuracy results.
- C. Load each dataset into Weka and perform Naïve-bayes classification and k- Nearest Neighbour classification. Interpret the results obtained.
- D. Plot RoC Curves E. Compare classification results of ID3, J48, Naïve-Bayes and k-NN classifiers for each dataset, and deduce which classifier is performing best and poor for each dataset and justify.

Demonstrate performing clustering on data sets (CO4)

- A. Load each dataset into Weka and run simple k-means clustering algorithm with different values of k (number of desired clusters). Study the clusters formed. Observe the sum of squared errors and centroids, and derive insights.
- B. Explore other clustering techniques available in Weka.
- C. Explore visualization features of Weka to visualize the clusters. Derive interesting insights and explain.

Demonstrate performing Regression on data sets (CO5)

- A. Load each dataset into Weka and build Linear Regression model. Study the clusters formed. Use Training set option. Interpret the regression model and derive patterns and conclusions from the regression results.
- B. Use options cross-validation and percentage split and repeat running the Linear Regression Model. Observe the results and derive meaningful results.
- C. Explore Simple linear regression technique that only looks at one variable

Resource Sites:

- 1. http://www.pentaho.com/
- 2. http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/

Orange Programs

Datasets to be used: (but not limited to)

- 1. brownselected.tab
- 2. heartdisease.tab
- 3. housing.tab
- 4. iris.tab
- 5. titanic.tab
- 6. zoo.tab
- 1. Installation of Orange Data mining Tool kit in Windows/Linux environment and creating basic workflows to read, process, and visualize the data. The visualization includes data table and scatter plots. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 2. Demonstrate the usage of workflows in orange tool kit using widgets. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 3. Demonstrate the visualization of widgets Box plot, Linear projection, and the data distributions by reading iris and heart disease datasets. Apply the task for all the other 4 datasets and compare the results.
- 4. Demonstrate the visualization of widgets scatter plot, line plot, bar plot by reading iris and heart disease datasets. Apply the task for all the other 4 datasets and compare the results.
- 5. Data Exploration using various widgets, understanding the data distributions and saving the results asHTML or PDF, or to a file that includes all workflows that are related to the report items and which you can later open in Orange. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 6. Demonstrate the usage of loading the spreadsheets from the local computer and applying Data filtering and preprocessing to the given data. Apply the task for all the 6datasets and compare the results.
- 7. Loading the spreadsheets from the local computer and applying the classification model to the given data. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 8. Demonstrate the usage of classification by reading heart disease data, and predict which persons have clogged arteries and visualize the results using tree viewer. Observe the information gain, information gain ratio and gini decrease measures.
- 9. Load a sailing tab dataset that records the conditions under which a friend skipper went sailing, build a tree and visualize it in the Tree Viewer.
- 10. Demonstrate the usage of combination of classification tree viewer and scatter plot. Identity the bestvisualization of iris dataset, that is the one best separates the instances from different classes, then connect the tree viewer with scatter plot and visualize the results. Apply the task for all the other datasets and compare the results.
- 11. Apply principal component analysis on the given dataset as a pre-processing and compare the results. Applythe task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 12. Understanding the quality of the models by analysing the prediction results using classificationaccuracy. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.
- 13. Increasing the robustness of the models by splitting the dataset using cross-validation through the Test & Score widget. Apply the task for all the 6 datasets and compare the results.

References: 1.Zupan, Demsar,: Introduction to Data Mining; Introduction to Data Mining Working notes for the hands-on course with Orange Data Mining, May 2018

2. Orange Data Mining Library Documentation Release 3 – Orange Data mining

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	S 01 00 011.		105 111011 p	- g										
co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3											2	
CO2	3	2	3		3							2	2	
CO3	3	2		3									2	
CO4	3	3	3		3								2	2
CO5	3	3	3		3							3	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2)	3 3
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 2 3 3 2
3	CO3: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4)	3 2 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5 PO12	PO1:Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3) PO3:Develop (L3) PO5:Apply (L3) PO12:Thumb rule	3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Apply the different mining tools to deal with data mining techniques.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action verb is more than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Apply the data mining orange tool kit to visualize results.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 3: Evaluate the linear regression model using orange environment.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO1Action verb is more than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 4: Analyze the working of algorithms for various data mining tasks.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Analyze the performance of different classifiers using weka tool.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Weka is used to analyze different classifier present in real world the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: II		Semester: II	Branch of	ch of study: AIDS				
Course Code Year & Sem	Operating Systems Lab	I	١	T		С		
20APC3014	II-II	Operating Systems Lab	()	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1: Understand** the basic commands in UNIX operating systems.
- **CO 2: Apply** the concepts of CPU scheduling algorithms to solve real time problems.
- **CO 3: Apply** the concepts of process synchronization methods.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the solutions for virtual memory and Deadlocks.
- **CO 5: Analyze** various file system interfaces.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic commands in UNIX operating system			L2
CO2	Apply	the concepts of CPU scheduling algorithms		to solve real time problems	L3
соз	Apply	the concepts of process synchronization methods			L3
CO4	Analyze	the solutions		for virtual memory and Deadlocks	L4
CO5	Analyze	various file system interfaces			L4

List of Experiments to be implemented in C/Java

- 1. Practicing of Basic UNIX Commands. (CO1)
- 2. Write programs using the following UNIX operating system calls Fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait, close, stat, opendir and readdir(CO1)
- 3. Simulate UNIX commands like cp, ls, grep, etc., (CO1)
- 4. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms: a) Round Robin b) SJF c) FCFS d) Priority(CO2)
- 5. Simulate all file allocation strategies: a) Sequential b) Indexed c) Linked(CO2)
- 6. Simulate MVT and MFT(CO2)
- 7. Simulate all File Organization Techniques a) Single level directory b) Two level c) Hierarchical d) DAG(CO2)
- 8. Simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance(CO3)
- 9. Simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Prevention (CO3)
- 10. Simulate all page replacement algorithms a) FIFO b) LRU c) LFU Etc. ...(CO4)
- 11. Simulate Paging Technique of memory management(CO4)
- 12. Control the number of ports opened by the operating system with a) Semaphore b) monitors(CO4)
- 13. Simulate how parent and child processes use shared memory and address space(CO4)
- 14. Simulate sleeping barber problem(CO4)
- 15. Simulate dining philosopher's problem(CO4)
- 16. Simulate producer and consumer problem using threads (use java) (CO4)
- 17. Simulate little's formula to predict next burst time of a process for SJF scheduling algorithm.
- 18. Develop a code to detect a cycle in wait-for graph(CO5)
- 19. Develop a code to convert virtual address to physical address(CO5)
- 20. Simulate how operating system allocates frame to process(CO5)
- 21. Simulate the prediction of deadlock in operating system when all the processes announce their resource requirement in advance. (CO5)

References:

- 1. "Operating System Concepts", Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, Eighth Edition, John Wiley.
- 2. "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", Stallings, Sixth Edition-2009, Pearson Education

- 3. "Modern Operating Systems", Andrew S Tanenbaum, Second Edition, PHI.
- 4. "Operating Systems", S.Haldar, A.A.Aravind, Pearson Education.
- 5. "Principles of Operating Systems", B.L.Stuart, Cengage learning, India Edition.2013-2014
- 6. "Operating Systems", A.S.Godbole, Second Edition, TMH.
- 7. "An Introduction to Operating Systems", P.C.P. Bhatt, PHI.

Online Learning Resources/Virtual Labs:

https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/

http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3				3								2	
CO2	3	3	3		3							3	2	
CO3	3	3	3		3									
CO4	2	2		3	3									
CO5	2				3									

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	CO's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO5: Create (L6)	3 3
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Develop(L6) PO5: Create (L6) PO12:Thumb Rule	3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Develop(L6) PO5: Create (L6)	3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create (L6)	2 2 3 3
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO5: Create (L6)	2 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic commands in UNIX operating systems.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the concepts of CPU scheduling algorithms to solve real time problems

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Formulate(L6)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L6)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12 Verb: Thumb rule

Algorithms analysis is learning process to find the solution better manner the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Apply the concepts of process synchronization methods.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)
PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L6)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the solutions for virtual memory and Deadlocks.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than as PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Idetify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze various file system interfaces.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than as PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

	real: 11		Semester: 11	oranich or S	Luuy	AID	3
C	Course Code	Year & Sem	Server Side Scripting	L	T	P	С
	20ASC3002	II-II	Server Side Scripting	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the perquisitions to connect MYSQL and Apache dynamically through PHP paradigm.

CO2: Analyze the working mechanism of different data media and cookies ,sessions in web browser.

CO3: Understand the SQL commands to get database connectivity with PHP

CO4: Create the simple mailing list using XML & JSON.

CO5: Analyze the performance of Apache and database tuning for optimization, securing webserver.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the perquisitions		to connect MYSQL and Apache dynamically through PHP paradigm	L2
CO2	Analyze	the working mechanism of different data media and cookies ,sessions in web browser			L4
соз	Understand	the SQL commands		to get database connectivity with PHP	L2
CO4	Create	the simple mailing list	using XML & JSON		L6
CO5	Analyze	the performance of Apache and database tuning		for optimization, securing webserver	L4

UNIT - I		10 Hrs

Getting Up and Running: Installation Quick Start Guide with XAMPP5 - Installing and Configuring MySQL - Installing and Configuring Apache - Installing and Configuring PHP -

PHP Language Structure: The Building Blocks of PHP - Flow Control Functions in PHP - Working with Functions - Working with Arrays - Working with Objects

- 1. Installation of XAMPP server
- 2. Write PHP code to print Hello World program
- 3. Demonstrate 8 basic data types in PHP.
- 4. Demonstrate the scope of variables declared in PHP code.
- 5. Demonstrate Arithmetic, Comparison, Logical (or Relational), Assignment and Conditional (or ternary) Operators.
- 6. Demonstrate if, elseif ...else and switch statements.
- 7. Demonstrate for, while, do while, and for each loop.
- 8. Write code to create and access numeric arrays.
- 9. Demonstrate the usage of associative arrays.
- 10. Implement Multi-dimensional arrays
- 11. Create a multidimensional array of movies organized by genre. This should take the form of an associative array with genres as keys, such as Science Fiction, Action, Adventure, and so forth. Each of the array's elements should be an array containing movie names, such as Alien, Terminator 3, Star Wars, and so on. After creating your arrays, loop through them, printing the name of each genre and its associated movies.
- 12. Create a function that accepts four string variables and returns a string that contains an HTML table element, enclosing each of the variables in its own cell.
- 13. Create a class called baseCalc() that stores two numbers as properties. Next, create a calculate()

method that prints the numbers to the browser.

14. Create classes called addCalc(), subCalc(), mulCalc(), and divCalc() that inherit functionality from baseCalc() but override the calculate() method and print appropriate totals to the browser.

UNIT - II 10 Hrs

Working with Strings, Dates, and Time - Working with Forms - Working with Cookies and User Sessions - Working with Files and Directories - Working with Images

- 1. Create a feedback form that accepts a user's full name and an email address. Use case-conversion functions to capitalize the first letter of each name the user submits and print the result back to the browser. Check that the user's email address contains the @ symbol and print a warning otherwise.
- 2. Create an array of doubles and integers. Loop through the array, converting each element to a floating-point number with a precision of 2. Right-align the output within a field of 20 characters.
- 3. Create a birthday countdown script. Given form input of month, day, and year, output a message that tells the user how many days, hours, minutes, and seconds until the big day.
- 4. Create a calculator script that enables the user to submit two numbers and choose an operation (addition, multiplication, division, or subtraction) to perform on them.
- 5. Use hidden fields with the script you created in activity 1 to store and display the number of requests that the user submitted.
- 6. Create a script that uses session functions to track which pages in your environment the user has visited.
- 7. Create a new script that will list for the user all the pages he/she has visited within your environment, and when.
- 8. Create a form that accepts a user's first and second name. Create a script that saves this data to a file.
- 9. Create a script that reads the data file you created in the first activity. In addition to writing its contents to the browser (adding a tag to each line), print a summary that includes the number of lines in the file and the file's size.
- 10. Draw a New Image, shapes and lines.
- 11. Create a New Image with Color Fills.
- 12. Draw A Basic Pie Chart and 3D Pie Chart
- 13. Creating a New Image from an Existing Image.
- 14. Creating an Image from User Input.
- 15. Creating an Image with Custom Font and Text

UNIT - III

PHP with database connectivity

10 Hrs

Understanding the Database Design Process - Learning Basic SQL Commands - Using Transactions and Stored Procedures in MySQL - Interacting with MySQL Using PHP

Write PHP code

- 1. to open and close a database connection.
- 2. to select a database. to select a database.
- 3. to create a table
- 4. to drop a database.
- 5. to drop a table
- 6. to insert record into employee table.
- 7. take input using HTML Form and insert records into table.
- 8. to display all the records from employee table.
- 9. to display all the records from employee table using mysql_fetch_assoc() function.
- 10. to display all the records from employee table using MYSQL_NUM argument.
- 11. to release cursor memory at the end of SELECT statement.
- 12. to display 10 records per page.
- 13. to take user input of employee ID and update employee salary.
- 14. to take user input of employee ID and delete an employee record from employee table.
- 15. Use SELECT INTO OUTFILE query for creating table backup.

UNIT - IV 10 Hrs

Managing a Simple Mailing List - Creating an Online Address Book - Creating a Simple Discussion Forum - Creating an Online Storefront - Creating a Shopping Cart Mechanism - Creating a Simple Calendar - Restricting Access to Your Applications - Logging and Monitoring Web Server Activity - Application Localization - Working with XML and JSON

- 1. Common Functions in an Included File
- 2. Subscribe and Unsubscribe with manage.php
- 3. Send Mail to Your List of Subscribers
- 4. Modify the manage.php script to display the user's email as part of the response message for any action that is taken.
- 5. Modify the sendmymail.php script to add additional form fields that will correspond to section headings in the message string itself. Remember that when the form is submitted, those strings will have to be concatenated into one message string that is sent to the mail() function.

UNIT - V 5 Hrs

Apache Performance Tuning and Virtual Hosting - Setting Up a Secure Web Server - Optimizing and Tuning MySQL - Performing Software Upgrades - Using Application Frameworks

Textbooks:

1. Sams Teach Yourself PHP, MySQL and Apache All in One, by Julie C. Meloni, Pearson Education, Inc $\ @$ 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Beginning PHP6, Apache, MySQL Web Development, by Timothy Boronczyk, Elizabeth Naramore,
- 2. Jason Gerner, Yann Le Scouarnec, Jeremy Stolz, Michael K. Glass, Wiley Publishing, Inc © 2009
- 3. PHP 6 and MySQL 6 Bible, by Steve Suehring, Tim Converse, Joyce Park, Wiley Publishing, Inc © 2009.
- 4. PHP & MySQL Web Development All-in-One Desk Reference For Dummies, by Janet Valade with Tricia Ballad and Bill Ballad, Wiley Publishing, Inc © 2008.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	3		2								3	
CO2	3	3			3							3	2	
соз	3	3	3	2						2			2	
CO4	3		3	3	3							3	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3			3					2	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.		Program PO(s): Action Verb and		PO(s): Action Verb and	Level of
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
	CO1: Understand L2 PO2 PC		PO1: Apply(L3)	2	
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	CO2. Analyza	Τ.4	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
2	CO2: Allalyze	PO5: Apply(L3)		PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
			PO10	PO10: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	CO4: Create	L6	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	COS. Analyze	L-4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3

PC	O5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
P(O8	PO8: Thumb rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the perquisitions to connect MYSQL and Apache dynamically through PHP paradigm.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one, Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one, Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Analyze the working mechanism of different data media and cookies ,sessions in web browser.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

The applications can be designed specifically for all kind of users and also increase session time out as per client requirement.so need to update frequently. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3:Apply the SQL commands to get database connectivity with PHP

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same PO1 verb, Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater level by PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation high(3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO10: Thumb rule

Effective communication is needed between user and database administrator to maintain log details. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Create the simple mailing list using XML & JSON.

Action Verb : Create(L6)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

The developer need to upgrade all server concepts and JSON concepts for future developments. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Analyze the performance of Apache and database tuning for optimization, securing webserver.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3) CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3) $\frac{1}{2}$

PO8: Thumb rule

The team should follow some ethics for evaluate and Improving the performance .Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI

(AUTONOMOUS) B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) (Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester V (Third year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hou r we		Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	Т	P	С			
1	PC	20APC3015	Principles of Data Science	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3017	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3019	Big data Technologies	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	0.7.1	20AOE9925	Deterministic and Stochastic Statistical Methods	3	0	0				
	OE-1	20AOE0303	Optimization Techniques	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AOE0552	Internet of Things	3	0	0				
5		20APE3001	Design And Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
	PE-1	20APE3002	Computer Graphics	3	3 0					
		20APE3003	Adhoc & Sensor Networks	3	0	0				
6	PC LAB	20APC3018	Artificial Intelligence Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PC LAB	20APC3016	Principles of Data Science Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SC	20ASC3003	Conversational AI/ AI Chat Bot	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
9	Mandatory Course (AICTE Suggested)	20AMC9901	Biology for Engineers	3	3 0 0		0	30	0	30
10	CSP	20CSP3001	Evaluation of Community Service Project	0	0 0 0		1.5	100	0	100
	Total credits								490	930



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Principles of Data Science	L	T	P	С
20APC3015	III-I	Finiciples of Data Science	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the different levels of Data and Steps in Data Science.

CO2: Apply the basics of probability models for data exploration.

CO3: Analyze the basics of statistics models for data exploration.

CO4: Analyze the different data visualization techniques.

CO5: Analyze the suitable model for real time applications.

	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Understand	The Different levels of Data and			L2
		Steps in Data Science			
CO2	Apply	The basics of probability models		for data exploration	L3
CO3	Analyze	The basics of statistics models		for data exploration	L4
CO4	Analyze	The different data visualization			L4
		techniques			
CO5	Analyze	the suitable model		for real time	L4
				applications	

UNIT - I Introduction to Data Science

Structured versus unstructured data, Quantitative and qualitative data, The four levels of data: Nominal level, Ordinal level, Interval level, and Ratio level, The five steps of Data Science: Ask an interesting question, obtain the data, explore the data, model the data, communicate and visualize the results, Explore the data.

UNIT - II Mathematics

Mathematics: Vectors and matrices, Arithmetic symbols, Graphs, Logarithms/exponents, Set theory, Linear algebra. Probability: Basic definitions, Probability, Bayesian versus Frequentist, Compound events, Conditional Probability, The rules of probability, Collectively exhaustive events, Bayes theorem, Random variables.

UNIT - III Statistics

Statistics: Obtaining data, Sampling data, Measuring Statistics, The Empirical rule, Point estimates, Sampling distributions, Confidence intervals, Hypothesis tests.

UNIT – IV Identifying effective and ineffective visualizations

Identifying effective and ineffective visualizations: Scatter plots, Line graphs, Bar charts, Histograms, Box plots. Graphs and Statistics lie: Correlation versus causation, Simpson's paradox, Verbal Communication, Thewhy/how/what strategy of presenting.

UNIT - V Applications of Data Science

Applications of Data Science- Technologies for visualisation, Bokeh (Python), recent trends in various data collection and analysis techniques, various visualization techniques, application development methods of used in data science.

Textbooks:

- 1. Sinan Ozdemir, "Principles of Data Science", Packt, 2016.
- 2. "Algorithms for Data Science", 1st edition, Steele, Brian, Chandler, John, Reddy, Swarna, springers Publications, 2016

Reference Books:

- 1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, "Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline", O'Reilly,
- 2. G. Jay Kerns, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics Using R", First Edition.
- 3. Nina Zumel, John Mount, "Practical Data Science with R", Manning Publications, 1st Edition, 2014.

- 4. Doing Data Science: Straight Talk From The Frontline, 1st edition, Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly, 2013
- 5. Mining of Massive Datasets, 2nd edition, Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman, v2.1, Cambridge

University Press, 2014

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1											2	
CO2	3	3				2						3	2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3				3			3	2	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							3	2	2
CO5		3	3	3	3				3			3	2	2

Unit	СО					Progra	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level
No.	Lesson	%	Corre	Co's Action verb	BTL	m	and BTL(for PO1	of
	plan(Hrs)		lation			Outco	to PO12)	Correla
						me		tion (0-
						(PO)		3)
1	14	23%	3	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	17	2370	J	COT .Offuctstatiu		PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	1
				PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3		
2	10	10 17% 2 CO2 : Apply		L3	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3	
	10	1770		CO2: Apply	LS	PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	2
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
3	12	20%	2	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
4	10	17%	2	CO4 : Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
'	10	1770	-	COT. Illiaryze	"	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
						PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
5	14	23%	3	CO5 : Analyze L4		PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
	1	2570				PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	3
	60				PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3	
	60	100						
		%						

Correlation matrix

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the different levels of Data and Steps in Data Science

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Apply the basics of probability models for data exploration

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

For some of data exploration applications, Various probabilistic models were applied to address societal and environmental concerns. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of data exploration applications, new probability models should be explored for applying on new trends of data. Therefore the correlation is Medium (2)

CO3: Analyze the basics of statistics models for data exploration.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required create multiple probability models for data exploration. Hence the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of data exploration applications, new statistical models should be explored for applying on new trends of data. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the different data visualization techniques.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of data exploration applications, new visualization techniques should be explored for applying on new trends of data. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Analyze the suitable model for real time applications.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required build model for real time applications. Hence the correlation is high (3) ${\bf PO12:Thumb\ rule}$

For some of data exploration applications, models should be created for new trends of data. Therefore the correlation is high(3)





ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III		Semester: 1	Branch of st	uay	': AI	DS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Artificial Intelligence		L	T	P	С
20APC3017	III-I	Artificial intelligence		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the basic concepts of artificial intelligence and intelligent agents
- CO2: **Apply** the searching techniques for solving searching problems.
- CO3: **Analyze** the concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models.
- CO4: **Evaluate** Natural Language Interfaces and perception mechanisms for Machines understanding.
- CO5: **Analyze** the robotic designing modules and philosophy constraints for artificial intelligence.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The basics concepts of artificial intelligence and intelligent agents			L2
CO2	Apply	the searching techniques		For Solving searching problems	L3
CO3	Analyze	The concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models			L4
CO4	Evaluate	Natural Language Interfaces and perception mechanisms		For Machines understanding	L5
CO5	Analyze	the robotic designing modules and philosophy constraints		for artificial intelligence.	L4

UNIT - I		9 Hrs
Introduction: What is	AI, Foundations of AI, History of AI, The State of Art.	
Intelligent Agents: Ag	gents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The Concept of	Rationality, The
Nature of Environments	s, The Structure of Agents.	
UNIT - II		9Hrs
Solving Problems by s	earching: Problem Solving Agents, Example problems, Searchi	ng for Solutions,
Uninformed Search St	rategies, Informed search strategies, Heuristic Functions, E	Beyond Classical
Search: Local Search	Algorithms and Optimization Problems, Local Search in Co	ntinues Spaces,
Searching with Nondet	erministic Actions, Searching with partial observations, onlin	ie search agents
and unknown environm	nents.	
UNIT - III		9 Hrs
Reinforcement Learn	ing: Introduction, Passive Reinforcement Learning, Active	e Reinforcement
Learning, Generalization	n in Reinforcement Learning, Policy Search, applications of RL	
Natural Language P	rocessing: Language Models, Text Classification, Inform	ation Retrieval,
Information Extraction.		
UNIT - IV		9 Hrs
Natural Language for	Communication: Phrase structure grammars, Syntactic Anal	ysis, Augmented
Grammars and semant:	ic Interpretation, Machine Translation, Speech Recognition	
	mation, Early Image Processing Operations, Object Recognition	
Reconstructing the 3D	World, Object Recognition from Structural information, Using V	ision.
UNIT - V		9 Hrs

Robotics: Introduction, Robot Hardware, Robotic Perception, Planning to move, planning uncertain

Philosophical foundations: Weak AI, Strong AI, Ethics and Risks of AI, Agent Components, Agent

movements, Moving, Robotic software architectures, application domains

Architectures, Are we going in the right direction, What if AI does succeed.

Textbooks:

Stuart J. Russell, Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2019.

Reference Books:

Nilsson, Nils J., and Nils Johan Nilsson. Artificial intelligence: a new synthesis. Morgan Kaufmann, 1998.

Johnson, Benny G., Fred Phillips, and Linda G. Chase. "An intelligent tutoring system for the accounting cycle: Enhancing textbook homework with artificial intelligence." Journal of Accounting Education 27.1 (2009): 30-39.

Online Learning Resources:

http://peterindia.net/AILinks.html

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	2	3	2	3								2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3						3
CO4		3	3		3	3		3					/	3
CO5	3	3	3			3		3	3			3	1	1

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlat	Co's Action	BTL	Outcom	Verb and BTL(for	Correlatio
	plan(Hrs)	'	ion	verb		e (PO)	PO1 to PO12)	n (0-3)
			_			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	10	19%	2	CO1 :Understan	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
2	13	25%	3	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
						PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
						PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	
3	10	10 19% 2 CO3 : Analyze L4	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3		
						PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
						PO6	PO6: Thumb Rule	3
						PO8	PO8: Thumb Rule	3
					PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3	
						PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	9	17%	2	CO4 :Evaluate	L5	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO6	PO6: Thumb Rule	3
						PO8	PO8: Thumb Rule	3
						PO1	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2:Analyze(L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
						P06	PO6:Thumb Rule	3
5	11	20%	3	CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO8	PO8: Thumb Rule	3
		'				PO9	PO9:Thumb Rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3
	53	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of artificial intelligence and intelligent agents Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the searching techniques for solving searching problems.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3:Analyze the concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Apply contextual knowledge is used for society to address the security issues so correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

The ethical knowledge is used to perform operations. Hence the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate Natural Language Interfaces and perception mechanisms for Machines understanding.

Action Verb : Evaluvate(L5)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

To address the security issues we apply contextual knowledge. so correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

The ethical knowledge is used to perform operations. Hence the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze the robotic designing modules and philosophy constraints for artificial intelligence.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2:Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6:Thumb Rule

Apply contextual knowledge is used for society to address the security issues so correlation is medium (2)

PO8: Thumb Rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a robot. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to create robots. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of AI applications, AI concepts are used to create robots designs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 111		Semester: 1	Branch of s	ituay	/: AI	DS	
Course	Year & Sem			т	т	D	
Code	rear & Sem	DIO DAMA MEGUNOLOGIEG		L		F	

Course Code	Year & Sem	BIG DATA TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
20APC3019	III-I		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamental Concepts and modern technology of big data.

CO2: Apply the different technologies and frame works for handling big data.

CO3: Analyze the huge data using map reduce and Hbase technologies.

CO4: Evaluate the map reduce application using testing and debugging.

CO5: Analyze the data base application various using Hive and NoSQL.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloo ms level
CO1	Understan d	the fundamental elements and modern technology of big data			L2
CO2	Apply	the Different technologies and frame works for		for handling big data	L3
соз	Analyze	the Huge data	using map reduce and Hbase technologies		L4
CO4	Evaluate	the Map reduce application	using testing and debugging		L5
CO5	Analyze	the Data base application various	using Hive and NoSQL		L4

UNIT - I

Getting an Overview of Big Data: Introduction to Big Data, Structuring Big Data, Elements of Big Data, Big Data Analytics. Exploring the use of Big Data in Business Context Use of Big Data in Social Networking, Use of Big Data Preventing Fraudulent Activities, Use of Big Data in Retail Industry

UNIT - II

Introducing Technologies for Handling Big Data Distributed and Parallel Computing for Big Data, Introducing Hadoop, Cloud Computing and Big Data, In-memory Computing Technology for Big Data. Understanding Hadoop Ecosystem Hadoop Ecosystem, Hadoop Distributed File System, Map Reduce, Hadoop YARN, Introducing HBase, Combining HBase and HDFS, Hive, Pig and Pig Latin, Sqoop, ZooKeeper, Flume, Oozie.

UNIT- III

Understanding Map Reduce Fundamentals and H Base The Map Reduce Framework, Techniques to Optimize Map Reduce Jobs, Uses of Map Reduce, Role of H Base in Big Data Processing, Processing Your Data with Map Reduce Recollecting he Concept of Map Reduce Framework, Developing Simple Map Reduce Application, Points to Consider while Designing Map Reduce.

UNIT - IV

Customizing Map Reduce Execution and Implementing Map Reduce Program Controllong Map Reduce Execution with Input Format, Reading Data with Custom Record Reader, Organizing Output Data with Output Formats, Customizing Data with Record Writer, Customizing the Map Reduce Execution in Terms of YARN, Implementing a Map Reduce Program for Sorting Text Data.

Testing and Debugging Map Reduce Application Debugging Hadoop Map Reduce Locally,

Performing Unit Testing for Map Reduce Applications.

UNIT - V

Exploring Hive: Introducing Hive, Hive Service, Built-In Functions in Hive, Hive DDl, Data Manipulation in Hive, Data Retrieval Queries, Using JOINS in Hive.

NoSQL Data Management Introduction to NoSQL, Types of NoSQL Data Models, Schema-Less Databases, Materialized Views, Distribution Models, Sharding.

Textbooks:

1. Big Data Black Book, DT Editorial services ,Dreamtech Press

Reference Books:

- 1. Data Science for Business by F. Provost and T. Fawcett, O'Reilly Media.
- 2. Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced
- 3. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide by Tom White, O'Reilly Media.
- 4. Big Data and Business Analytics by Jay Liebowitz, Auerbach Publications, CRC Press.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	3	3		2	3							2		
CO3	3	3		3								3		
CO4	3	3		3								3		
CO5	3	3		3								3	1	

Correlation matrix

Unit no	со					Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL			(2.57
1	10	19%	2	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	12	22%	3	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Select(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2
3	10	19%	2	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	11	20%	2	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	11	20%	2	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
	54	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental Concepts and modern technology of big data.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Moderate(2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Moderate (2)

CO2: Apply the different technologies and frame works for handling big data.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate

PO5: Select (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use some different technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

CO3: Analyze the huge data using map reduce and Hbase technologies.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use map reduce and H base technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the map reduce application using testing and debugging.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)
CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use map reduce applications to test and debug big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze the data base application various using Hive and NoSQL.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)**PO2: Identity (L3)** CO5 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CÓ5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use to create data base application using Hive and NoSQL technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Deterministic and Stochastic Statistical Methods	L	T	P	С
20AOE9925	III-I		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Analyze the representation of given data using problem solving techniques.

CO2: Apply the single variable distributions to random variables.

CO3: Apply the stochastic methods and markov chains to random variables.

CO4: Analyze the theory of multivariate distributions and Bayesian Inference.

CO5: Analyze the constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques in machine learning and data science

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Analyze	the representation of given data	using problem solving techniques.		L4
2	Apply	the single variable distributions to random variables.			L3
3	Apply	the stochastic methods and markov chains to random variables.			L3
4	Analyze	the theory of multivariate distributions and Bayesian Inference.			L4
5	Analyze	the constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques	in machine learning and data science.		L4

UNIT-I Data Representation

9 hrs

Distance measures, Projections, Notion of hyper-planes, half-planes. Principal Component Analysis-Population Principal Components, sample principal coefficients, covariance, matrix of dataset, Dimensionality reduction, Singular value decomposition, Gram Schmidt process.

UNIT-II Single Variable Distribution

9 hrs

Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability density functions, properties, mathematical expectation- Probability distribution- Binomial, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution and normal distribution- their properties- Uniform distribution- exponential distribution.

UNIT-III Stochastic Processes And Markov Chains:

9 hrs

Introduction to Stochastic processes-Markov process. Transition Probability, Transition Probability Matrix, First order and Higher order Markov process, step transition probabilities, Markov chain, Steady state condition, Markov analysis.

UNIT-IV Multivariate Distribution Theory

10 hrs

Multivariate Normal distribution – Properties, Distributions of linear combinations, independence, marginal distributions, conditional distributions, Partial and Multiple correlation coefficient .Moment generating function.

BAYESIAN INFERENCE AND ITS APPLICATIONS: Statistical tests and Bayesian model comparison, Bit, Surprisal, Entropy, Source coding theorem, Joint entropy, Conditional entropy, Kullback-Leibler divergence.

UNIT-V Optimization

8 hrs

Unconstrained optimization, Necessary and sufficiency conditions for optima, Gradient descent methods, Constrained optimization, KKT conditions, Introduction to non-gradient techniques, Introduction to least squares optimization, Optimization view of machine learning. Data Science Methods: Linear regression as an exemplar function approximation problem, linear classification problems.

Textbooks:

- 1. Mathematics for Machine Learning by A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, and Marc Peter Deisenroth
- 2. Dr.B.SGrewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 45th Edition, Khanna Publishers.
- 3. Operations Research, S.D.Sharma

Reference Books:

- 1. Operations Research, An Introduction, Hamdy A.Taha, Pearson publishers.
- 2. A ProbabilisticTheoryofPatternRecognitionbyLucDevroye,.LaszloGyorfi,Gabor Lugosi.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.math.brown.edu/swatson2/classes/data1010/pdf/data1010.pdf

Mapping of COs to POs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1		3										
2	3											
3	3											
4		3										
5		3							`			

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage over the contact h	ntact hours nned	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)	
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL		PO5)	
1	19	27.1	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
2	14	20	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
3	10	14.2	2	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
4	12	17.14	2	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
5	15	21.4	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3

co1: Analyze the representation of given data using problem solving techniques.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb Therefore correlation is high (3).

co2: Apply the single variable distributions to random variables.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

co3: Apply the stochastic methods and markov chains to random variables.

Action Verb: Apply (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

co4: Analyze the theory of multivariate distributions and Bayesian Inference.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Analyze the constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques in machine learning

and data science.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO2 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).





ATIFICIAL INTELLLIGENCEE (AI)

	Year: 11	1	Semester: 1	Branch of Study	y: A1	בע			
	Course Code	Year & Sem	Ontimization Tashnianas		L	T	P	С	
Ī	20AOE0303	III-I	Optimization Techniques		3	0	0	3	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Apply the knowledge of vector design for optimizing the problems involved with single and multiple variables

CO2: Apply the mathematical procedure for solving the LPP and transportation models

CO3: Understand the unconstrained optimization techniques to solve models related to nonlinear programming

CO4: Understand the constrained optimization techniques to solve models related to nonlinear programming

CO5: Apply the decision making abilities in optimizing the dynamic programming models

СО	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Apply	the knowledge of vector design for		in industry	L3
		optimizing the problems involved			
		with single and multiple variables			
CO2	Apply	the mathematical procedure for		in logistic	L3
		solving the LPP and transportation		related fields	
		models			
CO3	Understand	the unconstrained optimization		in industry	L2
		techniques to solve models related			
		to nonlinear programming			
CO4	Understand	the constrained optimization		in industries	L2
		techniques to solve models related			
		to nonlinear programming			
CO5	Apply	the decision making abilities in		in industrial	L3
		optimizing the dynamic		management	
		programming models			

UNIT - I

Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques: Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems.

Classical Optimization Techniques: Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints. Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – Multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

UNIT - II

Linear Programming: Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

Transportation Problem: Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method

and Vogel's approximation method - testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.

UNIT - III

Unconstrained Nonlinear Programming: One dimensional minimization method, Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method Unconstrained Optimization Techniques: Univariant method, Powell's method and steepest descent method.

UNIT - IV

Constrained Nonlinear Programming: Characteristics of a constrained problem - classification - Basic approach of Penalty Function method - Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods - Introduction to convex programming problem.

UNIT - V

Dynamic Programming: Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

Textbooks:

- 1. Singiresu S. Rao, Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice by John Wiley and Sons, 4th edition, 2009.
- 2. H. S. Kasene & Emp; K. D. Kumar, Introductory Operations Research, Springer (India), Pvt. Ltd., 2004

Reference Books:

- 1. George Bernard Dantzig, Mukund Narain Thapa, "Linear programming", Springer series in operations research 3rd edition, 2003.
- 2. H.A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", 8th Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 3. Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design Algorithms and Examples", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd,

New Delhi, 2005.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gw_ZEUjI9KM&list=PLYihddLF-CgZGDFVwB1v699kvl4FMeAr-

Co po Mapping

Course Title	COs	Progr	ramme	Outco	mes (P	Os) & 1	Prograi	nme S	pecific	Outco	mes (PS	Os)			
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
Optimization	CO1	3		3										2	2
techniques	CO2	3		3		3								2	2
20AOE0303	CO3	2		2		2								2	2
	CO4	2	2											3	2
	CO5	3	3			3								2	2

Correlation matrix

СО	со		Program	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for	Level of
CO	Verb	BTL	Outcomes (PO)	PO1 to PO5)	Correlation
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			PSO1	TR	2
			PSO2	TR	2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			PO5	Apply (L3)	3
			PSO1	TR	2
			PSO2	TR	2
3	CO3:	L2	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
	Understand		PO3	Develop (L3)	2
			PO5	Apply (L3)	2
			PSO1	TR	2
			PSO2	TR	2

4	CO4:	L2	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
	Understand		PO2	Identify (L3)	2
			PSO1	TR	3
			PSO2	TR	2
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	Identify (L3)	3
			PO5	Apply (L3)	3
			PSO1	TR	2
			PSO2	TR	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the knowledge of vector design for optimizing the problems involved with single and multiple variables

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO1: Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO2: Apply the mathematical procedure for solving the LPP and transportation models.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO3: Understand the unconstrained optimization techniques to solve models related to nonlinear programming .

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is lower level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO3 Verb: **Develop (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is lower level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO5 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is lower level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

CO4: Understand the constrained optimization techniques to solve models related to nonlinear programming .

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO1 Action verb is lower level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO2 Verb: **Identify (L3)**

CO1: Action verb is lower level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

CO5: Apply the decision making abilities in optimizing the dynamic programming models.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Cour	se Code	Year & Sem	Internet of Things	L	T	P	С
20A0	OE0552	III-I	internet of Things	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Understand the vision of IoT from the Global Context.
- CO2: **Understand** the concept of Market perspective in M2M and IoT
- CO3: **Understand** the M2M and IoT Technology Fundamentals.
- CO4: Analyze the Architecture of IoT in ETSI, IETF, ITU-T
- CO5: **Apply** the Real world design Constraints and Industrial Automation

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	Vision of IoT from the Global Context			L2
CO2	Understand	the concept of Market Perspective in M2M & IoT			L2
соз	Understand	M2M and IoT Technology Fundamentals			L2
CO4	Analyze	Architecture in IoT	Networks		L4
CO5	Apply	Identify Real World Design Constraints and Industrial Automation			L3

UNIT – I	Introduction to Internet of Things	9 Hrs
Introduction to Inter	net of Things	
Introduction, Physical	Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT Enabling Technologies	. Domain Specific
IoTs Introduction, Ho	ome Automation, cities, Environment, Retail, Agriculture, Inc	dustry, Health &
Lifestyle.		
UNIT – II	IoT and M2M	9 Hrs
IoT and M2M: Introdu	action, M2M, Difference between IoT and M2M, SDN and NFV fo	or IoT. IoT System
Management with NE'	TCONF-YANG Need for IoT Systems Management, Simple Netw	ork Management
Protocol (SNMP), Netv	vork Operator requirements, NETCONF, YANG, IoT System M	Management with
NETCONF-YANG		
UNIT – III	Developing Internet of Things	9 Hrs
Developing Internet	of Things: Introduction, IoT Design Methodology, Case Study	on IoT System for
Weather Monitoring.	Case Studies Illustrating IoT Design: Introduction, Home Au	itomation, Cities,
Environment, Agricult	ure, Productivity Applications.	
UNIT – IV	Advanced Topics	9 Hrs
Advanced Topics: Int	roduction, Apache Hadoop, Using Hadoop Map Reduce for Bate	ch Data Analysis.
IEEE 802.15.4: The I	EEE 802 committee family of protocols, The physical layer, T	he Media Access
control layer, Uses of 8	302.15.4, The Future of 802.15.4: 802.15.4e and 802.15.4g.	
UNIT – V	ZigBee	9 Hrs
ZigBee: Development	of the standard, ZigBee Architecture, Association, The ZigBee ne	twork layer, The
ZigBee APS Layer, The	ZigBee Devices Object (ZDO) and the ZigBee Device Profile (ZDF), Zigbee

Security, The ZigBee Cluster Library (ZCL), ZigBee Applications profiles, The ZigBee Gateway

Specifications for network devices.

Textbooks:

- 1. Internet of Things a Hands-on Approach by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti. University Press.
- 2. The Internet of Things key applications and protocols by Oliver Hersent, David Boswarthick and Omar elloumi, Wiley Student Edition.

Reference Books:

1.Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles and Applications by Raj Kamal MCGraw Hill Edition.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1											1	
CO2	3		3	2	3	2							1	
CO3	3	3	3	3		3		3						1
CO4	3	3	3	2		2								1
CO5		3	3	3		3						3	1	1

Correlation Matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	% Correla		Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlatio n (0-3)
1	11	20%	2	CO1 : Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	2 1
2	11	20%	2	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2
3	11	20%	2	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO8	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	11	20%	2	CO4 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
5	11	20%	2	CO5 : Analyze	L4	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO12	PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO8: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the application and characteristics of IoT

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Apply the network protocols to establish communication between M2M and IoT systems

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Some of IoT applications are used in society for heath ,safety, legal and cultural issues, . Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

CO3: Analyze the behaviour of IoT devices and sensors based on real time case studies

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

It is used to Illustrating the IoT design in Home automation, Cities, Environment, agriculture, productivity applications Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed by IoT Technologies. Hence the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Apply the Map Reduce algorithm on large volume of IoT data for online analytical data processing

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb . Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb . Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level . Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in IEEE protocals. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the Zigbee Standards for controlling and sensing of IoT network

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to Zigbee devices. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

To create robust and scalable networks by Zigbee. Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Design And Analysis Of Algorithms	L	T	P	С
20APE3001	III-I	Design And Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

2nd edition, University Press.2014,

- CO1: **Apply** the Divide and conquer method to solve various problems.
- CO2: **Apply** the greedy and dynamic programming methods to solve real time problems.
- CO3: Evaluate the various problems using traversal, backtracking and searching techniques.
- CO4: **Apply** the branch and bound methods to solve minimization problems.
- CO5: **Analyze** the P, NP, NP hard and NP complete problems for solving reduction problems.

	•				
СО	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Apply	The Divide and conquer		to solve various	L3
		method		problems	
CO2	Apply	The greedy and dynamic		to solve real time	L3
		programming methods		problems.	
CO3	Evaluate	The various problems	Using traversal,		L5
			backtracking and		
			searching techniques.		
CO4	Apply	The branch and bound		to solve	L3
		methods		minimization	
				problems	
CO5	Analyze	The P, NP, NP hard , NP		for solving reduction	L4
	_	complete problems		problems	

UNIT - I		9Hrs
Introduction: What is	s an Algorithm, Algorithm specification, Performance analysis.	
Divide and Conquer:	General method, Binary Search, Finding the maximum and m	ninimum, Merge
sort, Quick Sort, Selec	ction sort, Stressen's matrix multiplication.	
UNIT - II	<u></u>	9 Hrs
Greedy Method: Gen	eral method, Knapsack problem, Job Scheduling with Deadlines	, Minimum cost
Spanning Trees, Optin	nal storage on tapes, Single-source shortest paths.	
Dynamic programm	ing: General Method, Multistage graphs, All-pairs shortest	paths, Optimal
binary search trees, 0	/1 knapsack, The traveling sales person problem.	
UNIT - III		9 Hrs
Basic Traversal and	Search Techniques: Techniques for binary trees, Techniques	ues for Graphs,
Connected component	s and Spanning trees, Bi-connected components and DFS	
Back tracking: General	ral Method, 8 – queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Gra	ph coloring and
Hamiltonian cycles, K	napsack Problem.	
UNIT - IV	ξ	3 Hrs
Branch and Bound	The method, Travelling salesperson, 0/1 Knapsack prob	olem, Efficiency
Considerations.		
Lower Bound Theory	: Comparison trees, Lower bounds through reductions – Multip	olying triangular
matrices, inverting a l	ower triangular matrix, computing the transitive closure.	
UNIT - V	1	10Hrs
NP - Hard and NP -	Complete Problems: NP Hardness, NP Completeness, Conseque	ences of beingin
P, Cook's Theorem, Re	eduction Source Problems, Reductions: Reductions for some kno	wn problems
Textbooks:		

"Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", Ellis Horowitz, S. Satraj Sahani and Rajasekhran,

2. "Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Parag Himanshu Dave, Himanshu Bhalchandra Dave, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. "Introduction to Algorithms", second edition, T.H.Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L.Rivest and C.Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
- 2. "Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms A strategic approach", R.C.T.Lee, S.S.Tseng, R.C.Chang and T.Tsai, Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. "Design and Analysis of algorithms", Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										2	3	
CO2	3	3				2						2	2	
соз	3	3	3	3	3	2						2	2	
CO4	3	3										2	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							2	2	

Correlation matrix

Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	G 1.4					
	, ,	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
17	23%	3	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2
16	22%	3	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO6 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO6: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb	3 3 2 2
16	22%	3	CO3: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb	3 3 3 3 2 2
13	18%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2
12	15%	2	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2
	12			12 15% 2 Analyze	17 15% 7 14	12 15% 2 CO5: Analyze L4 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	12 15% 2 CO5: Analyze L4 PO2 PO3: PO4: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the Divide and conquer method to solve various problems.

Action Verb : Apply (L3) PO1 Verb : Apply(L3) CO1 Action verb is same level of PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Divide and conquer strategy is applied to solve various problems, where the work is distributed to many members to complete that task. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply the greedy and dynamic programming methods to solve real time problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Greedy and dynamic programming concepts were applied to solve traffic problems and finding best route to the destination. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

Finding optimal solution to a real world problems is a continuous activity. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Evaluate the various problems using traversal, backtracking and searching techniques.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

backtracking and searching techniques were applied for GPS. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

backtracking and searching techniques will give optimal solutions to various problems. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the branch and bound methods to solve minimization problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level of PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Lower bound techniques were applied to minimize cost of finding best routes. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)**CO5: Analyze** the P, NP, NP hard and NP complete problems for solving reduction problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is $\,$ greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3) PO12: Thumb rule

In research oriented purpose P, NP concepts can be applied. Therefore the correlation is medium





ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Course Code	Year & Sem	COMPUTER GRAPHICS	L	T	P	
20APE3002	III-I	COMI UTER GRAITIICS	3	0	0	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the over view of Computer Graphics System.

CO2: Evaluate various algorithms based on output primitives.

CO3: Apply Two-dimensional Geometric Transformations for designing clipping of lines and polygons.

CO4: Analyze three dimensional graphics and viewing models.

CO5: Apply the removal of hidden surfaces in computer animation.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the over view of Computer Graphics System			L2
CO2	Evaluate	various algorithms	based on output primitives		L5
CO3	Apply	Two-dimensional Geometric Transformations		for designing clipping of lines and Polygons.	L3
CO4	Analyze	three dimensional graphics and viewing models			L4
CO5	Apply	the removal of hidden		in computer	L3

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										2	3	
CO2	3	3				2						2	2	
соз	3	3	3	3	3	2						2	2	
CO4	3	3										2	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							2	2	

UNIT - I OVERVIEW OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS SYSTEM	9 Hrs
OverView of Computer Graphics System - Video display devices - Raster Scan a	and random scan
system – Input devices – Hard copy devices.	
UNIT - II OUTPUT PRIMITIVES AND ATTRIBUTES	9Hrs
Drawing line, circle and ellipse generating algorithms – Scan line algorithm – Chara	cterGeneration –
attributes of lines, curves and characters – Antialiasing.	
UNIT - III TWO DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS TRANSFORMATIONS AND VIEWING	9 Hrs
Two-dimensional Geometric Transformations - Windowing and Clipping - Clipp	ing of lines and
clipping of polygons.	
UNIT - IV THREE DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS AND VIEWING	9 Hrs

Three-dimensional concepts – Object representations- Polygon table, Quadric surfaces, Splines, Bezier curves and surfaces – Geometric and Modelling transformations – Viewing - Parallel and perspective projections.

UNIT - V REMOVAL OF HIDDEN SURFACES

9 Hrs

Visible Surface Detection Methods - Computer Animation.

Textbooks:

Hearn, D. and Pauline Baker, M., Computer Graphics (C-Version), 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Neuman, W.M., and Sproull, R.F., Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 1979.
- 2. Roger, D.F., Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 1985.
- 3. Asthana, R.G.S and Sinha, N.K., Computer Graphics, New Age Int. Pub. (P) Ltd., 1996.
- 4. Floey, J.D., Van Dam, A, Feiner, S.K. and Hughes, J.F, Computer Graphics, Pearson Education, 2001.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fwzYuhduME4&list=PL338D19C40D6D1732

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	CO		Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of				
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2				
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3				
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
2	CO2: Evaluate	L5	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3				
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3				
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3				
3	CO3: Apply	LS	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3				
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	L4	L4	L4	L4	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2				
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3				
`			PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3				
			PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2				
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2				

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the over view of Computer Graphics System.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Computer Graphics Systems implementation is needed in current scenario. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Evaluate various algorithms based on output primitives.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Development of algorithms using output primitives is a continuous activity. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO3: Apply Two-dimensional Geometric Transformations for designing clipping of lines and polygons.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level asPO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Two-dimensional Geometric Transformation is regular activity for graphics enhancements. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Analyze three dimensional graphics and viewing models.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Three dimensional graphics and viewing models are widely using models. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Apply the removal of hidden surfaces in computer animation.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Removal of hidden surfaces in computer animation is regular activity. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III SEMESTER: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	ADHOC & SENSOR NETWORKS	L	T	P	С
20APE3003	III-I	ADITOC & SENSON NET WORKS	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the basics of IEEE 802.11 standard and Ad-hoc networks.
- CO2: **Analyze** the various design issues of MAC protocol for ADHOC networks
- CO3: **Apply** the different routing protocol for ADHOC networks
- CO4: **Evaluate** the various multi-cast routing approaches for ADHOC networks
- CO5: **Analyze** the various security concepts in ADHOC Wireless network

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basics of IEEE 802.11 standard and Ad-hoc networks			L2
CO2	Analyze	the various design issues of MAC protocol		for ADHOC networks	L4
СОЗ	Apply	the different routing protocol		for ADHOC networks	L3
CO4	Evaluate	the various multi-cast routing approaches		for ADHOC networks	L5
CO5	Analyze	the various security concepts in ADHOC Wireless network			L4

UNIT - I IEEE 802 Networking Standard 9 Hrs IEEE 802 Networking Standard. Fundamentals of WLANs, IEEE 802.11 standard. What is Wireless Internet?, Mobile IP, Cellular and Adhoc Wireless Networks, Applications of Adhoc Networks, Issues in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Ad Hoc Wireless Internet. UNIT - II Issues in Designing a MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Issues in Designing a MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Design Goals of a MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of MAC Protocols, Contention-Based Protocols with Reservation Mechanisms, Contention-Based MAC Protocols with Scheduling Mechanisms, MAC Protocols that used Directional Antennas, Other MAC Protocols.

UNIT - III Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless
Networks 8 Hrs

Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Routing Protocols, Table-Driven Routing Protocols, On-Demand Routing Protocols, Hybrid Routing Protocols, Hierarchical Routing Protocols, Power-Aware Routing Protocols

UNIT - IV Multicast Routing in Ad hoc Wireless Networks 8 Hrs

Multicast Routing in Ad hoc Wireless Networks- Issues in Designing a Multicast Routing Protocol, Operation of Multicast Routing Protocols, An architecture reference model for multicast routing protocols, Classifications of Multicast Routing Protocols, Tree-Based Multicast Routing Protocols, Mesh-Based Multicast Routing Protocols, Summary of Tree and Mesh-Based Protocols. Issues in Designing a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Design Goals of a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Transport Layer Solutions. TCP over Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks.

UNIT - V Security in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks 10 Hrs

Security in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Key Management, Secure Routing in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks. Wireless Sensor Networks- Introduction, Sensor Network Architecture, Data Dissemination, Data Gathering, MAC Protocols for Sensor Networks, Location Discovery, Quality of a

Sensor Network, Evolving Standards, Other issues.

Textbooks:

Murthy, C. Siva Ram, and B. S. Manoj. Ad hoc wireless networks: Architectures and protocols. Pearson Education India, 2004.

Reference Books:

- 1. Carlos De Morais Cordeiro, Dharma Prakash Agrawal "Ad Hoc & Sensor Networks: Theory and Applications", World Scientific Publishing Company, 2006.
- 2. Feng Zhao and Leonides Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks", Elsevier Publication -2002.
- 3. Holger Karl and Andreas Willig "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", Wiley, 2005

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3		3										
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3								
СОЗ	3	3	3	2	3									
CO4	1	1		3										
CO5		3	3	3	3		3					3		

Correlation matrix

Unit			Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1:Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO4	PO4: Interpret(L2)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
2	CO2 : Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
4		L+	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			P06	PO6: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	1
4	COA . E1to	L5	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	1
4	CO4 : Evaluate	FO	PO4	PO4: Interpret(L5)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	1
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
5	00F .Anol	T 4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
Э	CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3

Justification Statements

CO1: **Understand** the basics of IEEE 802.11 standard and Ad-hoc networks.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Interpret(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO2: Analyze the various design issues of MAC protocol for ADHOC networks

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb .Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

For designing protocols for various design issues we need to take safety rules. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO3: **Apply** the different routing protocol for ADHOC networks

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the various multi-cast routing approaches for ADHOC networks

Action Verb : Evaluate(L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is two levels lower than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is two levels lower than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO5: Interpret(L5)

CO3 Action verb is one level lower than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

CO5: **Analyze** the various security concepts in ADHOC Wireless network

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to analyze the security breaches. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Security applications, Various security issues need to be learned continuously. Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: I Branch of study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LAB	L	T	P	C
20APC3018	III-I	AKTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LAD	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Apply** the Searching Algorithm for finding shortest path.
- **CO 2: Analyze** the informed and un-informed search for puzzle solving.
- **CO 3: Apply** the Back tracking Algorithm to the N Queen problem.
- CO 4: Analyze the AI algorithms to implement simple Chatbot.
- **CO 5: Apply** the NLTK to implement Lemmatization and POS.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Criteria Bloc leve				
CO1	Apply	the Searching Algorithm		for finding shortest path	L3		
CO2	Analyze	the informed and un- informed search		for puzzle solving.	L4		
соз	Apply	the Back tracking Algorithm		to the N Queen problem	L3		
CO4	Analyze	the AI algorithms		to implement simple Chatbot	L4		
CO5	Apply	the NLTK		to implement Lemmatization and POS	L3		

List of Experiments

- 1. Write a Program to Implement BFS and DFS.(CO1)
- 2. Write a Program to find the solution for travelling sales person problem. (CO1)
- 3. Write a program to implement simulated annealing Algorithm. (CO1)
- 4. Write a Program to Implement Tic-Tac-Toe game. (CO2)
- 5. Write a Program to Implement 8-Puzzle problem. (CO2)
- 6. Write a program to implement Towers of Hanoi problem. (CO2)
- 7. Write a program to implement A* Algorithm. (CO2)
- 8. Write a Program to Implement Water-Jug problem. (CO2)
- 9. Write a program to implement Hangman game. (CO2)
- 10. Write a program to solve N Queen problem using backtracking. (CO3)
- 11. Generate Calendar for the given month and year using a python program. (CO4)
- 12. Write a program to implement simple Chatbot. (CO4)
- 13. Write a program to remove stop words for a given passage from a text file using NLTK. (CO5)
- 14. Write a program to implement stemming for a given sentence using NLTK. (CO5)
- 15. Write a program to POS (Parts of Speech) tagging for the give sentence using NLTK. (CO5)
- 16. Write a program to implement Lemmatization using NLTK. (CO5)

Reference Books:

- 1. Tensorflow: https://www.tensorflow.org/
- 2. Pytorch: https://pytorch.org/,
- 3. https://github.com/pytorch
- 4. Theano: http://deeplearning.net/software/theano/ https://github.com/Theano/Theano
- 5. https://www.nltk.org/

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										3		3
CO2	3	3		3	3							3		3
CO3	3		3	3	3							3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3								3		3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3								3	3

Correlation matrix

Correlat	ion matrix				
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	3 3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 2 3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Apply the Searching Algorithm for finding shortest path.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is Same PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Analyze the informed and un-informed search for puzzle solving.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 3: Apply the Back tracking Algorithm to the N Queen problem.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is Less than as PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Chatbot construction is a continues learning process for the users to communicate AI the correlation is high (3)

CO 4: Analyze the AI algorithms to implement simple Chatbot.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

NLTK is continuous learning process for programmers to implement so the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Apply the NLTK to implement Lemmatization and POS.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

 Year: III
 Semester: I
 Branch of Study: AIDS

 Course Code
 Year & Sem
 Principles of Data Science Lab
 L
 T
 P
 C

 20APC3016
 III-I
 Principles of Data Science Lab
 0
 0
 3
 1.5

- **CO 1: Apply** the basic concepts of R Programming to implementation.
- **CO 2: Analyze** the concepts of R script for extracting data from data frames and performing file operations.
- CO 3: Analyze the different statistical techniques by using R.
- **CO 4: Apply** the Add-on packages to extend the functionality of R.
- CO 5: Apply the R graphics and tables to visualize the results of various statistical operations

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	the basic concepts of R Programming		to implementation	L3
CO2	Analyze	the concepts of R script for extracting data		from data frames and performing file operations.	L4
соз	Analyze	the different statistical techniques	by using R.		L4
CO4	Apply	the Add-on packages		to extend the functionality of R.	L3
CO5	Apply	the R graphics and tables		to visualize the results of various statistical operations on data.	L3

List of Tasks

1. INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTING (CO1)

- a) Installation of R
- b) The basics of R syntax, workspace
- c) Matrices and lists
- d) Subsetting
- e) System-defined functions; the help system
- f) Errors and warnings; coherence of the workspace

2. GETTING USED TO R: DESCRIBING DATA(CO1)

- a) Viewing and Manipulating Data
- b) Plotting Data
- c) Reading the Data from console, file (.csv) local disk and Web
- d) Working with larger datasets

3. VISUALIZING DATA (CO1)

- a) Tables, charts and plots.
- b) Visualizing Measures of Central Tendency, Variation, and Shape.
- c) Box plots, Pareto diagrams.
- d) Find the mean, media, standard deviation and quantiles of a set of observations. Note: Experiment with real as well as artificial data sets.

4. BINOMIAL DISTRIBUTION (CO2)

- a) Study of binomial distribution.
- b) Plots of density and distribution functions.
- c) Normal approximation to the Binomial distribution.

5. PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS(CO2)

- a) Random number generation Distributions, the practice of simulation
- b) Generate and Visualize Discrete and continuous distributions using the statistical environment.
- c) Demonstration of CDF and PDF uniform and normal, binomial Poisson distributions.
- d) Generate artificial data using and explore various distribution and its properties. Various parameter changes may be studied.

6. EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS(CO3)

Demonstrate Range, summary, mean, variance, median, standard deviation, histogram, box plot, scatterplot

7. DENSITIES OF RANDOM VARIABLES(CO3)

- a) Distributions in R
- b) Matching a Density to Data
- c) Making Histograms

8. CORRELATION(CO3)

- a) How to calculate the correlation between two variables.
- b) How to make scatter plots. c) Use the scatter plot to investigate the relationship between two variables

9. TESTS OF HYPOTHESES(CO4)

- a) Perform tests of hypotheses about the mean when the variance is known.
- b) Compute the p-value.
- c) Explore the connection between the critical region, the test statistic, and the p-value

10. ESTIMATING A LINEAR RELATIONSHIP(CO4)

Demonstration on a Statistical Model for a Linear Relationship

- a) Least Squares Estimates
- b) The R Function lm
- c) Scrutinizing the Residuals

11. APPLY-TYPE FUNCTIONS(CO5)

- a) Defining user defined classes and operations, Models and methods in R
- b) Customizing the user's environment
- c) Conditional statements
- d) Loops and iterations

12. STATISTICAL FUNCTIONS IN R(CO5)

- a) Demonstrate Statistical functions in R
- b) Statistical inference, contingency tables, chi-square goodness of fit, regression, generalized linear models, advanced modeling methods IV.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Maria Dolores Ugarte , Ana F. Militino , Alan T. Arnholt "Probability and Statistics with R" 2nd Edition on, CRC Press, 2016.
- 2. P. Dalgaard. "Introductory Statistics with R" Springer, 2nd Edition, 2008. V.

WEB REFERENCES:

1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106104135/48 2. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/110106064/

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	3				9									
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	3		3							2	2	
CO2	3	3	3		3								2	
CO3	3	1	1		1								2	
CO4	3	2	3	3	2							2	2	2
CO5	3	3											2	2

Correlation Matrix

	со		Program		
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	3
	CO2. Allalyze		PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Formulate (L6)	1
3	COS. Allalyze		PO3	PO3: Design(L6)	1
			PO5	PO5: Create (L6)	1
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
3	COS. Apply	Lo	PO2	PO2:Review (L2)	3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Apply the basic concepts of R Programming to implementation.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Different techniques are used to generate solution for error correction the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 2: Analyze the concepts of R script for extracting data from data frames and performing file operations.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 3: Analyze the different statistical techniques by using R.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO5: create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

CO 4: Apply the Add-on packages to extend the functionality of R.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Congestion control techniques are used to solve congestion problems the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 5: Apply the R graphics and tables to visualize the results of various statistical operations **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III		Semester: I Branch	of Study	/: AI	DS
Course Code	Year & Sem		L	Т	P

Course Code	Year & Sem	Conversational AI / AI Chatbot	L	T	P	С
20ASC3003	III-I	Conversational AI / AI Chatbot	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1: Understand** the AI Applications, Chatbots in Different Message platforms.
- **CO 2: Understand** the basics of bot building and design principles.
- **CO 3: Apply** the chatbot methods for different training and testing assistance.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the Chatbot and NLU classifier for voice assistants.
- **CO 5: Create** the Chatbot for Deploying the different applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand	the AI Applications, Chatbots		in Different Message platforms	L2
CO2	Understand	the basics of bot building		design principles	L2
соз	Apply	the chatbot methods		for different training and testing assistance.	L3
CO4	Analyze	the Chatbot and NLU classifier		for voice assistants	L5
CO5	Create	the Chatbot		for Deploying the different applications	L6

UNIT - 1:

Introduction to Chatbots, Setting Up the Developer Environment, What are chatbots? Journey of Chatbots, Rise of Chatbots, Messaging Platforms, Botframework, Local Installation

UNIT - 2:

Basics of Bot Building, Advanced Bot Building, Intents, Entities, Design principles, showing product results, saving messages, Building your own intent classifier

UNIT - 3:

Building Chatbots the easy way, Introduction to dialog flow, building a food ordering chatbot, deploying dialog flow chatbot on the web, Integrate dialog flow chatbot on Facebook messenger, Fulfilment

UNIT – 4:

Building Chatbots the hard way, What is Rasa NLU? Training and building a chatbot from scratch, Dialog management using Rasa core, writing custom actions of chatbot, Data preparing for training the bot, Testing the bot

UNIT - 5

Deploying your chatbot, First steps, Rasa's credential management, Deploying the chatbot on Facebook, Deploying the chatbot on slack, Deploying the chatbot on your own

Textbooks:

- 1. Rashid Khan, Anik Das "Build Better Chatbots", Apress, 2018.
- 2. Sumit Raj "Building Chatbots with Python", Apress, 2019.

Reference Books:

1. Conversational AI: Chatbots that workBy Andrew Freed, 2021

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	3	2	2								2	1
CO2	2	2	3	2	2								1	
CO3	3	3	3	2						2	2			
CO4	3	3	3	3							3		2	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3					3	3	3	2	1

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
_			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	2
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO3	PO3: Select(L1)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Design(L6)	2
2	CO2: Understand	L2	PO3	PO3: Select(L1)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
•	GGG: A1		PO3	PO3: Select(L1)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO10	PO10: Thumb Rule	2
			P011	PO11: Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
4	CO4: Analyze	L5	PO3	PO3: Select(L1)	3
	** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		PO4	PO4: Apply(L3)	3
			PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Idenify(L3)	3
			PO3	PO3: Select(L1)	3
5	COE: Coests	L6	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
5	CO5: Create	ГР	PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO10	PO10: Thumb Rule	3
			PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the AI Applications, Chatbots in Different Message platforms.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Select(L1)

CO1 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 2: Understand the basics of bot building and design principles.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is lesser than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is lesser than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Select(L1)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is lesser than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is lesser than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 3: Apply the chatbot methods for different training and testing assistance.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Select(L1)

CO3 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than as PO4 verb by one level . Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO3 Creating chatbot, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO3 Using chatbot to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 4: Analyze the Chatbot and NLU classifier for voice assistants.

Action Verb: Analyze(L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Select(L1)

CO4 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is more than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO4 chatbot in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Create the Chatbot for Deploying the different applications.

Action Verb: Create(L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Select(L1)

CO5 Action verb is more than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is more than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO5 Using dialog flow in Chatbots, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO5 Using Chatbot to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumbrule

CO5 Using Chatbot, lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change, therefore the correlation is (3)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III		Semester: I	Branch of S	itudy	<u>/: AII</u>	DS	
Course Code	Year & Sem	BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS		L	T	P	С
20AMC9901	III-I	BIOLOGI FOR ENGINEERS		3	0	0	0

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the structure of cells and basics in living organisms

CO2: Understand the importance of various biomolecules and enzymes in living organisms

CO3: Analyze the functioning of physiology in respiratory system and digestive system.

CO4: Understand the DNA technology and gen cloning in living organisms.

CO5: Apply the biological principles in different technologies for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals.

СО	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
1	Understand	the structure of cells and basics in living organisms			L2
2	Understand	the importance of various biomolecules and enzymes		in living organisms	L2
3	Analyze	the functioning of physiology		in respiratory system and digestive system	L4
4	Understand	the DNA technology and gen cloning		in living organisms	L2
5	Apply	the biological principles in different technologies	for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals		L3

Unit I: Introduction to Basic Biology

(10 hrs.)

Evolution: Different patterns of evolution, Darwin's theory of evolution, Cell as Basic unit of life, cell theory, Cell shapes, Cell structure, Cell cycle. Chromosomes. Prokaryotic and eukaryotic Cell. Plant Cell, Animal Cell, Plant tissues and Animal tissues, Brief introduction to five kingdoms of classification, Tissue Engineering.

Unit II: Introduction to Biomolecules

(10 hrs.)

Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, Vitamins and minerals, Nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) and their types. Enzymes, Enzyme application in Industry. Large scale production of enzymes by Fermentation.

Unit III: Human Physiology

(09 hrs.)

Digestive system, Respiratory system, (aerobic and anaerobic Respiration). Respiratory organs, respiratory cycle, Central Nerves System and Excretory system.

Unit IV: Introduction to Molecular Biology and recombinant DNA Technology (09 hrs.)

Prokaryotic gene and Eukaryotic gene structure. DNA replication, Transcription and Translation. DNA technology. Introduction to gene cloning.

Unit V: Application of Biology

(10 hrs.)

Brief introduction to industrial Production of Enzymes, Pharmaceutical and therapeutic Proteins, Vaccines and antibodies. Basics of biosensors, Properties and Classification of virus, Immune

response to virus, Definitions-Pandemic, Epidemic and outbreak, pandemic alert system ranges, Prevention of pandemic disease and pandemic preparation.

Text books:

- 1. P.K.Gupta, Cell and Molecular Biology, 5th Edition, Rastogi Publications
- 2. U. Satyanarayana. Biotechnology, Books & Allied Ltd 2017

Reference Books:

- 1. N. A. Campbell, J. B. Reece, L. Urry, M. L. Cain and S. A. Wasserman, "Biology: A Global Approach", Pearson Education Ltd, 2018.
- 2. T Johnson, Biology for Engineers, CRC press, 2011
- 3. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology 2nd ed. Panima Publications. PP 434.
- 4. David Hames, Instant Notes in Biochemistry –2016
- 5. Phil Tunner, A. Mctennan, A. Bates & M. White, Instant Notes Molecular Biology 2014.
- 6. Richard Dawkins, River Out of Eden: A Darwinian View of Life

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

С	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO								
О	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
1						2								
2						2						2		
3						2				1				
4						2								
5						2						2		

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage hours over planned of	er the tot	al		СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Register (Hrs)	Lesson % Plan (Hrs)		corr	Verb B7			(for PO1 to PO5)	
1	10	(223)	20	2	Understand	L2	PO6	PO6:	2
2	10		20	2	Understand	L2	PO6,PO12	PO6: PO12:	2,2
3	9		18	1	Understand	L2	PO6	PO6	2
4	9		18	1	Understand	L2	PO6	PO6	2
5	10		20	2	Apply	L3	PO6,PO12	PO6: PO12:	2,2
	48								

CO1: Understand the structure of cells and basics in living organisms Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the role of biomolecules in industry.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 andpo12 as moderate (2).

CO3: Understand the functioning of physiology in respiratory system and digestive system

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand DNA technology in living organisms.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO5: Apply the biological principles in different technologies for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 and PO12 as moderate (2).

(AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS)
(Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester VI (Third year)

SI. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title		lou: pe: wee	•	Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				L	Т	P	С			
1	PC	20APC3020	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	PC	20APC3022	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PC	20APC3024	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4		20APE3004	Software Engineering for AI	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
	PE - 2	20APE3005	Game Programming	3	0	0				
		20APE3006	Introduction To NoSQL Database	3	0	0				
5	PC LAB	20APC3021	Big Data Analytics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
6	PC LAB	20APC3023	Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PC LAB	20APC3025	Cloud Computing Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SC	20ASA0502	Soft Skills	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
9	Mandatory Course (AICTE Suggested)	20AMC9904	Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	0	0	0	30	0	30
			Total credits	3			18.5	340	490	830
	Ind	ustrial/Research	ı Internship (Mandatory) 2 I	Mor	ıths	dur	ing summe	er vacat	ion	



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III	Semester: II	Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Big Data Analytics	L	T	P	С
20APC3020	III-II		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, Student will able to

CO1: Understand the concepts and challenges of hadoop in big data.

CO2: Evaluate the existing modern technologies related to big data Analytics

CO3: Analyze the different formats to perform operations on big data Analytics

CO4: Apply the large scale analytics tools to solve open big data problem.

CO5: Analyze the big data applications using modern tools Hive and spark

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloom s level
CO1	Understand	the concepts and challenges of hadoop in big data			L2
CO2	Evaluate	the Exiting modern technologies		related to big data Analytics	L5
соз	Analyze	the Different formats		to perform operation on big data Analytics	L4
CO4	Apply	the Large scale analytics tools		to solve open big data problem	L3
CO5	Analyze	the Big data application	using modern tools Hive and Spark		L4

UNIT - I

Introduction to Big Data: What is Big Data? Why Big Data is Important? Meet Hadoop, Data, Data Storage and Analysis, Comparison with other systems, History of Apache Hadoop, Hadoop Ecosystem, VMWare Installation of Hadoop. Analyzing the Data with Hadoop, Scaling Out.

UNIT - II

HDFS: The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, The Command-Line Interface, Hadoop File systems, The Java Interface, Data flow.

MapReduce: Developing a MapReduce application, The Configuration API, Setting up the Development Environment, Running Locally on Test Data, Running on a Cluster

UNIT- III

How MapReduce Works: Anatomy of a MapReduce, Job Run, Failures, Shuffle and Sort, Task Execution. MapReduce Types and Formats:MapReduce Types, Input formats, output formats.

UNIT - IV

Hadoop Environment: Setting up a Hadoop Cluster, Cluster specification, Cluster Setup and Installation, Hadoop Configuration, Security.

Pig: Installing and Running Pig, an Example, Comparison with Databases, Pig Latin, User-Defined Functions, Data Processing Operators.

UNIT - V

Hive: Installing Hive, Running Hive, Comparison with traditional Databases, HiveQL, Tables, Querying Data. **Spark:** Installing Spark, Resilient Distributed Datasets, Shared Variables, Anatomy of a Spark Job Run. HBase: HBasics, Installation, clients, Building an Online Query Application.

Textbooks:

- 1. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" Fourth Edition, O'reilly Media, 2015.
- 2. Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging business intelligence and analytic trends for today's businesses, Michael Minnelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, Wiley Cio Series

Reference Books:

- 1. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data , John Wiley & Sons, 2007 Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly, 2011.
- 2. Michael Berthold, David J.Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Spingers, 2007.
- 3. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Uderstanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, McGraw Hill Publishing, 2012.
- 4. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David UIIman, Mining of Massive Datasets Cambridge University Press, 2012.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	3	3		3	3							3		
CO3	3	3		3						1		3		
CO4	3	3		2								2		
CO5	3	3		3								3	1	

Correlation matrix

Unit no	СО					Program Outcome	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to	Level of Correlation
	Lesson Plan(H rs)	%	Corr elati on	Co's Action verb	BTL	(PO)	PO12)	(0-3)
1	10	19%	2	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	12	22%	3	CO2: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Select(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
3	10	19%	2	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	11	20%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2
5	11	20%	2	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
	54	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concepts and challenges of hadoop in big data.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

CO2: Evaluate the existing modern technologies related to big data Analytics **Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)**

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Select (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use some different technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the different formats to perform operations on big data Analytics Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use map reduce and H base technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Apply the large scale analytics tools to solve open big data problem.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use map reduce applications to test and debug big data. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

CO5: Analyze the big data applications using modern tools Hive and spark.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identity (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO5 Action verb same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use to create data base application using Hive and NoSQL technologies to handling big data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III	Semester: II	Branch of Study	: AI	DS

Course Code	Year & Sem	MACHINE LEARNING	L	T	P	
20APC3022	III-II		3	0	0	

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Apply the supervised learning techniques for few machine learning problems
- CO2: **Evaluate** the hypotheses by comparing its learning algorithms
- CO3: **Analyze** the Unsupervised learning methods using clustering methods.
- CO4: Evaluate the machine learning algorithms using linear discrimination methods.
- CO5: Evaluate the decision making problems by using SVM and graphical models

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	The supervised learning techniques		for few machine learning problems	L3
CO2	Evaluate	The hypotheses	by comparing its learning algorithms		L5
CO3	Analyze	The Unsupervised learning methods	using clustering methods.		L4
CO4	Evaluate	The machine learning algorithms	using linear discrimination methods		L5
CO5	Evaluate	The decision making problems	by using SVM and graphical models		L5

UNIT - I							9 Hı	rs
What is	Machine	Learning?,	Examples	of mach	nine learning	applications,	supervised	Learning:
learning	a class fi	rom example	es, Vapnik-	Chervon	nenkis dimer	sion, probably	approxima	tely correct

learning, noise, learning multiple classes, regression, model selection and generalization, dimensions of a supervised machine learning algorithm. **Decision Tree Learning:** Introduction, Decisions Tree representation, Appropriate problems for

decision tree learning, the basic decision tree learning algorithm, Hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in decision tree learning, issues in decision tree learning.

UNIT - II 9Hrs

Evaluating Hypotheses: Motivation, Estimating hypothesis accuracy, basics of sampling theory, a general approach for deriving confidence intervals, differences in error of two hypothesis, comparing learning algorithms.

Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes Theorem, Bayes Theorem and Concept Learning, Maximum Likelihood and least squared error hypothesis, Maximum Likelihood hypothesis for predicting probabilities, Minimum Description Length Principle, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Gibbs Algorithm, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Network, EM Algorithm.

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

Dimensionality Reduction: Introduction, Subset selection, principle component analysis, feature embedding, factor analysis, singular value decomposition and matrix factorization, multidimensional scaling, linear discriminant analysis, canonical correlation analysis, Isomap, Locally linear embedding, laplacian eigenmaps.

Clustering: Introduction, Mixture densities, K- Means clustering, Expectations- Maximization algorithm, Mixture of latent variable models, supervised learning after clustering, spectral clustering, Hierarchal clustering, Choosing the number of clusters.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Linear Discrimination: Introduction, Generalizing the linear model, geometry of the linear discrimination, pair wise separation, parametric discrimination revisited, gradient descent, logistic discrimination, discrimination by regression, learning to rank.

UNIT - V		9 Hrs
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Kernel Machines: Introduction, Optimal separating hyperplane, the non-separable case: Soft Margin Hyperplane, v-SVM, kernel Trick, Vectorial kernels, defining kernels, multiple kernel learning, multicast kernel machines, kernel machines for regression, kernel machines for ranking, one-class kernel machines, large margin nearest neighbor classifier, kernel dimensionality reduction.

Graphical models: Introduction, Canonical cases for conditional independence, generative models, d separation, belief propagation, undirected Graphs: Markov Random fields, Learning the structure of a graphical model, influence diagrams.

Textbooks:

- 1. Machine Learning Tom M. Mitchell McGraw Hill Education, 2017
- 2. Introduction to Machine learning, Ethem Alpaydin, PHI, 3rd Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

- 1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis Chapman and Hall/CRC; 2nd edition, 2014
- 2. Machine Learning For Beginners: A Comprehensive Guide To Understand Machine Learning. How It Works And How Is Correlated To Artificial Intelligence And Deep Learning, Chris Neil, Alicex Ltd, 2020

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r4sgKrRL2Ys&list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaliy295pg6 SY5qznc77

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2				2							3	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2			3				3	3	2
соз	3	3	3	3	3								3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	2			3				3	2	
CO5	3	3	2	2	2			3				3		

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlation	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	and BTL(for PO1	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)			verb		(PO)	to PO12)	(0-3)
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
1	13	19%	2	CO1: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	2
						PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
				COA		PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	2
2	12	18%	2	CO2:	L5	PO4	PO4: Design (L6)	2
				Évaluate		PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	2
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
				G0.		PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
3	18	26%	3	CO3:	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
				Analyze		PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
4	12	18%	2	CO4:	L5	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3
				Evaluate		PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	2
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
						PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	2
5	13	19%	2	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO4	PO4: Design (L6)	2
						PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	2
						PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
	(0)	100.0/				PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
	68	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the supervised learning techniques for few machine learning problems

Action Verb : Apply (L3) PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level of PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one levels. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO6: Thumb rule

Some of the machine learning models will provide solutions to current societal problems. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Evaluate the hypotheses by comparing its learning algorithms

Action Verb : Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

While creating hypothesis one need to follow the ethical principles. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In current scenario all machine learning models are updating so one needs to follow the change. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the Unsupervised learning methods using clustering methods.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level of PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level of PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

CO4: Evaluate the machine learning algorithms using linear discrimination methods.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater level of PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

some ethical principles will apply while training a model using discrimination mothods. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In today's world training a machine is big challenge to the developers, it is a continuous learning process. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Evaluate the decision making problems by using SVM and graphical models

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

While making decisions for solving real world problems one must follow the ethical principles. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For developing solutions for future problems a continuous study is need. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III	Semester: II	Branch of Study	: AI	DS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Cloud Computing	L	T	P	С
20APC3024	III-II	cloud computing	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the basics concepts of cloud computing
- CO2: **Analyze** the cloud architecture and service delivery models
- CO3: **Analyze** the <u>need</u> for virtualization in a cloud environment.
- CO4: **Evaluate** the map reducing programming model using Hadoop tools
- CO5: **Apply** the CIA traid and disaster management for cloud security

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The basics concepts of cloud computing			L2
CO2	Analyze	The cloud architecture and service delivery models			L4
CO3	Analyze	the need for virtualization		in a cloud environment	L4
CO4	Evaluate	The map reducing programming model	using Hadoop tools		L5
CO5	Apply	The CIA traid and disaster management		For cloud security	L3

UNIT - I	9	Hrs
Introduction to Clo	oud: Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Comput	ing, Defining a
Cloud, Characteristic	cs and Benefits, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing Reference Mod	del, Challenges
Ahead, Historical De	evelopments, Applications of cloud computing: Healthcare, er	nergy systems,
transportation, man	nufacturing, education, government, mobile communication	n, application
development.		
UNIT - II	9	Hrs
Cloud Computing	Architecture: Introduction, NIST reference architecture, Clo	oud Reference
Model,Infrastructure	/ Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Se	ervice, Types of
Clouds, Public Cloud	ds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Economics	s of the Cloud,
Open Challenges, Clo	oud Interoperability and Standards, Scalability and Fault Tolerand	ce
UNIT - III		9 Hrs
Virtualization: Introd	duction to Virtualization concept & Hypervisors, Pros and Cons of	Virtualization,
Virtual Machine (VM)	I), implementation Levels of Virtualization, Virtualization Structu	ares/Tools and
Mechanisms, Types o	of Hypervisors, Virtualization of CPU, Memory, and I/O Devices, V	irtual Clusters
and Resource Manage	ement, Virtualization for Data-Center Automation.	
UNIT - IV	9	Hrs
Programming Model	: Introduction to Hadoop Framework - Mapreduce, Input split	ting, map and
reduce functions, spe	ecifying input and output parameters, configuring and running a	job – Design of
Hadoop file system, H	HDFS concepts, dataflow of File read & File write, map reduce appl	ications
Cloud Platforms in I	Industry: Amazon Web Services- Compute Services, Storage Services	ces.
UNIT - V	9	Hrs
Cloud Security &	Disaster Recovery: Cloud Security: Risks, privacy and privacy	rivacy impacts
assessments; Multi-te	tenancy issues, security in VM, OS, virtualization system secur	rity issues and

vulnerabilities; Virtualization system-specific attacks: Technologies for virtualization-based security

enhancement, legal.

Disaster Recovery: Disasters in the Cloud, Disaster Management, Compromise Response Disaster Recovery

Textbooks:

- Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S.Thamarai Selvi from TMH 2013. George Reese Cloud Application Architectures, First Edition, O" Reilly Media 2009.
- Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.

Reference Books:

- Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in Your Enterprise A Step-by-Step Guide by David S. Linthicum from Pearson 2010.
- Cloud Computing 2 nd Edition by Dr. Kumar Saurabh from Wiley India 2012.
- Cloud Computing web based Applications that change the way you work and collaborate Online - Micheal Miller. Pearson Education.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLmcndht8X48zKf-jqk9xY5Wg_AhXR8aHb

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2											1	
CO2	3	3			3								2	1
CO3	3	3		2	3				3	3			2	
CO4			3	2	3				2				2	2
CO5		3	3	2		2		2				2	2	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	со					Program Outcome	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1	Level of Correlatio
	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BT L	(PO)	to PO12)	n (0-3)
1	13	22 %	3	CO1:Understan	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	15	25 %	3	CO2:Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO5: Apply(L3)	3 3 3
3	11	19 %	2	CO3:Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Develop(L3) PO9: Thumb rule PO10: Thumbrule	3 3 3 3 3
4	11	19 %	2	CO4:Evaluate	L5	PO3 PO4 PO5 PO9	PO3: Develop(13) PO4:Interpret(L5) PO5: Create(L6) PO9: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3
5	9	15 %	2	CO5:Apply	L3	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO8 PO12	PO2:Review(L2) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2 2 2 2
	59	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basics concepts of cloud computing

Action Verb : **Understand(L2)**

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Identify(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Analyze the cloud architecture and service delivery models

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO3: Analyze the need for virtualization in a cloud environment.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud provider and consumers. Hence the correlation is high(3)

PO10: Thumb rule

Effective communication is required, reports to be generated between cloud users and providers. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Evaluate the map reducing programming model using Hadoop tools

Action Verb : Evaluate(L5)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Interpret (L5)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud provider and consumers in multi disciplinary activities. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Apply the CIA traid and disaster management for cloud security

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a cloud and providing services to cloud. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud consumers and providers. Hence the correlation is medium(2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of real world applications we use cloud services. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III	Semester: II	Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Software Engineering for AI	L	T	P	С
20APE3004	III-II		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** the Artificial Intelligence problems and software methods.
- CO 2: Analyse the software system to introduce new paradigms for System Engineering.
- **CO 3: Analyse** the utilization of exploratory programming in Machine Learning by assessing the performance of ML models.
- **CO 4: Apply** the knowledge for software development through expert systems.
- **CO 5: Evaluate** the integration of AI into practical software to reduce complexity.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO 1	Understand	the Artificial Intelligence problems and software methods			L2
CO 2	Analyse	the software system to introduce new paradigms	for System Engineering		L4
CO 3	Analyse	the utilization of exploratory programming in machine learning	by assessing the performance of machine learning models.		L4
CO 4	Apply	the knowledge for software development	through expert systems		L3
CO 5	Evaluate	the integration of AI into practical software	to reduce complexity		L5

UNIT - I Introduction to Computer Software for AI, AI Problems and Conventional SE Problems, Software Engineering Methodology

Computers and software systems, An introduction to Software engineering, Bridges and buildings versus software systems, the software crisis, A demand for more software power, Responsiveness to human users, Software systems in new types of domains, Responsiveness to dynamic usage environments, Software systems with self-maintenance capabilities, A need for Al systems

What is an AI problem, Ill-defined specifications, correct versus 'good enough' solutions, It's the HOW not the WHAT, the problem of dynamics, the quality of modular approximations, Context-free problems?

Specify and verify—the SAV methodology, the myth of complete specification, what is verifiable, Specify and test—the SAT methodology, testing for reliability, the strengths, the weaknesses, what are the requirements for testing, what's in a specification, Prototyping as a link.

UNIT - II An Incremental and Exploratory Methodology, New Paradigms for System Engineering

Classical methodology and AI problems, The RUDE cycle, how do we start, Malleable software, AI muscles on a conventional skeleton How do we proceed, how do we finish, The question of hacking, Conventional paradigms

Automatic programming, Transformational implementation, The "new paradigm" of Blazer, Cheatham and Green, Operational requirements of Kowalski, The POLITE methodology

UNIT- III Towards a Discipline of Exploratory Programming, Machine Learning: Much Promise,
Many Problems

Reverse engineering, Reusable software Design knowledge, Stepwise abstraction, The problem of decompiling, Controlled modification, Structured growth

Self-adaptive software, The promise of increased software power, The threat of increased software problems

UNIT - IV Machine Learning and Expert Systems

Practical machine learning examples, Multisession inductive programming, Expert Systems: The Success Story, Expert systems as Al software, Engineering expert systems, The lessons of expert systems for engineering Al software.

UNIT - V AI into Practical Software

Support environments, Reduction of effective complexity, Moderately stupid assistance, An engineering toolbox, Selfreflective software, Over engineering software, Summary and What the Future Holds

Textbooks:

1. Derek Partridge, "Artificial Intelligence and Software Engineering", Glenlake Publishing Company, 1998.

REFERENCES:

- 1. "The role of Artificial Intelligence in Software Engineering", K. Nitalksheswara Rao, 2020
- 2. "Farid Meziane &Sunil Vadera, "Artificial Intelligence Applications for Improved Software Engineering Development", Information Science Reference, 2009

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	-5			P-0	B		<u> </u>							
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1												
CO2		3	1		1									
соз		3	1		1	3								
CO4	3				3	1					2			
CO5		3		3										

Correlation matrix

Unit	со					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
no	Lesson Plan(H	%	Correl ation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlatio n (0-3)
1	19	26	3	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	2
2	14	19	2	CO2 :Analyse	L4	PO2 PO3 PO5	PO2 :Analyse (L4) PO3: Create (L6) PO5: Create(L6)	3 1 1
3	12	16	2	CO3 : Analyse	L4	PO2 PO3 PO5 PO6	PO2:Analyse (L4) PO3:Create(L6) PO5:Create (L6) PO6: Thumb rule	3 1 1 2
4	13	18	2	CO4 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO5 PO6 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO5:Apply (L3) PO6:Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 1 2

5	15	21	3	CO5 :Evaluate	L5	PO2 PO4	PO2: Evaluate (L5) PO4: Evaluate (L5)	3
	73	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the Artificial Intelligence problems and software methods.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO2 Verb: Analyse (L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO 2: Analyse the software system to introduce new paradigms for System Engineering.

Action Verb:Analyse (L4)

PO2: Analyse (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Create (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO 3: Analyse the utilization of exploratory programming in Machine Learning by assessing the

performance of ML models.

Action Verb : Analyse (L4)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO5: Create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO6: Thumb rule

By using machine learning concepts the programmers are able to solve engineering problems using machine learning algorithms. Therefore the correlation is high (3).

CO 4: Apply the knowledge for software development through expert systems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to asses expert systems. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the software engineering principles is Therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

CO 5: Evaluate the integration of AI into practical software to reduce complexity. **Action Verb : Evaluate (L5)**

PO2: Evaluate (L5)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Evaluate (L5)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

	i cai. III		Semester II Branch of Study	. ~10	, ,		
	Course Code	Year & Sem	Game Programming	L	T	P	С
ı	20APE3005	III-II	Game i rogramming	3	0	0	3

Samastar: TT

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the concept of 3D Graphics and Game Programming to perform 3D Modelling.

CO2: Apply the Game Engine Architecture to Generate Game Engine.

CO3: Analyze the Game Programming for Game Logic and Game view.

CO4: Analyze the 2D and 3D Game development using Flash, Java and Python.

CO5: Create the 2D and 3D interactive games using DirectX or Python.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the concept of 3D Graphics and Game Programming	to perform 3D Modelling.		L2
CO2	Apply	the Game Engine Architecture	to Generate Game Engine		L3
CO3	Analyze	the Game Programming		for Game Logic and Game view.	L4
CO4	Analyze	the 2D and 3D Game development	using Flash, Java and Python		L4
CO5	Understand	the 2D and 3D interactive games	using DirectX or Python.		L2

UNIT – I							
3D GRAPHICS FOR GA	ME PROGRAMM	ING:3D Tran	sformations,	Quaternions,	3D Modeling	and Rend	lering, Ray
Tracing, Shader Models	, Lighting, Color,	, Texturing,	Camera and	Projections,	Culling and	Clipping,	Character
Animation, Physics-base	d Simulation, Sce	ne Graphs.					
UNIT – II							

GAME ENGINE DESIGN: Game engine architecture, Engine support systems, Resources and File systems, Game loop and real-time simulation, Human Interface devices, Collision and rigid body dynamics, Game profiling.

UNIT – III

GAME PROGRAMMING: Application layer, Game logic, Game views, managing memory, controlling the main loop, loading and caching game data, User Interface management, Game event management.

UNIT - IV

GAMING PLATFORMS AND FRAMEWORKS: 2D and 3D Game development using Flash, DirectX, Java, Python, Game engines - Unity. DX Studio,

UNIT – V

GAME DEVELOPMENT: Developing 2D and 3D interactive games using DirectX or Python – Isometric and Tile Based Games, Puzzle games, Single Player games, Multi Player games

Textbooks:

- Mike Mc Shaffrfy and David Graham, "Game Coding Complete", Fourth Edition, Cengage Learning, PTR, 2012.
- 2. Jason Gregory, "Game Engine Architecture", CRC Press / A K Peters, 2009.
- 3. David H. Eberly, "3D Game Engine Design, Second Edition: A Practical Approach to Real-Time Computer Graphics" 2 nd Editions, Morgan Kaufmann, 2006.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ernest Adams and Andrew Rollings, "Fundamentals of Game Design", 2 nd Edition Prentice Hall / New Riders, 2009.
- 2. Eric Lengyel, "Mathematics for 3D Game Programming and Computer Graphics", 3 rd Edition, Course Technology PTR, 2011.

3. Jesse Schell, The Art of Game Design: A book of lenses, 1 st Edition, CRC Press, 2008.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	2		2							2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3		3						1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3			3	3						3	2	2
CO4	3	3			3	3						3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3		3				3	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO		Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
			(PO)		
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	2
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	2
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	2
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			P06	PO6: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			P06	PO6:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
			PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
-	CO5: Create	L6	PO4	PO4:Design(L6)	3
5	COS: Create	ГО	PO5	PO5:Create(L6)	3
			PO6	PO6:Apply(L3)	3
			PO8	PO8:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concept of 3D Graphics and Game Programming to perform 3D Modelling.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3:Develop(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2) **PO12:Thumb Rule**

Hence the concept of 3D Graphics and Game Programming to perform 3D Modelling. Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Apply the Game Engine Architecture to Generate Game Engine.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is same as PO1 verb Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO2 verb Therefore correlation is high (2)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb Therefore correlation is high (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb Therefore correlation is high (2)

PO12:Thumb Rule

Here the Game Engine Architecture to Generate Game Engine. Therefore correlation is Moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the resource sharing techniques in distributed systems

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO6:Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO6 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO12:Thumb Rule

Here the Game Programming for Game Logic and Game view. Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the 2D and 3D Game development using Flash, Java and Python .

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than PO1 Verb. Therefor correlation is High(3)

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than PO2 Verb. Therefor correlation is high(3)

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO4 Action Verb is More than PO5 Verb. Therefor correlation is high(3)

PO6:Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO6 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO12: Thumb Rule

Here, working model of 2D and 3D Game development using Flash, Java and Python .. Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO5: Create the 2D and 3D interactive games using DirectX or Python.

Action Verb: Create (L6)

PO1: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore correlation is High (3)

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore correlation is High (3)

PO3:Develop(L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO3 verb . Therefore correlation is High (3)

PO4:Design(L6)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore correlation is High (3)

PO5:Create(L6)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb. Therefore correlation is High (3)

PO6:Apply(L3)

Here the 2D and 3D interactive games are used for interactive mode of society. Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO8:Apply(L3)

Here the 2D and 3D games developed based on the society and consider the ethics. Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb Rule

Here we discussed the 2D and 3D interactive games using DirectX or Python., Therefore correlation is high(3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: II Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Introduction to NoSQL Database	L	T	P	(
20APE3006	III-II	Introduction to NosQL Database	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the different types of NoSQL Databases

CO2: Analyze the NoSQL database applications to perform data models.

CO3: Apply the NoSQL databases platforms on Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics.

CO4: Apply the NoSQL databases using MangoDB to perform different data Operations.

CO5: Analyze the NoSQL development tools on different types of NoSQL Databases

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the different types of NoSQL Databases			L2
CO2	Analyze	the NoSQL database applications	to perform data models.		L4
CO3	Apply	the NoSQL databases platforms on Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics			L3
CO4	Apply	the Nosql databases	using MangoDB to perform different data Operations.		L3
CO5	Analyze	the NoSQL development tools on different types of NoSQL Databases			L4

UNIT – I				
Overview and History of N	NoSQL Databases.	Definition of the Fo	ur Types of NoSQL Database	e, The Value of

Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL, Key Points.

UNIT – II

Comparison of relational databases to new NoSQL stores, MongoDB, Cassandra, HBASE, Neo4j use and deployment, Application, RDBMS approach, Challenges NoSQL approach, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Aggregate-Oriented Databases. Replication and sharding, Map Reduce on databases. Distribution Models, Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

UNIT – III

NoSQL Key/Value databases using MongoDB, Document Databases, Document oriented Database Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure.

UNIT – IV

Column- oriented NoSQL databases using Apache HBASE, Column-oriented NoSQL databases using Apache Cassandra, Architecture of HBASE, Column-Family Data Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Counters, Expiring Usage.

UNIT – V

NoSQL Key/Value databases using Riak, Key-Value Databases, Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preferences, Shopping Cart Data, Relationships among Data, Multi operation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets. Graph NoSQL databases using Neo4, NoSQL database development tools and programming languages, Graph Databases, Graph Database. Features, Consistency,

Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases

Textbooks:

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Wiley Publications,1st Edition,2019.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.ibm.com/cloud/learn/nosql-databases
- 2. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/nosql-databases/introduction-to-nosql-VdRNp
- 3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/

4. https://www.javatpoint.com/nosql-databa

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2										2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3		3							3	2	2
соз	3	3	3		3							3	2	2
CO4	2	3			3							2	2	2
CO5	1	2										2	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО		Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
			(PO)		
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	2
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Analyze (L4)	2
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Analyze (L4)	3
-	COE. Amolumo	L4	PO2	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the different types of NoSQL Databases

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is low level to PO1 verb by one level. Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is low level to PO2 verb by one level. Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO12:Thumb Rule

Hence The NoSQL Databases are used data maintains. Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the NoSQL database applications to perform data models.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3:Develop(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO12:Thumb Rule

Here various database applications are used to create, truncate data. Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the NoSQL databases platforms on Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3:Develop(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO12:Thumb Rule

Here various the NoSQL databases platforms on Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics.

Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO4: Apply the NoSQL databases using MangoDB to perform different data Operations.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 Verb by one level. Therefor correlation is Moderate(2)

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO4 Action Verb is same as PO2Verb. Therefor correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb Rule

Here, the NoSQL databases using MangoDB to perform different data Operations. Therefore correlation is Moderate(2)

CO5: Analyze the NoSQL development tools on different types of NoSQL Databases

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO2:Identify(L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO5:Apply(L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than PO5 Verb. Therefor correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb Rule

Here we discussed the NoSQL development tools on different types of NoSQL Databases, Therefore correlation is high(3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III		Semester: 11	Branch of Study	: AID	5		
Course Code	Year & Sem	Big Data Analytics Lab		L	T	P	С
20APC3021	III-II			0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, Student will able to

- **CO 1: Evaluate** the Big data Configure Hadoop to perform File Management Tasks.
- **CO 2: Apply** the MapReduce programs real time works to word count, weather data set and sales of a company
- CO 3: Analyze the big data sets using Hadoop distributed file systems and MapReduce.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloo
					ms
					level
CO1	Evaluate	the Big data Configure Hadoop		to perform File Management Tasks	L5
CO2	Apply	the MapReduce programs real time works		to word count, weather dataset and sales of a company	L3
соз	Analyze	the big data sets	using Hadoop distributed file systems and MapReduce		L4
CO4	Apply	the different data storages tools	using Hive and Hadoop		L3
CO5	Apply	the different data processing tools	using Hive and pig, Spark		L3

CO 4: Apply the different data storages tools using Hive and Hadoop

CO 5: Apply the different data processing tools using Hive and pig, Spark

List of Tasks

- 1. Install Apache Hadoop(CO1)
- 2. Develop a MapReduce program to calculate the frequency of a given word in a given file. (CO1)
- 3. Develop a MapReduce program to find the maximum temperature in each year.(CO1)
- 4. Develop a MapReduce program to find the grades of student's.(CO1)
- 5. Develop a MapReduce program to implement Matrix Multiplication.(CO2)
- 6. Develop a MapReduce to find the maximum electrical consumption in each year given electrical consumption for each month in each year.(CO2)
- 7. Develop a MapReduce to analyze weather data set and print whether the day is shinny or cool day. (CO2)
- 8. Develop a MapReduce program to find the number of products sold in each country by considering sales (CO3)

Tranction	Prod	Price	Payment	Name	City	State	Country	Account	Last	18 3	Longi tude
_Date	uct	8 .	_Type				S	_ Created	_Login	Latitude	

- 9. Develop a MapReduce program to find the tags associated with each movie by analyzing movie lens data.(CO3)
- 10. XYZ.com is an online music website where users listen to various tracks, the data gets collected which is given below. The data is coming in log files and looks like as shown below.(CO3)

UserId		1	TrackId	1	Shar	red	Radi		Skip
	111115	1	222	3	0	1	1	1	0
	111113	1	225	1	1	1	O	1	0
	111117	T.	223	Ü	0	1	1	Ü	1
	111115	1	225		1	- 1	0	1	0

11.Develop a MapReduce program to find the frequency of books published eachyear and find in which year maximum number of books were published using the following data. (CO4)

Title	Author	Published			No of pages	
12. Develop a	MapReduce progra	am to analyze Titan year	ic ship data and to country	find the average	age of the people (bo	oth male

Column 1 :PassengerI d

Column 2: Survived (survived=0 &died=1)

Column 3 :Pclass Column 5 : Sex Column 7 :SibSp Column 4: Name Column 6: Age Column 8: Parch

Column 9 : Ticket

Column 10: Fare Title Author Published year Author

country Language No of pages

Column 11 :Cabin

Column 12: Embarked

13.Develop a MapReduce program to analyze Uber data set to find the days on which each basement has more trips using the following dataset.(CO4)

The Uber dataset consists of four columns they are

	- 0 126503	0.000	Reserve	
dispatching_base_number	date	active_vehicles	trips	

- 14. Develop a program to calculate the maximum recorded temperature by yearwise for the weather dataset in Pig Latin(CO4)
- 15. Write queries to sort and aggregate the data in a table using HiveQL.(CO5)
- 16.Develop a Java application to find the maximum temperature using Spark.(CO5)

Text Books:

1. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" Fourth Edition, O'reilly Media, 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data , John Wiley & Sons, 2007 Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly, 2011.
- 2. Michael Berthold, David J.Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Spingers, 2007.
- 3. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Uderstanding Big Data : Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, McGrawHill Publishing, 2012.
- 4. AnandRajaraman and Jeffrey David UIIman, Mining of Massive Datasets Cambridge University Press, 2012

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

P	8				C P	B								
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1		3										
CO2	3	2	3		3							2		
CO3	3	3	1		2								1	
CO4	3	2	3		3							2		
CO5	3	2	3		3							2		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1. Fredricks		PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
1	CO1: Evaluate	L5	PO2 PO4	PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
3	CO3: Allalyze	L-4	PO3	PO3: Design(L6)	1
			PO4	PO4: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
5	CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
l			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Evaluate the Big data Configure Hadoop to perform File Management Tasks.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO 2: Apply the MapReduce programs real time works to word count, weather data set and sales of a company

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 3: Analyze the big data sets using Hadoop distributed file systems and MapReduce.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 4: Apply the different data storages tools using Hive and Hadoop

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 5: Apply the different data processing tools using Hive and pig, Spark

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III		Semester: 11 Branch of Study	: AIL	<u> כי</u>			_
Course Code	Year & Sem	Machine Learning Lab	L	Т	P	С	
20APC3023	III-II	, and the second	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, Student will able to

CO 1: Evaluate the procedures for various learning's to machine learning algorithms.

CO 2: Apply the Python programs for various Learning algorithms using Pandas and Matplotlib.

CO 3: Analyze the different data sets to the Machine Learning algorithm.

CO 4: Analyze the various types of data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm

CO 5: Apply the Machine Learning algorithms to solve real world problems

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloo ms level
CO1	Evaluate	the procedures for the various learning		to machine learning	L5
CO2	Apply	the Python programs for various Learning algorithms	using Pandas and Matplotlib		L3
соз	Analyze	the various types of data set		to the Machine Learning algorithm	L4
CO4	Apply	various types of data set for clustering	using k-Means algorithm		L3
CO5	Apply	the Machine Learning algorithms		to solve real world problems	L3

List of Tasks

- 1. Exercises to solve the real-world problems using the following machine learning methods: (CO1)
- a. Linear Regression
- b. Logistic Regression.
- 2. Write a program to Implement Support Vector Machines. (CO1)
- 3. Exploratory Data Analysis for Classification using Pandas and Matplotlib. (CO1)
- 4. Implement a program for Bias, Variance, and Cross Validation. (CO2)
- 5. Write a program to simulate a perception network for pattern classification and function approximation. (CO2)
- 6. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample. (CO2)
- 7. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Back propagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets. (CO3)
- 8. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for Iris data set. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets. (CO3)
- 9. Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the naïve Bayesian Classifier model to perform this task. Built-in Java classes/API can be used to write the program. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set. (CO3)
- 10. Apply EM algorithm to cluster a Heart Disease Data Set. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and

comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program. (CO4)

- 11. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions.(CO4)
- 12. Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs. (CO4)
- 13. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples. (CO5)
- 14. Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file. (CO5)
- 15. Solve optimal relay coordination as a linear programming problem using Genetic Algorithm. (CO5)

Text Books:

- 1. Machine Learning Tom M. Mitchell 7 02l, oiaaudElliH wrGcM
- 2. Introduction to Machine learning, Ethem Alpaydin, PHI, 3rd Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

- 1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis Chapman and Hall/CRC; 2nd edition, 2014
- 2. Machine Learning For Beginners: A Comprehensive Guide To Understand Machine Learning. How It Works And How Is Correlated To Artificial Intelligence And Deep Learning, Chris Neil, Alicex Ltd, 2020

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2		3										
CO2	3	2	3		3							2		
СОЗ	3	3	1		3								1	
CO4	3	3										3		
CO5	3	2	3		3							2		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
1	CO1: Evaluate	L5	PO2	PO2: Formulate (L6)	2
			PO4	PO4: Analysis (L4)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
				PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	CO2. Amol	L4	PO1	PO2: Review (L2)	3
3	CO3: Analyze	LH	PO2	PO3: Design(L6)	1
				PO4: Apply(L3)	3
4	COA: Amolyza	L4	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
_ +	CO4: Analyze	174	PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3

			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
5	CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply (L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Evaluate the procedures for various learning's to machine learning algorithms.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Apply the Python programs for various Learning algorithms using Pandas and Matplotlib.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions the correlation is moderate (2)

CO 3: Analyze the different data sets to the Machine Learning algorithm.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 4: Analyze the various types of data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Apply the Machine Learning algorithms to solve real world problems

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Using orange to visualize real world solutions. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: II Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Cloud Computing Laboratory	L	T	P	С
20APC3025	III-II	Cloud Computing Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** the various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
- CO 2: Analyze the installation of different cloud simulation tools and cloud setup tools.
- **CO 3: Design** the web applications using various cloud platforms
- **CO 4: Analyze** the various virtualization & Virtual Machine Provisioning tools such as Virtual Box, VMware.

CO 5: Apply Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.			L2
CO2	Analyze	the installation of different cloud simulation tools and cloud setup tools			L4
соз	Design	the web applications	using various cloud platforms)	L6
CO4	Analyze	the various virtualization & Virtual Machine Provisioning tools such as Virtual Box, VMware.			L4
CO5	Apply	Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications.			L3

List of Experiments

- 1. To study in detail about cloud computing. (CO1)
- 2. Working of Google Drive to make spreadsheet and notes. (CO1)
- 3. Installation and Configuration of Justcloud. (CO1)
- 4. Working in Cloud9 to demonstrate different language. (CO1)
- 5. Install Google App Engine. Create hello world app and other simple web applications using python/java. (CO2)
- 6. Deployment and Configuration options in Google Cloud(CO2)
- 7. Install Virtual box/VMware Workstation with different flavours of linux or windows OS on top of windows 7 or 8. **(CO2)**
- 8. Install a C compiler in the virtual machine created using virtual box and execute Simple Programs(CO2)
- 9. Install Hadoop single node setup(CO2)
- 10. Develop hadoop application to count no of characters, no of words and each character frequency(**CO3**)

Programs on SaaS

- 11. Create an word document of your class time table and store locally and on the cloud with doc, and pdf format . (use www.zoho.com anddocs.google.com). (CO3)
- 12. Create a spread sheet which contains employee salary information and calculate gross and total sal using the formula DA=10% OF BASIC HRA=30% OF BASIC PF=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=3000 12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>3000 TAX=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=1500 =11% OF BASIC IF BASIC>1500 AND BASIC<=2500 =12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>2500 (use www.zoho.com and docs.google.com) NET_SALARY=BASIC_SALARY+DA+HRA-PF-TAX(CO3)

- 13. Prepare a ppt on cloud computing –introduction, models, services, and architecture Ppt should contain explanations, images and at least 20 pages (use www.zoho.com and docs.google.com). (CO4)
- 14. Create your resume in a neat format using google and zoho cloud. (CO4)

Programs on PaaS

- 15. Write a Google app engine program to generate n even numbers and deploy it to google cloud. **(CO5)**
- 16. Google app engine program multiply two matrices. (CO5)
- 17. Write a Google app engine program to display nth largest no from the given list of numbers and deploy it into google cloud. **(CO5)**

Reference Books:

- 1. spoken-tutorial.org
- 2. Bart Jacob (Editor), -Introduction to Grid Computing, IBM Red Books, Vervante, 2005
- 3. Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, —The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure, 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	P09	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	3	3	3	3									
CO3	3	3	3	3	3					1				
CO4	3	3	3	3	3				3			3		
CO5	3	3	3	2	3)					1		

Correlation matrix

Correlat	Ton matrix		D		7 1 6
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO10	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create (L6) PO10: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3) PO9: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 3 1

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Analyze the installation of different cloud simulation tools and cloud setup tools.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 3: Design the web applications using various cloud platforms

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumb rule

Effective communication is required, reports to be generated between cloud users and service providers the correlation is low (1)

CO 4: Analyze the various virtualization & Virtual Machine Provisioning tools such as Virtual Box, VMware.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud providers and cloud vendors to consumers in multidisciplinary activities therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO 5: Apply Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: idetify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some real world applications we can use Hadoop framework techniques therefore, the correlation is low (1)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III Semester: II Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	SOFT SKILLS LAB	L	T	P	С
20ASA0502	III-II	SOF I SKILLS LAB	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the importance of verbal and non-verbal skills

CO2: Apply the interpersonal and intrapersonal skills

CO3: Apply the grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms.

CO4: Understand the trust among people and develop employability skills

CO5: Evaluate the skills needed for approaching different types of interviews.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the importance of verbal and non-verbal skills			L2
2	Apply	the interpersonal and intrapersonal skills			L3
3	Apply	the grammatical structures	to formulate sentences and correct word forms.		L3
4	Understand	the trust among people and develop employability skills			L2
5	Evaluate	the skills needed	for approaching different types of interviews.		L5

UNIT - I:

Grammar: Articles, Prepositions, Antonyms, Synonyms.

Vocabulary: Basics of Communication (Definition, Types of communication). Importance of body language in corporate culture, Body language (Facial expressions –

eye

contact - posture - gestures - Proxemics - Haptics - Dress Code -

Paralanguage -

Tone, pitch, pause & selection of words), Impromptu speeches.

Articles:

Web links: https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/grammar/a1-a2-grammar/articles-1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ueEp6U8td1I

Prepositions:

Web links: https://www.grammarbook.com/grammar/probPrep.asp

Antonyms, Synonyms.

Web links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-mLRoxWM8dI

https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=IEOrOPVMxiM

https://www.it.iitb.ac.in/~vijaya/ssrvm/worksheetscd/getWorksheets.com/Language%20Arts/syn_ant.pdf

Basics of Communication (Definition, Types of communication).

Web links: https://wikieducator.org/INTRODUCTION_TO_COMMUNICATION

Importance of body language in Corporate culture

Web links: https://www.forwardfocusinc.com/consciously-communicate/the-importance-of-body-language-in-the-workplace/

Body language (Facial expressions – eye contact – posture – gestures – Proxemics – Haptics – Dress Code – Paralanguage –Tone, pitch, pause & selection of words) Web links: https://open.lib.umn.edu/communication/chapter/4-2-types-of-nonverbal-communication/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nonverbal_communication

Impromptu speeches.

Web links: https://www.write-out-loud.com/impromptu-public-speaking-topics.html;

 $\underline{https://faculty.washington.edu/mcgarrit/COM220/online\%20 readings/sample\%20 critique.} pdf$

UNIT - II :

Grammar: Tenses, Idioms and Phrases, One word substitutes.

Vocabulary: Public speaking - Oral presentations, writing skills - Short Essay writing and

E- mail writing.

Tenses

Web links: https://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/grammar/english_tenses.htmj;

https://onlymyenglish.com/tenses/;

https://www.englishpage.com/verbpage/verbtenseintro.html;

https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/verb-tenses.htm

Idioms and Phrases:

Web links: https://www.britannica.com/list/7-everyday-english-idioms-and-where-they-

come-from

https://eslexpat.com/english-idioms-and-phrases/;

https://onlineteachersuk.com/english-idioms/;

One word substitutes:

Web links: https://www.careerpower.in/one-word-substitution.html;

https://www.hitbullseye.com/Vocab/One-Word-Substitute-List.php;

https://englishan.com/one-word-substitution-set-1/;

Public speaking - Oral presentations

Web links:https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/26773/1/Unit-14.pdf;

https://www.skillsyouneed.com/rhubarb/preparing-oral-presentations.html;

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/publicspeakingprinciples/chapter/chapter-

12-methods-of-delivery/

Writing skills – *Short Essay writing and E-mail writing.*

Web links: https://www.kibin.com/essay-writing-blog/important-essay-writing-skills/

https://www.scribendi.com/academy/articles/academic essay writing skills.en.html;

https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/business-insights-

ideas/resources/improve-email-writing-skills;

UNIT - III:

Grammar: Direct and Indirect speeches, Active and Passive voice, Drawing inferences (reading comprehensions and listening comprehensions)

Vocabulary: Leadership Skills – Negotiation skills - Team-building – *Debate.* Leadership Skills – Negotiation skills - Team-building

Direct and Indirect speeches:

Web links: https://onlymyenglish.com/direct-and-indirect-speech/

https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/grammar/b1-b2-grammar/reported-

speech-1-statements

https://www.perfect-english-grammar.com/reported-speech.html

Active and Passive voice,

Web links: https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/passive-voice.htm

https://www.gingersoftware.com/content/grammar-rules/verbs/passive-voice/

https://nps.edu/web/gwc/revising-passive-voice-into-active-voice

Drawing inferences (reading comprehensions and listening comprehensions)

Web links: https://www.readingrockets.org/strategies/inference

https://www.thoughtco.com/making-inferences-3111201

https://www.comprehensionconnection.net/2019/03/exploring-difference-

between-making.html

Vocabulary: Leadership Skills - Negotiation skills - Team-building - Debate.

Leadership Skills - Negotiation skills - Team-building

Web links: https://online.hbs.edu/blog/post/negotiation-skills

https://www.bumc.bu.edu/facdev-medicine/files/2014/08/BUSM-Leasership-

training.pdf

https://in.indeed.com/career-advice/career-development/negotiation-skills

https://www.thebalancecareers.com/what-is-team-building-1918270

Debate:

Web links: https://noisyclassroom.com/debate-topics/

https://www.collegeessay.org/blog/debate-topics

https://www.edu.gov.mb.ca/k12/cur/socstud/frame_found_sr2/tns/tn-13.pdf

UNIT - IV:

Grammar: Common errors, Rearrangement of sentences.

Vocabulary: Resume writing, Pre-interview preparation, Group discussion.

Common errors, Rearrangement of sentences:

Web links: https://www.letsstudytogether.co/sentence-arrangement-questions-pdf-for-

banking-exams-ibps-sbi-po-and-clerk/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e8nO3zZzkZs

Vocabulary: Resume writing, Pre-interview preparation, Group discussion.

Web links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PfJg-67smf4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-lXjbph22Fk

UNIT - V:

Grammar: Verbal ability tests.

Vocabulary: Mock interviews, Post interview Etiquette.

Verbal ability tests.

Web links: https://prepinsta.com/infosys-english-verbal-questions/

https://www.indiabix.com/online-test/verbal-ability-test/random

https://www.allindiaexams.in/online-test/online-general-english-test/61

Vocabulary: Mock interviews, Post interview Etiquette.

Web links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZOLCMa2QbdE

https://www.ziprecruiter.com/blog/the-right-way-to-follow-up-after-a-job-

interview/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KIoD19uoxt8

References:

- 1. Barun K. Mitra, "Personality Development and Soft Skills", OXFORD Higher Education 2018.
- 2. Alka Wadkar, "Life Skills for Success", Sage publications 2016.
- 3. Robert M Sheffield, "Developing Soft Skills", Pearson, 2010.
- 4. Diana Booher, "Communicate with Confidence" Tata mcgraw hill, 1994.
- 5. B.N. Gosh, "Managing Soft skills for Personality development", Tata mcgraw hill 2012.
- 6. Michael Swan, "Practical English Usage", Oxford publications.
- 7. Raymond Murphy, "English Grammar in Use", Cambridge 5th Edition
- 8. Norman Lewis, "Word Power Made Easy", Penguin Publishers.
- 9. Advanced Grammar in Use A Self-Study Reference and Practice Book for Advanced Learners
 - of English 3rd Edition, Cambridge

Correlation of COs with the POs & PSOs

Course Outcomes					Progra	amme	Outco	mes(PC	Os)			
COs	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1						2						
CO2									2			
CO3										2		
CO4									2			
CO5												3

^{*3:} Highly Correlated, 2: Moderately Correlated, 1: Weakly Correlated

Correlation Matrix:

C O	Percentage of hours over the planned contact	total		СО		Progra m Outco	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO6to	Level of Correl
	(Approx. Hrs)	%	co rr	Verb	BTL	me (PO)	PO12)	ation (0-3)
1	09	21	3	Understan d	L2	PO6	Thumb Rule	2
2	09	21	3	Apply	L3	PO9	Thumb Rule	2
3	06	14	2	Apply	L3	PO10	Thumb Rule	2
4	06	14	2	Understan d	L2	PO9	Thumb Rule	2
5	06	14	2	Evaluate	L5	PO12	Thumb Rule	3

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO1: Understand the importance of verbal and non-verbal skills

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb Understand is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2: Apply the interpersonal and intrapersonal skills

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2)

CO3: Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms. **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

CO3 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand trust among people and develop employability skills

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

 ${
m CO4}$ Action Verb Understand is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO5: Evaluate the skills needed for approaching different types of interviews. **Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)**

CO5 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO12 as high (3).





ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: III	Semester: II	Branch of Study:	AID	S

Course Code	Year & Sem	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	L	T	P	С
20AMC9904	III-II	TROPESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	2	0	0	0

Course Outcomes:

UNIT - II

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the sustained happiness through identifying the essentials of human values and skills.

CO2: Understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers.

CO3: Understand the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen.

CO4: Understand the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.

CO5: Understand appropriate technologies and management patterns to create harmony in professional and personal life.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	The sustained happiness	through identifying the essentials of human values and skills		L2
2	Understand	the importance of Values and Ethics		in their personal lives and professional careers.	L2
3	Understand	the rights and responsibilities	as an employee, team member and a global citizen.		L2
4	Understand	the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.			L2
5	Understand	appropriate technologies and management patterns		to create harmony in professional and personal life.	L2

UNIT - I	9 Hrs
Introduction to Human Values: Need, basic Guidelines, Content and Proce	ss for Value Education, Self
Exploration - 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation. Continuou	s Happiness and Prosperity
- A look at basic Human Aspirations. Right understanding, Relationsh	nip and Physical Facilities.
Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly.	

9Hrs

Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society: Harmony in Human - Human Relationship: Understanding harmony in the Family the basic unit of human interaction. Understanding values in human - human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its fulfillment to ensure Ubhaytripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect (Samman) as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family). Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society - Undivided Society (Akhand Samaj), Universal Order (Sarvabhaum Vyawastha) - from family to world family!

UNIT - III 9 Hrs

Introduction to Professional Ethics: Basic Concepts, Governing Ethics, Personal & Professional Ethics, Ethical Dilemmas, Life Skills, Emotional Intelligence, Thoughts of Ethics, Value Education, Dimensions of Ethics, Profession and professionalism, Professional Associations, Professional Risks, Professional Accountabilities, Professional Success, Ethics and Profession.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Professional Practices in Engineering: Work Place Rights & Responsibilities, Professions and Norms of Professional Conduct, Norms of Professional Conduct vs. Profession; Responsibilities, Obligations and Moral Values in Professional Ethics, Professional codes of ethics, the limits of predictability and responsibilities of the engineering profession. Central Responsibilities of Engineers – The Centrality of Responsibilities of Professional Ethics; lessons from 1979 American Airlines DC-10 Crash and Kansas City Hyatt Regency Walk away Collapse.

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

Global issues in Professional Ethics: Introduction – Current Scenario, Technology Globalization of MNCs, International Trade, World Summits, Issues, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance, Sustainable Development Ecosystem, Energy Concerns, Ozone Depletion, Pollution, Ethics in Manufacturing and Marketing, Media Ethics, War Ethics, Bio Ethics, Intellectual Property Rights.

Textbooks:

- 1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics.
- 2. Professional Ethics: R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, 2015. 3. Ethics in Engineering Practice & Research,

Caroline Whitbeck, 2e, Cambridge University Press 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Prof. K. V. Subba Raju, 2013, Success Secrets for Engineering Students, Smart Student Publications, 3rd Edition.
- 2. Ivan IIIich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
- 3. Engineering Ethics, Concepts Cases: Charles E Harris Jr., Michael S PritchaMichael J Rabins, 4e , Cengage learning,

2015.

4. Business Ethics concepts & Cases: Manuel G Velasquez, 6e, PHI, 2008.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9LSEBK03CiY&list=PLysZquKdjuWSv87TaE7pByn5TE_e46O2C

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1												2
2								2	2			
3						2			2			
4						2		2				
5					1		2					2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	the total	lan		СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb BTL			(for PO1 to PO5)	
1	8	27	2	Understand	L2	PO12	Thumb Rule	2
2	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO8, PO9	Thumb Rule	2 2

							Thumb	
							Rule	
3	4	13	2	Understand	L2	PO6,	Thumb	2
						PO9	Rule	2
							Thumb	
							Rule	
4	5	17	2	Understand	L2	PO6,	Thumb	2
						PO8	Rule	2
							Thumb	
							Rule	
5	5	17	2	Understand	L2	PO5,	PO5:	1
						PO7,	APPLY	2
						PO12	Thumb	2
							Rule	
							Thumb	
							Rule	

CO1: Understand sustained happiness through identifying the essentials of human values and skills.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO3: Understand the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO5: Understand appropriate technologies and management patterns to create harmony in professional and personal life.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO5 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using action verb apply, L2 correlates PO5 as low (1).

(AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) (Effective for the batches admitted from 2020-21)

Semester VII (Fourth year)

SI.				Но	urs					
No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	pe		(Credits	CIE	SEE	TOTAL
				we	1					
				L	T	P	С			
1	PE - 3	20APE3007	Predictive Analytics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3008	Information Retrieval Techniques	3	0	0				
		20APE3009	Deep Learning Techniques	3	0	0				
		20AOE3001	Natural Language	3	0	0				
2	JOE/OE-2		Processing				3	30	70	100
		20AOE3002	Virtual Reality	3	0	0			_	
		20AOE3003	Applications of AI	3	0	0				
		20AOE3004	AI for Image Analysis	3	0	0				
		20AOE3005	Ethics And Privacy In AI	3	0	0				
		20AOE3006	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0				
		20APE3016	Data Analytics	3	0	0				
3	PE – 4 CBCC	20APE3017	Software Project Management	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3018	Linux Environment System	3	0	0				
		20APE3019	Data Science Applications	3	0	0				
4	PE – 5	20APE3020	Data Science for Business	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20APE3021	Data Stream Mining	3	0	0				
		20APE3022	Process mining	3	0	0				
		20APE3023	Computer Vision	3	0	0				
		20APE0407	Digital Image Processing	3	0	0				
5	OE – 3	20APE0411	Embedded Systems	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AOE3601	Enabling Technologies for data science and analytics :IOT	3	0	0				
		20APE0415	Wireless Communications	3	0	0				
		20AOE0302	Management Science	3	0	0				
6	HE	20AOE9901	English for Research Paper Writing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
		20AHSMB02	Entrepreneurship Development	3	0	0				
7	SC	20ASC3004	Exploratory Data Analysis with R	1	0	2	2	100	0	100
8	PR	20APR3001	Evaluation of Industry Internship(III-II Summer Internship)	0	0	0	3	100	0	100
			Total credits	S			23	380	420	800
		I	1							



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: IV		Semester: I Branch of Stu	dy:	AID	S
Course Code	Vear & Sem		τ. 🗆	Т	P

Course Code	Year & Sem	PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS	L	T	P	(
20APE3007	IV-I	TREDICTIVE MANUTITION	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Predictive Analytics in real time applications.

CO2: Analyze the various classification methods for different types of Machine Learning Algorithms.

CO3: Analyze the object segmentation methods for decision tree algorithms.

CO4: Apply the time series methods to find accuracy and performance in prediction.

CO5: Apply the standard optimization procedures for documentation and knowledge sharing.

со	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of Predictive Analytics in real time applications			L2
CO2	Analyze	the various classification methods		for different types of Machine Learning Algorithms	L4
CO3	Analyze	the object segmentation methods		for decision tree algorithms	L4
CO4	Apply	the time series methods		to find accuracy and performance in prediction	L3
CO5	Apply	the standard optimization procedures		for documentation and knowledge sharing	L3

UNIT - I Introduction to Predictive Analytics & Linear Regression (NOS 2101) 10 Hrs

Introduction to Predictive Analytics & Linear Regression (NOS 2101): What and Why Analytics, Introduction to Tools and Environment, Application of Modeling in Business, Databases & Types of data and variables, Data Modeling Techniques, Missing imputations etc. Need for Business Modeling, Regression — Concepts, Blue property-assumptions-Least Square Estimation, Variable Rationalization, and Model Building etc..

UNIT - II Logistic Regression (NOS 2101)

10Hrs

Logistic Regression (NOS 2101): Model Theory, Model fit Statistics, Model Conclusion, Analytics applications to various Business Domains etc. Regression Vs Segmentation — Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Tree Building — Regression, Classification, Over fitting, Pruning and complexity, Multiple Decision Trees etc.

UNIT - III Objective Segmentation (NOS 2101)

9 Hrs

Objective Segmentation (NOS 2101): Regression Vs Segmentation — Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Tree Building — Regression, Classification, Over fitting, Pruning and complexity, Multiple Decision Trees etc. Develop Knowledge, Skill and Competences (NOS 9005)

Introduction to Knowledge skills & competences, Training & Development, Learning & Development, Policies and Record keeping. etc.

UNIT - IV Time Series Methods I Forecasting

8 Hrs

Time Series Methods I Forecasting, Feature Extraction (NOS 2101): Arima, Measures of Forecast Accuracy, STL approach, Extract features from generated model as Height. Average, Energy etc and Analyze for prediction.

UNIT - V Working with Documents (NOS 0703):

8 Hrs

Working with Documents (NOS 0703): Standard Operating Procedures for documentation and knowledge sharing, Defining purpose and scope documents, Understanding structure of documents — case studies, art ides, white papers, technical reports, minutes of meeting etc., Style and format, Intellectual Property and Copyright, Document preparation tools — Vision, PowerPoint, Word, Excel etc., Version Control, Accessing and updating corporate knowledge base, Peer review and feedback.

Textbooks:

Student's Handbook for Associate Analytics-Ill.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gareth James' Daniela Witten Trevor Hastie Robert Tibshirani. An Introduction to Statistical
- 2. Learning with Applications in R

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	2		2								
CO2	3	3	3	3	3							3		
CO3	3	3	3	3	3									
CO4	3	3	3	2	3									
CO5	3	3	3	2	3					2				

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	lapping of course outcomes w	, , ,			
Unit	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome	PO(s): Action Verb and	Level of
No.			(PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2 2 2
			PO6	Thumb Rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	
•	200 A 1		PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3 3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3 3 3 3
			PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3 3 2
			PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
5	CO4. Apply	12	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	
5	CO4: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3 2 3 2
			PO10	PO10:Thumb Rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Predictive Analytics in real time applications.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO6: Thumb Rule

Since basic of predictive analytics are needed to solve large complex engineering problems. Therefore correlation is medium(2).

CO2: Analyze the various classification methods for different types of Machine Learning Algorithms.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb Rule

Machine learning algorithms like supervised and unsupervised learning are used to give predictions for classification methods. Therefore the correlation is high(3).

CO3: Analyze the object segmentation methods for decision tree algorithms.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Apply the time series methods to find accuracy and performance in prediction.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the standard optimization procedures for documentation and knowledge sharing.

Action Verb: Apply(L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumb Rule

Knowledge sharing and preparing standard documentations are useful to prepare technical reports which helps in understand documentation. Therefore the correlation is medium(2).



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I Branch of S	tudy	: AID	S	
Course Code	Course Code Year & Sem Information Retrieval Techniques		L	T	P	C
20APE3008	IV-I	imormation Retrieval Teeninques	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- **CO1: Understand** the information retrieval search engine framework and explore its capabilities.
- CO2: Understand different models to acquire knowledge and pre-processing of web page.
- CO3: Analyze appropriate methods of classification or clustering.
- **CO4: Design** the web retrieval using search engines.
- CO5: Analyze different techniques of recommender system.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	Utilize the information of retrieval models		Search Engine Framework	L2
CO2	Understand	document vector space and probabilistic models		Web Page	L2
соз	Analyze	Various supervised and un supervised learning methods		Machine Learning Algorithms	L4
CO4	Design	Operate on various search engine systems	Search Engines		L4
CO5	Analyze	To understand search engine functionality	Data Models		L4

UNIT - I Information Retrieval 9 Hrs Information Retrieval - Early Developments - The IR Problem - The User_s Task - Information versus Data Retrieval - The IR System - The Software Architecture of the IR System - The Retrieval and Papeling Processor. The Web. The a Publishing Fra. How the web changed Search - Practical

and Ranking Processes - The Web – The e-Publishing Era – How the web changed Search – Practical Issues on the Web – How People Search – Search Interfaces Today – Visualization in Search Interfaces.

UNIT - II MODELING AND RETRIEVAL EVALUATION

9Hrs

MODELING AND RETRIEVAL EVALUATION: Basic IR Models - Boolean Model - TF-IDF (Term Frequency/Inverse Document Frequency) Weighting - Vector Model - Probabilistic Model - Latent Semantic Indexing Model - Neural Network Model - Retrieval Evaluation - Retrieval Metrics - Precision and Recall - Reference Collection - User-based Evaluation - Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion - Explicit Relevance Feedback.

UNIT - III TEXT CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING

9 Hrs

TEXT CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING: A Characterization of Text Classification – Unsupervised Algorithms: Clustering – Naïve Text Classification – Supervised Algorithms – Decision Tree – k-NN Classifier – SVM Classifier – Feature Selection or Dimensionality Reduction – Evaluation metrics – Accuracy and Error – Organizing the classes – Indexing and Searching – Inverted Indexes – Sequential Searching – Multi-dimensional Indexing.

UNIT - IV WEB RETRIEVAL AND WEB CRAWLING

9 Hrs

WEB RETRIEVAL AND WEB CRAWLING: The Web – Search Engine Architectures – Cluster based Architecture – Distributed Architectures – Search Engine Ranking – Link based Ranking – Simple Ranking Functions – Learning to Rank – Evaluations -- Search Engine Ranking – Search Engine User Interaction – Browsing – Applications of a Web Crawler – Taxonomy – Architecture and Implementation – Scheduling Algorithms – Evaluation.

UNIT - V RECOMMENDER SYSTEM

9 Hrs

RECOMMENDER SYSTEM: Recommender Systems Functions – Data and Knowledge Sources – Recommendation Techniques – Basics of Content-based Recommender Systems – High Level Architecture – Advantages and Drawbacks of Content-based Filtering – Collaborative Filtering – Matrix factorization models – Neighborhood models.

Textbooks:

1. Ricardo	Baeza-Yates	and Berthier	Ribeiro-Neto,	-Modern	Information	Retrieval:	The Con-	cepts and
Technology	behind	Search,	Second	Edition,	ACM	Press	Books,	2011.

2. Ricci, F, Rokach, L. Shapira, B.Kantor, -Recommender Systems Handbookl, First Edition, 2011.

Reference Books:

- C. Manning, P. Raghavan, and H. Schütze, —Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University
 Press,
- 2. Stefan Buettcher, Charles L. A. Clarke and Gordon V. Cormack, —Information Retrieval: Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, The MIT Press, 2010.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	2	2			2									
соз	2	2		3	1				1					
CO4	2		3	2										
CO5	1		1	3		1		1				1		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	CO2: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO5: Apply(L3)	2 2 2
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO9: Thumb rule	2 2 3 1
4	CO4: Design	L4	PO3 PO4	PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Interpret(L5)	3 2
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO8 PO12	PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	1 1 3 1 1 1

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the information retrieval search engine framework and explore its capabilities.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Understand different models acquire knowledge and pre-processing of web page.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Analyze appropriate methods of classification or clustering.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumb rule

Finding solution to real world problems. Hence the correlation is low (1)

CO4: Design the web retrieval using search engines.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L5)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Analyze different techniques of recommender system.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than two levels as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than two levels as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a recommender systems and services to users. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required between recommender system users and providers. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of real world applications we use recommender systems to provide services. Therefore the correlation is low (1)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I	Branch of Study: AIDS				
Course Code	Year & Sem	Deep Learning Techniques		L	T	P	(
20APE3009	IV-I	Deep Bearing rechniques		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the basic concepts of maths and statistics used for machine learning.
- CO2: **Understand** the foundations of neural networks and deep learning
- CO3: Analyze the common architecture principles of deep networks.
- CO4: Apply the deep learning research models on linear factor models and auto encoders
- CO5: **Evaluate** the deep generating models for deep learning applications

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	basic concepts of maths and statistics used		for machine learning.	L2
CO2	Understand	the foundations of neural networks and deep learning			L2
CO3	Analyse	the common architecture principles of deep networks.			L4
CO4	Apply	the deep learning research models		on linear factor models and auto encoders	L3
CO5	Evaluate	The deep generating models		for deep learning applications	L5

UNIT – I A Review of Machine Learning

9 Hrs

A Review of Machine Learning: The Learning Machines, The Math Behind Machine Learning: Linear Algebra, The Math Behind Machine Learning: Statistics, How Does Machine Learning Work?, Logistic Regression, The Logistic Function, Evaluating Models, Building an Understanding of Machine Learning

UNIT – II Foundations of Neural Networks and Deep Learning 9Hrs

Foundations of Neural Networks and Deep Learning : Neural Networks: Biological Neuron, Perceptron, Multi Layer Perceptron. **Training Neural Networks:** Back-propagation, Activation Functions, Loss Function, Hyper-parameters.

UNIT – III Fundamentals of Deep Learning

9 Hrs

Fundamentals of Deep Learning: Definition of Deep Learning, Common Architecture Principles of Deep Networks, Building Blocks of Deep Learning.

Architectures of Deep Learning: Unsupervised Pre trained Networks, Convolution Neural Networks (CNN's), Recurrent Neural Networks, and Recursive Neural Networks

UNIT – IV Deep Learning Research

9 Hrs

Deep Learning Research: **Linear factor models**: Probabilistic PCA And Factor Analysis, Independent Component Analysis, Sparse Coding, Manifold Interpretation of PCA, **Auto Encoders**: Regularized Autoencoders, Representational Power, Layer Size and Depth, Denoising Autoencoders, Applications of Autoencoders.

UNIT – V Deep Generating Models

9 Hrs

Deep Generating Models: Boltzmann Machines, Restricted Boltzmann Machines, Deep Belief Networks, Deep Boltzmann Machines, Convolution Boltzmann Machines, Backpropagation through Random Operations, Directed Generative Nets, Generating Static Networks.

Applications: Large Scale Deep Learning, Image Recognition, Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing, Other Applications.

Textbooks:

- 1. Deep Learning A practitioner's approach- josh Patterson and Adam Gibson, OREILLY.
 - Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., and Courville, A., Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.

Reference Books:

- 1. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana, B., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
- 2. Matrix Computations, Golub, G.,H., and Van Loan,C.,F, JHU Press,2013.
- 3. Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Satish Kumar, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.
- 4. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1										2	3	
CO2	2	1				2						2		
CO3	3	3	1	1	1	2						2		
CO4	3	2										2		
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							2		

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hr s)	%	Correlati on	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcom e (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
1	13	22%	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	2 1 2
2	09	15%	2	CO2: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO6 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	2 1 2 2
3	14	23%	3	CO3: Analyse	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5: Create(L6) PO6: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 1 1 1 2 2
4	10	17%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 2 2
5	14	23%	3	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Design (L6) PO5: Create(L6) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2 2 3
	60	100						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand basic concepts of maths and statistics used for machine learning.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is Low (1)

PO12: Thumb rule

New statistical methods were derived and applied to solve various problems related to Deep Learning. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Understand the foundations of neural networks and deep learning.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is Low (1)

PO6: Thumb rule

New innovations with more complex and layered neural networks are applied to address the various societal needs related to Deep Learning applications. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

New innovations with more complex and layered neural networks are derived to address the issues present in new trends of data. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Analyse the common architecture principles of deep networks.

Action Verb : Analyse (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater level of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is Same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is Low(1)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is Low(1)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is Low(1)

PO6: Thumb rule

New versions of architecture principles of deep networks were applied to address the societal needs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

New innovations with more complex and layered deep networks are derived to address issues present in data set. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the deep learning research models on linear factor models and auto encoders.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level of PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Medium (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

New research models are derived to address issues present in data set. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Evaluate deep generating models for deep learning applications.

Action Verb : Evaluate(L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by three level. Therefore the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than two level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is High (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than two level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is High (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO12: Thumb rule

New sets of generative models are derived to address issues present in data set. Therefore the correlation is high(3)



ARTIFICIAL INTLLIGENCE (AI)

real: 1	LV	Semester: 1 Branch	oi Stuuy	AIL	<i>'</i> 3	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Natural Language Processing	L	T	P	С
20AOE3001	IV-I	Tratural Language Processing	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of NLP concepts to build language models

CO2: Apply parsing techniques to study syntactic structure of sentences in natural language

CO3: Analyze grammars and mechanisms of augmented transition network for NLP

CO4: Apply language models and semantic interpretation to NLP

CO5: Analyze machine translation and multi lingual information retrieval approaches to improve system performance

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of NLP concepts		to build languge models	L2
CO2	Apply	parsing techniques		to study syntactic structure of sentences in natural language	L3
CO3	Analyze	grammars and mechanisms of		augmented transistion network for NLP	L4
CO4	Apply	language models and semantic interpretation		to generate compelling 2D transitions between images	L3
CO5	Analyze	machine translation and multi lingual information retrieval approaches		To improve system performance	L4

UNIT - I Introduction to Natural language

9 Hrs

Introduction to Natural language: The Study of Language, Applications of NLP, Evaluating Language Understanding Systems, Different Levels of Language Analysis, Representations and Understanding, Organization of Natural language Understanding Systems, Linguistic Background: An outline of English Syntax

UNIT - II Grammars and Parsing

9Hrs

Grammars and Parsing: Grammars and Parsing- Top- Down and Bottom-Up Parsers, Transition Network Grammars, Feature Systems and Augmented Grammars, Morphological Analysis and the Lexicon, Parsing with Features, Augmented Transition Networks, Bayees Rule, Shannon game, Entropy and Cross Entropy.

UNIT - III Grammars for Natural Language

9 Hrs

Grammars for Natural Language: Grammars for Natural Language, Movement Phenomenon in Language, Handling questions in Context Free Grammars, Hold Mechanisms in ATNs, Gap Threading, Human Preferences in Parsing, Shift Reduce Parsers, Deterministic Parsers.

UNIT - IV Semantic Interpretation

9 Hrs

Semantic Interpretation: Semantic & Logical form, Word senses & ambiguity, The basic logical form language, Encoding ambiguity in the logical Form, Verbs & States in logical form, Thematic roles, Speech acts & embedded sentences, Defining semantics structure model theory.

Language Modeling: Introduction, n-Gram Models, Language model Evaluation, Parameter Estimation, Language Model Adaption, Types of Language Models, Language-Specific Modeling Problems, Multilingual and cross lingual language modeling.

UNIT - V Machine Translation Survey

9 Hrs

Machine Translation Survey: Introduction, Problems of Machine Translation, Is Machine Translation Possible, Brief History, Possible Approaches, Current Status. Anusaraka or Language Accessor: Background, Cutting the Gordian Knot, The Problem, Structure of Anusaraka System, User Interface, Linguistic Area, Giving up Agreement in Anusarsaka Output, Language Bridges.

Multilingual Information Retrieval: Introduction, Document Preprocessing, Monolingual Information Retrieval, CLIR, MLIR, Evaluation in Information Retrieval, Tools, Software and Resources.

Multilingual Automatic Summarization: Introduction, Approaches to Summarization, Evaluation, How to Build a Summarizer, Competitions and Datasets.

Textbooks:

- 1. James Allen, Natural Language Understanding, 2nd Edition, 2003, Pearson Education.
- 2. Multilingual Natural Language Processing Applications : From Theory To PracticeDaniel M.Bikel and Imed Zitouni, Pearson Publications.
- 3. Natural Language Processing, A paninian perspective, Akshar Bharathi, Vineet chaitanya, Prentice Hall of India.

Reference Books:

- 1. Charniack, Eugene, Statistical Language Learning, MIT Press, 1993.
- 2. Jurafsky, Dan and Martin, James, Speech and Language Processing, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 3. Manning, Christopher and Henrich, Schutze, Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing, MIT Press, 1999

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3		3									3	2
CO2	3	3		2	3							2	3	2
CO3	3	3		3	3							3		3
CO4	3	3	3									2	2	
CO5	3	3		3		3						3	3	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1:Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO4	PO4: Interpret(L2)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
		L3	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
2	2 CO2 : Apply		PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
3	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
4	COA : Anni-	L3	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
4	CO4 : Apply	LS	PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
)			PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
5	CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3
			PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of NLP concepts to build language models

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply parsing techniques to study syntactic structure of sentences in natural language

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb . Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For developing natural language applications, one needs to learn continuously. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO3: Analyze grammars and mechanisms of augmented transistion network for NLP

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For developing natural language applications, one needs to learn continuously. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Apply language models and semantic interpretation to NLP

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For developing natural language applications, one needs to learn continuously. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze machine translation and multi lingual information retrieval approaches to improve system performance

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Information retrieval methods are used in many real time applications. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In language translation retrieval approaches to improve performance gets updated regularly. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

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Y	ear: IV	Semester: 1 Branch	1 01 3	cuay	': AI	בע	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Virtual Reality	L	T	P	C	
20AOE3002	IV-I		3	0	0	3	

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- **CO1: Understand** the fundamentals concepts of Virtual Reality, Augmented Reality and Mixed Reality.
- **CO2: Apply** the appropriate software and hardware for developing Bird Eye View VR Applications.
- CO3: Analyze the different parameters to generate Light and Optics in Virtual world.
- **CO4: Analyze** the photoreceptors and the anatomy of human eye to implement human vision.
- **CO5: Understand** the importance of auditory perception and motion for designing VR headset.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamentals concepts of Virtual Reality, Augmented Reality and Mixed Reality.			L2
CO2	Apply	the appropriate software and hardware		for developing Bird Eye View VR Applications	L3
CO3	Analyze	the different parameters of geometric models and Behaviour		to generate Light and Optics in Virtual world	L4
CO4	Analyze	the photoreceptors and the anatomy of human eye		to implement human vision	L4
CO5	Understand	the importance of auditory perception and motion		for designing VR headset	L2

UNIT - I Introduction to Virtual Reality

Introduction to Virtual Reality: What is Virtual Reality, Modern VR experiences, History Repeats. Unity: Virtually Everything for you, what is virtual reality to you, types of head-mounted displays: Desktop VR, Mobile VR, The difference between virtual reality and augmented reality, Applications vs Games, Types of VR experiences, and Technical skills that are important to VR.

UNIT - II Bird's-Eye View

Bird's-Eye View: Hardware, Software, Human Physiology and Perception. Unity: Objects and Scale: Getting started with unity, creating a simple Diorama, Measurement tools, First Person Character: Understanding the Unity characters, Unity standard assets.

UNIT - III The Geometry of Virtual Worlds & Light and Optics

The Geometry of Virtual Worlds & Light and Optics: Geometric Models, Changing Position and Orientation, Axis-Angle Representations of Rotation, Viewing Transformations, Chaining the Transformations. Light and Optics: Basic behavior of light, lenses, Optical Aberrations, Human Eye, Cameras, and Displays.

UNIT - IV The Physiology of Human Vision

The Physiology of Human Vision: From the Cornea to Photoreceptors, From Photoreceptors to the Visual Cortex, Eye Movements, and Implications for VR.

UNIT - V Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds

Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds: Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds: The Vestibular System, Physics in the Virtual World. Audio: The Physics of Sound, the Physiology of Human Hearing, Auditory Perception.

Textbooks:

1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Unity Virtual reality Projects, Jonathan Linowes, PACKT Publishing.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2			2					
CO3	3	3	1	3	1									
CO4	3	1	1	3	3	3		3						
CO5	2	2												

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Corre lation	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcom e (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlatio n (0-3)
1	13	20%	2	Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	17	27%	3	Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO3: Apply (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3) PO6: Thumb rule PO9: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2 2
3	13	20%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create(L6)	3 3 1 3 1
4	8	13%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO8	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Develop (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule	3 1 1 3 3 3 3
5	11	17%	2	Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
	64	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals concepts of Virtual Reality, Augmented Reality and Mixed Reality.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: Apply appropriate software and hardware for developing VR Applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Moderate (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

We use virtual scenes and virtual objects for most of the disciplines in the society .Therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO9: Thumb rule

For developing virtual objects and scenes there will be graphic designer, programmer, and analyst. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the different parameters of geometric models and Behavior to generate Light and Optics in VR.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb more than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create (L6)

CO3 Action verb less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO4: Analyze the photoreceptors and the anatomy of human eye to implement human vision.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO4 Action verb is PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO3: Develop (L6)

CO4 Action verb is PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since we are developing virtual scenes and 3d objects for engineering and societal departments. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Some ethical principles should be followed while developing virtual scenes and 3d objects for engineering and societal departments. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Understand importance of auditory perception and motion for designing VR headset.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I Branch of S	tudy	: AID)S	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Applications of Al	L	T	P	(
20AOE3003	IV-I	Applications of AI	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: understand the basic concepts of AI to Perform Robotic Operations

CO2: Apply the searching techniques for solving searching problems.

CO3: Analyze the concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models.

CO4: Analyze the Natural Language Interfaces for Machines understanding.

CO5: Apply the Standardised Approach for preparing Imaging data, Machine Learning tasks.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of AI		to Perform Robotic Operations	L2
CO2	Apply	the searching techniques		for Solving searching problems	L3
CO3	Analyze	the concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models.			L4
CO4	Analyze	the Natural Language Interfaces		for Machines understanding	L4
CO5	Apply	the Standardised Approach		for preparing Imaging data , Machine Learning tasks.	L3

UNIT - I AI for Driverless systems

Look: The MEMEX Reloaded, Inside a Search Engine, Google and the Mind, Deeper and Darker.

The Robotic chauffeur: Getting to driverless, A Cure for the deadliest disease, Seven delaying Myths, The timeline.

A Driverless World: Friction-free personal mobility, Parking, Commuting, Take the pod – meet people, Anatomy of a Driverless cars: High definition digital maps, Digital Cameras, Light detection and ranging(lidar), Radio Detection and Ranging (Radar), Ultrasonic sensors(sonars), Global positioning systems (GPS), The inner ear (IMU), Drive by wire.

UNIT - II AI for Marketing -I

Solving the Marketing Problem - One-to-One Marketing, One-to-Many Advertising, The Four Ps, What Keeps a Marketing Professional Awake? The Customer Journey, We Will Never Really Know, How Do I Connect? Let Me Count the Ways, Why Do I Connect? Branding, Marketing Mix Modelling, Econometrics, Customer Lifetime Value, One-to-One Marketing—The Meme, Seat-ofthe-Pants Marketing, Marketing in a Nutshell, What Seems to Be the Problem?

UNIT - III AI for Marketing -II

Using AI to Get Their Attention - Market Research: Whom Are We After? , Marketplace Segmentation, Raising Awareness, Social Media Engagement, In Real Life, The B2B World, Using AI to Persuade - The In-Store Experience, On the Phone, The Onsite Experience—Web Analytics, Merchandising, Closing the Deal, Back to the Beginning: Attribution.

UNIT - IV AI for Customers

Using AI for Retention - Growing Customer Expectations, Retention and Churn, Many Unhappy Returns, Customer Sentiment, Customer Service, Predictive Customer Service.

UNIT - V AI for Image processing

The role of medical image computing and machine learning in health care, Deep Learning and Machine Learning in Imaging: Basic Principles, how to develop Artificial Intelligence Applications, A Standardised Approach for preparing Imaging data for Machine Learning tasks in Radiology, Artificial Intelligence in Medicine: Validation and Study Design, Enterprise Imaging.

Textbooks:

- 1. Gautam Shroff "The Intelligent Web", OXFORD University Press, 2013.
- 2. Hod Lipson, and Melba kurman, "Driverless_ Intelligent cars and the Road Ahead", The MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2016.

Reference Books:

- Jim Sterne "Artificial intelligence for Marketing", John Wiley & sons, 2017.
 Erik R. Ranschaert, sergey Morozov, Paul R. Algra, "Artificial Intelligence in Medical Imaging, Springer Nature Switzerland AG, 2019.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	3	3		2								2		
CO3	3	1	1	3										
CO4	3	1		3								3		
CO5	3	3	3	2			2							

Correlation matrix

,	со		Program		
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	2 2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L2) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Analysis(L4)	3 1 1 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 1 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO7	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L2) PO3: Develop (L2) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO7: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: **understand** the basic concepts of AI to Perform Robotic Operations

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

CO2: **Apply** the searching techniques for solving searching problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L2)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Application of AI concepts are used to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: **Analyze** the concepts of Reinforcement Learning and NLP Models.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the Natural Language Interfaces for Machines understanding.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of application of AI in learning models concepts are used to Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the Standardised Approach for preparing Imaging data, Machine Learning tasks.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

ČOŠ Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L2)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO7: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time application of AI concept is sustainable environment development. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE(AI)

Year: IV Semester: I Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	AI For IMAGE ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
20AOE3004	IV-I	AI For IMAGE ANALYSIS	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the concepts of image formation to perform 3-D Images Operations.

CO2: Understand the image Processing Methods, colors spaces to perform Advanced Images.

CO3: Analyze the python concepts scikit image using transformation techniques.

CO4: Apply the Open CV for Advanced image Processing.

CO5: Apply the machine learning and real time use cases for image processing.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the concepts of image formation		to Perform 3-D Images Operations	L2
CO2	Understand	the image Processing Methods, colors spaces		to perform Advanced Images.	L2
CO3	Analysis	the python concepts scikit image	using transformation techniques		L4
CO4	Apply	the Open CV		for Advanced image Processing	L3
CO5	Apply	the machine learning and		for image processing.	L3

UNIT - I Image Formation & 3-D Imaging

Introduction to Image Formation:

Introduction, World and camera coordinates, Ideal Imaging: Perspective Projection, Real Imaging, Radiometry of Imaging, Liner System Theory of Imaging, Homogeneous Coordinates

Introduction to 3-D Imaging: Basics, Depth from Triangulation, Depth from Time-of-Flight, Depth from Phase: Interferometry, Shape from Shading, Depth from Multiple Projections: Tomography

UNIT - II Image Processing

Introduction to Image Processing: Images, Pixels, Image Resolution, PPI and DPI, Bitmap Images, Lossless Compression, Lossy Compression, Image File Formats, **Color Spaces:** RGB, XYZ, HSV/HSL, LAB, LCH, YPbPr, YUV, YIQ,

Advanced Image Concepts: Bezire Curve, Ellipsoid, Gamma Correction, Structural Similarity Index, Deconvolution, Homography, Convolution

UNIT - III Basics of Python and Scikit Image

Basics of Python:

Variables and Data Types, Data Structures, Control Flow Statements, Conditional Statements, Functions.

Scikit Image:

Uploading and Viewing an Image, Getting Image Resolution, Looking at Pixel Values, Converting Color Space, Saving an Image, Creating Basic Drawings, Doing Gamma Correction.Rotating, Shifting, and Scaling Images, Determining Structural Similarity.

UNIT - IV Advanced Image Processing Using Open CV

Blending Two Images, Changing Contrast and Brightness, Adding Text to Images,

Smoothing Images: Median Filter, Gaussian Filter, Bilateral Filter. Changing the Shape of Images, Effecting Image Thresholding, Calculating Gradients, Performing Histogram Equalization

UNIT - V Image Processing Using Machine Learning & Real-Time Use Cases

Feature Mapping Using the SIFT Algorithm, Image Registration Using the RANSAC Algorithm: estimate_ affine, residual lengths, processing the Images, The Complete code. Image Classification Using Artificial Neural Networks, Image Classification Using CNNs, Image Classification Using Machine Learning Approaches: Decision Trees, Support Vector Machines, Logistics Regression, Code, Important Terms

Introduction to Real-Time Use Cases:

Finding Palm Lines, Detecting Faces, Recognizing Faces, Tracking Movements, Detecting Lanes

Textbooks:

1. Digital Image Processing by Rafael C. Gonzalez,4th Edition, 2018

2. Hands-On Image Processing with Python: Expert techniques for advanced image analysis and effective interpretation of image data, by Sandipan Dey, 2018.

Reference Books:

1. Digital Image Processing-Bernd Jahne,2005

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. How to Implement Artificial Intelligence for Solving Image Processing Tasks | Apriorit
- 2. Image Processing for Engineering and Science | Coursera

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO 1	2	1							2					
CO 2	2	1							2					
CO 3	3		3		1				3	3	3			
CO 4	3		2						3	2	2	2		
CO 5	3		2	2					2	2	2	2		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analysis(L4) PO9: Thumb Rule	2 1 2
2	CO2: Understand	L2	PO1 PO3 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Analysis(L4) PO9: Thumb Rule	2 1 2
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO3 PO5 PO9 PO10 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Analysis(L4) PO5: Create(L6) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule PO11: Thumb Rule	3 3 1 3 3
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Analysis(L4) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule PO11: Thumb Rule PO12: Thumb Rule	3 2 3 2 2 2
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Analysis(L4) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO9: Thumb Rule PO10: Thumb Rule PO11: Thumb Rule PO12: Thumb Rule	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concepts of image formation to perform 3-D Images Operations.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumb Rule

CO1 Using 3-D Imaging, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: Understand the image Processing Methods, colors spaces to perform Advanced Images.

Action Verb: understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO2 Using Color Spaces like RGB,XYZ, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: Analyze the python concepts scikit image using transformation techniques.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analysis(L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than as PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO3 Scikit Image: Uploading and Viewing an Image, Getting Image Resolution, Looking at Pixel Values, Converting Color Space, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO3 Scikit Image creating, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO3 Designing Scikit Image using python Programming, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Apply the Open CV for Advanced image Processing.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analysis(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO4 Using Smoothing techniques Blending Two Images, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO4 Using Smoothing techniques, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO4 Advanced CSS style presentation and techniques to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments as a member or leader in a team, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumbrule

CO4 Using Performing Histogram Equalization Techniques, Median Filter, Gaussian Filter, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO5: Apply the machine learning and real time use cases for image processing.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderatev(2)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO5 Classification Using CNNs, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO5 Creating HTML and CSS programs, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO5 Using Image Classification Using Machine Learning Approaches, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumbrule

CO5 Using Real-Time Use Cases, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

3

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3

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I Branch o	f Study	: AIC)S
Course Code	Year & Sem		L	Т	P
		ETHICS AND PRIVACY IN AI	_	-	+

Course Outcomes:

20AOE3005

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

IV-I

CO1: Understand the ethical issues in the development of AI agents.

CO2: **Analyze** the ethical consideration of AI to replace the work of humans.

CO3: Apply the sociocultural factors in AI to develop code of ethics.

CO4: **Analyze** the code to control pitfall in the ethics of AI.

CO5: **Understand** the privacy aspects of ICT to Perform Data Mining.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the ethical issues in the development		of AI agents	L2
CO2	Analyse	the ethical consideration of AI		to replace the work of humans	L4
CO3	Apply	the sociocultural factors in AI		to develop codes of ethics	L3
CO4	Analyse	the code to control pitfil		in the ethics of AI	L4
CO5	Understand	The privacy aspects of information and common technologies		to Perform Data Mining.	L2

UNIT - I Introduction, What Do We Need to Understand About Ethics?

Introduction: Artificial Intelligence and Ethics, Why Ethics in AI? Why Now? Current Initiatives in AI and Ethics, Codes of Ethics in Context: Other Approaches to Ethical Questions in AI What Do We Need to Understand About Ethics?: A Preliminary Plea: Ethics Is Not About' Banning' Things, Normative Ethical Theories, Ethics and Empirical Evidence, So Why Do We Even Need Ethics?, So, With What Sort of Issues Is Ethics Concerned?, Who(orWhat) Is The Proper Object of Moral Concerns, and How Widely Should Our Concerns Extend?, Four Domains of Ethics: Self, Friend, Stranger, World, What Counts as Adequate Justification and Argument in Ethics?, Moral Relativism, Moral Justification and AI, A Distributed Morality?, Moral Agents, Moral Motivation, AI, Codes of Ethics and the Law

UNIT - II Does AI Raise Any Distinctive Ethical Questions? Codes of Professional Ethics

Does AI Raise Any Distinctive Ethical Questions? Methodology: Focusing in on Ethical Questions, Many Ethical Issues in AI Are Shared with Other Rapidly Developing Technology, Ethical Questions Arise from AI's Typical Use to Enhance, Supplement, or Replace the Work of Humans, We Also Need to Consider the Methods of Production of AI, Hype in AI and Implications for Methodology in Ethics Codes of Professional Ethics: Introduction: The Varieties of Ethical Codes, Professional Codes of Ethics Tend to Have Certain Commonalities, Codes of Ethics and Institutional Backing, The Context of Codes of Ethics, Can Codes of Ethics Make the Situation Worse? Yes

UNIT - III How AI Challenges Professional Ethics, Developing Codes of Ethics Amidst Fast Technological Change

How AI Challenges Professional Ethics: AI Professional Organisations and Companies, and the Nature of Its Development and Production, Gradients of Professional Power and Vulnerability in AI, A Third Layer of Complexity in Codes of Professional Ethics for AI: The Behaviour of Machines, The Authority of Any Resulting Codes.

Developing Codes of Ethics Amidst Fast Technological Change: Social, Cultural and Technological Change and Ethics, Social, Cultural, Economic and Technological Change: The Example of AI and Employment, Regulating for Whom? The Global Reach of AI, Universalism, and Relativism, Diversity in Participation as Part of the Solution.

UNIT -	IV	Some Characteristic Pitfalls in Considering the Ethics of AI, and
		What to Do About Them. Some Suggestions for How to Proceed

Some Characteristic Pitfalls in Considering the Ethics of AI, and What to Do About Them: The Idealisation of Human and of Machine Agency, Building Ethics into AI and the Idealisation of Moral Agency, Replacing and Enhancing Human Agency, Boundaries and AI, Addressing the Increased Gradient of Vulnerability, Common

Language, Miscommunication and the Search for Clarity. Some Suggestions for How to Proceed: Organisations and Codes, Procedures for Drawing Up and Implementing Codes, The Content of Codes, Thinking About Ethical Issues in Developing and Implementing Codes of Ethics, Asilomar AI Principles

UNIT - V An Introduction to Privacy Aspects of Information and Communication Technologies, Data Mining in Large Databases

Introduction, Privacy and the Internet, Privacy in Databases, Privacy in Ubiquitous Computing. Data Mining in Large Databases — Strategies for Managing the Trade-Off Between Societal Benefit and Individual Privacy: Introduction, Examples of data-collecting institutions and data users, Strategies for controlling privacy, Measures of the utility of published data sets and outputs.

Textbooks:

- 1. Paula Boddington," Towards a Code of Ethics for Artificial Intelligence", Springer.
- 2. AgustiSolanas& Antoni Martínez-Ballesté "Advances in Artificial Intelligence for Privacy Protection and Security" World Scientific

Reference Books:

1. "Oxford Handbook of Ethics of AI", Markus D. Dubber frank pasqualesunit Das, oxford university press.

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. Coursera: Ethics of Artificial Intelligence
- 2. Coursera: Artificial Intelligence Privacy and Convenience

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1				2		2	2					
CO2	3		3			3		3	3					
соз	3		2			3		3	2	2	2			
CO4	3		3					3	3	3	3	3		
CO5	2		1	1					2	2	2	2		

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2				
			PO2	PO2: Analysis(L4)	1				
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO6	PO6: Apply(L3)	2				
			PO8	PO8: Apply(L3)	2				
			PO9	PO9: Thumb Rule	2				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO3	PO3: Analysis(L4)	3				
2	CO2: Analyse	L4	P06		3				
4	CO2: Analyse	L4	PO8	PO6: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO9	PO8: Apply(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule	3				
				PO9: 1 numb Rule	3				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO3	PO3: Analysis(L4)	2				
			PO6	PO6: Apply(L3)	3				
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO8	PO8: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO9	PO9: Thumb Rule	2				
			PO10	PO10: Thumb Rule	2				
			P011	P011: Thumb Rule	2				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO3	PO3: Analysis(L4)	3				
			PO6	PO6: Apply(L3)	3				
	004 4 1		PO8	PO8: Apply(L3)	3				
4	CO4: Analyse	L4	PO9	PO9: Thumb Rule	3				
			PO10	PO10: Thumb Rule	3				
			PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	3				
			PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	3				
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3				
			PO3	PO3: Analysis(L4)	1				
			PO4	PO4: Analysis(L4)	1				
5	CO5: Understand	L2	PO9	PO9: Thumb Rule	2				
			PO10	PO10: Thumb Rule	2				
			PO11	PO11: Thumb Rule	2				
		1	PO12	PO12: Thumb Rule	2				

Justification:

CO1: **Understand** the ethical issues in the development of AI agents.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Analysis(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO6: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO6 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO8: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO8 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO9: Thumb Rule

CO1 Using Moral Motivation, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: **Analyze** the ethical consideration of AI to replace the work of humans.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analysis(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO6 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO8 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO2 Using Developing Technology, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO3: **Apply** the sociocultural factors in AI to develop code of ethics.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analysis(L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO6: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO6 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO8 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO3 Developing Codes of Ethics, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO3 Developing Codes of Ethics, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO3 Developing Codes of Ethics, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: **Analyze** the code to control pitfall in the ethics of AI.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO6 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO8 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO4 Building Ethics into AI, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO4 Using Enhancing Human Agency, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO4 Thinking About Ethical Issues in Developing and Implementing Codes of Ethics, therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumbrule

CO4 Asilomar AI Principles, therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: **Understand** the privacy aspects of ICT to Perform Data Mining.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Analysis(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analysis(L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumbrule

CO5 Data-collecting institutions and data users, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO10: Thumbrule

CO5 Data-collecting institutions and data users, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: Thumbrule

CO5 Strategies for controlling privacy, therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumbrule

CO5 Measures of the utility of published data sets and outputs , therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: IV Semester: I Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Deinferson out Learning	L	T	P	С
20AOE3006	IV-I	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the Reinforcement learning problems with different branches of ML.
- CO2: Evaluate the various Tabular solution methods to Markov Decision process.
- CO3: Apply the various Prediction and Control by Dynamic Programming
- CO4: Analyze the model free prediction and control using Monte carlo methods.
- **CO5**: **Analyze** the policy gradient methods to Perform Reinforcement algorithm.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condi tion	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understan d	the Reinforcement learning problems with different branches of ML.			L2
CO2	Evaluate	the various Tabular solution methods		to Markov Decision process	L5
соз	Apply	the various Prediction and Control		by Dynamic Programming	L3
CO4	Analyze	the model free prediction and control		using Monte carlo methods	L4
CO5	Analyze	the policy gradient methods		to Perform Reinforcement algorithm.	L4

UNIT	- I	
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Introduction

Course logistics and overview. Origin and history of Reinforcement Learning research. Its connections with other related fields and with different branches of machine learning. Probability Primer Brush up of Probability concepts - Axioms of probability, concepts of random variables, PMF, PDFs, CDFs, Expectation. Concepts of joint and multiple random variables, joint, conditional and marginal distributions. Correlation and independence

UNIT - II 9Hrs

Markov Decision Process

Introduction to RL terminology, Markov property, Markov chains, Markov reward process (MRP). Introduction to and proof of Bellman equations for MRPs along with proof of existence of solution to Bellman equations in MRP. Introduction to Markov decision process (MDP), state and action value functions, Bellman expectation equations, optimality of value functions and policies, Bellman optimality equations.

UNIT - III

Prediction and Control by Dynamic Programming

Overview of dynamic programming for MDP, definition and formulation of planning in MDPs, principle of optimality, iterative policy evaluation, policy iteration, value iteration, Banach fixed point theorem, proof of contraction mapping property of Bellman expectation and optimality operators, proof of convergence of policy evaluation and value iteration algorithms, DP extensions.

UNIT - IV 9 Hrs

Monte Carlo Methods for Model Free Prediction and Control

Overview of Monte Carlo methods for model free RL, First visit and every visit Monte Carlo, Monte Carlo control, On policy and off policy learning, Importance sampling.

TD Methods

Incremental Monte Carlo Methods for Model Free Prediction, Overview TD(0), TD(1) and $TD(\lambda)$, kstep estimators, unified view of DP, MC and TD evaluation methods, TD Control methods - SARSA, Q-Learning and their variants.

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

Policy Gradients

Getting started with policy gradient methods, Log-derivative trick, Naive REINFORCE algorithm, bias and variance in Reinforcement Learning, Reducing variance in policy gradient estimates, baselines, advantage function, actorcritic methods

Textbooks:

- 1. Sutton, Richard S., and Andrew G. Barto. Reinforcement learning: An introduction. MIT press, 2018.
- 2. Leon-Garcia, Alberto. Probability and random processes for electrical engineering. Pearson Education India, 1994

Reference Books:

1. Murphy, Kevin P. Machine learning: a probabilistic perspective. MIT press, 2012.

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. A brief introduction to reinforcement learning (freecodecamp.org)
- 2. Reinforcement learning GeeksforGeeks

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1												
CO2	3	2		3								3		
CO3	3	2	3	2			2					2	1	
CO4	3	3		3								3		
CO5	3	3		3									1	

Correlation matrix

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the Reinforcement learning problems with different branches of ML.

Unit No.	со		Program	POUL AND THE STATE OF			
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)		
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	2 1		
2	CO2: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 2 3 3		
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO7 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO7: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 2 3 2 2 2		
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3		
5	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO4: Analysis (L4)	3 3 3		

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Evaluate the various Tabular solution methods to Markov Decision process.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some Tabular solution methods to Markov reward process to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: **Apply** the various Prediction and Control by Dynamic Programming **Action Verb**: **Apply** (**L3**)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO7: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems using in machine learning algorithm concept is indirectly used to sustainable environment development. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of various policy to gradient using to Reinforcement algorithm write programs and evaluation. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze the model free prediction and control using Monte carlo methods.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than po1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of Non-Linear Data Sets applications, concepts are used to lstm. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze the policy gradient methods to Perform Reinforcement algorithm.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



20APE3016

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I Branch of St	Branch of Study:			
Course Code	Year & Sem	DATA ANALYTICS	L	T	P	
		DAIA ANADI IICO				

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

IV-I

CO1: **Understand** the basic concepts of R programming to perform statistical analysis.

CO2: **Analyze** the Data Analytics by using Machine Learning algorithms like regression, multiple linear regression for estimation.

CO3: **Apply** the linear model framework for Data Analytics using regression, linear models.

CO4: Evaluate the simulation methods, optimization methods, forecasting analysis and survival analysis by using case studies.

CO5: **Apply** the various analytics for real time applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of R programming		to perform statistical analysis.	L2
CO2	Analyze	the Data Analytics	By using Machine Learning algorithms like regression, multiple linear regression.	For estimation	L4
CO3	Apply	the linear model framework	By using regression, linear models	for Data Analytics	L3
CO4	Evaluate	the simulation methods, optimization methods, forecasting analysis and survival analysis	By using case studies		L5
CO5	Apply	The various analytics		for real time applications.	L3

UNIT – I	An overview of R	10 Hrs
An overvi	ew of R, Vectors, factors, univariate time series, Data frames, matric	es, Functions, operators,
loops, Gra	aphics, Revealing views of the data, Data summary, Statistical analy	sis questions, aims, and
strategies;	Statistical models, Distributions: models for the random component	t, Simulation of random
numbers a	and random samples, Model assumptions	

Basic concepts of estimation

Basic concepts of estimation, Confidence intervals and tests of hypotheses, Contingency tables, Oneway unstructured comparisons, Response curves, Data with a nested variation structure, Resampling methods for standard errors, tests, and confidence intervals, Theories of inference, Regression with a single predictor, multiple linear regressions.

Exploiting the linear model framework

Exploiting the linear model framework: Levels of a factor – using indicator variables, Fitting multiple lines, Polynomial regression, Methods for passing smooth curves through data, Smoothing with multiple explanatory variables, Generalized linear models, Logistic multiple regression, Logistic models for categorical data, Poisson regression, Additional notes on generalized linear models, Models with an ordered categorical or categorical response, Survival analysis, Transformations for count data, Time series models.

UNIT - IV Simulation 8 Hrs

Simulation - Motivating Examples, Simulation Modeling Method, case study. Introduction to optimization – Introduction, Methods in Optimization- Linear Programming, Integer Programming-Enforcing Integrality Restrictions on Decision Variables, Nonlinear Optimization Models. Forecasting Analytics - Methods and Quantitative Approaches of Forecasting, Applied Forecasting Analytics Process, Applications, Evaluating Forecast Accuracy. Survival Analysis – Introduction, Motivating Business Problems, Methods of Survival Analysis, case study

UNIT – V	Applications	9 Hrs
Applications: Retail Ana	lytics, Marketing Analytics, Financial Analytics, Social Media a	nd Web

Analytics, Healthcare Analytics

Textbooks:

- 1. Data Analysis and Graphics Using R an Example-Based Approach, John Maindonald, W. John Braun, Third Edition, 2010
- 2. Essentials of Business Analytics An Introduction to the Methodology and its Applications, Bhimasankaram Pochiraju, Sridhar Seshadri, Springer, 2019, https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-68837-4

Reference Books:

- 1. Data Analytics Using R Paperback, Seema Acharya, McGraw Hill Education, Apr 2018
- 2. R for Everyone: Advanced Analytics and Graphics Paperback, Jared P. Lander, Pearson Education, 2018
- 4. Business Analytics for Decision Making, Regi Mathew, First Edition, Pearson Paperback, 2020

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1												
CO2	3	3				3						3		
CO3	3	2				2							2	
CO4	3	3	2	2	2			3					2	
CO5	3	2										2		

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlatio	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	Verb and BTL(for	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)		n	verb		(PO)	PO1 to PO12)	(0-3)
1	14	23%	3	CO1:	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
	17	2070	0	Understand	DZ	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	1
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	12	19%	2	CO2:	L4	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
	12	1970	2	Analyze	LH	PO6	PO6:Thumb Rule	3
					ì	PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	15	25%	3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	2
						PO6	PO6:Thumb Rule	2
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
						PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
4	15	25%	3	CO4:	L5	PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	2
-	13	23/0	3	Evaluate	LO	PO4	PO4: Design (L6)	2
						PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	2
						PO8	PO8:Thumb Rule	3
						PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
5	5	8%	1	CO3: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	2
						PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2
	61	100						
		%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of R programming

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Analyze the Data Analytics by using Machine Learning algorithms like regression, multiple linear regression for estimation.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

By using estimation concepts, the programmers are able to solve engineering problems using machine learning algorithms. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Data Analytics estimation concepts are used for solving complex problems. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO3: Apply the linear model framework for Data Analytics using regression, linear models.

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

Linear models are used to create framework for generating hypotheses Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Evaluate the simulation methods, optimization methods, forecasting analysis and survival analysis by using case studies.

Action Verb : Evaluate(L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in performing simulation, optimization and analysis. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO5: Apply the various analytics for real time applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For real time applications, Data Analytics concepts are used. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Branch of Study: AIDS Year: IV Semester: I

Course Code	Year & Sem	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	С
20APE3017	IV-I	SOFT WARE I ROUBET MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the purpose and importance of project management

CO2: Evaluate the economics for improving software project quality

CO3: Analyze the phases and process of software project management life cycle

CO4: Analyze process workflows and responsibilities

CO5: Apply process control and instrumentation for CCPDS-R

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the purpose and importance of project management			L2
CO2	Evaluate	The economics		for improving software project quality	L5
CO3	Analyze	the phases and process of software management life cycle			L4
CO4	Analyze	process workflows and responsibilities			L4
CO5	Apply	process control and instrumentation		for CCPDS-R	L3

UNIT – I	Conventional Software Management	9 Hrs
Conventional So	ftware Management: The waterfall model,	conventional software Managemen
performance. Evolu	ation of Software Economics: Software Economics	, pragmatic software cost estimation
UNIT – II	Improving Software Economics	9 Hrs
Improving Softwa	are Economics: Reducing Software product	size, improving software processes
improving team eff	ectiveness, improving automation, Achieving requ	ired quality, peer inspections.
The old way and	the new: The principles of conventional softwa	re engineering, principles of modern
software managem	ent, transitioning to an iterative process	
UNIT – III	Life cycle phases	9 Hrs
Life cycle phases	Engineering and production stages, inception,	Elaboration, construction, transition
phases. Artifacts	of the process: The artifact sets, Managem	ent artifacts, Engineering artifacts
programmatic arti	facts. Model based software architectures: A Ma	anagement perspective and technica
perspective.		
UNIT – IV	Work Flows of the process	9 Hrs
Work Flows of th	e process: Software process workflows, Inter	Trans workflows. Checkpoints of the
Process: Major Mile	e Stones, Minor Milestones, Periodic status assess	sments.
	Planning: Work breakdown structures, plan	ning guidelines, cost and schedul

estimating, Interaction planning process, Pragmatic planning.

Project Organizations and Responsibilities: Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, evolution of Organizations. Process Automation: Automation Building Blocks, The Project Environment

UNIT - V **Project Control and Process instrumentation**

Project Control and Process instrumentation: The server care Metrics, Management indicators, quality indicators, life cycle expectations pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics automation.

Tailoring the Process: Process discriminates, Example. Future Software Project Management: Modern Project Profiles Next generation Software economics, modern Process transitions.

Case Study: The Command Center Processing and Display System-Replacement (CCPDS-R)

Textbooks:

- 1. Software Project Management, Walker Royce, Pearson Education.
 - Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, fourth edition, Tata Mc- Graw Hill

Reference Books:

- 1. Applied Software Project Management, Andrew Stellman & Jennifer Greene, O"Reilly, 2006
- 2. Head First PMP, Jennifer Greene & Andrew Stellman, O"Reilly, 2007

- 3. Software Engineering Project Managent, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourdon, second edition, Wiley India, 2004.
- 4. Agile Project Management, Jim Highsmith, Pearson education, 2004
- 5. The art of Project management, Scott Berkun, O"Reilly, 2005.
- 6. Software Project Management in Practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson Education, 2002

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

тарри	ig or cou		incs with											
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2										2			
CO2	3	3	3						3		3			
CO3	2	2							3		3			
CO4	2	2		3					3		3			
CO5	3	3		2							2			

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO11: Thumb rule	2 2
2	CO2 : Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO9 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3:Apply(L3) PO9: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO9 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO9: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	CO4 : Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO9 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO9: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the purpose and importance of project management

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

To understand the purpose and importance of project management, knowledge on projects and management principles are required. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Evaluate the economics for improving software project quality

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

To evaluate the economics for improving software project quality, teamwork and individual performance is required. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO11: Thumb rule

To evaluate the economics for improving software project quality, knowledge on projects and management principles are required. Therefore the correlation is high(3).

CO3: Analyze the phases and process of software project management life cycle

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

To analyze the phases and process of software project management life cycle, teamwork and individual performance is required. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

To analyze the phases and process of software project management life cycle, knowledge on projects and management principles are required. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze process workflows and responsibilities

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO9: Thumb rule

To analyze process workflows and responsibilities, teamwork and individual performance is required. Therefore the correlation is high(3).

PO11: Thumb rule

To analyze process workflows and responsibilities, knowledge on projects and management principles are required. Therefore the correlation is high(3).

CO5: Apply process control and instrumentation for CCPDS-R

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

To apply process control and instrumentation for CCPDS-R, knowledge on projects and management principles are required. Therefore the correlation is medium (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

3

Semester: I **Branch of Study: AIDS Course Code** Year & Sem C Т **Linux Environment System** 20APE3018 IV-I 0

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the introductory concepts of LINUX operating system .

CO2: Analyze the procedure to install LINUX operating system.

CO3: Apply the procedure to configure various privileges for the user and system.

CO4: Analyze the various commands through console window.

CO5: Evaluate the file system services in real time applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the introductory concepts of LINUX operating system			L2
CO2	Analyze	the procedure to install LINUX operating system			L4
CO3	Apply	the procedure to configure various privileges		for the user and system	L3
CO4	Analyze	the various commands	through console window		L4
CO5	Evaluate	the file system services		in real time	L5

UNIT – I	INTRODUCTION TO LINUX OPERATING SYSTEM	9 Hrs
THE POST OF THE	TINUTE OPPOMENTO CHOMPAS, I 4 1 4: 1 //	C O 1. O 1

INTRODUCTION TO LINUX OPERATING SYSTEM: Introduction and Types of Operating Systems, Linux Operating System, Features, Architecture Of Linux OS and Shell Interface, Linux System Calls, Linux Shared Memory Management, Device and Disk Management in Linux, Swap space and its management. File System and Directory Structure in Linux. Multi-Processing, load sharing and Multi-Threading in Linux, Types of Users in Linux, Capabilities of Super Users and equivalents.

UNIT - II **INSTALLING LINUX AS A SERVER** 9 Hrs

INSTALLING LINUX AS A SERVER: Linux and Linux Distributions; Major differences between various Operating Systems (on the basis of: Single Users vs Multiusers vs Network Users; Separation of the GUI and the Kernel; Domains; Active Directory;).

INSTALLING LINUX IN A SERVER CONFIGUARTION: Before Installation; Hardware; Server Design ;Dual-Booting Issues; Modes of Installation; Installing Fedora Linux; Creating a Boot Disk; Starting the Installation; **GNOME AND KDE:** The History of X Windows; The Downside; Enter GNOME; About GNOME; Starting X Windows and GNOME; GNOME Basics; The GNOME Configuration Tool.

UNIT - III **INSTALLING SOFTWARE** 9 Hrs

INSTALLING SOFTWARE: The Fedora Package Manager; Installing a New Package using dpkg and RPM; Querying a Package; Uninstalling a Package using dpkg and RPM; Compiling Software; Getting and Unpacking the Package; Looking for Documentation; Configuring the Package; Compiling Your Package; Installing the Package, Driver Support for various devices in linux. MANAGING USERS: Home Directories ;Passwords; Shells; Stratup Scripts; Mail; User Databases; The / etc /passwd File; The / etc / shadow File; The / etc /group File; User Management Tools; Command-Line User Management; User LinuxConf to Manipulate Users and Groups; SetUID and SetGID Programs.

UNIT – IV	THE COMMAND LINE	9Hrs

THE COMMAND LINE: An Introduction to BASH, KORN, C, A Shell etc.; BASH commands: Job Control; Environment Variables; Pipes; Redirection; Command-Line Shortcuts; Documentation Tools; The man Command; the text info System; File Listings; Owner ships and permissions; Listing Files; File and Directory Types; Change Ownership; Change Group; Change Mode ; File Management and Manipulation; Process Manipulation; Miscellaneous Tools; Various Editors Available like: Vi and its modes, Pico, Joe and emacs, Su Command. BOOTING AND SHUTTING DOWN: LILO and GRUB; Configuring LILO; Additional LILO options; Adding a New Kernel to Boot; Running LILO; The Steps of Booting; Enabling and disabling Services.

UNIT - V FILE SYSTEMS 9 Hrs

FILE SYSTEMS: The Makeup File Systems; Managing File Systems; Adding and Partitioning a Disk; Network File S ystems; Quota Management; CORE SYSTEM SERVICES: The init Service; The inetd and xinetd Processess; The syslogd Daemon; The cron Program. PRINTING: The Basic of lpd; Installing LPRng; Configuring /etc/printcap; The /ETC/lpd.perms File; Clients of lpd, Interfacing Printer through Operating System.

Textbooks:

- 1. Linux Administration: A Beginner's Guide by Steve Shah, Wale Soyinka, ISBN 0072262591 (0-07-226259-1), McGraw-Hill Education.
- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashavant P. Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 2003.
- 3. UNIX Concepts and Applications by Sumitabha Das Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 4. Operating System Concepts 8th edition, by Galvin Wiley Global Education, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Unix operating system, by Grace Todino, John Strang, Jerry D. Peek Oreily publications 1993.
- 2. Operating System Concepts 8th edition, by Galvin Wiley Global Education, 2012.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3												
CO2	3	3										2		
соз	3	3		2	3									
CO4	3	3										2		
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							2	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3)	3 3 2 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2
5	CO5: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the introductory concepts of LINUX operating system

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is Less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO2: Analyze the procedure to install LINUX operating system.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Installations of operating systems are a continuous activity. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the procedure to configure various privileges for the user and system.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as of PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Analyze the various commands through console window.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Various commands using console window useful in future enhancements. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Evaluate the file system services in real time applications.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

File system services usage is a continuous process. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Course Code Year & Sem	Semester: 1 Branch of	σιuuy	. AIL	· 5			
Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Calanas Annillastiana	L	T	P	С]
20APE3019	IV-I	Data Science Applications	3	0	0	3]

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the data science applications and strategies in various domains

CO2: Apply the data science tools and technologies for stock market analysis

CO3: Apply the data science methodologies in education, social media to solve real time problems

CO4: Analyze the data science concepts in Healthcare and Bioinformatics

CO5: Analyze the various data optimization techniques using python programming

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the data science applications and strategies		in various domains	L2
CO2	Apply	the data science tools and technologies	for stock market analysis		L3
соз	Apply	the data science methodologies	in education, social media	to solve real time problems	L3
CO4	Analyse	the data science concepts	in Healthcare and Bioinformatics		L4
CO5	Analyse	the various data optimization techniques	using python programming		L4

UNIT - I

Data Science Applications in various domains, Challenges and opportunities, tools for data scientists, Recommender systems – Introduction, methods, application, challenges.

UNIT - II

Time series data – stock market index movement forecasting. Supply Chain Management – Real world case study in logistics.

UNIT - III

Data Science in Education, Social media.

UNIT - IV

Data Science in Healthcare, Bioinformatics.

UNIT - V

Case studies in data optimization using Python.

Textbooks:

- 1. Aakanksha Sharaff, G.K.Sinha, "Data Science and its applications", CRC Press, 2021.
- 2. Q. A. Menon, S. A. Khoja, "Data Science: Theory, Analysis and Applications", CRC Press, 2020.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

rapping of course outcomes with program outcomes														
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2										2		1
CO2	3	2		2	3							2		2
CO3	3	2		2								2		
CO4	3	3	3	3								3		
CO5	3	3		3	3							3		1

Correlation Matrix

	со		Program		
Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Identify(L3)	2
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analysis (L4)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
3	CO3: Apply	L3	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	2
3			PO4	PO4: Analysis (L4)	2
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
4	CO4: Analyse	L4	PO3	PO3: Design (L3)	3
			PO4	PO4: Analysis (L4)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
5	CO5: Analyse	L4	PO4	PO4: Analysis (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the data science applications and strategies in various domains **Action Verb: Understand (L2)**

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2) **PO12: Thumb rule**

For various domains data science applications are used. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: Apply the data science tools and technologies for stock market analysis Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For stock market analysis data science tools are applied. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: Apply the data science methodologies in education, social media to solve real time problems Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some education and social media applications data science concepts are used. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyse the data science concepts in Healthcare and Bioinformatics **Action Verb: Analyse** (**L4**)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some Healthcare and Bioinformatics applications data science concepts are used. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyse the various data optimization techniques using python programming **Action Verb: Analyse (L4)**

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For stock market analysis data science tools are applied. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: IV Semester: I **Branch of Study: AIDS**

Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Salamaa Fan Durinaan	L	T	P	С
20APE3020	IV-I	Data Science For Business	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of business intelligence.

CO2: Evaluate the data mining concepts with business intelligence.

CO3: Understand the modeling techniques to generate an analytical model.

CO4: Analyze the text mining with data analysis and knowledge delivery stages.

CO5: Apply the suitable business intelligence methods and techniques for different conditions.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamentals of business intelligence.			L2
CO2	Evaluate	the data mining concepts	with business intelligence.		L5
CO3	Understand	the modeling techniques		to generate an analytical model.	L2
CO4	Analyze	the text mining with data analysis and knowledge delivery stages.			L4
CO5	Apply	the suitable business intelligence methods and techniques		for different conditions.	L3

UNIT - I		
Introduction – Busine	ss problems and Data Science Solutions, Introduction to Predictive	modeling: From
Correlation to Supervise	ed Segmentation	
UNIT - II		
Fitting the Data- Fitting	g a Model to Data, Overfitting and its Avoidance	
UNIT - III		
Similarity, Neighbors, a	nd Clusters, Decision Analytic Thinking: What is a Good model	
UNIT - IV		
Representing and Minin	g text, Decision Analytic Thinking II: Toward Analytic Engineering.	
UNIT - V		
Other Data Science Tasl	ks and Techniques, Data Science and Business Strategy	
Textbooks:		

Reference Books:

1. Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, DursunDelen, "Decision Support and Business Intelligence Systems", 9 th Edition, Pearson 2013.

1. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, Data Science for Business, O'Reilly, 2013.

- 2. Larissa T. Moss, S. Atre, "Business Intelligence Roadmap: The Complete ProjectLifecycle of Decision Making", Addison Wesley, 2003.
- 3. Carlo Vercellis, "Business Intelligence: Data Mining and Optimization for DecisionMaking", Wiley Publications, 2009.
- 4. David Loshin Morgan, Kaufman, "Business Intelligence: The Savvy Manager's Guide", Second Edition, 2012.

Online Learning Resources:

1. Edx: IBM Data Warehousing and BI Analytics

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	2											
CO2	3	2	2			2						2		
CO3	2	1						2	1					
CO4	3	1	1	1	1			3	3					
CO5	2	3					3					2		

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO		Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1:Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	1
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Formulate (L6)	2
2	CO2: Evaluate	L5	PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	2
			PO6	PO6: Thumb rule	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
•	CO3:		PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	1
3	Understand	L2	PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2
			PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO3	PO3: Design (L6)	1
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Design (L6)	1
			PO5	PO5: Create(L6)	1
			PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	3
			PO9	PO9: Thumb rule	3
			PO1	PO1: Analyze(L4)	2
_	005 - 41	10	PO2	PO2: Identify (L2)	3
5	CO5 : Apply	L3	PO6	PO7: Thumb rule	2
	· ·		PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of business intelligence.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the fundamental components to meet desired requirements in business applications. Therefore, the correlation is moderate(2)

CO2: Evaluate the data mining concepts with business intelligence.

Action Verb : Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO6: Thumb rule

For some of computer applications, Various operations are evaluated for mining. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the deficiencies and demonstrate the need of updating the mining concepts to meet desired requirements. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO3: Understand the modeling techniques to generate an analytical model.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb level by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to generate modeling techniques. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to understand and demonstrate the models in computer system. Hence the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze text mining with data analysis and knowledge delivery stages.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed in data analysis and knowledge discovery. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to provide the solutions caused due to text mining. Hence the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply suitable business intelligence methods and techniques for different conditions.

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Identify (L2)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

creating different architecture's to provide multitasking and multi-processing. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO12: Thumb rule

Identify the deficiencies and demonstrate the need of updating the business techniques at different conditions. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: IV Semester: I Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Stanoon Minima	L	Т	P	С
20APE3021	IV-I	Data Stream Mining	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamental process of data stream to Perform Testing Framework .
- CO2: **Apply** the various methods to solve real world problems.
- CO3: Analyze the stream data using prediction strategies in data stream mining.
- CO4: **Evaluate** the results of data stream mining using various methods.
- CO5: **Apply** the adaptive Hoeffding trees using decision trees.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamental process of data stream		to Perform Testing Framework	L2
CO2	Apply	the Various methods		to solve real world problems	L3
CO3	Analyze	the Stream data	using Prediction Strategies	in data stream mining	L4
CO4	Evaluate	the Results of data stream mining	using various methods		L5
CO5	Apply	the Adaptive Hoeffding trees	using decision trees		L3

UNIT - I

MOA Stream Mining, Assumptions, Requirements, Mining Strategies, Change Detection Strategies, MOA Experimental Settings, Previous Evaluation Practices, Evaluation Procedures for Data Streams, Testing Framework, Environments, Data Sources, Generation Speed and Data Size, Evolving Stream Experimental Setting.

UNIT - II

Hoeffding Trees, The Hoeffding Bound for Tree Induction, The Basic Algorithm, Memory Management, Numeric Attributes, Batch Setting Approaches, Data Stream Approaches.

UNIT - III

Prediction Strategies, Majority Class, Naïve Bayes Leaves, Adaptive Hybrid, Hoeffding Tree Ensembles, Data Stream Setting, Realistic Ensemble Sizes.

UNIT - IV

Evolving Data Streams, Algorithms for Mining with Change, A Methodology for Adaptive Stream Mining, Optimal Change Detector and Predictor, Adaptive Sliding Windows, Introduction, Maintaining Updated Windows of Varying Length.

UNIT - V

Adaptive Hoeffding Trees, Introduction, Decision Trees on Sliding Windows, Hoeffding Adaptive Trees, Adaptive Ensemble Methods, New methods of Bagging using trees of different size, New method of bagging using ADWIN, Adaptive Hoeffding Option Trees, Method performance.

Textbooks:

1. DATA STREAM MINING: A Practical Approach by Albert Bifet and Richard Kirkby.

Reference Books:

- 1. Knowledge discovery from data streams by Gama João. ISBN: 978-1-4398-2611-9.
- 2. Machine Learning for Data Streams by Albert Bifet, Ricard Gavalda; MIT Press, 2017.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	3	3		2	3							2		
соз	3	3		3								3		
CO4	3	3		3								3		
CO5	3	3		2								2	1	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Select(L3) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2
3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental process of data stream to Perform Testing Framework .

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2) **PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)**

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: **Apply** the various methods to solve real world problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Select (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use various methods to solve real world problems. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: Analyze the stream data using prediction strategies in data stream mining.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For Use Analyze stream data using prediction strategies in data stream mining Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO4: **Evaluate** the results of data stream mining using various methods.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use Evaluate results of data stream mining using various methods. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: **Apply** the adaptive Hoeffding trees using decision trees.

Action Verb:Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identity (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use Apply adaptive Hoeffding trees using decision trees. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCES(AI)

Process Mining

3

Year: 1	IV	Semester: I Branch of St	udy:	AID	S
ourse Code	Vent & Sem		T	т	ъ

20APE3022	IV-1	
Course Outcome	es:	

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamentals elements for process mining
- CO2: **Apply** the process mining tools to automate the data collection process.
- CO3: **Analyze** the various process models in real world process mining problems.
- CO4: Evaluate the various modern technologies to discovery Process Techniques.
- CO5: **Apply** the Outlook future for process mining in various case studies.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamentals elements	for process mining		L2
CO2	Apply	the Process mining tools		to automate the data collection process	L3
CO3	Analyze	the Various process models	in real world process mining		L4
CO4	Evaluate	the various modern technologies		to discovery Process Techniques	L5
CO5	Apply	the Outlook future for process		in various case studies	L3

UNIT - I

Introduction: Process Mining in a Nutshell, Purpose: Identifying the Right Use Cases, Challenges, Pitfalls, and Failures. Process Mining, RPA, BPM, and DTO.

UNIT - II

Process Mining: The Missing Link- Limitations of Modelling, Process Mining, Analysing an Example Log, Play-In, Play-Out, and Replay, Positioning Process Mining.

Process Modelling and Analysis: The Art of Modelling, Process Models, Model-Based Process Analysis

UNIT - III

Process Discovery: A Simple Algorithm for Process Discovery, Rediscovering Process Models, Challenges. **Advanced Process Discovery Techniques:** Characteristics, Heuristic Mining, Genetic Process Mining, RegionBased Mining, Inductive Mining.

UNIT - IV

Process Mining Software: Process Mining Not Included, Different Types of Process Mining Tools, ProM: An OpenSource Process Mining Platform, Commercial Software.

Process Mining in the Large: BigEventData, Case-Based Decomposition, Activity-Based Decomposition, Process Cubes, Streaming Process Mining.

UNIT - V

Process Mining Software: Process Mining Not Included, Different Types of Process Mining Tools, ProM: An OpenSource Process Mining Platform, Commercial Software.

Process Mining in the Large: BigEventData, Case-Based Decomposition, Activity-Based Decomposition, Process Cubes, Streaming Process Mining.

Textbooks:

- 1. Reinkemeyer, Lars. "Process mining in action." Principles, Use Cases and Outlook, Santa Barbara, 2020.
- 2. Aalst, Wil van der. "Data science in action." Process mining. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg, 2016.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ferreira, Diogo R. A primer on process mining: Practical skills with python and graphviz. Cham: Springer International Publishing, 2017.
- 2. Burattin, Andrea. "Process mining techniques in business environments." volume 207 of Lecture Notes in Business Information Processing. Springer International Publishing, 2015.
 - 3. Huser, Vojtech. "Process mining: Discovery, conformance and enhancement of business processes." 2012.

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. Process Mining: Data science in Action | Coursera
- 2. Process Mining with Celonis | Udemy

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2											2	
CO2	3	3		2	3							2		
CO3	3	3		3								3		
CO4	3	3		3								3	2	1
CO5	3	3		2								2	2	

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2	CO2: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Select(L3)	3 3 2 3
3	PO12 PO12: Thumb rule PO1 PO1: Apply(L3) PO2 PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4 PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12 PO12: Thumb rule				3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals elements for process mining

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: **Apply** the process mining tools to automate the data collection process.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Select (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use some different technologies to handling process mining. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: **Analyze** the various process models in real world process mining problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use various process models in process mining. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

CO4: **Evaluate** the various modern technologies to discovery Process Techniques.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use process mining software and various modern technologies Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: **Apply** the Outlook future for process mining in various case studies.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identity (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule

For use to Apply Outlook future for process mining Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCES(AI)

Year: IV		Semester: I Branch of Stu	Branch of Study: AIDS				
Course Code	Year & Sem		L	Т	P		

Course Code	Year & Sem	Computer Vision	L	T	P	С
20APE3023	IV-I		3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the differences between bitmap and vector graphics in common digital image formats
- CO2: **Apply** the image enhancement techniques to improve the visual quality of digital images.
- CO3: **Analyze** the various noise models for removing interfering signals at specific frequencies
- CO4: **Apply** the image morphing techniques to generate compelling 2D transitions between images.
- CO5: Analyze the Feature Extraction techniques to extract relevant features from raw data

CO	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Understand	the differences between bitmap and vector graphics		in common digital image formats	L2
CO2	Apply	the image enhancement techniques		to improve the visual quality of digital images	L3
соз	Analyze	the various noise models		for removing interfering signals at specific frequencies	L4
CO4	Apply	the image morphing techniques		to generate compelling 2D transitions between images.	L3
CO5	Analyze	the Feature Extraction techniques		to extract relevant features from raw data	L4

UNIT - I Digital image fundamentals

9 Hrs

Digital image fundamentals

A simple image formation model, Image sampling and quantization, Some basic relationships between pixels, Basic intensity transformation functions, Sampling and fourier transform of sampled functions, The discrete fourier transform of one variable, Extensions to functions of two variables(2-D discrete fourier transform, Properties of 2-D DFT and IDFT, 2-D Discrete Convolution Theorem.

UNIT - II Image Enhancement (spatial domain)

9Hrs

Image Enhancement (spatial domain)

Histogram processing, Fundamentals of spatial filtering, Smoothing spatial filters, Sharpening spatial filters, The Laplacian-use of second order derivative for image sharpening, The Gradient-use of first order derivative for image sharpening.

Image Enhancement (frequency domain)

Basics of filtering in frequency domain, Image smoothing using lowpass frequency domain filters, Image sharpening using highpass filters.

UNIT - III Image restoration

9 Hrs

Image restoration

Noise Models, Restoration in the presence of noise only – Spatial filters, Periodic noise reduction using Frequency domain filtering, Estimating the degradation function, inverse filtering, Minimum Least square error filtering, constrained least square filters.

Wavelet and Multiresolution processing

Matrix-based transform, Walsh-Hadamard Transform, Slant transform, Haar transform.

UNIT - IV Image compression

9 Hrs

Image compression

Lossy and lossless compression schemes: Huffman coding, Run-length coding, Arithmetic coding, Block transform coding, JPEG.

Image Morphology: Fundamental operations, Morphological Algorithms.

Image segmentation: Point, Line and Edge detection, Canny edge detection, Hough Transform, Edge linking, Thresholding, Region-based segmentation, Pixel-based segmentation.

UNIT - V Feature Extraction 9 Hrs

Feature Extraction

Boundary preprocessing, Boundary feature descriptor, Region feature descriptor, Principal components as feature descriptor, Whole image feature.

Video Processing: Video Formats, Video Enhancement and Restoration, Video Segmentation.

Textbooks:

- 1. Digital Image Processing, R. C. Gonzalez and R. E. woods, Pearson Education.
- 2. Handbook of Image and Video Processing, AL Bovik, Academic Press.

Reference Books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing and Analysis, B. Chanda and D. Dutta Mazumdar, PHI.
- 2. Digital Image Processing, W. K. Pratt, Wiley-Interscience.
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A. K. Jain, Pearson India Education.
- 4. Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis, R. O. Duda and P. E. Hart, Wiley.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
CO	2	3												
1														
CO	3	3		3	3									
2														
СО	3	3		3	3							2		
3														
СО	3	3	3	3	3			2						
4														
СО	3	3	3	3	3							2		
5														

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of Correlation (0-3)
Onit 140.	Co s Action verb	DIL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
		· ·	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1:Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	2
			PO1	` /	3
			PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	CO2 : Apply	L3		PO2: Review(L2)	3
			PO4	PO4:Interpret(L2)	3
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
3	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review (L2)	3
4	COA . Anni-	т 2	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
4	CO4: Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	3
			PO8	PO8: Thumb rule	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	PO2: Review(L2)	3
_	GO5 A1	T.4	PO3	PO3: Develop (L6)	3
3	5 CO5 : Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze(L3)	3
			PO5	PO5:Apply(L3)	3
			PO12	PO12:Thumb Rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the differences between bitmap and vector graphics in common digital image formats

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb:Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO2:Apply the image enhancement techniques to improve the visual quality of digital images

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is grater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L1)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

CO3: Analyze the various noise models for removing interfering signals at specific frequencies Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is less than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

In computer vision the noise models are to remove the interfering signals. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the image morphing techniques to generate compelling 2D transitions between images

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: interpret (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

The image morhing techniques are used in generate 2D transitions in the computer vision applications by following professional ethics. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the Feature Extraction techniques to extract relavent features from raw data

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

We will apply these feature extraction techniques to predictions on problem statement. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: IV Semester: I Branch of Study: AIDS

Course Code	Year & Sem	Digital Image Processing	L	T	P	С
20APE0407	IV-I	Digital image i locessing	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of digital image processing
- CO2. **Analyze** the images in frequency domain using image transforms
- CO3. Apply the techniques for image enhancement in spatial and frequency domains
- CO4. Analyze various image restoration and image segmentation techniques
- CO5. Evaluate different coding methods for image compression to save memory & bandwidth.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamental concepts of digital image processing			L2
CO2	Analyze	the images in frequency domain	using image transforms		L4
CO3	Apply	the techniques for image enhancement		in spatial and frequency domains	L3
CO4	Analyze	the various image restoration and image segmentation techniques.			L4
CO5	Evaluate	the different coding methods	for image compression	to save memory & bandwidth	L5

UNIT - I

IMAGE PROCESSING FUNDAMENTALS: Introduction to Digital Image processing - Example fields of its usage-Fundamental steps in ImageProcessing, Components of general image processing system, Image sensing and Acquisition-image Modeling- Sampling, Quantization and Digital Image representation - Basic relationships between pixels, -Mathematicaltools/ operations applied on images-imaging geometry

UNIT – II

IMAGE TRANSFORMS:

Discrete Fourier Transform- Discrete Cosine Transforms- Discrete Sine Transform, Walsh-HadamardTransforms- Haar Transform-Hotelling Transform, Comparison of properties of the above.

UNIT – III

IMAGE ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUES: Background enhancement by point processing Histogram processing, Spatial filtering, Enhancement infrequency Domain, Image smoothing, Image sharpening, Color image enhancement

UNIT – IV

IMAGE RESTORATION: Degradation model, Algebraic approach to restoration–Inverse filtering–Least Mean Square filters, ConstrainedLeast square restoration, Blind Deconvolution.

IMAGE SEGMENTATION: Edge detection-,Edge linking, Threshold based segmentation methods-Regionbased Approaches -Template matching-use of motion in segmentation.

UNIT - V

IMAGE COMPRESSION: Redundancies in Images - Compression models, Information theoretic perspective-Fundamental coding theorem. Huffman Coding, Arithmetic coding, Bit plane coding, Run length coding, Transform coding, Image Formats and compression standards.

Textbooks:

- 1. R.C .Gonzalez & R.E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Addison Wesley/Pearson education, 3rd Edition, 2010.
- 2. A.K.Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image processing", PHI.

Reference Books:

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E woods and Steven L.Eddins, "Digital Image processing using MATLAB", Tata McGrawHill, 2010.
- 2. Sjayaraman, SEsakkirajan, TVeerakumar, "DigitalImageprocessing", Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. WilliamK.Pratt, "DigitalImageProcessing", JohnWilely, 3rdEdition, 2004.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3				2						1		
CO2	2	1												
CO3	3		3		3	2	1					2		
CO4	3			3	3	2	1					3		
CO5	3	2	2			2						2		

Correlation matrix

Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3)
1	15	20%	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO6, PO12,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO6:Thumb rule PO12:Thumb rule	2 3 2 1
2	14	19%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate(L6)	3 1
3	15	20%	2	Apply	L3	PO1, PO3, PO5, PO6, PO7, PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6:Thumb rule PO7:Thumb rule PO12:Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 1 2
4	16	21%	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4, PO5, PO6, PO7, PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6:Thumb rule PO7:Thumb rule PO12:Thumb	3 3 3 2 1 3
5	15	20%	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3: Develop (L6) PO6:Thumb rule PO12:Thumb rule	3 2 2 2 2
	75	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of digital image processing. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

PO2 Vers: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is in the same level of less than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO6: CO1 using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as medium (2). PO12: CO1 using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO12 as low (1).

CO2: Analyze the images in frequency domain using image transforms.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO2 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1).

CO3: Apply the techniques for image enhancement in spatial and frequency domains. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is in the same level of PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO6: CO3 using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as medium (2). PO7: CO3 using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO7 as low (1).

PO12: CO3 using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO12 as medium (2).

CO4: Analyze various image restoration and image segmentation techniques.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Formulate (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO5 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO6: CO4 using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as medium (2). PO7: CO4 using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO7 as low (1).

PO12: CO4 using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO12 as high (3).

CO5: Evaluate different coding methods for image compression to save memory & bandwidth. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 verb: Formulate (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium(2).

PO3 verb: Develop (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than the PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO6: CO5 using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 as medium (2).

PO12: CO5 using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO12 as medium (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	[V	Semester: I	Branch of Stud	ly:	AID	S	
Course Code	Year & Sem	EMBEDDED SYSTEMS	I	L	T	P	С
20ADE0411	T\$7 T	EMBEDDED SISIEMS		o	0	Λ	2

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1: **Understand** the fundamental concepts of embedded systems, programming languages and tools.
- CO2: **Analyze** the architecture of TM4C, instruction set, and its addressing modes for developing embedded systems.
- CO3: **Understand** the microprocessor interfacing concepts and the design cycle for embedded systems
- CO4: Analyze the microcontroller internal blocks for basic programming of embedded system
- CO5: **Analyze** the real-world embedded communication protocols enabling microcontrollers to interact with external sensors and actuators.

со	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamental concepts of Embedded systems.			L2
CO2	Analyze	The architecture of TM4C, instruction set, and its addressing modes		For Developing embedded systems	L4
CO3	Understand	The microprocessor interfacing concepts and the design cycle			L2
CO4	Analyze	The microcontroller internal blocks	For basic programming of embedded system		L4
CO5	Analyze	The real-world embedded communication protocols	Enabling Microcontrollers to interact with external sensors and actuators.		L4

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

9 Hrs

Embedded system introduction, host and target concept, embedded applications, features and architecture considerations for embedded systems- ROM, RAM, timers; data and address bus concept, Embedded Processor and their types, Memory types, overview of design process of embedded systems, programming languages and tools for embedded design

UNIT – II EMBEDDED PROCESSOR ARCHITECTURE

9Hrs

CISC Vs RISC design philosophy, Von-Neumann Vs Harvard architecture. Introduction to ARM architecture and Cortex – M series, Introduction to the TM4C family viz. TM4C123x & TM4C129x and its targeted applications. TM4C block diagram, address space, on-chip peripherals (analog and digital) Register sets, addressing modes and instruction set basics.

UNIT – III OVERVIEW OF MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS 9 Hrs

Embedded hardware and various building blocks, Processor Selection for an Embedded System, Interfacing Processor, Memories and I/O Devices, I/O Devices and I/O interfacing concepts, Timer and Counting Devices, Serial Communication and Advanced I/O, Buses between the Networked Multiple Devices. Embedded System Design and Codesign Issues in System Development Process, Design Cycle in the Development Phase for an Embedded System, Uses of Target System or its Emulator and In-Circuit Emulator (ICE), Use of Software Tools for Development of an Embedded System Design metrics of embedded systems - low power, high performance, engineering cost, time-to-market.

UNIT - IV MICROCONTROLLER FUNDAMENTALS FOR BASIC PROGRAMMING 9 Hrs

I/O pin multiplexing, pull up/down registers, GPIO control, Memory Mapped Peripherals, programming System registers, Watchdog Timer, need of low power for embedded systems, System Clocks and control, Hibernation Module on TM4C, Active vs Standby current consumption. Introduction to Interrupts, Interrupt vector table, interrupt programming. Basic Timer, Real Time Clock (RTC), Motion Control Peripherals: PWM Module & Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI).

UNIT – V	EMBEDDED	COMMUNICATIONS	PROTOCOLS	AND	INTERNET	OF 9 Hrs	
	THINGS						

Synchronous/Asynchronous interfaces (like UART, SPI, I2C, USB), serial communication basics, baud rate concepts, Interfacing digital and analog external device, Implementing and programming UART, SPI and I2C, SPI interface using TM4C.Case Study: Tiva based embedded system application using the interface protocols for communication with external devices "Sensor Hub Booster Pack" Embedded Networking fundamentals, IoT overview and architecture, Overview of wireless sensor networks and design examples. Adding Wi-Fi capability to the Microcontroller, Embedded Wi-Fi, User APIs for Wireless and Networking applications Building IoT applications using CC3100 user API. Case Study: Tiva based Embedded Networking Application: "Smart Plug with Remote Disconnect and Wi-Fi Connectivity"

Textbooks:

- 1. Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to ARM Cortex-M Microcontrollers, 2014, Create space publications ISBN: 978-1463590154.
- 2. Embedded Systems: Introduction to ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers, 5th edition Jonathan W Valvano, Create space publications ISBN-13: 978-1477508992
- 3. Embedded Systems 2E Raj Kamal, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2011 ISBN-0070667640, 9780070667648

Reference Books:

- 1. http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/HandsOn_Training_for_TI_Embedded_Processors
- 2. http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/MCU_Day_Internet_of_Things_2013_Workshop
- 3. http://www.ti.com/ww/en/simplelink_embedded_wi-fi/home.html
- 4. CC3100/CC3200 SimpleLink™ Wi-Fi® Internet-on-a-Chip User Guide Texas Instruments Literature Number: SWRU368A April 2014–Revised August 2015

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	<u> </u>				1 0									
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	2	1										
CO2	2	2	2	2	2									
CO3	2	2	2	3	2									
CO4	2	2	2	1	2									
CO5	2	2	2	1	2									

Correlation matrix

Unit No.			Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlation (0-3
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	2
1	COI :Understand	12	PO3	PO3: Develop (L3)	2
			PO4	PO4 : Analyze (L4)	1
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	2
2	CO2 : Analyze	L4	PO3	PO 3: Develop (L3)	2
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	2
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	2
3	CO3: Understand	L2	PO3	PO 3: Develop (L3)	2
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	2 3
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
			PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	2
4	CO4 :Analyze	L4	PO3	PO 3: Develop (L3)	2
			PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	2 1
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2
			PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
	005		PO2	PO2: Identify (L3)	2
5	CO5 :	L4	PO3	PO 3: Develop(L3)	2 1
	Analyze		PO4	PO4: Interpret (L2)	1
			PO5	PO5: Apply(L3)	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of embedded systems, programming languages and tools.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb:Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Identify (L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO3Verb: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2:Analyze the architecture of TM4C, instruction set, and its addressing modes for developing embedded systems.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Medium (2)

PO 3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO 3 verb by onelevel; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is Medium (2)

CO3: Understand the microprocessor interfacing concepts and the design cycle for embedded systems

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greaterthan PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO 3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO 3 verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO3 Action verb is samePO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze microcontroller internal blocks for basic programming of embedded system

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO 3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

CO5:Analyze real-world embedded communication protocols enabling microcontrollers to interact with external sensors

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO 3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

PO4: Interpret (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is moderate (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	[V	Semester: I Branch of St	:udy:	: AID	S	
Course Code	Year & Sem	Enabling Technologies for Data Science & Analytics: IoT	L	T	P	С
201052601	TV/ T	Enabling reciniologies for Data Science & Analytics. 101	2	^	^	2

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: **Understand** the application and characteristics of IoT

CO2: Apply the network protocols to establish communication between M2M and IoT systems

CO3: Analyze the behaviour of IoT devices and sensors based on real time case studies

CO4: **Apply** the Map Reduce algorithm on large volume of IoT data for online analytical data processing

CO5: Analyze the Zigbee Standards for controlling and sensing of IoT network

СО	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Understand	The Application and			L2
		Characteristics of IoT			
CO2	Apply	The Network Protocols to			L3
		establish communication			
		between M2M and IoT			
		Systems			
CO3	Analyze	The behaviour of IoT	based on real time		L4
		devices and Sensors	Case Studies		
CO4	Apply	Map Reduce Algorithm		for online analytical	L3
		on Large volume of IoT		data processing	
		data			
CO5	Analyze	The Zigbee Standards		for controlling and	L4
				Sensing of IoT	
				network	

UNIT – I	Introduction to Internet of Things	9 Hrs							
Introduction to Internet of Things									
Introduction, Physica	Introduction, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT Enabling Technologies. Domain Specific								
IoTs Introduction, H	IoTs Introduction, Home Automation, cities, Environment, Retail, Agriculture, Industry, Health &								
Lifestyle.									
UNIT – II	IoT and M2M	9 Hrs							
IoT and M2M: Introd	IoT and M2M: Introduction, M2M, Difference between IoT and M2M, SDN and NFV for IoT. IoT System								
Management with NETCONF-YANG Need for IoT Systems Management, Simple Network Management									
Protocol (SNMP), Net	work Operator requirements, NETCONF, YANG, IoT System I	Management with							

UNIT - III Developing Internet of Things 9 Hrs

Developing Internet of Things: Introduction, IoT Design Methodology, Case Study on IoT System for Weather Monitoring. Case Studies Illustrating IoT Design: Introduction, Home Automation, Cities, Environment, Agriculture, Productivity Applications.

UNIT - IV Advanced Topics 9 Hrs

Advanced Topics: Introduction, Apache Hadoop, Using Hadoop Map Reduce for Batch Data Analysis. IEEE 802.15.4: The IEEE 802 committee family of protocols, The physical layer, The Media Access control layer, Uses of 802.15.4, The Future of 802.15.4: 802.15.4e and 802.15.4g.

UNIT - V ZigBee 9 Hrs

ZigBee: Development of the standard, ZigBee Architecture, Association, The ZigBee network layer, The ZigBee APS Layer, The ZigBee Devices Object (ZDO) and the ZigBee Device Profile (ZDP), Zigbee Security, The ZigBee Cluster Library (ZCL), ZigBee Applications profiles, The ZigBee Gateway Specifications for network devices.

Textbooks:

NETCONF-YANG

- 1. Internet of Things a Hands-on Approach by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti. University Press.
- 2. The Internet of Things key applications and protocols by Oliver Hersent, David Boswarthick and Omar elloumi, Wiley Student Edition.

Reference Books:

1.Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles and Applications by Raj Kamal MCGraw Hill Edition.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1											1	
CO2	3		3	2	3	2							1	
CO3	3	3	3	3		3		3						1
CO4	3	3	3	2		2								1
CO5		3	3	3		3						3	1	1

Correlation Matrix

No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correla	Co's Action		-		
		1	tion	verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO12)	Correlatio n (0-3)
1	11	20%	2	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	2 1
2	11	20%	2	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO6: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2
3	11	20%	2	CO3 : Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO8	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	11	20%	2	CO4 : Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
5	11	20%	2	CO5 : Analyze	L4	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO12	PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO8: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the application and characteristics of IoT

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO2: Apply the network protocols to establish communication between M2M and IoT systems **Action Verb : Apply (L3)**

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Some of IoT applications are used in society for heath ,safety, legal and cultural issues, . Therefore the correlation is moderate(2)

CO3: Analyze the behaviour of IoT devices and sensors based on real time case studies

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO6: Thumb rule

It is used to Illustrating the IoT design in Home automation, Cities, Environment, agriculture, productivity applications Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed by IoT Technologies. Hence the correlation is high(3)

CO4: Apply the Map Reduce algorithm on large volume of IoT data for online analytical data processing

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level . Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in IEEE protocals. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the Zigbee Standards for controlling and sensing of IoT network

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO3: Develop(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to Zigbee devices. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

PO12: Thumb rule

To create robust and scalable networks by Zigbee. Therefore the correlation is high(3)



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ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

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Ye	ar: IV	Semester: I	Branch of St	tudy	: AID	S
Course Co	de Year & Sem	WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS		L	T	P

Course Outcomes:

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

IV-I

- CO1: **Understand** the effective bandwidth utilization to accommodate large number of mobile users by using various accessing techniques.
- CO2: Analyze networking considerations, practical networking approaches with mobile data services.
- CO3: **Understand** WAP architecture and services, WML scripts.
- CO4: Analyze the protocols used in wireless LAN technologies.
- CO5: **Apply** Various services in mobile data networks and HIPER LAN.

			I		T 1
CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloom
					slevel
CO1	Understand	The effective bandwidth utilization to accommodate large number of mobile users		using various accessing techniques	L2
CO2	Analyze	Networking considerations, practical networking approaches with mobile data services.			L4
CO3	Understand	WAP architecture and services, WML scripts			L2
CO4	Analyze	the protocols used in wireless LAN technologies			L4
CO5	Apply	Various services in mobile data networks and HIPER LAN			L3

UNIT-I	INTRODUCTIONTOWIRELESSCOMMUNICA	9Hrs
	TIONSANDMULTIPLEACCESSTECHNIQUES	

INTRODUCTIONTOWIRELESSCOMMUNICATIONSANDMULTIPLEACCESSTECHNIQUES:

Evolution of mobile radio communications, examples of Wireless Communication systems, comparison of common

Wireless Communication systems, Multiple access techniques: Introduction, FDMA, TDMA, Spread Spectrum, Multiple Access, SDMA, Packet radio, Packet radio protocols, CSMA protocols, Reservation protocols.

UNIT -II WIRELESSNETWORKINGANDDATASERVICES 9Hrs

WIRELESSNETWORKINGANDDATASERVICES:

Wireless Networking: Difference between wireless and fixed telephone networks, Development of wireless networks, Traffic routing in wireless networks. Data Services: Dataservices, CCS, BISDN and ATM, Signalling System No7

UNIT-III MOBILEIPANDWIRELESSACCESSPROTOCOL 9Hrs

MOBILEIPANDWIRELESSACCESSPROTOCOL:

MobileIP: Mobile IP Operation of mobile IP, Co-located address, Registration, Tunneling. WAP: WAP Architecture, overview, WMLscripts, WAPservice, WAP session protocol.

UNIT-IV WIRELESSLANTECHNOLOGYANDBLUETOOTH 9Hrs

WIRELESSLANTECHNOLOGYANDBLUETOOTH:

Wireless LAN: Infrared LANs, Spread spectrum LANs, Narrow bank micro wave LANs, IEEE802.11 Protocol architecture and services. Bluetooth: Overview, Radio specification, Base

band specification, Links manager

specification, Logical link control and adaptation protocol.

UNIT -V MOBILEDATANETWORKSANDHIPERLAN 9Hrs

MOBILEDATANETWORKSANDHIPERLAN:

Mobile Data Networks: GPRS and higher datarates, Short messaging service in GSM, HIPERLAN: HIPERLAN-1.

Textbooks:

1. WirelessCommunications,Principles,Practice-

TheodoreS.Rappaport,PHI,2ndEd.,2002.2.WirelessCommunicationandNetworking

- 2. WirelessCommunicationandNetworking–WilliamStallings,PHI,2003.
- 3. PrinciplesofWirelessNetworks–KavehPahLavenandP.KrishnaMurthy,PearsonEducation,2002.

ReferenceBooks:

1.WirelessDigitalCommunications-KamiloFeher,PHI,1999.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO												
CO1	3	2				2						2
CO2		3				3						3
CO3	3					2						2
CO4		2				3						3
CO5	3					2						2

Correlation Matrix

СО	СО					Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	13	22	2	Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO6 PO12	PO1:Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3) PO6 PO12	3 2 2 2
2	12	20	3	Analyze	L4	PO2 PO6 PO12	PO2: Identify (L3) PO6 PO12	3 3 3
3	11	18	2	Understand	L2	PO1 PO6 PO12	PO1:Apply(L3) PO6 PO12	3 2 2
4	12	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO2 PO6 PO12	PO2: Identify (L3) PO6 PO12	2 3 3
5	12	20	2	Apply	L3	PO6 PO6 PO12	PO6: Apply (L3) PO6 P12	2 2 2
	60							

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the effective bandwidth utilization to accommodate large number of mobile users by using various accessing techniques.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO6 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)

PO12 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)

CO2: Analyze networking considerations, practical networking approaches with mobile data services.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO6 from thumb rule L4 the correlation is high (3)

PO12 from thumb rule L4 the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Understand WAP architecture and services, WML scripts.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO6 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)

PO12 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze the protocols used in wireless LAN technologies.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate(2).

PO6 from thumb rule L4 the correlation is high (3)

PO12 from thumb rule L4 the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply Various services in mobile data networks and HIPER LAN.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO6 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO6 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)

PO12 from thumb rule L2 correlation is moderate (2)



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ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

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Year:	IV	Semester: I Branch	Branch of Study: AIDS					
Course Code	Year & Sem	Management science	L	T	P	I		
		Management Science	_			T		

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

IV-I

- CO1 Understand the management principles to take the decisions in all levels for productivity
- CO2 Analyse the available facilities for location of the industrial plant and also deal the ergonomics to improve the efficiency and safety
- CO3 Apply the mathematical knowledge to identify the shortest routes to achieve the goals set by the management and to improve the quality of the products in an industry
- CO4 Understand the materials requirement to minimize the inventory costs and to maximize the profit
- CO5 Apply the knowledge of the human resources principles in motivating the workers in the industry

Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
Understand	the management principles		In industry	L2
Analyse	the available facilities for		in manufacturing	L4
	location of the industrial		-	
	plant and also deal the			
	ergonomics to improve the			
	efficiency and safety			
Apply	the mathematical knowledge		In industry	L3
	to identify the shortest			
	routes to achieve the goals			
	set by the management and			
	to improve the quality of the			
	products in an industry			
Understand	the materials requirement to		in industries	L2
	minimize the inventory costs			
	and to maximize the profit			
Apply	the knowledge of the human		In recruitment of	L3
	resources principles in		manpower	
	motivating the workers in the			
	industry			
	Understand Analyse Apply Understand	Understand the management principles to take the decisions in all levels for productivity Analyse the available facilities for location of the industrial plant and also deal the ergonomics to improve the efficiency and safety Apply the mathematical knowledge to identify the shortest routes to achieve the goals set by the management and to improve the quality of the products in an industry Understand the materials requirement to minimize the inventory costs and to maximize the profit Apply the knowledge of the human resources principles in motivating the workers in the	Understand the management principles to take the decisions in all levels for productivity Analyse the available facilities for location of the industrial plant and also deal the ergonomics to improve the efficiency and safety Apply the mathematical knowledge to identify the shortest routes to achieve the goals set by the management and to improve the quality of the products in an industry Understand the materials requirement to minimize the inventory costs and to maximize the profit Apply the knowledge of the human resources principles in motivating the workers in the	Understand the management principles to take the decisions in all levels for productivity Analyse the available facilities for location of the industrial plant and also deal the ergonomics to improve the efficiency and safety Apply the mathematical knowledge to identify the shortest routes to achieve the goals set by the management and to improve the quality of the products in an industry Understand the materials requirement to minimize the inventory costs and to maximize the profit Apply the knowledge of the human resources principles in motivating the workers in the

UNIT - I CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION 12 Hrs

CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION: Functions of management, evolution of management thought, Taylor's scientific management, fayol's principles of management, Hertzberg's Maslow's hierarchy of human needs, theory x and y, Hawthorne experiment, morale, motivation, working environmental conditions, systems approach to management.

UNIT – II	PLANT LOCATION & WORK STUDY	10 Hrs

PLANT LOCATION: Definition, factors affecting the plant location, comparison of rural and urban sites, methods for selection of plant- matrix approach. Plant layout - definition, objectives, types of plant layout, various data analysing forms travel chart.

WORK STUDY: Definition, objectives, method study - definition, objectives, steps involved- various types of associated charts, difference between micro motion and memo motion studies. Work measurement- definition, time study, steps involved, equipment, different methods of performance rating, allowances, standard time calculation. Work Sampling - definition, steps involved, standard

time calculations, and differences with time study UNIT - III INTRODUCTION TO PERT / CPM

INTRODUCTION TO PERT / CPM: Project management, network modelling-probabilistic model, various types of activity times estimation, programme evaluation review techniques, critical path, probability of completing the project, deterministic model, critical path method (CPM), critical path

8 Hrs

calculation, crashing of simple of networks.

INSPECTION AND QUALITY CONTROL: Types of inspections, statistical quality control, techniques, variables and attributes, assignable and non-assignable causes, variable control charts, and R charts, attributes control charts, p charts and c charts. Acceptance sampling plan, single sampling and double sampling plans, OC curves. Introduction to TQM - quality circles, ISO 9000 series procedures.

UNIT - IV **MATERIALS MANAGEMENT** 8 Hrs

MATERIALS MANAGEMENT: Objectives, inventory functions, types, associated costs, inventory classification techniques-ABC and VED analysis. Inventory control systems, continuous review system, periodical review system. Stores management and stores records. Purchase management, duties of purchase of manager, associated forms.

UNIT - V INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RESOURCE 10 Hrs **MANAGEMENT**

INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: Functions of HRM, job evaluation, different types of evaluation methods. Job description, merit rating, different methods of merit ratings, wage incentives, different types of wage incentive schemes. Marketing, selling, marketing mix, product life cycle.

Textbooks:

O. P. Khanna (2004), Industrial Engineering and Management, Dhanpat Rai, New Delhi

Reference Books:

- Stoner, Freeman (2005), Gilbert, Management, 6th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- Panner Selvam (2004), Production and Operations Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Ralph M. Barnes (2004), Motion and Time Studies, John Wiley and Sons.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course	CO	Progr	ramme	Outco	mes (P	Os) &	Progra	amme	Specifi	c Outc	omes (P	SOs)			
Title	s	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO
,		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
Managemen t science	CO 1	2			1									3	2
20AOE0302	CO 2	3			3	3								3	2
	CO 3	3	3		1									3	2
	CO 4	2	2		2										2
	CO 5	3	3											3	2

Correlation matrix

со			C	o		Progra m Outco mes (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlat ion
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	Corr elati on	Verb	BTL			
1	-	-	-	Understand	L2	PO1 PO4	Apply (L3) Design (L6)	2 1
2	-	-	-	Analyse	L4	PO1 PO4 PO5	Apply (L3) Analyse (L4) Apply (L3)	3 3 3
3	-	-	-	Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4	Apply (L3) Identify (L3) Design (L6)	3 3 1
4	-	-	-	Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO4	Apply (L3) Identify (L3) Interpret (L2)	2 2 2
5	-	-	-	Apply	L3	PO1 PO2	Apply (L3) Identify (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the management principles to take the decisions in all levels for productivity **Action Verb: Understand (L2)**

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same (lower) level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO4 Verb: **Design (L6)**

CO1 Action verb is same (lower) level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

CO2: Analyze the available facilities for location of the industrial plant and also deal the ergonomics to improve the efficiency and safety.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO2: Action verb is same (greater) level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyse (L4)

CO2: Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2: Action verb is same (greater) level as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the mathematical knowledge to identify the shortest routes to achieve the goals set by the management and to improve the quality of the products in an industry.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: **Apply (L3)**

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: **Identify (L3)**

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: **Design (L6)**

CO3: Action verb is same (lower) level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

CO4: Understand the materials requirement to minimize the inventory costs and to maximize the profit.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3: Action verb is same (lower) level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO2 Verb: **Identify (L3)**

CO3: Action verb is same (lower) level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

PO4 Verb: Interpret (L2)

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is low (2).

CO5: Apply the knowledge of the human resources principles in motivating the workers in the industry.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)
PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: **Identify (L3)**

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).





ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

Year: 1	[V	Semester: I Branch of St	ch of Study: AIDS					
Course Code	Year & Sem	English For Research Paper Writing	L	T	P	С		
20AOE9901	IV-I	English For Research Laper writing	3	0	0	3		

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: **Understand** the writing skills and level of readability.

CO2: Apply the rules, principles for writing abstract and introduction part of research article.

CO3: Apply the right methods to write the review of literature, results and conclusions.

CO4: **Apply** the special skills for writing a title, abstract, review and introduction of literature.

CO5: **Apply** the key skills for results in discussion and conclusion.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
					level
1	Understand	the writing skills and			L2
		level of readability			
2	Apply	the rules, principles	for writing abstract and		L3
			introduction part of		
			research article		
3	Apply	the right methods	to write the review of		L3
			literature, results and		
			conclusions		
4	Apply	the special skills.	for writing a title, abstract,		L3
			review and introduction of		
			literature		
5	Apply	the key skills	for results in discussion and		L3
			conclusion.		

Unit -1

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness.

Unit -2

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction.

Unit -3

Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.

Unit - 4

Key skills for writing a title– an abstract – an introduction – review of literature

Unit:5

Key skills for writing methodology – results – discussions – conclusions.

References:

- 1.Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book.
- 4. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1										2		2
2					3					2		
3		2										2
4										2		
5										2		2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation Matrix:

СО	Percenta hours o planned	ver the	e total	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL		BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	
1	15	20	2	Understand	L2	PO10, PO12	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2, 2
2	18	23	3	Apply	L3	PO5, PO10	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2,
3	14	18.4	2	Apply	L3	PO2, PO12	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2,
4	14	18.4	2	Apply	L3	PO10	Thumb Rule	2
5	14	18.4	2	Apply	L3	PO10, PO12	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2, 2
	76							

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO1: Understand writing skills and level of readability.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2: Apply the rules, principles for writing abstract and introduction part of research article. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO2 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Action verb, Modern Tool usage L3 correlates PO5, CO level is two less than PO, so correlation is low(1).

CO3: Apply the right methods to write the review of literature, results and conclusions. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Action verb, Problem Analysis L3 correlates PO2, CO level is one less than PO, so Correlation is Moderate (2)

CO3 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2)

CO4: Apply special skills for writing a title, abstract, review and introduction of literature.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).

CO5: Apply key skills for results in discussion and conclusion.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO12 as moderate (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

rear. I	LV	Semester: 1 Branch of St	Luuy	AID			
Course Code	Year & Sem	ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	С]
20AHSMB02	IV-I	ENTREI REMEGRAMI DEVELOT MENT	3	0	0	3	1

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

- CO1. **Understand** the concept and process of Entrepreneurship to develop entrepreneurial skills
- CO2. **Analyze** the different feasibility studies to start a new enterprise.
- CO3. **Analyze** the various sources of finance to entrepreneurs.
- CO4. **Analyze** the role of central government and state government in promoting women Entrepreneurship.

CO5. **Analyze** the role of incubations in fostering startups.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the concept and process of Entrepreneurship		to develop entrepreneurial skills	L2
CO2	Analyze	the different feasibility studies		to start a new enterprise	L4
CO3	Analyze	the various sources of finance to entrepreneurs			L4
CO4	Analyze	the role of central government and state government		in promoting women Entrepreneurship	L4
CO5	Analyze	the role of incubations		in fostering startups	L4

Unit-1 Introduction to Entrepreneurship

Entrepreneurship - Concept, knowledge and skills requirement - Characteristics of successful entrepreneurs - Entrepreneurship process - Factors impacting emergence of entrepreneurship - Differences between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur - Understanding individual entrepreneurial mindset and personality - Recent trends in Entrepreneurship.

Unit-II Formulation of Business Idea

Starting the New Venture - Generating business idea - Sources of new ideas & methods of generating ideas - Opportunity recognition - Feasibility study - Market feasibility, technical/operational feasibility - Financial feasibility - Drawing business plan - Preparing project report - Presenting business plan to investors.

Unit-III Financial Aspects of Promotion

Sources of finance - Various sources of Finance available - Long term sources - Short term sources - Institutional Finance - Commercial Banks, SFC's in India - NBFC's in India - their way of financing in India for small and medium business - Entrepreneurship development programs in India - The entrepreneurial journey- Institutions in aid of entrepreneurship development.

Unit-IV Women Entrepreneurship

Women Entrepreneurship - Entrepreneurship Development and Government - Role of Central Government and State Government in promoting women Entrepreneurship - Introduction to various incentives, subsidies and grants - Export- oriented Units - Fiscal and Tax concessions available - Women entrepreneurship - Role and importance - Growth of women entrepreneurship in India - Issues & Challenges - Entrepreneurial motivations.

Unit-V Startups and Incubation

Startups – Definition, Role of startups in India, Governmental initiatives to foster entrepreneurship across sectors. Funding opportunities for startups. Business Incubation and its benefits, Pre-Incubation and Post - Incubation process.

Textbooks:

- 1. D F Kuratko and T V Rao, "Entrepreneurship" A South-Asian Perspective Cengage Learning, 2012. (For PPT, Case Solutions Faculty may visit: login.cengage.com)
- 2. Nandan H, "Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship", PHI, 2013.

References:

- 1. Vasant Desai, "Small Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship", Himalaya Publishing 2012
- 2. Rajeev Roy "Entrepreneurship", 2nd Edition, Oxford, 2012.
- 3. B.Janakiram and M.Rizwanal "Entrepreneurship Development: Text & Cases", Excel Books, 2011.
- 4. Stuart Read, Effectual "Entrepreneurship", Routledge, 2013.

Online Learning Resources:

- 1. Entrepreneurship-Through-the-Lens-of-venture Capital
- 2. http://www.onlinevideolecture.com/?course=mba-programs&subject=entrepreneurship
- 3. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106032/Pdf/7_4.pd
- 4. http://freevideolectures.com/Course/3514/Economics-/-Management-/-Entrepreneurship/50

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Title	COs	Progr	ogramme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)												
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
JRS	CO1	2													
PRENEU. OPMENT	CO2			3	3						3				
PRE	CO3	3										3			
ENTREPRENEURS HIP DEVELOPMENT	CO4	3													
ENT HIP DEV	CO5	3													

Correlation Matrix

Course Outcome (CO)	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours	verb and	Program Outcome(PO)	PO: Action verb and BTL	Level of correlation (0-3)
CO1	18.86	Understand	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
CO2	18.86		PO3	Apply (L3)	3
		Analyze	PO4	Apply (L3)	3
			PO10	Thumb Rule	3
CO3	20.75	Analyze	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
		Allalyze	PO11	Thumb Rule	3
CO4	18.86	Analyze	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
CO5	22.64	Analyze	PO1	Apply (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concept and process of Entrepreneurship to develop entrepreneurial skills **Action Verb: Understand (L2)**

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Analyze the different feasibility studies to start a new enterprise.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO3: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO4: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is more than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO10: Thumb Rule

As using thumb rule CO2 correlates with PO10. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

CO3: Analyze the various sources of finance to entrepreneurs.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

PO11: Thumb Rule

CO3 Action verb blooms level 4 correlates with PO11. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

CO4: Analyze the role of central government and state government in promoting women Entrepreneurship.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)

CO5: Analyze the role of incubations in fostering startups.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is High (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)

C

2

 Year: IV
 Semester: I
 Branch of Study: AIDS

 Course Code
 Year & Sem
 L
 T
 P

 20ASC3004
 IV-I
 Exploratory Data Analysis with R
 1
 0
 2

Course Outcomes:

After Studying the Course, student will be able to

CO1: Evaluate the installation of R to Perform simple R Programming's.

CO2: Analyze the Functionality of R by using add-on Packages.

CO3: Apply the Extracted data from files and other sources to perform data Manipulation Tasks.

CO4: Analyze the R Graphics and Tables to visualize results of various stastical operations on

Data.

CO5: **Apply** the knowledge of R gained to data analytics for real life applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Evaluate	the installation of R		to Perform simple R Programming's	L5
CO2	Analyze	the Functionality of R	by using add-on Packages		L4
соз	Apply	the Extracted data from files and other sources		to perform data Manipulation Tasks	L3
CO4	Analyze	the R Graphics and Tables		to visualize results of various stastical operations on Data.	L4
CO5	Apply	the knowledge of R gained		to data analytics for real life applications.	L3

1: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTING (CO1)

- a. Installation of R
- b. The basics of R syntax, workspace
- c. Matrices and lists
- d. Subsetting
- e. System-defined functions; the help system
- f. Errors and warnings; coherence of the workspace

2: GETTING USED TO R: DESCRIBING DATA(CO1)

- a. Viewing and manipulating Data
- b. Plotting data
- c. Reading the data from console, file (.csv) local disk and web
- d. Working with larger datasets

3: SHAPE OF DATA AND DESCRIBING RELATIONSHIPS (CO1)

- a. Tables, charts and plots.
- b. Univariate data, measures of central tendency, frequency distributions, variation, and Shape.
- c. Multivariate data, relationships between a categorical and a continuous variable,
- d. Relationship between two continuous variables covariance, correlation coefficients, comparing multiple correlations.
- e. Visualization methods categorical and continuous variables, two categorical variables, two continuous variables.

4: PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS (CO2)

- a. Sampling from distributions Binomial distribution, normal distribution
- b. tTest, zTest, Chi Square test
- c. Density functions
- d. Data Visualization using ggplot Box plot, histograms, scatter plotter, line chart, bar chart, heat maps

5: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS (CO2)

Demonstrate the range, summary, mean, variance, median, standard deviation, histogram, box plot, scatter plot using population dataset.

6: TESTING HYPOTHESES (CO3)

- a. Null hypothesis significance testing
- b. Testing the mean of one sample
- c. Testing two means

7: PREDICTING CONTINUOUS VARIABLES(CO3)

- a. Linear models
- b. Simple linear regression
- c. Multiple regression
- d. Bias-variance trade-off cross-validation

8: CORRELATION (CO3)

- a. How to calculate the correlation between two variables.
- b. How to make scatter plots.
- c. Use the scatter plot to investigate the relationship between two variables

9: TESTS OF HYPOTHESES(CO4)

- a. Perform tests of hypotheses about the mean when the variance is known.
- b. Compute the p-value.
- c. Explore the connection between the critical region, the test statistic, and the p-value

10: ESTIMATING A LINEAR RELATIONSHIP (CO4)

Demonstration on a Statistical Model for a Linear Relationship

- a. Least Squares Estimates
- b. The R Function lm
- c. Scrutinizing the Residuals

11: APPLY-TYPE FUNCTIONS(CO5)

- a. Defining user defined classes and operations, Models and methods in R
- b. Customizing the user's environment
- c. Conditional statements
- d. Loops and iterations

12: STATISTICAL FUNCTIONS IN R(CO5)

- a. Write Demonstrate Statistical functions in R
- b. Statistical inference, contingency tables, chi-square goodness of fit, regression, generalized linear models, advanced modeling methods.

Reference Books:

- 1. SandipRakshit, "Statistics with R Programming", McGraw Hill Education, 2018.
- 2. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, "AN Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R", Springer Texts in Statistics, 2017.
- 3. Joseph Schmuller, "Statistical Analysis with R for Dummies", Wiley, 2017.
- 4. K G Srinivasa, G M Siddesh, ChetanShetty, Sowmya B J, "Statistical Programming in R", Oxford Higher Education, 2017.

Online Learning Resources/ Virtual Labs:

- 1. www.oikostat.ch
- 2. https://learningstatisticswithr.com/
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/learn/probability-intro #syllabus
- 4. https://www.isibang.ac.in/~athreya/psweur/

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3												
CO2	3	1		3								3		
CO3	3	3	3	2			2					2	1	
CO4	3	1		3								3		
CO5	3	3		2									1	

Correlation Matrix

Unit	со		Program Outcome	PO(s) : Action Verb and BTL	Level of Correlation	
No.	Co's Action verb BTL		(PO)	(for PO1 to PO12)	(0-3)	
1	CO1:Evaluate	L5	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4)	3 3	
2	CO2:Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 1 3 3	
3	CO3:Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO7 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO7: Thumb rule PO12: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2 2	
4	CO4:Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO12	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analysis (L4) PO12: Thumb rule	3 1 3 3	
5	CO5:Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L2) PO4: Analysis (L4)	3 3 2	

Justification Statements:

CO1: Evaluate the installation of R to Perform simple R Programming's.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Analyze the Functionality of R by using add-on Packages.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)CO2 Action verb is more than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some Packages are using creating the R Programming indirectly suitable for environment development therefore the correlation is High(3)

CO3: **Apply** the Extracted data from files and other sources to perform data Manipulation Tasks. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L2)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO7: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems using in R Programming concept is indirectly used to sustainable environment development. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

PO12: Thumb rule For some of various R Programming used to write programs and evaluation. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze the R Graphics and Tables to visualize results of various stastical operations on Data.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO12: Thumb rule

For some of R Graphics and Tables concepts are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the knowledge of R gained to data analytics for real life applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)
CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L2)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2)