ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

AK20-REGULATIONS

ELECTRONICS and COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

(Effective for the batches admitted in 2020-21)

INDUCTION PROGRAM (3 weeks duration)

- Physical activity
- Creative Arts
- Universal Human Values
- Literary
- Proficiency Modules
- Lectures by Eminent People
- Visits to local Areas
- ❖ Familiarization to Dept./Branch and Innovations

I Semester (B. Tech –I vear)

S. No.	Category	egory Course Code	Course Title		Hours per week			Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)		
				L	T/CLC	P	Credits	CIE	SEE	Total
	Theory									
1	BSC	20ABS9901	Algebra and Calculus	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	BSC	20ABS9902	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	HSMC	20AHS9901	Communicative English	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
4	*ESC	20AES0304	Engineering Workshop Practice	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
5	ESC	20AES0501	Problem Solving and Programming	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
6	HSMC	20AHS9902	Communicative English Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	BSC	20ABS9907	Applied Physics Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ESC	20AES0503	Problem Solving and Programming Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
	·	•			TOT	ΆL	19.5	240	560	800

II Semester (B. Tech –I year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hours per week		Hours per week		Credits	Ex	Scheme xamina lax. Ma	tion
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total		
Theory												
1	BSC	20ABS9906	Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
2	BSC	20ABS9904	Chemistry	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
3	ESC	20AES0201	Network Theory	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
4	ESC	20AES0502	Data Structures	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
5	ESC	20AES0301	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3	30	70	100		
6	ESC	20AES0203	Network Theory Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
7	BSC	20ABS9909	Chemistry Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
8	ESC	20AES0504	Data Structures Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
9	MC	20AMC9902	Constitution of India`	3	0	0	0	30		30		
TOTAL 1							19.5	270	560	830		

III Semester (B. Tech-II year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week		Hours per week		Hours per week		Hours per week			Scheme kamina lax. Ma	tion
				L	T/CLC	P	Credits	CIE	SEE	Total				
1 BSC 20ABS9912 Transform Techniques and Complex Variables 2 1 0 3 30 70														
2	PCC	20APC0401	Electronic Devices and Circuits	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
3	PCC	20APC0402	Switching Theory and Logic Design	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
4	PCC	20APC0403	Signals and Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
5	HSMC	20AHSMB01	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
6	PCC	20APC0404	Electronic Devices and Circuits Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100				
7	PCC	20APC0405	Signals and Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100				
8	PCC	20APC0406	Switching Theory and Logic Design Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100				
9	SOC	20ASC0401	Electronic Circuit Design	1	0	2	2	100	-	100				
10	10 MC 20AMC9901 Biology for Engineers 3 0 0						0	30		30				
	TOTAL						21.5	370	560	930				

IV Semester (B. Tech –II vear)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hours per week		-		_		_		Hours per week		Credits	Ex	Scheme kaminat [ax. Ma	ion
				L	T/CLC	P		CIE	SEE	Total								
			Theory															
1	ESC	20AES0509	Basics of Python Programming	2	1	0	3	30	70	100								
2	PCC	20APC0407	Probability Theory and Stochastic Process	2	1	0	3	30	70	100								
3	PCC	20APC0408	Electromagnetic Theory and Transmission Lines	2	1	0	3	30	70	100								
4	PCC	20APC0409	Analog Communication Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100								
5	PCC	20APC0410	Electronic Circuit Analysis	2	1	0	3	30	70	100								
6	ESC	20AES0510	Basics of Python Programming Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100								
7	PCC	20APC0411	Analog Communication Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100								
8	PCC	20APC0412	Electronic Circuit Analysis Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100								
9	SOC	20ASC0402	Internet of Things	1	0	2	2	100	-	100								
10	HSC 20AHS9905 Universal Human Values 2 1 0							30	70	100								
	TOTAL							370	630	1000								

Community service Project with credits

(To visit the selected community to conduct survey (Socio-economic & domain survey) and conduct sensitization/awareness program/activities at the end of IV- semester before commencement of V-semester and complete immersion programme also during V-Semester and submit report in V - semester. Assessment will be done at the end of V-Semester)

V Semester (B. Tech –III year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hours per week		week		week		Credits	E	Scheme xamina Iax. Ma	tion
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total				
			Theory											
1	PCC	20APC0413	Antennas and Wave Propagation	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
2	PCC	20APC0414	Digital Communication Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
3	PCC	20APC0415	Integrated Circuits and Applications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
		20APC0515	Operating Systems		1									
4	OEC	20AOE0202	Programmable Logic Controllers	2		0	3	30	70	100				
		20APC0213	C0213 Control Systems											
		20APE0401	VLSI Design											
5	PEC	20APE0402	Computer Organization	2	1	0	3	30	70	100				
		20APE0403	Digital System Design											
6	PCC	20APC0416	Digital Communication Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100				
7	PCC	20APC0417	Integrated Circuits and Applications Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100				
8	SOC	20AHE9902	Principles of Effective Public Speaking	1	0	2	2	100	-	100				
9	MC	20AMC9904	Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	1	0	0	30	-	30				
10	CSP	20CSP0401	Community Service Project	0	0	0	1.5	100	-	100				
					TOT	AL	21.5	440	490	930				

S. No.	Open Elective*(OE/JOE come for NPTEL)
1	The Joy of Computing Using Python
2	Computer Architecture
3	An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence
4	Environment and Development
5	Soft Skills
6	Public Speaking
7	Ethical Hacking
8	Cloud Computing
9	Electronic Systems for Cancer Diagnosis
10	Remote Sensing Essentials
11	Sustainable Transportation Systems

Student shall register any number of MOOC courses listed above (Open) by the department as approved by the BOS from III year. But student is required to submit the pass certificate on NPTEL platform for at least one course with in the Programme duration (Before IV-II examination notification released).

VI Semester (B. Tech-III year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Ex (M	cheme xaminat ax. Ma	tion
				L	L T/CLC P			CIE	SEE	Total
			Theory							
1	PCC	20APC0418	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	PCC	20APC0419	Digital Signal Processing	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	PCC	20APC0420	Microwave and Optical Communications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
4	PEC(MOOCS)	20APE0404	Low Power VLSI Circuits and Systems	2	1	0	3	25	75	100
7	1 LC(MOOCS)	20APE0405	MEMS and Microsystems		1					
		20APE0406	VLSI physical Design							
5	PCC	20APC0421	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
6	PCC	20APC0422	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC	20APC0423	Microwave and Optical Communications Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SOC	20ASA0501	Basics of Cloud Computing	1	0	2	2	100	-	100
9	MC	20AMC9903	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	0	30	-	30
			TOTAL	•			18.5	335	495	830
Interns	ship 2 Months (M	(andatory) duri	ing summer vacation							

VII Semester (B. Tech –IV year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title Hours per week		week		Credits		Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)			
				L	T/CLC	P	0	CIE	SEE	Total		
			Theory									
1	PC	20APC0424	Pattern Recognition and Applications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
		20APE0407	Digital Image Processing									
2	PEC	20APE0408	Adaptive Signal Processing	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
		20APE0409	Television Engineering									
		20APE0410	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	2	1					400		
3	PEC	20APE0418	Sensors and IOT			0	3	30	70	100		
		20APE0412	RF Integrated Circuits									
		20APE0413	Radar Systems									
4	PEC(MOOCS)	20APE0414	Satellite Communications	2	1	0	3	25	75	100		
		20APE0415	Wireless Communications									
		20APC0516	Computer Networks									
5	OEC	20APE0203	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
		20AOE0402	Bio Medical Instrumentation									
		20APC0502	Data Base Management Systems									
6	OEC	20APE0416	Computer System Architecture	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
		20AOE0301	Robotics									
7	SOC	20ASA0401	Embedded Systems and Unmanned Aerial Vehicle	1	0	2	2	100	-	100		
8	PR	20APR0401	Evaluation of Industry Internship (III-II Summer Internship)	0	0	0	3	100	-	100		
	TOTAL							375	425	800		

VIII Semester (B. Tech – IV year)

S. No. Category	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Ho	Hours per week		ek stipe	Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks			ion
			L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total		
	Theory										
1	MOOCS	20AOE0401	MOOC-NPTEL	0	0		3	25	75	100	
2	PR	20APR0402	Internship	0	0		3	100	-	100	
3	PR	20APR0403	Project work	0	0		9	60	140	200	
TOTAL						15	185	215	400		
					Grand T	Total	163	2595	3925	6520	

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

LIST OF COURSES FOR HONOURS in B.Tech -ECE

Note: Students can choose a few courses from the following list approved by BOS 3 or 4 credit courses based on the availability in SWYAM-NPTEL portal, and secure minimum of 20 credits on passing the selected courses.

S.NO	SUB.CODE	COURSE NAME	WEEKS	CREDITS
1	20AHN0401	Automotive Electronics	12 Weeks	3 or 4
2	20AHN0402	Detection and Estimation of Signals	12 Weeks	3 or 4
3	20AHN0403	Probability Foundations for Electrical Engineers	12 Weeks	3 or 4
4	20AHN0404	Micro Electromechanical Systems	12 Weeks	3 or 4
5	20AHN0405	VLSI Testing and Testability	12 Weeks	3 or 4
6	20AHN0406	Scripting Languages	12 Weeks	3 or 4
7	20AHN0407	Artificial Neural networks	12 Weeks	3 or 4
8	20AHN0408	System on Chip Architecture	12 Weeks	3 or 4
9	20AHN0409	Machine learning	12 Weeks	3 or 4
10	20AHN0410	Data Analysis	12 Weeks	3 or 4
		TOTAL		20

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

MINOR DEGREE IN ECE FOR CSE, AIDS, AIML, CE & ME

Note: Students of other programmes to get "minor in ECE" shall pass a few SWAYAM-NPTEL courses listed below which are approved by BOS and obtain 15 credits and submitting a minor discipline project in AIDS for scoring 5 credits is compulsory and all together total credits requirement count to be minimum of 20.

S.NO	SUB.CODE	COURSE NAME	WEEKS	CREDITS
1	20AMN0401	Signals and Systems	12 Weeks	3 or 4
2	20AMN0402	Electronics Devices and Circuits	12 Weeks	3 or 4
3	20AMN0403	Digital Electronics and Logic Design	12 Weeks	3 or 4
4	20AMN0404	Digital Communications	12 Weeks	3 or 4
5	20AMN0405	Digital Signal Processing	12 Weeks	3 or 4
6	20AMN0406	Microprocessors and Micro Controllers	12 Weeks	3 or 4
7	20AMN0407	Sensors and IOT	12 Weeks	3 or 4
8	20AMN0408	Industrial Electronics	12 Weeks	3 or 4
9	20AMN0409	Internet of Things	12 Weeks	3 or 4
10	20AMN0410	MINOR DISCIPLINE PROJECT IN ECE (COMPULSORY)	-	5
		TOTAL		20

I Semester (B.Tech –I year)

S. No.	Categor	Course Code	Course Title		Hours per week		_		Scheme Examina (Max. M		aminat	ion
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total		
			Theory									
1	BSC	20ABS9901	Algebra and Calculus	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
2	BSC	20ABS9902	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
3	HSMC	20AHS9901	Communicative English	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
4	*ESC	20AES0304	Engineering Workshop Practice	1	0	4	3	30	70	100		
5	ESC	20AES0501	Problem Solving and Programming	2	1	0	3	30	70	100		
6	HSMC	20AHS9902	Communicative English Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
7	BSC	20ABS9907	Applied Physics Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
8	ESC	20AES0503	Problem Solving and Programming Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100		
			·		ТОТ	AL	19.5	240	560	800		



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Branch of Study : Common to All

Subject Code: 20ABS9901	Subject Name: Algebra and Calculus	L 2	T /CLC 1	P 0	Credits 3

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

Year: I

CO1. Apply the matrix algebra techniques for solving various linear equations.

Semester: I

- CO2. Analyze the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.
- CO3. Apply the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives for multi variable functions.
- CO4. Evaluate the multiple integrals in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems.
- CO5. Evaluate the improper integrals using special functions like Beta and Gamma.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Apply	the matrix algebra techniques	for solving various linear equations		L3
2	Analyze	the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.			L4
3	Apply	the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives	for multi variable functions		L3
4	Evaluat e	the multiple integrals	in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems		L5
5	Evaluat e	the improper integrals	using special functions like Beta and Gamma		L5

Unit I: Matrix Operations and Solving Systems of Linear Equations

Rank of a matrix by echelon form, solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations linear equations. Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties, Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

Unit II: Quadratic Forms and Mean Value Theorems

Diagonalisation of a matrix, quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms, reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders (without proof).

Unit III: Multivariable calculus

Partial derivatives, total derivatives, chain rule, change of variables, Jacobians, maxima and minima of functions of two variables, method of Lagrange multipliers.

Unit IV: Multiple Integrals

Double integrals, change of order of integration, double integration in polar coordinates, change of Variables in double integration (Cartesian to polar), areas enclosed by plane curves. Evaluation of triple integrals.

Unit V: Special Functions

Beta and Gamma functions and their properties, relation between beta and gamma functions, Bessel functions, Bessel's equation, Recurrence formulae or $J_n(x)$, Generating function- Orthogonality of Bessels functions.

Textbooks:

- 1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna Publishers, 2017.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

References:

- 1. Dr.T.K.VIyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S. Ranganathamamd M.V.S.S.N Prasad, Mathematics 1, S.Chand publications.
- 2. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2002.
- 3. B.V.Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. N.Bali, M.Goyal, C.Watkins, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Infinity Science Press.

Mapping of COs to POs

CO	иррінд			P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1			3										
2		3											
3		3											
4			3										
5			3										

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage of the total plan			CO		Program Outcome	PO(s): Action verb and BTL	Level of Correlation
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL	(PO)	(for PO1 to PO5)	(0-3)
1	14	21.21	3	Apply	L3	PO2	Apply (L3)	3
2	10	15.15	2	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
3	14	21.21	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
4	14	21.21	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
5	14	21.21	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1	Apply (L3)	3

Justification:

CO1: Apply the matrix algebra techniques for solving various linear equations.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Analyze the linear transformations of quadratic forms and mean value theorems.

Action Verb: Analyze **(L4)** PO2 Verbs: Analyze **(L4)**

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the fundamental concepts of partial derivatives for multi variable functions.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Evaluate the multiple integrals in cartesian, polar, cylindrical, and spherical co-ordinate systems.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is high level to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the improper integrals using special functions like Beta and Gamma.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is high level to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Course Code	APPLIED PHYSICS	L	T/CLC	P	С
20ABS9902		2	1	0	3
Regulation: AK20	Common to I B.Tech ECE, EEE, AI&DS, AI&ML, and CSD(Sem-1), CS	E & CIO	C (Sem-2)		

Course Outcomes (CO): At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the properties of light and electromagnetic waves.
- 2. Analyze the fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.
- 3. Analyze the properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.
- 4. Analyze the charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors by implementing the equations of state.
- 5. Apply the basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials for engineering problems.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	The properties of light and electromagnetic waves.			L2
2	Analyze	The fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.			L4
3	Analyze	The properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.			L4
4	Analyze	The charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors.	By implementing the equations of state.		L4
5	Apply	The basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials for engineering problems.			L3

Unit I: Optics and EM Theory

10 Hrs

Interference of light -principle of superposition-Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected light) - Newton's Rings -Determination of Wavelength. Diffraction-Fraunhofer diffraction- Single slit and double slit-Diffraction Grating.

Divergence and Curl of Electric and Magnetic Fields - Gauss' theorem for divergence and Stokes' theorem for curl - Maxwell's Equations (Quantitative) - Electromagnetic wave - propagation in non-conducting medium - Poynting's Theorem.

Unit II: Lasers and Fiber Optics

10 Hrs

Lasers – Introduction – Characteristics – Spontaneous and Stimulated Emission – Einstein Coefficients – Population Inversion – Excitation Mechanism and Optical Resonator - He-Ne Laser -Nd:YAG Laser – Semiconductor Diode Laser – Applications of Lasers.

Introduction to Optical Fibers – Total Internal Reflection – Critical angle of propagation –Acceptance angle – Numerical Aperture – Classification of fibers based on Refractive index profile – Propagation of electromagnetic wave through optical fiber – modes – importance of V-number-Attenuation, Block Diagram of Fiber optic Communication – Industrial Applications –Fiber optic Sensors.

Unit III: Dielectric and Magnetic Materials

8 Hrs

Introduction—Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant-Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic, (Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Frequency dependence of polarization-Lorentz (internal) field-Claussius-Mosotti equation-Applications of Dielectrics: Ferroelectricity.

Introduction-Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability-Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Classification of Magnetic materials - Weiss theory of ferromagnetism (qualitative) - Hysteresis- soft and hard magnetic materials - Magnetic memory device applications.

Unit IV: Semiconductors 8 Hrs

Origin of Energy bands (Qualitative)-Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors –Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors- Density of charge carriers – Fermi energy–-Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature – Electrical conductivity – Drift and Diffusion currents – Continuity equation - Hall effect - Applications of Hall effect and Semiconductors.

Unit V: Superconductors and Nanomaterials

9 Hrs

Superconductors-Properties-Meissner's effect-BCSTheory (Qualitative) - Josephson effect (AC&DC)-Types of Superconductors-Applications of superconductors.

Nanomaterials-Significance of nanoscale-: Physical, Mechanical, Magnetic, Optical properties of nanomaterials -Synthesis of nanomaterials: Top-down-BallMilling, Bottom-up-Chemical vapour deposition-Characterization of nanomaterials: X-Ray Diffraction (XRD), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM)-Applications of Nanomaterials.

Textbooks:

- 1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"-S. Chand Publications,11thEdition2019.
- 2. B.K.Pandey and S.Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2012.

References:

- K Thyagarajan "Engineering Physics",-McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2016
 Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, "Engineering Physics", Pearson Education, 2018
- David J.Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics"-4/e, Pearson Education, 2014
- 4. T Pradeep, "A Text book of Nano Science and Nano Technology"-Tata McGraw Hill 2013.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1	2												
2	3			3									
3	3			3									
4	3			3									
5	3												

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO	Percentage over the tot hours			СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL			
1	16	23.8	3	Understand	L2	PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	2
2	11	16.4	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
3	12	17.9	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
4	13	19.4	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
5	15	22.3	3	Apply	L3	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
	67							

CO1: 1. Understand the properties of light and electromagnetic waves.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the fundamentals of Lasers and optical fibers.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3);

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the properties of dielectric and magnetic materials.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3);

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the charge carrier dynamics in semiconductors by implementing the equations of state.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3); PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4);

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO5: 5. Apply the basic concepts of superconductors and nanomaterials for engineering problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO1 verb; therefore, the correlation is high (3).



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati

(Common to all branches)

Samastar: I

1,	car. i b.i ccii		icsj			Schiester. I	
Subject Code	Subje	ct Name	L	T/CLC	P	Constitute 2	
20AHS9901	COMMUNICA	ATIVE ENGLISH	2	1	0	Credits: 3	

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

Voor: I R Toch

CO1.Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English (Listening and Writing)

CO2:Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms (Grammar)

CO3: Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions (Speaking)

CO4:Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.(Reading and Writing)

CO5: Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table (Writing)

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the context, topic, and pieces of specific			L2
		information from social or transactional dialogues	speakers of English.		
2	Apply	grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms.			L3
3	Analyze	discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions.			L4
4	Evaluate	reading/listening texts and to write summaries		based on global comprehension of these texts.	L5
5	Create	a coherent paragraph		interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table.	L6

UNIT -1

Lesson: On the Conduct of Life: William Hazlitt

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Writing:Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

Grammar and Vocabulary- I :Parts of Speech, Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form – wh questions; word order in sentences.

Vocabulary -2: Formal/academic words and phrases.

UNIT -2

Lesson: The Brook: Alfred Tennyson

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas

in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices;

mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

Grammar & Vocabulary building-1: Cohesive devices - linkers, sign posts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Vocabulary building: 2 Idioms and Phrases, Homonyms, Homophones and Homographs.

UNIT -3

Lesson: The Death Trap: Saki

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed **Reading:** Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read.

Grammar and Vocabulary building-II: Direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Technical Writing-1: personal experiences, unforgettable incidents, travelogues. (Imaginative, Narrative and Descriptive)

UNIT-4

Lesson: Innovation: Muhammad Yunus

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends / patterns / relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Letter Writing: Official Letters/Report writing, e-mail writing

Grammar and Vocabulary: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; Voice - Active & Passive Voice.

Vocabulary:2: Jigsaw Puzzles, Vocabulary Activities through Web tools

UNIT -5

Lesson: Politics and the English Language: George Orwell

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.

Reading: Reading for comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences. **Grammar and Vocabulary:** Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage.

Technical Writing-2: Narrative short story, Newspaper articles on science fiction. Text Book:

1. Language and Life: A Skills Approach- I Edition 2019, Orient Black Swan

Reference Books:

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- 3. Raymond Murphy's English Grammar in Use Fourth Edition (2012) E-book
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2).CUP, 2012.
- 5. Oxford Learners Dictionary, 12th Edition, 2011
- 6. Norman Lewis Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary (2014)
- 7. Speed Reading with the Right Brain: Learn to Read Ideas Instead of Just Words by David Butler

Web links

www.englishclub.com www.easyworldofenglish.com www.languageguide.org/english/ www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish www.eslpod.com/index.html www.myenglishpages.com

Correlation of COs with the POs & PSOs

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1									2				
2								2	2				
3									3				
4									3				
5									3				

^{*3:} Highly Correlated, 2: Moderately Correlated, 1: Weakly Correlated

CO-PO mapping justification:

со	Perce contac over t planne ho	ct ho	urs otal	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson	% corr Verb		Verb	BTL	(FU)	PO5)	(0-3)
	Plan							
	(Hrs)							
1	10	20	2	Understand	L2	PO9	Thumb Rule	2
2	10	20	2,2	Apply	L3	PO8,	Thumb Rule	2,
						PO9	Thumb Rule	2
3	10	20	3	Analyze	L4	P09	Thumb Rule	3

4	10	20	3	Evaluate	L5	P09	Thumb Rule	3
5	10	20	3	Create	L6	P09	Thumb Rule	3

Justification statements:

CO1: Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb Understand is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO2:Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2)

CO3: Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions **Action Verb: Analyze (L4)**

CO3 Action Verb Analyze is of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO4: Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO4 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO5: Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table

Action Verb: Create (L6)

CO5 Action Verb Create is of BTL 6. Using Thumb rule, L6 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati Year: I Semester: I Branch of Study: ECE

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	P	Credits
20AES0304	Engineering Workshop Practice	1	0	4	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, student will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the workshop tools and operational capabilities.
- CO2. Apply the wood working skills to prepare different joints.
- CO3. Apply the sheet metal operations to prepare different components in real world applications.
- CO4. Apply the fitting operations for various applications.
- CO5. Apply the basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

CO	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
1	Understand	the workshop tools and operational capabilities			L2
2	Apply	the wood working		skills to prepare different joints	L3
3	Apply	the sheet metal operations		to prepare different components in real world applications.	L3
4	Apply	the fitting operations	in various applications		L3
5	Apply	the basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice			L3

WOOD WORKING: (CO1 and CO2)

Familiarity with different types of woods and tools used in woodworking and make following joints

- a) Half Lap joint
- b) Mortise and Tenon joint
- c) Corner Dovetail joint or Bridle joint

SHEET METAL WORKING:

(CO1 and CO3)

Familiarity with different types of tools used in sheet metal working, Developments of following sheet metal job from GI sheets

- a) Tapered tray
- b) Conical funnel
- c) Elbow pipe
- d) Brazing

FITTING: (CO1 and CO4)

Study the difference types of fits and tolerances, surface finishing materials. Familiarity with different types of tools used in fitting and do the following fitting exercises

- a) V-fit
- b) Dovetail fit
- c) Semi-circular fit
- d) Bicycle tyre puncture and change of two-wheeler tyre

ELECTRICAL WIRING:

(CO1 and CO5)

Study the different types of circuits and connections, Familiarities with different types of basic electrical circuits and make the following connections

- a) Parallel and series
- b) Two-way switch
- c) Godown lighting
- d) Tube light
- e) Three phase motor
- f) Soldering of wires

Articulation Matrix

Course Title	COs	Progr	rogramme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										
		PO1	1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PSO1 PSO2										
	CO1	2										2	2
UNG IOP CE	CO2	3	3	3			2		2			2	2
ENGINEERING WORKSHOP PRACTICE	CO3	3	3	3			2		2			2	2
ENGI WO	CO4	3	3	3			2		2			2	2
	CO5	3	3	3			2		2			2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation Matrix

CO	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation
	Verb	BTL	- Outcome (FO)	(101 FOI to FOS)	(0-3)
1	Understand	L2	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
2	Apply	L3	P01	Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	Identify (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			P06	Thumb Rule	2
			P08	Thumb Rule	2
3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	Identify (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			P06	Thumb Rule	2
			P08	Thumb Rule	2
4	Apply	L3	P01	Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	Identify (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			P06	Thumb Rule	2
			P08	Thumb Rule	2
5	Apply	L3	P01	Apply (L3)	3
			PO2	Identify (L3)	3
			PO3	Develop (L3)	3
			P06	Thumb Rule	2
			P08	Thumb Rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand workshop tools and operational capabilities.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than one to PO1 verb. Therefore, correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply wood working skills to prepare different joints.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

 $\mbox{CO2}$ Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO6 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO2: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO8 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO2: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

CO3: Apply sheet metal operations to prepare different components in real world applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO6 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO3: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO8 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO3: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

CO4: Apply fitting operations for various applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO6 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO4: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO8 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO4: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

CO5: Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3)

PO6 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO5: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)

PO8 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO5: Engineering Workshop Practice lab involves in the basic manufacturing processes using various tools and equipment used, hands-on training is given in different trades. Therefore, the correlation is Medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) Common to All

Course Code	Year & Sem	Problem Solving and Programming	L	T/CLC	P	C
20AES0501	I-I	Froblem Solving and Frogramming	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO 1: **Understand** the Programming and Algorithms concepts to Perform Basic operations.
- CO 2: Apply the problem solving approaches to generate different algorithms.
- CO 3: **Understand** the various operators to perform mathematical operations.
- CO 4: Apply the Pointers and Array Techniques to manipulate the data.
- CO 5: Analyze the Sorting and Searching Techniques to arrange the data in sorted order.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the Programming and Algorithms concepts		to Perform Basic operations.	L2
CO2	Apply	the problem solving approaches		to generate different algorithms	L3
CO3	Understand	the various operators		to perform mathematical operations	L2
CO4	Apply	the Pointers and Array Techniques		to manipulate the data	L3
CO5	Analyze	the Sorting and Searching Techniques		to arrange the data in sorted order.	L4

UNIT - I 8 Hrs

Computer Fundamentals: What is a Computer, Evolution of Computers, Generations of Computers, Classification of Computers, Anatomy of a Computer, Memory revisited, Introduction to Operating systems, Operational overview of a CPU.

Introduction to Programming, Algorithms and Flowcharts: Programs and Programming, Programming languages, Compiler, Interpreter, Loader, Linker, Program execution, Fourth generation languages, Fifth generation languages, Classification of Programming languages, Structured programming concept, Algorithms, Pseudo-code, Flowcharts, Strategy for designing algorithms, Tracing an algorithm to depict logic, Specification for converting algorithms into programs.

UNIT - II 9Hrs

Introduction to computer problem solving: Introduction, the problem-solving aspect, top-down design, implementation of algorithms, the efficiency of algorithms, and the analysis of algorithms.

Fundamental algorithms: Exchanging the values of two variables, counting, summation of a set of numbers, factorial computation, sine function computation, generation of the Fibonacci sequence, reversing the digits of an integer.

UNIT - III 8Hrs

Types, Operators, and Expressions: Variable names, data types and sizes, constants, declarations, arithmetic operators, relational and logical operators, type conversions, increment and decrement operators, bitwise operators, assignment operators and expressions, conditional expressions precedence and order of evaluation.

Input and output: standard input and output, formatted output-Printf, formatted input-Scanf.

Control Flow: Statements and blocks, if-else, else-if, switch, Loops-while and for, Loops-Dowhile, break and continue, Goto and labels.

Functions and Program Structure: Basics of functions, functions returning non-integers, external variables, scope variables, header variables, register variables, block structure, initialization, recursion, the C processor.

UNIT - IV 9Hrs

Factoring methods: Finding the square root of a number, the smallest divisor of a number, the greatest common divisor of two integers, generating prime numbers.

Pointers and arrays: Pointers and addresses, pointers and function arguments, pointers and arrays, address arithmetic, character pointers and functions, pointer array; pointers to pointers, Multi-dimensional arrays, initialization of arrays, pointer vs. multi-dimensional arrays, command line arguments, pointers to functions, complicated declarations.

Array Techniques: Array order reversal, finding the maximum number in a set, removal of duplicates from an order array, finding the kth smallest element

UNIT - V 9 Hrs

Sorting and Searching: Sorting by selection, sorting by exchange, sorting by insertion, sorting by partitioning, binary search.

Structures: Basics of structures, structures and functions, arrays of structures, pointers to structures, self referential structures, table lookup, typedef, unions, bit-fields.

Some other Features: Variable-length argument lists, formatted input-Scanf, file access, Error handling-stderr and exit, Line Input and Output, Miscellaneous Functions.

Textbooks:

- 1. Pradip Dey, and Manas Ghosh, "Programming in C", 2018, Oxford University Press.
- 2. R.G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer". 2014, Pearson.
- 3. Brian W. Kernighan, and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Pearson.

Reference Books:

- 1. RS Bichkar "Programming with C", 2012, Universities Press.
- 2. PelinAksoy, and Laura Denardis, "Information Technology in Theory", 2017, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Byron Gottfried and Jitender Kumar Chhabra, "Programming with C", 4th Edition, 2019, McGraw Hill Education.

Online Learning Resources:

www.nptel.ac.in

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										3	
CO2	3	2	3								2	2	
CO3	2	3									2	2	
CO4	3	3	3								2	2	
CO5	3	3	3								2	2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
Unit	СО					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	19	25%	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	10	14%	2	CO2: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Develop (L3) PO11: Thumb rule	3 2 3 2

3	19	25%	3	CO3: Understand	L2	P01 P02 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO11: Thumb rule	2 3 2
4	15	20%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
5	12	16%	2	CO5: Analyze	L4	P01 P02 P03 P011	P01: Apply(L3) P02: Review (L2) P03: Develop(L3) P011: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
	75	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the Programming and Algorithms concepts to Perform Basic operations.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the problem solving approaches to generate different algorithms.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

Some of the Algorithm knowledge are used to solve various problems. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Understand the various operators to perform mathematical operations.

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some mathematical operations to perform operators are used to create programs.

Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the Pointers and Array Techniques to manipulate the data.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some mathematical operations to perform Pointers and Array Techniques are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Analyze the Sorting and Searching Techniques to arrange the data in sorted order.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some Data Structures operations to perform Sorting and Searching Techniques are used to create programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati

Year: I B.Tech (Common to all branches) Semester: I & II

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P	Credit:	CLC
20AHS9902	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH LAB	0	0	3	1.5	1

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- CO1. Evaluate the awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.
- CO2. Understand the different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and make use of different strategies in discussions.
- CO3. Apply the knowledge of vocabulary and skills in various language learning activities.
- CO4. Analyze the speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension.
- CO5. Evaluate the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Evaluate	the awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it	in order to improve fluency in spoken English		L5
2	Understand	the different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and		make use of different strategies in discussions	L2
3	Apply	the knowledge of vocabulary and skills		in various language learning activities	L3
4	Analyze	the speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division	for better listening and speaking comprehension		L4
5	Evaluate	the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations			L5

Unit 1

- 1. Phonetics (CO1)
- 2. Non verbal communication (CO2)
- $3.\ Vocabulary$ (word formation, one word substitutes, words often misused & confused, collocations idioms & phrases) (CO3)

Unit 2

- 1. Reading Comprehension (CO2, CO4)
- 2. JAM (CO2, CO3)
- 3. Distinction between Native and Indian English accent (Speeches by TED and Kalam). (CO4)

Unit 3

- 1. Situational dialogues/Giving Directions (CO1)
- 2. Describing objects/places/persons (CO2, CO3)

Unit 4

- 1. Fun Buzz (Tongue twisters, riddles, puzzles etc) (CO3)
- 2 Formal Presentations (CO5)

Unit 5

- 1. Debate (Contemporary / Complex topics) (CO2)
- 2. Group Discussion (CO2)

Software Source:

K-Van Solutions Software

Reference:

Teaching English - British Council

*3: Highly Correlated, 2: Moderately Correlated, 1: Weakly Correlated

CO	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1									3				
2								2					
3									2				
4									3				
5									3				

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	contact the tot contact	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours (Approx. Hrs)		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)		
		%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	9	25	3	Evaluate	L5	PO9	Thumb Rule	3
2	6	16	2	Understand	L2	P08	Thumb Rule	2
3	6	16	2	Apply	L3	PO9	Thumb Rule	2
4	6	16	3	Analyze	L4	PO9	Thumb Rule	3
5	9	25	3	Evaluate	L5	PO9	Thumb Rule	3

Justification statements:

CO1: Evaluate awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO1 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO2: Understanding the different aspects of the language with emphasis on LSRW skills and make use of different strategies in discussions

Action Verb: Understand(L2)

CO2 Action Verb Understand is of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2)

CO3: Apply knowledge of vocabulary and skills in various language learning activities **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

CO3 Action Verb Apply is of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO4: Analyze speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb Analyze is of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO5: : Evaluate the acceptable etiquette essentials in social and professional presentations. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO5 Action Verb Evaluate is of BTL 5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY SCIENCES: TIRUPATI

I B.Tech

(Autonomous) AK20 Regulations

Common to I Sem ECE/EEE/AI&DS/AI&ML/CSD

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Analyze the properties of light for solving engineering problems.
- CO2: Understand the basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.
- CO3: Evaluate the crystallite size using X-ray diffraction.
- CO4: Analyze the basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.
- CO5: Evaluate the basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Analyze	The properties of light for solving engineering problems.			L4
2	Understand	The basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.			L2
3	Evaluate	The crystallite size using X-ray diffraction.			L5
4	Analyze	The basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.			L4
5	Evaluate	The basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.			L5

List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of the thickness of the wire using wedge shape method CO1.
- 2. Determination of the radius of curvature of the lens by Newton's ring method–CO1.
- 3. Determination of wavelength by plane diffraction grating method– CO1.
- 4. Dispersive power of a diffraction grating– CO1.
- 5. Study of the Magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current CO2.
- 6. Study the variation of B versus H of the magnetic material (B-H curve) CO4.
- 7. Determination of the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber and angle of acceptance—CO1.
- 8. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall Effect CO5.
- 9. Determination of the energy gap of a semiconductor– CO5.
- 10. Determination of crystallite size using X-Ray diffraction spectra CO3.
- 11. Determination of Wavelength of LASER using diffraction grating CO1.
- 12. Determination of particle size using LASER CO1.
- 13. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductor by Four probe method CO5.
- 14. Determination of dielectric constant by charging and discharging method CO4.
- 15. Study the temperature dependence of resistance of a thermistor CO5.

Note: Any TEN of the listed experiments are to be conducted. Out of which any TWO Experiments may be conducted in virtual mode.

References:

- $1. \ S. \ Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan, ``A\ Text\ book\ of\ Practical\ Physics"-S\ Chand\ Publishers, 2017.$
- 2. http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php-VirtualLabs, Amrita University.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1	3			3									
2	2			1									
3	3			3									
4	3			3									
5	3			3									

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO	Percentag over the t contact h	otal pla	ntact hours nned	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL			
1	9	25	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
2	6	16	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	2 1
3	6	16	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
4	9	25	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
5	6	16	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3), PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3
	36							

CO1: Analyze the properties of light for solving engineering problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of electromagnetic induction.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO3: Evaluate the crystallite size using X-ray diffraction.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level isgreater than PO1 action verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than PO4 action verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the basic properties of dielectric and magnetic behavior of the given material.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the basic parameters of a given semiconductor material.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 and PO4 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) COMMON TO ALL

Course Code	Year & Sem	Problem Solving and Programming Lab	L	T	P	С
20AES0503	I-I	1 Toblem Solving and 1 Togramming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Analyze** the basics of computer and concepts of C for writing simple programs.
- CO 2: Analyze the control statements for solving the problems using C
- **CO 3: Design** the algorithm for implementing complex problems using C.
- **CO 4: Analyze** the arrays to store and retrieve the elements.
- **CO 5: Apply** the different sorting techniques for solving real world problems.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the basics of computer and concepts of C		for writing simple programs	L4
CO2	Analyze	the control statements	using C	for solving the problems	L4
CO3	Design	the algorithm	using C	for implementing complex problems	L6
CO4	Analyze	the arrays		to store and retrieve the elements.	L4
CO5	Apply	the different sorting techniques		for solving real world problems	L3

List of Experiments

- 1. Assemble and disassemble parts of a Computer (CO1)
- 2. Design a C program which reverses the number (CO1)
- 3. Design a C program which finds the second maximum number among the given list of numbers. **(CO2)**
- 4. Construct a program which finds the kth smallest number among the given list of numbers. (CO2)
- 5. Design an algorithm and implement using C language the following exchanges $a \leftarrow b \leftarrow c \leftarrow d \leftarrow a(CO2)$
- 6. Develop a C Program which counts the number of positive and negative numbers separately and also compute the sum of them. **(CO2)**
- 7. Implement the C program which computes the sum of the first n terms of the series Sum = 1 3 + 5 7 + 9(CO2)
- 8. Design a C program which determines the numbers whose factorial values are between 5000 and 32565. **(CO2)**
- 9. Design an algorithm and implement using a C program which finds the sum of the infinite series $1 x^2/2! + x^4/4! x^6/6! + \dots (CO3)$
- 10. Design a C program to print the sequence of numbers in which each number is the sum of the three most recent predecessors. Assume first three numbers as 0, 1, and 1. **(CO3)**
- 11. Implement a C program which converts a hexadecimal, octal and binary number to decimal number and vice versa. **(CO3)**
- 12. Develop an algorithm which computes the all the factors between 1and100 for a given number and implement it using C. (CO3)
- 13. Construct an algorithm which computes the sum of the factorials of numbers between m and n. **(CO3)**
- 14. Design a C program which reverses the elements of the array. (CO4)
- 15. Given a list of n numbers, Design an algorithm which prints the number of stars equivalent to the value of the number. The starts for each number should be printed horizontally. **(CO4)**
- 16. Implement the sorting algorithms a. Insertion sort b. Exchange sort c. Selection sort d. Partitioning sort. **(CO5)**
- 17. Illustrate the use of auto, static, register and external variables. **(CO5)**
- 18. Design algorithm and implement the operations creation, insertion, deletion, traversing on a singly linked list. **(CO5)**
- 19. Develop a C program which takes two numbers as command line arguments and finds all the common factors of those two numbers. **(CO5)**
- 20. Design a C program which sorts the strings using array of pointers. (CO5)

Instructors may add some experiments to the above list. Moreover, 50% of the experiments are to be changed every academic year. Instructors can choose the experiments, provided those experiments are not repetitions.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3							2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	3							2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO11)	Level of Correlation (0- 3)
1	CO1: Analyze	L4	P01 P02	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	3
2	CO2: Analyze	L4	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Design	L6	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Create (L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Analyze	L4	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P011	P01: Apply(L3) P02: Identify (L3) P03: Develop(L3) P04: Analyze (L4) P05: Apply (L3) P011: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
5	CO5: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 2 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of C for writing simple programs.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is Greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Analyze the control statements for solving the problems.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

 ${\tt CO2}$ Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Design the algorithm for implementing complex problems using C.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: create (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

Algorithms analysis is learning process to find the solution better manner the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the arrays to store and retrieve the elements.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: identify(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

Data analysis is the trending approach in the current days Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5:Apply the different sorting techniques for solving real world problems.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

II Semester (B. Tech –I year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Но	urs per w	eek	Credits	Ex	Scheme xamina lax. Ma	tion
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total
Theory										
1	BSC	20ABS9906	Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	BSC	20ABS9904	Chemistry	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	ESC	20AES0201	Network Theory 2 1 0		3	30	70	100		
4	ESC	20AES0502	Data Structures	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
5	ESC	20AES0301	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
6	ESC	20AES0203	Network Theory Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	BSC	20ABS9909	Chemistry Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ESC	20AES0504	Data Structures Laboratory 0		0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	MC	20AMC9902	Constitution of India`	3 0 0		0	30		30	
TOTAL 1					19.5	270	560	830		



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Year: I Semester: II Branch of Study: ECE, EEE,ME,CE

Subject Code:20ABS9906	Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	L 2	T /CLC 1	P 0	Credits 3	
coue.20Ab37700	Calculus		1	U		

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- 1. Analyze the mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations of higher order.
- 2. Apply the methods of linear differential equations related to various engineering problems.
- 3. Analyze the partial differential equations of first and higher order.
- 4. Understand the vector differential operators such as gradient, curl, divergent.
- 5. Evaluate the vector integral theorems by using line, surface, and volume integrals.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Analyze	the mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations	of higher order		L4
2	Apply	the methods of linear differential equations	related to various engineering problems		L3
3	Analyze	the partial differential equations	of first and higher order		L4
4	Understand	the vector differential operators such as gradient, curl, divergent.			L2
5	Evaluate	the vector integral theorems	by using line, surface, and volume integrals		L5

UNIT I: Linear Differential Equations of Higher Order

Definitions, complete solution, operator D, rules for finding complimentary function, inverse operator, rules for finding particular integral (e^{ax} , sinax (or) cosax, X^k , $e^{ax}v$, x v(x)), method of variation of parameters.

UNIT II: Equations Reducible to Linear Differential Equations and Applications

simultaneous linear equations with constant coefficients ,Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations, Applications to oscillations of a spring, L-C-R Circuit problems and Mass spring system.

UNIT III: Partial Differential Equations of First order and Higher Order

Linear Equations of First order P.D.E: Method of Grouping, Method of Multipliers.

Non-linear Equations of First Order PDE: f(p,q) = 0, f(z,p,q) = 0, f(x,p) = F(y,q) and z = px + qy + f(p,q) OR Clairaut's Equation.

Homogenous Linear P.D.E with constant coefficients of Higher order: Finding complementary function, Particular Integrals of e^{ax+by} , Sin (ax+by) Or Cos (ax +by), X^mY^n and for any function of F (x, y). Non-Homogenous Linear P.D.E of constant coefficient.

UNIT IV: Vector differentiation

Scalar and vector point functions, vector operator del, del applies to scalar point functions-Gradient, del applied to vector point functions-Divergence and Curl, vector identities.

UNIT V: Vector integration

Line integral-circulation-work done, surface integral-flux, Green's theorem in the plane (without proof), Stoke's theorem (without proof), volume integral, Divergence theorem (without proof) and applications of these theorems.

Text Books :

- 1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44th Edition, Khanna publishers, 2017.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

References:

- 1. Dr.T.K.V.Iyengar, Engineering Mathematics-I, S. Chand publishers
- 2. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2002
- 3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmipublication, 2008
- 4. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill Education.

Mapping of COs to POs

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1		3											
2	3												
3		3											
4	2												
5		3											

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping:

СО	Percentage over the total hours			СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson % correlation			Verb	BTL			
	Plan (Hrs)							
1	14	20.8	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
2	15	22.3	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
3	14	20.8	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
4	9	13.4	2	Understand	L2	PO1	Apply (L3)	2
5	15	22.3	3	Evaluate	L5	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3

Justification:

CO1: Analyze the mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations of higher order.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2:.Apply the methods of linear differential equations related to various engineering problems. **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the partial differential equations of first and higher order.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Understand the vector differential operators such as gradient, curl, divergent.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is low level to PO1 to one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: Evaluate the vector integral theorems by using line, surface, and volume integrals.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Year: I B.Tech Common to I Sem-CSE& CIC, II Sem EEE, ECE

Subject Code: 20ABS9904	Subject Name: Chemistry	L	T/CLC	P	Credit:
20/1037704		2	1	0	3

- Course Outcomes (CO): At the end of the course students will be able to
- 1. Understand the interaction of energy levels between atoms and molecules
- 2. Apply electrochemical principles to the construction of batteries, fuel cells and electrochemical sensors
- 3. Analyze the preparation and mechanism of polymers
- 4. Analyze the separation of gaseous and liquid mixtures using instrumental methods
- 5. Apply the purification techniques to remove hardness of water

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	The fundamentals of Atoms and Molecules			L2
2	Apply	electrochemical principles to construct batteries			L3
3	Analyze	preparation and mechanism of polymers			L4
4	Analyze	Identification of individual components			L4
5	Apply	Purification techniques to convert Hard water into soft water			L3

Unit 1:Structure and Bonding Models

(10 hrs)

Planck's quantum theory, Schrodinger wave equation, significance of $\Psi 1$ and $\Psi 2$, applications to hydrogen, particle in a box and their applications for conjugated molecules, crystal field theory – salient features – energy level diagrams for transition metal ions – splitting of orbital's in tetrahedral and octahedral complexes, magnetic properties, molecular orbital theory – bonding in homo- and heteronuclear diatomic molecules – energy level diagrams of O2, N2 and C0, calculation of bond order.

Unit 2:Electrochemistry and Applications

(10 hrs)

Electrodes – concepts, reference electrodes (Calomel electrode, Ag/AgCl electrode and glass electrode) electrochemical cell, Nern'st equation, cell potential calculations, numerical problems, concept of pH, pH meter and applications of pH metry (acid-base titrations), potentiometry- potentiometric titrations (redox titrations), concept of conductivity, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations (acid-base titrations), photovoltaic cell – working and applications, photogalvanic cells with specific examples. Electrochemical sensors – potentiometric sensors with examples, amperometric sensors with examples.

Primary cells – Zinc-air battery, alkali metal sulphide batteries, Fuel cells, hydrogen-oxygen, methanol fuel cells – working of the cells.

Secondary cells – lead acid, nickel-metal hydride and lithium ion batteries- working of the batteries including cell reactions, button cells,

Unit 3:Polymer Chemistry

(10 hrs)

Introduction to polymers, functionality of monomers, chain growth and step growth polymerization, coordination polymerization, copolymerization (stereospecific polymerization) with specific examples and mechanisms of polymer formation.

Plastics - Thermoplastics and Thermosettings, Preparation, properties and applications of - Bakelite, ureaformaldehyde, Nylon-66, carbon fibres, Elastomers-Buna-S, Buna-N-preparation, properties and applications. Conducting polymers - polyacetylene, polyaniline, polypyrroles - mechanism of conduction and applications.

Unit 4:Instrumental Methods and Applications

(10 hrs)

Principle and applications of Colorimetry, AAS, AES, UV-Viscible spectrophotometry (Beer-Lambert's law, Instrumentation, Principles and applications of Chromatographic techniques (GC & HPLC), separation of gaseous mixtures and liquid mixtures (GC & HPLC methods).

Introduction –Soft Water and hardness of water, Estimation of hardness by EDTA Method - Boiler troubles - scale and sludge, Industrial water treatment – specifications for drinking water, Bureau of Indian Standards(BIS) and World health organization(WHO) standards, zeolite and ion-exchange processes - desalination of brackish water, reverse osmosis (RO) and electrodialysis.

Text books:

- 1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16/e, DhanpatRai, 2013.
- 2. Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula and James Keeler, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 10/e, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Reference books:

- 1. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5/e, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Skoog and West, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 6/e, Thomson, 2007.
- 3. Ben L. Feringa and Wesley R. Browne, Molecular Switches, 2/e, Wiley-VCH, 2011.
- 4. Willard Merritt Dean Settle, 7 th Edition Instrumental methods for analysis

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1	2												
2	3												
3		3											
4		3											
5	3												

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO	Percenta over the t hours	_			СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)	
	Register (Hrs)	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL				
1	10	10	15.6	2	Understand	L2	P01	PO1: Apply (L3)	2	
2	10	17	26.5	3	Apply	L3	P01	PO1: Apply (L3)	3	
3	10	12	18.7	3	Analyze	L4	P02	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3	
4	10	13	20.3	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	PO2: Analyze (L4)	3	
5	10	12	18.7	3	Apply	L3	PO1	PO1: Apply (L3)	3	
	50	64								

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of Atoms and Molecules

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Apply electrochemical principles to construct batteries

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the preparation and mechanism of polymers

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the identification of individual components

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Apply the purification techniques to convert Hard water into soft water Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is equal to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year-Semester: I-II

Branch of Study: ECE

Course Name: NETWORK THEORY

Subject Code: 20AES0201

L	T	P	Credits
2	1	0	3

COURSEOUT COMES: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts and operational analysis of electrical circuits.
- **CO2: Apply** the different network theorems for electrical circuits to study its properties.
- CO3: Evaluate the transient response of R-L,R-C and R-L-C circuits.
- **CO4: Analyze** the Resonance and Coupled circuit properties in steady state domain.
- CO5: Evaluate two port network parameters and Pole-Zero location from transfer function.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloom's level
1	Understand	Fundamental concepts and operational analysis of electrical circuits.			L2
2	Apply	Different Network theorems for electrical circuits to study its properties.			L3
3	Evaluate	Transient response R-L,R-C and R-L-C circuits.			L5
4	Analyze	The Resonance and Coupled circuit properties	steady state domain		L4
5	Evaluate	Two port network parameters and Pole-Zero location from transfer function.			L5

SYLLABUS:

UNITI:INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

Passive components and their V-I relations, Energy sources - Ideal, Non-ideal, Independent and dependent sources, Source transformation Kirchhoff's laws, Star-to-Delta or Delta-to Star Transformations, Mesh analysis and Nodal analysis problem solving, Super node and Super mesh for DC Excitations

UNITII:NETWORK THEOREMS

Superposition theorem, Thevenin & Norton theorems, Maximum power transfer theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Millman theorem, Tellegan's Theorem, Compensation theorem - problem solving using dependent sources also, Duality and dual networks.

UNITIII:TRANSIENTS

First order differential equations, Definition of time constants, R-L circuit, R-C circuit with DC excitation, evaluating initial conditions procedure, second order differential equations, homogeneous, non-homogeneous, problem solving using R-L-C elements with DC excitation. Solutions using Laplace transform method.

UNITIV:RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS

Self-inductance, Mutual inductance, dot rule, coefficient of coupling, Analysis of multi winding coupled circuits, series & parallel connection of coupled inductors. Resonance: Introduction, Definition of Q, Series resonance, Bandwidth of series resonance, Parallel resonance, Condition for maximum impedance, current in anti-resonance, Bandwidth of parallel resonance, general case resistance present in both branches, anti-resonance at all frequencies.

UNITV:TWO PORT NETWORKS & NETWORK FUNCTIONS

Two Port Networks, relationship of two port variables, impedance parameters, admittance parameters, transmission parameters, hybrid and inverse hybrid parameters, relationship between parameters, interconnection of two port networks. Concept of complex frequency, driving point and transfer functions for one port and two port network, poles & zeros of network functions, Restriction on Pole and Zero locations of network function

TEXTBOOKS:

1. W.H. Haytand J.E. Kemmerly,—Engineering Circuit Analysis¦,Mc Graw Hill Education, 2013.

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year-Semester: I-II

Branch of Study: ECE

2. M.E.VanValkenburg,—NetworkAnalysis¦, PrenticeHall, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- D. Roy Choudhury, —Networks and Systems!, New Age International Publications, 1998.
- 2. Network lines and Fields by John. D. Ryder 2nd edition, Asia publishing house.
- 3. Bhise, Chadda, Kulshreshtha,—Engineering network analysis and filter design Umesh Publication, 2000.
- 4. 4. Joseph Edminister and Mahmood Nahvi, —Electric Circuits¦, Schaum's Outline Series, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2003.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Title	COs	Pr	ogran	Outco	mes(P	0s) &	Progra	amme	Specifi	c Outc	omes(F	PSOs)		
		P0 1	PO 2	P0 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	P0 10	PO 11	PSO 1	PSO2
	CO1	2	1										2	
NETWORK	CO2	3	2										2	
THEORY	СО3	3	3										2	
	CO4	3	3	3									2	
	CO5	3	3										2	

Justification Table:

C			CO			Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s):Action verb and BTL (forPO1toPO5)	Level of Correlation(0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	19	22.89	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2,	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4)	2 1
2	15	18.07	2	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2,	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Analyze(L4)	3 2
3	17	20.4 8	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2,	PO1: Apply (L3)PO2: Analyze(L4)	3 3
4	17	20.4 8	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Analyze(L4) PO3:Design(L6)	3 3 1
5	15	18.0 7	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2,	PO1: Apply (L3)PO2: Analyze(L4)	3 3
	83							

CO1:Understand the fundamental concepts and operational analysis of electrical circuits.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is Less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate

(2).PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO1Action Verbis Less than PO2 verb by two level; Therefore, correlation is low (1).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

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Branch of Study: ECE

CO2:Apply the different network theorems for electrical circuits to study its properties.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is same as PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high

(3).PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is Less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO3:Evaluate the transient response of R-L,R-C and R-L-C circuits.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is Greater than PO1 verb by two level; Therefore, correlation is high

(3).PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is Greater than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4:Analyze the Resonance and Coupled circuit properties in steady state domain.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)PO1: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is Greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high

(3).PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is same as PO2 verb; Therefore, correlation is high

(3).PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action Verb is Less than PO3 verb by two level; Therefore, correlation is low (1)

CO5:Evaluate two port network parameters and Pole-Zero location from transfer function.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is Greater than PO1 verb two level; Therefore, correlation is high

(3).PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verbis Greater than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) **COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (CSE)**

Course Code	Year & Sem	•	L	T / CLC	P	С
20AES0502	I-II	ECE, CSE, CIC, CSE(DS))	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes:

Organization.

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Understand** the basic concepts of an Algorithm to measure its performance
- CO 2: Apply the Linear Data Structure to arrange the data in memory
- CO 3: Apply the Non-Linear Data Structure to organize the data in hierarchical structure
- CO 4: Evaluate the real time problems using graphs and hashing techniques

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria		Blooms level		
CO1	Understand	the basic concepts of an Algorithm		to measur performan		L2		
CO2	Apply	the Linear Data Structure		to arrange	to arrange the data in memory			
CO3	Apply	the Non-Linear Data Structure		to organiz	in hierarchical		to organize the data in hierarchical	
CO4	Evaluate	the Real Time Problems	using Graphs and Hashing Techniques			L5		
CO5	Apply	the File handling and sorting methods		to rearran	ge the data	L3		
UNIT	- I				9Hrs			
Algor Dyna	mically Allocat	ation, Performance a ted Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort						
Algor Dyna can w UNIT Stack Stack Evalu Chair	rithm Specification in the specification was sort, Merge specification with the specification of Expression in the specification in the specif	ced Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort Linked lists ng Dynamic Arrays essions, Multiple Stating Chains in C, Link	and Unions. Sortings , Queues, Circular cks and Queues. Linl	: Motivation, Queues Usi ked lists: Sii	, Quick sort, 9Hrs ng Dynamiongly Linked	how fast Arrays, Lists and		
Algor Dyna can w UNIT Stack Stack Evalu Chair	rithm Specification in the specification of Expressions, Representation of Linked List.	ced Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort Linked lists ng Dynamic Arrays essions, Multiple Stating Chains in C, Link	and Unions. Sortings , Queues, Circular cks and Queues. Linl	: Motivation, Queues Usi ked lists: Sii	, Quick sort, 9Hrs ng Dynamiongly Linked	how fast Arrays Lists and		
Algor Dyna can w UNIT Stack Stack Evalu Chair Doub UNIT Trees Introc Searc B + T:	rithm Specifical mically Allocated we sort, Merge sold we sort, Merge sold with the so	ced Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort Linked lists ng Dynamic Arrays essions, Multiple Stating Chains in C, Link	, Queues, Circular cks and Queues. Link ked Stacks and Que	Queues Usiked lists: Sireues, Addition	9Hrs ng Dynamic ngly Linked onal List Op 9Hrs ee Operation ees. B-Trees:	how fast c Arrays Lists and perations		
Algor Dyna can w UNIT Stack Stack Evalu Chair Doub UNIT Trees Introd Searc B + Tr	rithm Specification in the specification of Express in the specific in the spe	ced Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort Linked lists Ing Dynamic Arrays Essions, Multiple State Ing Chains in C, Link S. Y Trees, Binary Tree Ling Binary Trees, Opt	, Queues, Circular cks and Queues. Link ked Stacks and Que	Queues Usiked lists: Sireues, Addition	9Hrs ng Dynamic ngly Linked onal List Op 9Hrs ee Operation	how fast C Arrays Lists and Derations		
Algor Dyna- can w UNIT Stack Stack Evalu Chair Doub UNIT Trees Introd Searce B + T; UNIT Graph The G Short	rithm Specifical mically Allocated we sort, Merge so the sort, Merge so the sort, Merge so the sort, Merge sort, Merge sort, Queue and I was, Stacks using action of Express, Representionally Linked Lists of the sort of the	ced Arrays. Structures sort, Heap sort Linked lists Ing Dynamic Arrays Essions, Multiple State Ing Chains in C, Link S. Y Trees, Binary Tree Ling Binary Trees, Opt	, Queues, Circular cks and Queues. Link ked Stacks and Que Traversals, Additional Binary search Tr	Queues Usiked lists: Singues, Additional Binary Trees, AVL Trees,	9Hrs ng Dynamic ngly Linked onal List Op 9Hrs ee Operation ees. B-Trees:	how fast C Arrays Lists and perations as, Binary B- Trees		

File Organization: Sequential File Organization, Direct File Organization, Indexed Sequential File

Advanced sorting: Sorting on Several keys, List and Table sorts, Summary of Internal sorting, External sorting.

Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2nd Edition, Galgotia Book Source, Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 2. Alan L. Tharp, "File Organization and Processing", Wiley and Sons, 1988.

Reference Books:

- 1. D. Samanta, "Classic Data Structures", 2^{nd} Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., India, 2012.
- 2. Peter Bras, "Advanced Data Structures", Cambridge University Press, 2016
- 3. Richard F. Gilberg, Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", Second Edition, Cengage Learning 2005.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	
CO2	3	3		3							2	2	1
CO3	3	3		3							2	2	1
CO4	1	2	3	3							3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2							3	2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

Unit	со					Program	PO(s): Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	18	24%	3	CO1: Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	14	19%	2	CO2: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P04 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO4: Develop (L3) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
3	15	20%	2	CO3: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P04 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO4: Develop (L3) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
4	13	18%	2	CO4: Evaluate	L5	P01 P02 P03 P04 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO11: Thumb rule	1 2 3 3 3
5	14	19%	2	CO5: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P04 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 3
_	74	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of an Algorithm to measure its performance Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the Linear Data Structure to arrange the data in memory Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Linear Data Structure applications, array and structure concepts are used to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the Non-Linear Data Structure to organize the data in hierarchical structure Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Non-Linear Data Structure applications, array and structure concepts are used to write programs. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Evaluate the real time problems using graphs and hashing techniques Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, Graph and Hash concepts are used to write programs and evaluation. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply the File handling and sorting methods to rearrange the data. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of data manipulations Sorting and File Organization methods are used to solve storage problems. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Branch of Study: Common to all branches

ATHA	Semester: 1/11 Brunen of	Diuu	<i>y</i> . cc	,,,,,,,,,,,	on to an branches
Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P	Credits
20AES0301	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, student will be able to:

- **CO1.** Apply the concepts of engineering curves for technical drawing
- CO2. Understand the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines

Semester: I/II

- CO3. Analyze the projection of planes as well as solids located in quadrant system
- CO4. Analyze the sectional views and development of surfaces of regular solids
- **CO5.** Apply orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
CO1	Apply	the concepts of engineering curves		for technical drawing	L3
CO2	Understand	the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines			L2
CO3	Analyze	draw the projection of planes as well as solids		located in quadrant system	L4
CO4	Analyze	the sectional views and development of surfaces		of regular solids	L4
CO5	Apply	orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object			L3

Unit I: Introduction to Engineering graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance Conventions in drawing - lettering - BIS conventions.

- a) Conic sections including the rectangular hyperbola- general method only,
- b) Cycloids Cycloid, epicycloids and hypocycloid

Unit II: Projection of points, lines: Projection of points in any quadrant, lines inclined to one or both planes, finding true lengths, angle made by line, traces.

Unit III: Projections of Planes: Projection of points in any quadrant, lines inclined to one or both planes, finding true lengths, angle made by line. Projections of regular plane surfaces.

Projections of Solids: Projections of regular solids inclined to one or both planes by rotational or auxiliary views method.

Unit IV: Sections of solids: Section planes and sectional view of right regular solids- prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone. True shapes of the sections.

Development of surfaces: Development of surfaces of right regular solids-prism, cylinder, pyramid, cone and their sectional parts.

Unit V: Orthographic Projections: Systems of projections, conventions and application to orthographic projections.

Isometric Projections: Principles of isometric projection- Isometric scale; Isometric views: lines, planes, figures, simple and compound solids.

Text Books:

- 1. K.L.Narayana & P.Kannaiah, Engineering Drawing, 3/e, Scitech Publishers
- 2. N.D.Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, 53/e, Charotar Publishers
- 3. Dhanajay A Jolhe, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 4. Shah and Rana, Engineering Drawing, 2/e, Pearson Education
- 5. Basant Agarwal & C.M.Agarwal, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill

Articulation Matrix

Course	COs		Programme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)											
Title		PO	PO PO PO PO PO PO6 PO7 PO PO9 PO10 PO11 PSO1 PS										PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5			8					2
ρΰ	CO1	3		3						3			2	2
rrin	CO2	2		2						3			2	2
ineer	CO3	2		2						3			2	2
Engineerin Graphics	CO4	3		3						3			2	2
回	CO5	3		3						3			2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3-High)

Correlation Matrix

СО	Percentag over the t contact he	otal pla	ntact hours inned	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb BTL				
						PO1	Apply (L3)	3
1	18	24	3	Apply	L3	PO3	Develop (L3)	3
						PO9	Thumb Rule	1
						PO1	Apply (L3)	2
2	15	20	2	Understand	L2	PO3	Develop (L3)	2
						PO9	Thumb Rule	1
						PO1	Apply (L3)	3
3	15	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO3	Develop (L3)	3
						PO9	Thumb Rule	1
						PO1	Apply (L3)	3
4	15	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO3	Develop (L3)	3
						PO9	Thumb Rule	1
						PO1	Apply (L3)	3
5	12	16	2	Apply	L3	PO3	Develop (L3)	3
						PO9	Thumb Rule	1
	75	100						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the concepts of engineering curves for technical drawing

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO1: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Understand the quadrant system to locate the position of points and projection of lines.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2: Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2: Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO9 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO2: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Analyze the projection of planes as well as solids located in quadrant system.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO3: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Analyze the sectional views and development of surfaces of regular solids

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO4: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Apply orthographic and isometric projections concepts to construct the given object.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5: Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO9 Verb: Thumb Rule (TR)

CO5: Engineering graphics involves creating visual representations and technical drawings to communicate design ideas, concepts and specifications. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

ANNAMACHARYAINSTITUTEOFTECHNOLOGYANDSCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation: AK20 Year-Semester:I-II

Branch of Study: ECE

Course Name: NETWORK THEORY LABORATORY

SubjectCode:20AES0203

 L
 T
 P
 Credits

 0
 0
 3
 1.5

COURSE OUTCOMES: After studying the course, Student will be able to: **CO1:Apply** the KVL,KCL ,Mesh and Nodal analysis for the electrical circuits. **CO2:Apply** the different Network theorems for the electrical circuits.

CO3: Evaluate the parameters of RL, RC and RLC circuits under different damping conditions.

CO4: Analyze the frequency response RL,RC and RLC circuits to find fo,Bandwidth and Q-factor.

CO5:Evaluate the Z,Y, Transmission and Hybrid parameters of two port network.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloom's level
1	Apply	The KVL, KCL, Mesh and Nodal Analysis for the electrical circuits			L3
2	Apply	The different Network theorems for The electrical circuits			L3
3	Evaluate	The parameters of RL, RC and RL C circuits	Under different damping conditions		L5
4	Analyze	The frequency response RL, RC and RLC circuits		to find fO ,Band width and Q- factor	L4
5	Evaluate	The Z,Y, Transmission and Hybrid Parameters of two port network			L5

SYLLABUS:

List of Experiments:

Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted in Hardware & Simulation(Multisim/Open source software):

- 1. Verification of Kirchhoff's Laws-(CO1).
- 2. Apply Mesh & Nodal Analysis techniques for solving electrical circuits (problems with dependent sources also)-(CO1).
- 3. Verification of Superposition & Reciprocity Theorem-(CO2).
- 4. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem-(CO2).
- 5. Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem-(CO2).
- 6. Measure and calculate RC time constant for given RC circuit-(CO3).
- 7. Measure and calculate RL time constant for a given RL circuit-(CO3).
- 8. Measure and analyze(settling time, overshoot, undershoot ,etc.)step response off or a given series RLC circuit for following cases:-(CO3).
 - a. =1(critically damped system)
 - b. >1(over damped system)
 - c. <1(under damped system)
- 9. Choose appropriate values of R,L,andC to obtain each of above cases on e at a time-(CO4).
- 10. Design a series RLC resonance circuit. Plot frequency response and find resonance frequency $_{,B}$ and width, Q-factor-(CO4).
- 11. Design a parallel RLC
 - resonance circuit. Plot frequency response and find resonance frequency, Bandwidth, Q-factor-(CO4).
- 12. Measure and calculate Z,Y parameters of two-port network-(CO5).
- 13. Measure and calculate ABCD & h parameters of two-port network-(CO5).

ANNAMACHARYAINSTITUTEOFTECHNOLOGYANDSCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation: AK20 Year-Semester: I-II

Branch of Study: ECE

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes.

CourseTitle	co	ProgrammeOutcomes(POs)&ProgrammeSpecificOutcomes(PSOs)												
	S	P0 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
NETWORK	CO1	3	2						2				2	
THEORYLA	CO2	3	2						2				2	
BORATORY	CO3	3	3		2				3				3	
	CO4	3	3		3				3				3	
	CO5	3	3		2				3				3	

JustificationTable:

СО		CO	Program0 utcome(PO)	PO(s):Action verb and BTL(forPO1toPO5)	LevelofCor relation (0-3)
	Verb	BTL	_		
1	Apply	L3	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
			PO2,	PO2:Analyze(L4)	2
			P08	PO8:Thumb Rule	2
2	Apply	L3	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
			PO2,	PO2:Analyze(L4)	2
			PO4,	PO8: Thumb Rule	2
3	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
			PO2,	PO2:Analyze(L4)	3
			PO4,	PO4:Design(L6)	2
			P08	PO8:Thumb Rule	3
4	Analyze	L4	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
			PO2,	PO2:Analyze(L4)	3
			PO4,	PO4:Analyze(L4)	3
			P08	PO8:Thumb Rule	3
5	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
			PO2,	PO2:Analyze(L4)	3
			PO4,	PO4:Design(L6)	2
			P08	PO8:Thumb Rule	3

CO1:Apply the KVL, KCL, Mesh and Nodal analysis for the electrical circuits.

Action

Verb:Apply(L3)PO1:Ap

ply(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is same as PO1verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO2:Analyze(L4)

CO1Action Verbis Less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO8:UsingThumbRule,CO1correlatestoPO6asmoderate(2).

CO2:Apply the different Network theorems for the electrical circuits.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO2ActionVerb is same as PO1verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO2:Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action Verbis Less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

ANNAMACHARYAINSTITUTEOFTECHNOLOGYANDSCIENCES::TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation: AK20 Year-Semester: I-II

Branch of Study: ECE

PO8:UsingThumbRule,CO1correlatestoPO6as moderate(2).

CO3: Evaluate the parameters of RL, RC and RLC circuits under different damping conditions.

ActionVerb:Evaluate(L5)P

01:Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verbis Greater than PO1 verb by two level; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO2: Analyze the property of the p

(L4)

CO3Action Verbis Greater than PO2 verbby on elevel; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO4: Design and the property of the

(L6)

CO3ActionVerbisLessthanPO4verbbyonelevel;Therefore,correlationismoderate(2).PO8:UsingThumbRule,3correlatestoPO6ashigh(3).

 $\overline{\text{CO4:}}$ Analyze the frequency response RL, RC and RLC circuits to find f_0 , Bandwidth and Q-factor.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)PO1:Apply(L3)

CO4ActionVerbisGreaterthanPO1verbbyonelevel;Therefore,correlationishigh(3).PO2:Analyze

CO4Action Verbis same as PO2 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO4: Analyze and the properties of the properti

(L4)

CO3 Action Verbis same as PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO8: Usin

gThumbRule,3correlatestoPO6ashigh(3).

CO5:Evaluate the Z,Y, Transmission and Hybrid parameters of two port network.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO5Action Verbis Greater than PO1 verb by two level; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO2: Analyze (1.4)

 ${\tt CO5ActionVerbisGreater than PO2} verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3). PO4: Design (L6)$

CO5 Action Verbis Less than PO4 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2). PO8:

UsingThumbRule,CO5correlatestoPO6ashigh(3).



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

I. B.Tech

Common to II Sem ECE/EEE

Subject Code 20ABS9909	Subject Name CHEMISTRY LAB	L T P 0 0 3	Credits:1.5
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Course Outcomes:

CO1: Analyze the hardness of water.

CO2: Apply the internal and external indicators in volumetric analysis.

CO3:Prepare advanced polymer materials.

CO4:Apply electro analytical technique to measure the strength of acids.

CO5: Analyze mixture of components by chromatographic techniques.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Analyze	Hardness of water.			L4
2	Apply	internal and external indicators		Volumetric analysis	L3
3	Prepare	advanced polymer materials			L4
4	Apply	electro analytical technique to measure the strength of acids			L3
5	Analyze	Mixture of components by chromatographic techniques.			L4

List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of Hardness of a ground water sample. (CO1)
- 2. Estimation of iron (II) using Diphenylamine indicator (Dichrometry Internal indicator method) (CO2)
- 3. Determination of pH metric titration of strong acid vs. strong base (CO4)
- 4. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs. strongbase (CO4)
- 5. Determination of Fe (II) in Mohr's salt by potentiometric method. (CO4)
- 6. Determination of percentage of Iron in Cement sample by colorimetry
- 7. Determination of Strength of an acid in Pb-Acidbattery (CO2)
- 8. Preparation of phenol-formal dehyderesin (CO3)
- 9. Preparation of TIO2/ZnO nanoparticles (Precipitation Method) (CO3)
- 10. Estimation of Calcium in port land Cement (CO2)
- 11. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal (CO2)
- 12. Thin layerchromatography (CO5)

Note: Any TEN of the listed experiments are to be conducted. Out of which any TWO Experiments may be conducted in virtual mode.

Reference:

 $\hbox{$^{\bullet}$ "Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6 th Edition 6 th Edition" Pears on Publications by J. Mendham, R.C. Denney, J.D. Barnes and B. Sivasankar$

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
1				3									
2				3									
3				3									
4				3									
5				3									

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

	o mappin	8,000						
CO	Percenta	age of	contact	CO		Program	PO(s): Action verb	Level of
	hours over the total					Outcome	and BTL	Correlation
	planned contact hours					(PO)	(for PO1 to PO5)	(0-3)
	Lesson % correlation		Verb	BTL				
	Plan							
	(Hrs)							

1		Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
2		Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L3)	2
3		Prepare	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
4		Apply	L3	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L3)	2
5		Analyze	L4	PO4	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3

CO1: Analyze the hardness of water.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Apply the internal and external indicators in volumetric analysis.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L3)

CO2Action Verb is less than PO4verb; therefore, correlation is less (2)

CO3: Prepare advanced polymer Bakelite materials.

Action Verb: Prepare (L4)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4:Apply electro analytical technique to measure the strength of acids.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4Action Verb is less than PO4verb; therefore, correlation is less (2)

CO5: Analyze mixture of components by chromatographic techniques.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (CSE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Data Structures Lab	L	T	P	С
20AES0504	I-II	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO 1: Apply** the sorting and searching algorithms using suitable data structure
- CO 2: Design the algorithms to solve real time problems using Linked lists
- CO 3: Design the solutions for computational problems using stacks and queues
- **CO 4: Evaluate** the operations of breadth first search using queues
- **CO 5: Design** the algorithms to perform operations on trees and graphs

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Apply	sorting and searching algorithm	using suitable data structure		L3
CO2	Design	the algorithms	using Linked lists	To solve real time problems	L6
соз	Design	the solutions for computational problems	using stacks and queues		L6
CO4	Evaluate	the operations of breadth first search	using queues		L5
CO5	Design	the algorithms		to perform operations on trees and graphs	L6

List of Experiments

- 1. String operations using array of pointers (CO1)
- 2. Searching Algorithms (With the Number of Key Comparisons) Sequential, Binary and Fibonacci Search Algorithms. **(CO1)**
- 3. Sorting Algorithms: Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Shell Sort, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, and Radix Sort. Using the system clock, compute the time taken for sorting of elements. The time for other operations like I/O etc should not be considered while computing time. **(CO1)**
- 4. Implementation of Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Circular Linked List(CO2)
- 5. Stack implementation using arrays(CO3)
- 6. Stack implementation using linked lists(CO3)
- 7. Queue implementation using arrays. Implement different forms of queue. While implementing you should be able to store elements equal to the size of the queue. No positions should be left blank. **(CO3)**
- 8. Queue implementation using linked lists(CO3)
- 9. Creation of binary search tree, performing operations insertion, deletion, and traversal. (CO4)
- 10. Breadth first search(CO4)
- 11. Depth first search(CO4)
- 12. Travelling sales man problem(CO4)
- 13. File operations (CO4)
- 14. Indexing of a file(CO4)
- 15. Reversing the links (not just displaying) of a linked list. (CO4)
- 16. Consider a linked list consisting of name of a person and gender as a node. Arrange the linked list using 'Ladies first' principle. You may create new linked lists if necessary. **(CO5)**
- 17. An expression can be represented in three ways: infix, prefix and postfix. All the forms are necessary in different contexts. Write modules to convert from one form to another form. **(CO5)** 18. A table can be defined as a collection of rows and columns. Each row and column may have

a label. Different values are stored in the cells of the table. The values can be of different data

types. Numerical operations like summation, average etc can be performed on rows/columns which contain numerical data. Such operations are to be prevented on data which is not numeric. User may like to insert row/columns in the already existing table. User may like to remove row/column. Create table data type and support different operations on it. **(CO5)**

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3		3							2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	2						3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3						3	2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO11)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO5:Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3
2	CO2: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop (L3) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5:Create(L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
3	CO3: Design	L6	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop (L3) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5:Create(L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
4	CO4: Evaluate	L5	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P011	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO5:Create(L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2 2 3
5	CO5: Design	L6	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Design(L6) PO4: Analysis(L4) PO5:Create(L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the sorting and searching algorithms using suitable data structure **Action Verb: Apply (L3)**

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Design the algorithms to solve real time problems using Linked lists

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Develop (L6)

CO2 Action verb is same level PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Linear Data Structure applications, Linked lists concepts are used to write programs store the data. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO3: Design the solutions for computational problems using stacks and queues **Action Verb: Design (L6)**

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than as PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Data Structure applications, stacks concepts are used to manage data in the memory.

Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the operations of breadth first search using queues

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

 ${\sf CO4}$ Action verb is greater than ${\sf PO5}$ verb. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of Real Time problems Data Structure applications, queues concepts are used to write programs and evaluation the memory operations. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

CO5:Design the algorithms to perform operations on trees and graphs

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

 ${\sf CO4}$ Action verb is same level as ${\sf PO3}$ verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analysis (L4)

 ${\tt CO5}$ Action verb is greater than PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verb: Create(L6)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of data manipulations tree and graphs concepts are used to solve data storage problems.

Therefore, the correlation is high (3)



Annamacharya Institute of Technology & Sciences (Autonomous), Tirupati AK20 Regulations

Year: I B.Te	ch (Common to all branches)			Seme	ster: II
Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P	
20AMC9902	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	3	0	0	Credit: 0

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- 1. Understand the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- 2. Remember the basic features of Indian Constitution
- 3. Understand the fundamental rights and duties for becoming a good citizen of India.
- **4.** Understand the Powers and functions of Governor, President, and Judiciary.
- **5.** Understand the functions of local administration bodies.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance	for building a democratic India.		L2
2	Remember	the basic features of Indian Constitution			L1
3	Understand	the fundamental rights and duties	for becoming a good citizen of India.		L2
4	Understand	the Powers and functions	of Governor, President, and Judiciary.		L2
5	Understand	the functions of local administration bodies			L2

Unit:1

History of Making of the Indian Constitution - History Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

Philosophy of the Indian Constitution - Preamble Salient Features

Unit:3

Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties - Fundamental Rights - Right to Equality - Right to Freedom - Right against Exploitation - Right to Freedom of Religion - Cultural and Educational Rights - Right to Constitutional Remedies - Directive Principles of State Policy - Fundamental Duties.

Unit:4

Organs of Governance - Parliament - Composition - Qualifications and Disqualifications - Powers and Functions - Executive, President, Governor - Council of Ministers - Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications - Powers and Functions.

Unit:5

Local Administration - District's Administration head: Role and Importance - Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation - Panchayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zilla Panchayat - Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zilla Panchayat: Position and role - Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments) - Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy.

Suggested books for reading:

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1						2					2		
2						1	1						
3								2			2		
4						2					2		
5						2					2		

CO-PO mapping correlation:

СО	Percenta hours ov planned	ver the	e total			Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL		P05)	
1	4	14	2	Understand	L2	PO6, PO11	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
2	4	14	1	Remember	L1	PO6, PO7	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	1 1
3	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO8, PO11	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
4	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO6, PO11	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
5	6	20	2	Understand	L2	PO6, PO11	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
	30							

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO1: Understand the historical background of the Constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO2: Remember the basic features of Indian Constitution

Action Verb: Remember (L1)

CO2 Action Verb is Remember of BTL 1. Using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO6 to PO11 as low (1).

CO3: Understand the fundamental rights and duties for becoming a good citizen of India.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand the Powers and functions of Governor, President, and Judiciary.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO5: Understand the functions of local administration bodies.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

III Semester (B.Tech –II year)

S. No.	Category	Category Course Code Course Title		Но	urs per we	Credits	Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)			
				L	L T/CLC P			CIE	SEE	Total
	Theory									
1	BSC	20ABS9912	Transform Techniques and Complex Variables	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	PCC	20APC0401	Electronic Devices and Circuits	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	PCC	20APC0402	Switching Theory and Logic Design	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
4	PCC	20APC0403	Signals and Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
5	HSMC	20AHSMB01	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
6	PCC	20APC0404	Electronic Devices and Circuits Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC	20APC0405	Signals and Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PCC	20APC0406	Switching Theory and Logic Design Laboratory			1.5	30	70	100	
9	SOC	20ASC0401	Electronic Circuit Design	1 0 2		2	100	-	100	
10	MC	20AMC9901	Biology for Engineers	3	0	0	0	30		30
			TOTAL				21.5	370	560	930



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

AK 20 Regulations

Year: II	Semester: I	Branch of Study: ECE, EEE

_					
Subject	Transform Techniques and Complex	L	T /CLC	P	Credits
Code:20ABS9912	Variables	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- CO1. Apply the Laplace transform techniques for solving differential equations.
- CO2. Evaluate the Fourier series of periodic signals and half range series.
- CO3. Apply the Fourier series and Fourier transforms for continuous functions.
- CO4. Apply the Z -transform techniques for solving discrete functions.
- CO5. Analyze the differentiation and integration of complex functions used in engineering fields.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Apply	Laplace Transform techniques	for solving differential equations.		L3
2	Evaluate	Fourier series of periodic signals and half range series.			L5
3	Apply	the Fourier series and Fourier transforms for continuous functions.			L3
4	Apply	the-Transform techniques for discrete time functions.			L3
5	Analyze	the concept of differentiation and integration	Complex functions		L4

Unit I: Laplace transforms

9 hrs

Definition of Laplace transform, existence conditions, properties of Laplace transforms, inverse Laplace transforms, transforms of derivatives, transforms of integrals, multiplication by tⁿ, division by t, convolution theorem, periodic functions, unit step function, unit impulse function, applications to ordinary differential equations. (Without proofs)

Unit II: Fourier series

9 hrs

Dirichlet's conditions, Fourier series, conditions for a Fourier expansion, functions of any period, odd and even functions - half range series.

Unit III: Fourier transforms

10 hrs

Fourier integrals, Fourier cosine and sine integrals, Fourier transform, sine and cosine transform, properties, convolution theorem

Unit IV: Z-Transforms 8 hrs

Definition of Z-transform, elementary properties, linearity property, damping rule, shifting u_n to the right and left, multiplication by n, initial value theorem, final value theorem, inverse Z-transform, convolution theorem, formation of difference equations, solution of difference equations using Z-transforms.

Unit V : Complex Variables

9 hrs

Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate. Complex integration, Cauchy theorem (without proof), Cauchy integral formula (without proof), Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series, residues, Cauchy residue theorem (without proof).

Textbooks:

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43/e, 2010.
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

References:

- 1. Dr.T.K.V Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi, S. Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N Prasad, Mathematics II, S. Chand publications.
- 2. W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9/e, Wiley India, 2009.
- 3. E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.
- 4. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7/e, Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.
- 5. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 2008.

Mapping of COs to POs

	F	8											
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
1	3												
2		3											
3	3												
4		2											
5		3											

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours			er the total planned				Level of Correlation
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	correlation	Verb	BTL	(PO)	(for PO1 to PO5)	(0-3)
1	16	21	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply (L3)	3
2	17	22	3	Evaluate	L5	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3
3	16	21	3	Apply	L3	PO1	Apply(L3)	3
4	11	14	2	Apply	L3	PO2	Analyze (L4)	2
5	16	21	3	Analyze	L4	PO2	Analyze (L4)	3

CO1: Apply the Laplace transform techniques for solving differential equations.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is equalto PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the Fourier series of periodic signals and half range series.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is high level to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the Fourier series and Fourier transforms for continuous functions.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

 $\textbf{CO4:} \ Apply \ the \ Z \ \text{-transform techniques for solving discrete functions}.$

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is low level to PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: Analyze the differentiation and integration of complex functions used in engineering fields.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO2 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level to PO2 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code Yea	r & Sem	ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS	L	T/CLC	P	C
20APC0401	II-I	(COMMON TO ECE AND EEE)	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1 Understand the characteristics of PN junction diode and special electronic devices.
- CO2 Analyze the construction and operation of three rectifiers using without and with filters.
- CO3 **Evaluate** the transistor parameters from its characteristics in three configurations.
- CO4 **Understand** transistor biasing methods and thermal stabilization concepts.
- CO5 Analyze the transistor amplifier using h-parameter models for three configurations.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The characteristics of PN junction diode and special electronic devices			L2
CO2	Analyze	The construction and operation of three rectifiers	Using without and with filters		L4
CO3	Evaluate	The transistor parameters from it's characteristics	in three configurations		L5
CO4	Understand	The transistor biasing methods and thermal stabilization concepts.			L2
CO5	Analyze	The transistor amplifiers	Using h- parameter models	For three configurations	L4

UNIT - I		15Hrs				
PN JUNCTION DIODE	& SPECIAL DIODE CHARACTERISTICS					
Review of semiconductor Physics: Intrinsic & Extrinsic Semiconductors and their Fermi Levels, Open circuited p-n junction, Biased p-n junction, Current components in PN junction Diode, Diode Equation, V-I characteristics of p-n junction diode, Temperature dependence on V-I characteristics, Diode resistance, Diode capacitance. Special Electronic Devices: Construction, Operation, V-I Characteristics of Zener diode, Breakdown mechanisms, Zener diode applications, Varactor diode, Tunnel diode, SCR, UJT. UNIT - II						
UNIT - II		17Hrs				
RECTIFIERS & FILTE	RS					
derivations of rectifier p Filters: Capacitor filter	in to DC Power supply, Half Wave Rectifier, Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge parameters, Rectifier circuits-Operation, Input and Output waveforms. Inductor filter, L-section filter, π -section filter, Multiple L-section and on of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors.					

UNIT - III 15Hrs

TRANSISTOR CHARACTERISTICS

BJT: Bi-polar Junction Transistor, Transistor current components, Transistor as an amplifier, Transistor equation, Transistor configurations, Input- Output Characteristics of Transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector configurations, Punch through-Reach through, Photo transistor, Typical transistor junction voltage values.

FET: BJT Versus FET, Junction Field Effect Transistor JFET Types, Construction, Operation, parameters, Drain and Transfer characteristics, MOSFET Types -Enhancement and Depletion Types-Construction, Operation, Characteristics..

U	VIT - IV	14Hrs

TRANSISTOR BIASING & THERMAL STABILIZATION

Need for biasing, operating point, Load line analysis, BJT biasing-Methods, Basic stability Fixed bias, Collector to base bias, Self-bias, Stabilization against variations in VBE, IC, and β , stability factors, (S', S'', S'''), Bias compensation, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability.

UNIT - V 15Hrs

SMALL SIGNAL LOW FREQUENCY TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER MODELS

BJT: Two port network, Transistor hybrid model, determination of h-parameters, generalized analysis of transistor amplifier model using h-parameters, analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using exact analysis, approximate hybrid model, analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using approximate hybrid model, Comparison of transistor amplifiers.

FET: Generalized analysis of small signal model, analysis of CG, CS and CD amplifiers, comparison of FET amplifiers

Textbooks:

- 1. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 2. Thomas L. Floyd, "Electronic Devices", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
- 3. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory", 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

Reference Books:

- 1. Donald Neamen, "Electronic Circuits: Analysis and Design", 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2011.
- 2. Muhammad Rashid, "Microelectronic Circuits: Analysis & Design", 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 3. S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 4th Edition, McGraw-HillEducation, 2017

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	
CO2	3	3	3	3								3	
CO3	3	3	3									3	
CO4	2	2	2	1								2	
CO5	3	3	3	3								3	

Correlation matrix

						1		1
Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	15	20	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	17	22	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4	P01: Apply (L3) P02: Identify (L3) P03: Develop(L3) P04: Analyze(L3)	3 3 3 3
3	15	20	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO3:Develop(L3)	3 3 3
4	14	18	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4)	2 2 2 1
5	15	20	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3 3 3
	73	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the characteristics of PN junction diode and special electronic devices. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

- PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)
- CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).
- PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)
- CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

.CO2: Analyze the construction, operations of three rectifiers without and with filters. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

- PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)
- CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)
- CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)
- CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)
- CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Evaluate the transistor parameters from its characteristics in three configurations Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

- PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)
- CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)
- CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)
- CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Understand transistor biasing methods and thermal stabilization concepts. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

- PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)
- CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate(2).
- PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)
- CO4 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate(2).
- PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)
- CO4 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate(2)
- PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO4 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO5: Analyze the transistor amplifier using h-parameter models for three configurations. Action Verb: (L4)

- PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)
- CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).
- PO2 verb: Identify (L3)
- CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).
- PO3 verb: Develop (L3)
- CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).
- PO4 verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO5 Action verb is equal to PO4 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0402	II-I	SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **Understand** the fundamentals of number systems, Boolean algebra and Logic Gates
- CO2 Apply the minimization techniques to Boolean expressions using K-Map and Tabulation Methods
- CO3 Analyze the design procedure of combinational logic circuits by using Logic gates
- CO₄ Analyze the design procedure of sequential logic circuits by using Flip-Flops
- CO5 Analyze the semiconductor memories and realization of Programmable Logic Devices.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamentals of number systems, Boolean algebra and Logic Gates			L2
CO2	Apply	the minimization techniques to boolean expressions		using K-Map and Tabulation Methods	L3
CO3	Analyze	The design procedure of combinational logic circuits	Using Logic gates		L4
CO4	Analyze	The design procedure of sequential logic circuits	Using Flipflops		L4
CO5	Analyze	The semiconductor memory concepts and realization of Programmable Logic Devices.			L4

UNIT - I 19Hrs

NUMBER SYSTEM AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

Number System: Digital Systems, Binary Numbers, Number base conversions, complements of numbers, Signed binary numbers, Binary codes.

Boolean Algebra: Basic definition, Basic theorems and properties, Boolean Functions, Canonical & Standard forms, other logic operations & Logic gates.

UNIT - II 11Hrs

GATE LEVEL MINIMIZATION

The map method, four variable & Five variable K-map, POS & SOP Simplification, don't care conditions, NAND & NOR Implementation, Other two-level Implementation, Ex-or Function, Tabular Method-Simplification of Boolean function using tabulation Method.

UNIT - III 9Hrs

COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Combinational circuits, Analysis & Design procedure, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Encoders, Multiplexers.

UNIT - IV 16Hrs

SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Sequential Circuits: Latches, Flips-Flops - RS, JK, Master-Slave JK, D & T flip flops, Analysis of Clocked sequential circuits, State Reduction & Assignment, Design procedure, Registers & Counters - Registers, Shift Registers, Ripple Counters, Synchronous counters, asynchronous counters.

Asynchronous sequential circuits: Introduction, Analysis Procedure, Design Procedure, Reduction of State flow tables, Race-free State Assignment, Hazards.

UNIT - V 12Hrs

PROGRAMMABLE DEVICES:

Memory organization, classification of semiconductor memories, ROM, PROM, DROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM, expansion of memory, CCD, Flash memories, content addressable memory, programmable logic devices, PROM at PLD, programmable logic array (PLA) programmable array logic (PAL), field programmable gate array (FPGA).

Textbooks:

- 1. M. Morris Mano & Michel D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", 5th Edition Pearson.
- Zvi Kohavi and Nirah K.Jha, "Switching theory and Finite Automata Theory", 3rd EditionCambridge.

Reference Books:

- 1. Subratha Goshal, "Digital Electronics", Cambridge
- 2. Comer, "Digital & State Machine Design", Third Indian edition, OXFORD

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2										2	
CO2	3	3										3	
CO3	3	3	3	3							1	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3							1	3	
CO5	3	3	3								1	3	

Correlation matrix

Uni	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
t No.	Lesson plan(Hr s)	%	Correlat ion	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlat ion (0-3)
1	19	29	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO2 : Identify (L3)	2 2
2	11	17	1	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO2 : Identify (L3)	3 3
3	09	13	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4,PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
4	16	23	3	Analyze	L4	P01, P02, P03, P04,P011	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	12	18	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 3 1
	67	100%						

Justification statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of number systems, Boolean algebra and Logic Gates Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Apply the minimization techniques to Boolean expressions using K-Map and Tabulation Methods Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the combinational logic circuits design procedure by using Logic gates Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO 11: CO3 Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO11 as low(1).

CO4: Analyze the sequential logic circuits design procedure by using Flip-Flops Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb level is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb level is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO 11: CO4 Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO11 as low(1).

CO5: Analyze the semiconductor memories and realization of Programmable Logic Devices. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO 11:CO5 Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO11 as low(1).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ourse Code	Year & Sem	SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS	L	T/CLC	P
20APC0403	II-I	SIGNALS AND SISTEMS	2	1	0

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1 **Understand** the representation of continuous time and discrete time signals
- CO2 Analyze the signals in frequency domain using Fourier series and Fourier Transforms
- CO3 **Apply** the Sampling theorem to convert continuous time signals into discrete time signals
- CO4 **Analyze** the properties of systems and characteristics of LTI systems

COS Fyaluate Continuous Time and Discrete Time LTL systems by using Lanlace and 7-Transforms

CUS		ontinuous Time and Discret			
CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
					level
CO1	Understand	the representation of			L2
		continuous time and			
		discrete time signals			
CO2	Analyze	the signals in frequency domain		Fourier series and Fourier Transforms	L4
CO3	Apply	To convert continuous time signals into discrete	Sampling theorem		L3
		time signals			
CO4	Analyze	the properties of systems and characteristics of LTI systems			L4
CO5	Evaluate	Continuous Time and Discrete Time LTI systems by using		Laplace and Z- Transforms	L5

CICNALC	211113
UNIT - I	21Hrs

SIGNALS

Introduction: Definition of Signals, classification of signals: continuous time and discrete time signals, standard signals: impulse function, step function, ramp function complex exponential and sinusoidal signals, Signum, Sinc and Gaussian functions. Operations on signals and sequences. Analogy between vectors and signals, orthogonal signal space, Signal approximation using orthogonal functions, mean square error, Orthogonality of complex functions.

UNIT - II 16Hrs

FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Fourier series: Representation of signals using Fourier Series, Trigonometric Fourier series(TFS) and complex exponential Fourier series (CEFS). Illustrative problems, Continuous Time Fourier Transform, definition, properties, Fourier Transforms of standard signals, complex Fourier spectrum, inverse Fourier Transform. Discrete Time Fourier Transform, definition, properties of Discrete Time Fourier Transform transforms of standard signals. Introduction to Hilbert Transform. Illustrative problems.

UNIT - III 12Hrs

SAMPLING THEOREM

Definition of sampling, types: impulse and pulse sampling. Sampling theorem for band limited signals-- Graphicalandanalyticalproof,Nyquistcriterion,Reconstructionofsignalfromitssamples,effectofundersampling Aliasing.SamplingtheoremforBandpasssignals.Illustrativeproblems.

UNIT - IV	12Hrs

SYSTEMS

Definition of Systems, Classification of Systems, impulse response, response of a Linear Time Invariant system, Convolution and Correlation: time domain, frequency domain and Graphical representation. Transfer function of a LTI system. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system, signal bandwidth, system bandwidth, Ideal LPF,HPFandBPFcharacteristics,CausalityandPoly-Wienercriterionforphysicalrealization,relationship between bandwidth and rise time. Illustrative problems.

UNIT - V 20Hrs

LAPLACE TRANSFORMS & Z TRANSFORMS

Laplace Transforms: Review of Laplace Transforms, concept of Region of Convergence(ROC) for Laplace Transforms, Inverse Laplace Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, properties of Laplace Transforms. Analysis of CT-LTI systems using Laplace Transforms: causality and stability.

Z-Transforms: Review of Z-Transforms, concept of Region of Convergence(ROC) for Z-Transforms, Inverse Z-Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, properties of Z-Transforms. Analysis of DT-LTI systems using Z- Transforms: causality and stability. Illustrative problems.

Textbooks:

- 1. B.P. Lathi, Signals, Systems & Communications, BSP ublications, 2003.
- A.V.Obppenheim, A.S.WillskyandS.H.Nawab, SignalsandSystemsPHI, 2ndEdition. 2009

Reference Books

- 1. SimonHaykinandVanVeen,Signals&Systems,Wiley,2ndEdition.
- John G.Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications, 4 th Edition, PHI, 2007
- 3. BP Lathi, Principles of Linear Systems and Signals Oxford University Press, 2015.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	
CO2	3	3		3								1	
CO3	3	3										2	
CO4	3	3		3								2	
CO5	3	3		3								2	

Correlation matrix

Uni	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
t No.	Lesson plan(Hr s)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlat ion (0-3)
1	21	28%	3	Understand	L2	P01, P02,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review(L2)	3
2	16	21%	3	Analyze	L4	P01,P02, P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4:Analyze(L4)	3 3 3
3	12	16%	2	Apply	L3	P01,P02, P011	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L4)	3 3
4	12	16%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2,PO4	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO4:Analyze(L4)	3 3 3

5	20	20%	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1,PO2,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
						PO4	PO2:Review(L2)	3
							PO4:Analyze(L4)	3
	75	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the representation of continuous time and discrete time signals Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: 2.Analyze the signals in frequency domain using Fourier series and Fourier Transforms

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analysis (L4)

CO2 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3 Apply the Sampling theorem to convert continuous time signals into discrete time signals

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the properties of systems and characteristics of LTI systems Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate Continuous Time and Discrete Time LTI systems by using Laplace and Z-Transforms.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Course Code	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL	L	T	P	С
20AHSMB01	ANALYSIS	2	1	0	3

(Common to All branches of Engineering)

Course Outcomes(CO):

- CO1: Understand the fundamentals of managerial economics and demand concept.
- CO2: Understand the production and cost concepts to optimize the output
- CO3: Analyze the price output relationship in different markets.
- CO4: Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques to invest in various projects.
- CO5: Analyze the accounting statements to evaluate the financial performance of business entity.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	BL
CO1	Understand	fundamentals of managerial economics			L2
CO2	Understand	production and cost concepts		To optimize the output	L2
CO3	Analyze	price output relationship in various markets			L4
CO4	Evaluate	capital budgeting techniques		To invest in various projects	L5
CO5	Analyze	accounting statements		to evaluate the financial performance of business entity	L4

UNIT - I Managerial economics

Introduction – meaning, nature, significance, functions, and advantages, ME and its role in other fields. Demand - Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity - Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting - Factors governing forecasting, Methods.

UNIT-II Production and Cost Analysis

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function– Least-cost combination– Short run and Long run Production Function- Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS -Cobb- Douglas Production Function- Laws of Returns-Internal and External Economies of scale. Cost & Break-Even Analysis- Cost concepts and Cost behavior- Break-Even Analysis (BEA)- Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems)-Managerial significance and limitations of Break-Even Analysis.

UNIT-III Business Organizations and Markets

Introduction—Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Forms of Business Organizations—Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly-Monopolistic Competition—Oligopoly-Price- Output Determination-Pricing Methods and Strategies.

UNIT-IV Capital Budgeting

Introduction to Capital, Sources of Capital. Short-term and Long-term Capital: Working capital, types, Estimating Working capital requirements. Capital Budgeting – Features, Proposals, Time value of money. Methods and Evaluation of Projects – Pay Back Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR), Net Present Value (NPV), and Internal Rate Return (IRR)Method (simple problems).

Financial Accounting and Analysis

UNIT-V

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Concepts and Conventions-Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance-Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). **Financial Analysis** - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

Textbooks:

- 1. Varshney&Maheswari:ManagerialEconomics,SultanChand,2013.
- 2. Aryasri:BusinessEconomicsandFinancialAnalysis,4/e,MGH,2019

Reference Books:

- 1. Ahuja Hl Managerial economicsSchand,3/e,2013
- S. A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International, 2013.
- 3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
- 4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage, 2013.

OnlineLearningResources:

https://www.slideshare.net/123ps/managerial-economics-ppthttps://www.slideshare.net/rossanz/production-and-cost-45827016https://www.slideshare.net/darkyla/business-organizations-19917607https://www.slideshare.net/balarajbl/market-and-classification-of-markethttps://www.slideshare.net/ruchi101/capital-budgeting-ppt-59565396https://www.slideshare.net/ashu1983/financial-accounting.

Course	COs	Programme Outcomes (POs) & Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)												
Title		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
ıl S	CO1	3												
Managerial Economics and	CO2	1									1			
nage non and	CO3	3									3			
Каг	CO4										3			
	CO5										3			

Correlation matrix

			CO			Program		Level of
Unit No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlati on	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcom e (PO)	PO(s):Action Verb and BTL	Correlation (0-3)
1	10	16.1%	2	CO1: Apply	L3	PO1	Apply	3
2	14	22.5%	3	CO2: Understand	L2	PO1, PO10	Apply Apply	1 1
3	14	22.5%	3	CO3: Analyze	L4	PO1, PO10	Apply Apply	3 3
4	10	16.1%	2	CO4: Evaluate	L5	PO10	Apply	3
5	14	22.5%	3	CO5: Analyze	L4	PO10	Apply	3
Total	62	100					_	

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of managerial economics and Apply the forecasting techniques for estimation of demand.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO1verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Understand the production and cost concepts to optimize the output. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1: Apply (L3)

 ${\sf CO2}$ Action verb is less than ${\sf PO1}$ verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO10: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO3: Analyze the price output relationship in different markets.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO10: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO4: Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques to invest in various projects. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO10: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze the accounting statements to evaluate the financial performance of business entity.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO10: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is more than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB	L	T	P	C
20APC0404	II-I	(COMMON TO ECE & EEE)	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze V-I characteristics of PN Diode, Zener diodes, SCR and UJT.

CO2: Evaluate the parameters of Rectifiers with and without filters.

CO3:Evaluate the parameters from the characteristics of BJT and FET in different configurations.

CO4: Analyze the operation of DC biasing circuits of Transistors.

CO5: Analyze the frequency response of amplifiers using BJT and FET.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	V-I characteristics of		PN Diode, Zener diodes, SCR and UJT.	L4
CO2	Evaluate	the parameters of Rectifiers	with and without filters.		L5
CO3	Evaluate	the parameters from the characteristics of BJT and FET		in different configurations	L5
CO4	Analyze	the operation of DC biasing circuits of Transistors			L4
CO5	Analyze	the frequency response of amplifiers		Using BJT and FET.	L4

LISTOFEXPERIMENTS:

- 1. PN Junction Diode Characteristics(CO1)
- 2. Zener Diode Characteristics and Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator.(CO1)
- 3. Rectifiers (With and Without Filter).(CO2)
- 4. BJT Characteristics (CB Configuration).(CO3)
- 5. BJT Characteristics (CE Configuration).(CO3)
- 6. FET Characteristics (CS Configuration).(CO3)
- 7. SCR Characteristics (CO3)
- 8. Transistor Biasing (CO4)
- 9. BJT-CE Amplifier(CO5)
- 10. Emitter Follower- CC Amplifier (CO5)
- 11. FET-CS Amplifier (CO5)
- 12. UJT Characteristics (CO5)

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	P03	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										3	
CO2	3	3	3	3								3	
CO3	3	3	2									3	
CO4	3	3	1	3								3	
CO5	3	3	1	3								3	

S.No	Course Outcomes	(CO)	Program Outcome	PO(s):Action Verb and	Level of
	Co's Action verb	BTL	(PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	Analyze	L4	P01, P02	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3:Develop(L3)	3
				P04: Analyze(L4)	3

3	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3	P01: Apply (L3) P02: Review (L2) P03: design (L6)	3 3 2
4	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2,PO3,P04	P01: Apply (L3) P02: Review (L2) P03:Design(L6) P04: Analyze(L4)	3 3 1 3
5	Analyze	L4	P01, P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3:Design(L6) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3 1 3

Justification Statements:

CO 1:Analyze V-I characteristics of PN Diode, Zener diodes, SCR and UJT. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO 2: Evaluate the parameters of Rectifiers with and without filters. Action Verb: evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than to PO4 by one level verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO 3: Evaluate the parameters from the characteristics of BJT and FET in different configurations.

Action Verb: evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

${\bf CO4:} Analyze\ the\ operation\ of\ DC\ biasing\ circuits\ of\ Transistors.$

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by three levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by four level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO4 Action Verb is less than to PO3 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low(1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than to PO4 by two level verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Analyze the frequency response of amplifiers using BJT and FET.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by three levels; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by four level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than to PO3 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low(1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4) CO5 Action Verb is greater than to PO4 by two level verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

B. Tech II Year I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
20APC0405	SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Analyze the generation of various standard signals and basic operations between them.
- **CO2:** Analyze the spectrum of a periodic and aperiodic signals using FS and FT respectively.
- **CO3:** Apply the Linearity and Time Invariant properties to test a continuous/discrete time system.
- **CO4:** Analyze the process of sampling a Continuous Time signal to get a Discrete Time signal.
- **CO5:** Evaluate the filters response for speech signal, removal of noise, and waveform synthesis.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
1.	Analyze	the generation of various standard signals and basic operations between them.			L4
2.	Analyze	the spectrum of a periodic and aperiodic signals	using FS and FT respectively		L4
3.	Apply	the Linearity and Time Invariant properties		to test a continuous/discrete time system.	L3
4.	Analyze	the process of sampling a Continuous Time signal		to get a Discrete Time signal	L4
5	Evaluat e	the filters response for speech signal, removal of noise and waveform synthesis.			L5

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Write program to generate Standard Signals/Sequences: Periodic and Aperiodic, Unit Impulse, Unit Step, Square, Saw tooth, Triangular, Sinusoidal, Ramp, Sinc.(CO1)
- 2. Perform operations on Signals and Sequences: Addition, Multiplication, Scaling, Shifting, Folding, Computation of Energy and Average Power (CO1).
- 3. Write program to find the trigonometric & exponential Fourier series coefficients of a rectangular periodic signal. Reconstruct the signal by combining the Fourier series coefficients with appropriate weightings. Plot the discrete spectrum of the signal (CO2).
- 4. Write program to find Fourier transform of a given signal. Plot its amplitude and phase spectrum. (CO2)
- 5. Write program to convolve two discrete time sequences. Plot all the sequences. (CO1).
- 6. Write program to find autocorrelation and cross correlation of sequences. (CO1).
- 7. Write program to verify Linearity and Time Invariance properties of a given Continuous/Discrete System.(CO1).
- 8. Write program to generate discrete time sequence by sampling a continuous time signal. Show that with sampling rates less than Nyquist rate, aliasing occurs whilereconstructing the signal. (CO1).
- 9. Write program to find magnitude and phase response of first order low pass and high pass filter. Plot the responses in logarithmic scale.(CO1).
- 10. Write program to find response of a low pass filter and high pass filter, when a speech signal is passed through these filters.(CO1).
- 11. Write program for removal of noise by Autocorrelation / Cross correlation.(CO1)
- 12. Write a program for waveform Synthesis using Laplace Transform and to plot pole-zero diagram in S-plane / Z-plane of given signal/sequence.(CO1)

Note: All the experiments are to be simulated using MATLAB or equivalent software

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

CO	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1		3									2
CO2	3	1		3									1
CO3	3		3	2									1
CO4	3		3	3									2
CO5	3		3	3									1

Correlation Matrix

	СО					Program Outcom	PO(s): Action verb and BTL	Level of Correlatio
Expt. No.	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Action Verb	BTL	e (PO)	(for PO1 to PO5)	n (0-3)
A1,B1	6	14.3		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 1 3
A2,B2	6	14.3		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 1 3
A3,A4 B3,B4	12	28.5		Apply	L3	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO3: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 2
A5,B5	6	14.4		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3
A6,A7, B6,B7	12	28.5		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3
	42	100						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the generation of various standard signals and basic operations between them.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO2: Analyze the spectrum of a periodic and aperiodic signals using FS

and FT respectively.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the Linearity and Time Invariant properties to test a

continuous/discrete time system.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is same as the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is in the same level of the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high

(3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action Verb is less than the PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

CO4: Analyze the process of sampling a Continuous Time signal to get a Discrete Time signal.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb level is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the filters response for speech signal, removal of noise, and waveform synthesis. **Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)**

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb level is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is more than the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN LABORATORY	L	T	P	С
20APC0406	II-I	SWITCHING THEORY AND LOUIC DESIGN LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1 **Understand** the operation of different logic gates using relevant IC's.
- CO2 Analyze the operation of different combinational logic circuits.
- CO3 **Analyze** the operation of various flip flops
- CO4 **Design** various shift registers using sequential logic circuits
- CO5 **Design** Synchronous and Asynchronous counters using Flip-Flops.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The operation of different logic gates	using relevant IC's.		L2
CO2	Analyze	The operation of different combinational logic circuits.			L4
CO3	Analyze	The operation of various flip flops			L4
CO4	Design	various shift registers	using sequential logic circuits		L6
CO5	Design	Synchronous and Asynchronous counters	using Flip-Flops.		L6

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Verification of Basic Logic Gates (CO1)
- 2. Realization of basic gates using Universal Gates (CO1)
- 3. Half adder and Full Adder (CO2)
- 4. Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor (CO2)
- 5. Parallel Adder/Subtractor (CO2)
- 6. Code Converters (CO2)
- 7. Encoder/Decoder (CO2)
- 8. Flip-Flops (CO3)
- 9. Shift Registers(CO4)
- 10. Counters (CO5)
- 11. Johnson/Ring Counters (CO5)
- 12. Sequence Generator (CO5)

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2										2	
CO2	3	3	3	3								3	
CO3	3	3	3	3								3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							3	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO				Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of	
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlati on	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1				Understand	L2	PO1,PO2,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO2 : Identify (L3)	2 2
2				Apply	L4	P01,P02, P03, P04,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO2 : Identify (L3) PO3 : Develop (L3) PO4 : Analyze (L4)	3 3 3 3
3				Analyze	L4	P01,P02, P03, P04,	P01 : Apply (L3) P02 : Identify (L3) P03 : Develop (L3) P04 : Analyze (L4)	3 3 3 3
4				Design	L6	PO1,PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	P01 : Apply (L3) P02 : Identify (L3) P03 : Develop (L3) P04 : Analyze (L4) P05 : Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
5				Design	L6	PO1,PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	P01 : Apply (L3) P02 : Identify (L3) P03 : Develop (L3) P04 : Analyze (L4) P05 : Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3

Justification statements:

CO1: Understand the operation of different logic gates using relevant IC's. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the operation of different combinational logic circuits. Action Verb: Analyze (L4) $\,$

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the operation of various SR, JK , T and D flip flops. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Design various shift registers using sequential logic circuits Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

 ${\tt CO4\ Action\ Verb\ is\ greater\ than\ PO3\ verb;\ Therefore\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).}$

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Design(L6)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Design Synchronous and Asynchronous counters using Flip-Flops. Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Design(L6)

 ${\sf CO5}$ Action Verb is equal to ${\sf PO5}$ verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Course Title	L	Т	P	С
	Skill Oriented Course					
20ASC0401	II-I	ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT DESIGN	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: **Understand** the procedure for identifying different electronic components
- CO2: Analyze the design of clipping , clamping and rectifiers circuits using diodes.
- CO3: Analyze the power supply requirements and power losses in electronic products.
- CO4: **Understand** the fabrication process and design considerations of Printed Circuit Board.
- CO5:**Evaluate** an electronic circuit over Printed Circuit Board under mini project

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the procedure for identifying different electronic components			L2
CO2	Analyze	the design of clipping ,clamping and rectifiers circuits	Using diodes.		L4
CO3	Analyze	the power supply requirements and power losses in electronic products			L4
CO4	Understand	the fabrication process and design considerations of Printed Circuit Board.			L2
CO5	Evaluate	an electronic circuit over Printed Circuit Board	under mini project		L5

UNIT - I		ĺ								
IDENTIFICATION OF EL	ECTRONIC COMPONENTS: Samples of Wire, Coaxial Cable, Capacitors, I	Diodes, Fuses,								
Integrated Circuits, Light Transformers, Potentiome	Emitting Diodes (LED), Transistors, Resistors, Rectifiers, Zener Diodes, eter, Photo Resistors	Solder,								
UNIT - II										
FUNDAMENTALS OF CIT	RCUIT DESIGN: Diode applications, Clipping and Clamping Circuits with	Diodes, Rectifier								
Circuits, Transistors, Selection and analysis of Components, sensing devices and display devices.										
UNIT - III										
POWER SUPPLY DESIGN	I: Introduction to various types of power supplies. Estimation of power	supply								
requirements and power	loss in electronic products. Selection of appropriate power supplies for th	ne given primary								
power sources (230VAC/	Battery).									
UNIT - IV										
EVOLUTION AND CLASS	IFICATION OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS: Challenges in Modern PCE	, Design and								
Manufacturing, PCB fabri	cation, PCB design considerations/ design rules for analog, digital and p	ower applications								
UNIT - V										
MINI PROJECT: Students	s should complete their Mini Project based on the above concepts.									

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

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CO	P01	PO2	P03	P04	PO5	P06	P07	PO 8	PO 9	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2		1									
CO2	3	3		3							1		
CO3	3	3		3		1							
CO4	2	2		1	2								
CO5	3	3	2	3	2						2		

Correlation matrix

S.No	Course Outcome	s(CO)	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of Correlation
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	(0-3)
1	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4:Analyze(L4)	2 2 1
2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2,PO4, PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4:Analyze(L4) P011:Low(1)	3 3 3 1
3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4, PO6	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) P04:Analyze(L4) P06: Low(1)	3 3 3 1
4	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3)	2 2 1 2
5	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2,PO3,PO4, PO5, PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO3:Design(L6) P04: Analyze(L4) PO5: Create(L6) PO11: Medium(2)	3 3 2 3 2 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the procedure for identifying different electronic components.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO2: Analyze the design of clipping ,clamping and rectifiers circuits using diodes.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is the greater than of PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is the greater than of PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is the same level of PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO11 Verbs: CO2 Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO11 as low (1).

CO3: Analyze the power supply requirements and power losses in electronic products.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is greater than of PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is same level of PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO6: CO3 Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 as low (1).

CO4:Understand the fabrication process and design considerations of Printed Circuit Board.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than to PO1 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2). PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than to PO2 verbby one level;; therefore the correlation is moderate (2). PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is the less than of PO4 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is low (1). PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO3 verbby one level;; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO5:Evaluate an electronic circuit over Printed Circuit Board under mini project.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by two level; therefore the correlation is high (3). PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by two level;; therefore the correlation is high (3). PO3 verb: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2). PO4 verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is the greater than of PO4 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is high (3). PO5 Verbs: Create (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 11:CO5Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO11 as medium (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Year	r: II.B.Tech	Semester: I		Bran	ich: Com	ımon to All	
Subject Code	Subject	Name	L	T	P	Credits	
20AMC9901	BIOLOGY FOR	R ENGINEERS	3	0	0	0	

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- 1. Understand the structure of cells and basics in living organisms
- 2. Understand the importance of various biomolecules and enzymes in living organisms
- 3. Analyze the functioning of physiology in respiratory system and digestive system.
- **4.** Understand the DNA technology and gen cloning in living organisms.
- 5. Apply the biological principles in different technologies for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
					level
1	Understand	the structure of cells and basics in living organisms			L2
2	Understand	the importance of various biomolecules and enzymes		In living organisms	L2
3	Analyze	the functioning of physiology		in respiratory system and digestive system	L4
4	Understand	the DNA technology and gen cloning		in living organisms	L2
5	Apply	the biological principles in different technologies	for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals		L3

Unit I: Introduction to Basic Biology

Evolution: Different patterns of evolution, Darwin's theory of evolution, Cell as Basic unit of life, cell theory, Cell shapes, Cell structure, Cell cycle. Chromosomes. Prokaryotic and eukaryotic Cell. Plant Cell, Animal Cell, Plant tissues and Animal tissues, Brief introduction to five kingdoms of classification, Tissue Engineering.

Unit II: Introduction to Biomolecules

Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, Vitamins and minerals, Nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) and their types. Enzymes, Enzyme application in Industry. Large scale production of enzymes by Fermentation.

Unit III: Human Physiology

Digestive system, Respiratory system, (aerobic and anaerobic Respiration). Respiratory organs, respiratory cycle, Central Nerves System and Excretory system.

Unit IV: Introduction to Molecular Biology and recombinant DNA Technology

Prokaryotic gene and Eukaryotic gene structure.DNA replication, Transcription and Translation.DNA technology. Introduction to gene cloning.

Unit V: Application of Biology

Brief introduction to industrial Production of Enzymes, Pharmaceutical and therapeutic Proteins, Vaccines and antibodies. Basics of biosensors, Properties and Classification of virus, Immune response to virus, Definitions-Pandemic, Epidemic and outbreak, pandemic alert system ranges, revention of pandemic disease and pandemic preparation.

Text books:

- 1. P.K.Gupta, Cell and Molecular Biology, 5th Edition, Rastogi Publications
- 2. U. Satyanarayana. Biotechnology, Books & Allied Ltd 2017

Reference Books:

- 1. N. A. Campbell, J. B. Reece, L. Urry, M. L. Cain and S. A. Wasserman, "Biology: A Global Approach", Pearson Education Ltd, 2018.
- 2. T Johnson, Biology for Engineers, CRC press, 2011
- 3. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology 2nd ed. Panima Publications.

PP 434.

- 4. David Hames, Instant Notes in Biochemistry –2016
- 5. Phil Tunner, A. Mctennan, A. Bates & M. White, Instant Notes Molecular Biology 2014.
- 6. Richard Dawkins, River Out of Eden: A Darwinian View of Life.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

	0												
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
1						2							
2						2							
3						2							
4						2							
5						2							

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percenta contact the tota contact	hour: al pl	anned	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson % corr Plan (Hrs)			Verb	BTL			
1	10	20	2	Understand	L2	P06	Thumb Rule	2
2	10	20	2	Understand	L2	P06	Thumb Rule	2
3	9	18	1	Analyze	L4	P06	Thumb Rule	2
4	9	18	1	Understand	L2	P06	Thumb Rule	2
5	10	20	2	Apply	L3	P06	Thumb Rule	2
	48				•			

CO1: Understand the structure of cells and basics in living organisms

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

Using Thumb rule, CO1correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the importance of various biomolecules and enzymes in living organisms

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

Using Thumb rule, CO2 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the functioning of physiology in respiratory system and digestive system.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

Using Thumb rule, CO3 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand the DNA technology and gen cloning in living organisms.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

Using Thumb rule, CO4 correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

CO5: Apply the biological principles in different technologies for the production of medicines and pharmaceuticals.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

Using Thumb rule, CO4correlates PO6 as moderate (2).

IV Semester (B.Tech -II year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Но	urs per we	ek	Credits	Ex	Scheme kaminat lax. Ma	ion
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total
			Theory							
1	ESC	20AES0509	Basics of Python Programming	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	PCC	20APC0407	Probability Theory and Stochastic Process	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	PCC	20APC0408	Electromagnetic Theory and Transmission Lines	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
4	PCC	20APC0409	Analog Communication Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
5	PCC	20APC0410	Electronic Circuit Analysis	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
6	ESC	20AES0510	Basics of Python Programming Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC	20APC0411	Analog Communication Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	PCC	20APC0412	Electronic Circuit Analysis Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
9	SOC	20ASC0402	Internet of Things	1	0	2	2	100	-	100
10	HSC	20AHS9905	Universal Human Values	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
	l		TOTAL	1	I		24.5	370	630	1000

Community service Project with credits\

(To visit the selected community to conduct survey (Socio-economic & domain survey) and conduct sensitization/awareness program/activities at the end of IV- semester before commencement of V-semester and complete immersion programme also during V-Semester and submit report in V - semester. Assessment will be done at the end of V-Semester)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (CSE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Basics of Python Programming	L	T / CLC	P	С
20AES0509	II-II	(common to ECE & EEE)	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- **CO1: Understand** the Basic concepts of python programming to build scripts in IDLE.
- **CO2: Apply** the modularity techniques to invoke user defined functions.
- **CO3: Apply** the concept of Strings and Lists to perform iterative operations on data.
- **CO4: Apply** the Mutable and Immutable data types to perform python Programs.
- **CO5: Analyze** the oops concepts to develop applications with reusability.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the Basic concepts of python programming		to build scripts in IDLE	L2
CO2	Apply	the modularity techniques		to invoke user defined functions	L3
CO3	Apply	the concept of Strings and Lists		to perform iterative operations on data	L3
CO4	Apply	the Mutable and Immutable data types		to perform python Programs	L3
CO5	Analyze	the oops concepts		to develop applications with reusability .	L4

UNIT- I 9Hrs

Introduction: What is a program, Running python, Arithmetic operators, Value and Types. **Variables, Assignments and Statements:** Assignment statements, Script mode, Order of operations, string operations, comments. **Functions:** Function calls, Math functions, Composition, Adding new Functions, Definitions and Uses, Flow of Execution, Parameters and Arguments, Variables and Parameters are local, Stack diagrams, Fruitful Functions and Void Functions, Why Functions.

UNIT-II 9Hrs

Case study: The turtle module, Simple Repetition, Encapsulation, Generalization, Interface design, Refactoring, docstring. **Conditionals and Recursion**: floor division and modulus, Boolean expressions, Logical operators, Conditional execution, Alternative execution, Chained conditionals, Nested conditionals, Recursion, Infinite Recursion, Keyboard input. **Fruitful Functions**: Return values, Incremental development, Composition, Boolean functions, more recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking types

UNIT-III 9Hrs

Iteration: Reassignment, Updating variables, The while statement, Break, Square roots, Algorithms. **Strings**: A string is a sequence, len, Traversal with a for loop, String slices, Strings are immutable, Searching, Looping and Counting, String methods, The in operator, String comparison. **Case Study**: Reading word lists, Search, Looping with indices. **Lists**: List is a sequence, Lists are mutable, Traversing a list, List operations, List slices, List methods, Map filter and reduce, Deleting elements, Lists and Strings, Objects and values, Aliasing, List arguments.

UNIT-IV 8Hrs

Dictionaries: A dictionary is a mapping, Dictionary as a collection of counters, Looping and dictionaries, Reverse Lookup, Dictionaries and lists, Memos, Global Variables. **Tuples**: Tuples are immutable, Tuple Assignment, Tuple as Return values, Variable-length argument tuples, Lists and tuples, Dictionaries and tuples, Sequences of sequences. **Files**: Persistence, Reading and writing, Format operator, Filename and paths, Catching exceptions, Databases, Pickling, Pipes, Writing modules. **Classes and Objects**: Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Instances as Return values, Objects are mutable, Copying.

UNIT-V 10Hrs

Classes and Functions: Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus Planning **Classes and Methods**: Object oriented features, Printing objects, The init method, The _str_method, Operator overloading, Type-based Dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and Implementation **Inheritance**: Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, decks, Printing the Deck, Add Remove shuffle and sort,

Inheritance, Data encapsulation. **The Goodies:** Conditional expressions, List comprehensions, Generator expressions, any and all, Sets, Counters, default dict, Named tuples, Gathering keyword Args

Textbooks:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python", 2nd edition, SPD/O'Reilly, 2016.

Reference Books:

- 1. Martin C.Brown, "The Complete Reference: Python", McGraw-Hill, 2018.
- 2. Kenneth A. Lambert, B.L. Juneja, "Fundamentals of Python", CENGAGE, 2015.
- 3. R. NageswaraRao, "Core Python Programming", 2nd edition, Dreamtech Press, 2019

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3			2								
CO2	3	3	3		3						2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2							2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2							2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3							2	2	2

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

No.	CO Loscop % Correlation Co's Action					Program	PO(s):Action Verb and	Level of
p	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0- 3)
1	10	19%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	P01 P02 P05	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2:Review(L2) PO5:Apply(L3)	2 3 2
2	13	24%	3	CO2: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P05 P011	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Review (L2) PO3:Develop(L3) PO5: Apply(L3) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2
3	10	19%	2	CO3: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P04 P011	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3:Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
4	9	17%	2	CO4: Apply	L3	P01 P02 P03 P04 P011	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Review(L2) PO3:Develop(L3) PO4:Analyze(L4) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 2 2
5	11	20%	3	CO5:Analyze	L4	P01 P02 P03 P04 P011	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO3:Develop(L3) PO4:Analyze(L4) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2
5	53	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the Basic concepts of python programming to build scripts in IDLE.. Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same as PO2 verb.. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Apply the modularity techniques to invoke user defined functions. Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action verb same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb same as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some modular applications user defined functions are created to meet societal needs.

Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the concept of Strings and Lists to perform iterative operations on data. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by two level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than one level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO4: Apply the Mutable and Immutable data types to perform python Programs. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review(L2)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than one level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the oops concepts to develop applications with reusability. Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of python Program Concepts are used to create programs. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0407	II-II	Frobability fliebly and stochastic frocesses	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the Basics of Probability and Random Variables.
- CO2: Analyze the concepts of Multiple Random Variables and their operations.
- CO3: Analyze the Temporal Characteristics of Random Process
- CO4: Analyze the Spectral Characteristics of Random Process.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the Basics of Probability and Random Variables.			L2
CO2	Analyze	the concepts of Multiple Random Variables and their operations.			L4
CO3	Analyze	the Temporal Characteristics of Random Process.			L4
CO4	Analyze	the Spectral Characteristics of Random Process			L4
CO5	Evaluate	the Response of Linear System	with Random Inputs	-	L5

UNIT - I 15Hrs

PROBABILITY: Probability introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency: Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Probability as a Relative Frequency, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bays' Theorem, Independent Events: The Random Variable: Definition of a Random Variable, Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable, Discrete and Continuous, Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Raleigh, Conditional Distribution, Methods of defining Conditioning Event, Conditional Density, Properties.

UNIT - II 14Hrs

MULTIPLE RANDOM VARIABLES: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density – Point Conditioning, Conditional Distribution and Density – Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two Random Variables, Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem, (Proof not expected). Unequal Distribution, Equal Distributions.

OPERATIONS ON MULTIPLE RANDOM VARIABLES: Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables, Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties, Transformations of Multiple Random Variables, Linear Transformations of Gaussian Random Variable.

UNIT - III 15Hrs

RANDOM PROCESSES - TEMPORAL CHARACTERISTICS: Temporal Characteristics: The Random Process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Non-deterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, concept of Stationarity and Statistical Independence. First-Order Stationary Processes, Second- Order and Wide-Sense Stationarity, (N-Order) and Strict-Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean-Ergodic Processes, Correlation-Ergodic Processes, Autocorrelation Function and Its Properties, Cross-Correlation Function and its Properties, Covariance Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Processes.

UNIT - IV 16Hrs

RANDOM PROCESSES-SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTICS: The Power Spectrum:

Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, the Cross-Power Density Spectrum, Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function

UNIT - V 17Hrs

LINEARSYSTEMSWITHRANDOMINPUTS: Random Signal Response of Linear Systems: System Response – Convolution, Mean and Mean-squared Value of System Response, autocorrelation Function of Response, Cross-Correlation Functions of Input and Output, Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-PowerDensity Spectrums of Input and Output, Band pass, Band-Limited and Narrowband Processes, Properties.

Textbooks:

- 1. Peyton Z. Peebles, "Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles", TMH, 4th Edition, 2001.
- 2. Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes", PHI, 4thEdition, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Henry Starkand John W. Woods, "Probability and Random Processes with Application to Signal Processing", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition.
- 2. George R.Cooper, Clave D. MC Gillem, "Probability Methods of Signal and System Analysis", Oxford, 3rdEdition,1999.
- 3. S.P. Eugene Xavier, "Statistical Theory of Communication", New Age Publications, 2003.
- 4. B.P. Lathi, "Signals, Systems & Communications", B.S. Publications, 2003.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Mappi	ing of co	ui se ou	tcomes	with pro	ogi anii o	utcome							
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	-	3	-							1	
CO2	3	3	-	3	-							1	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							2	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3							2	
CO5	3	2	-	3	3							2	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlat ion (0-3)
1	15	19.4	2	Understand	L2	P01, P02, P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO4: Interpret (L2)	2 3 3
2	14	18.1	2	Analyze	L4	P01, P02,P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Interpret (L2)	3 3 3
3	15	19.4	2	Analyze	L4	P01, P02, P03, P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
4	16	20.7	3	Analyze	L4	P01, P02, P03, P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
5	17 77	22	3	Evaluate	L5	P01, P02, P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Formulate(L6) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 2 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the Basics of Probability and Random Variables. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret (L2) CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Analyze the concepts of Multiple Random Variables and their operations. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3) CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret (L2) CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the Temporal Characteristics of Random Process.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the Spectral Characteristics of Random Process.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4) CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high(3).

CO5: Evaluate the Response of Linear System with Random Inputs. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO2 verb: Formulate(L6)CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).



UNIT - V

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Electromagnetic Theory and Transmission Lines	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0408	II-II		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the vector algebra and electrostatic fields using coulomb's law and Gauss law.

CO2:Understand the concept of magnetostatic fields using BIOT- Savart's law and Ampere's circuit law.

CO3:Apply the Maxwell's equations for time varying fields in different boundary conditions.

CO4:Analyze the propagation of electromagnetic waves in conductors and dielectric media.

CO5:Understand the concepts of transmission line parameters and its applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the vector algebra and electrostatic fields	Using coulomb's law and Gauss law.		L2
CO2	Understand	the concept of magnetostatic fields	Using BIOT- Savart's law and Ampere's circuit law.		L2
CO3	Apply	the Maxwell's equations	for time varying fields	in different boundary conditions.	L3
CO4	Analyze	the propagation of electromagnetic waves in	conductors and dielectric media.		L4
CO5	Understand	the concepts of transmission line parameters and its applications.			L2

UNIT - I		10Hrs							
Review of Vector Algebra	a, coordinate systems, Vector Calculus, Coulomb's Law, Electric Field	Intensity – Fields							
	Distributions, Electric Flux Density, Gauss Law and Applications,	-							
	V, Maxwell's Two Equations for Electrostatic Fields, Energy Density, Di	-							
Continuity Equation, Rela	exation Time, Poisson's and Laplace's Equations, Illustrative Problems.	,							
UNIT - II		10Hrs							
Biot - Savart Law, Amper	e's Circuital Law and Applications, Magnetic Flux Density, Maxwell's Tw	vo Equations for							
Magneto static Fields, Ma	ignetic Scalar and Vector Potentials, Forces due to Magnetic Fields, Amj	pere's Force Law,							
Magnetic Energy, Illustra	tive Problems.								
UNIT - III		15Hrs							
Faraday's Law and Tra	nsformer e.m.f, Inconsistency of Ampere's Law and Displacement	Current Density,							
Maxwell's equations for	time varying fields, Maxwell's Equations in Different Final Forms and	Word Statements.							
Boundary Conditions of	f Electromagnetic fields: Dielectric-Dielectric and Dielectric-Conduc	ctor Interfaces,							
Illustrative Problems.									
UNIT - IV		14Hrs							
Wave Equations for Con	ducting and Perfect Dielectric Media, Uniform Plane Waves- Defini	tion, All Relations							
between E & H, Way	ve Propagation in Lossless and Conducting Media, Conductors	& Dielectrics -							
Characterization, Wave	Propagation in Good Conductors and Good Dielectrics, Polarizatio	n. Reflection and							
Refraction of Plane Wave	Refraction of Plane Waves- Normal and Oblique Incidences, for both Perfect Conductor and Perfect Dielectrics,								
Brewster Angle, Critica	l Angle and Total Internal Reflection, Poynting Vector, and Poyr	nting Theorem–							
Applications, Illustrative	Problems.								

Transmission Lines: Types, Transmission line parameters (Primary and Secondary), Transmission line equations, Input impedance, Standing wave ratio & power, Smith chart & its applications, Applications of transmission lines of various lengths, Micro-strip transmission lines—input impedance, Illustrative Problems.

14Hrs

Textbooks:

- 1. MatthewN.O.Sadiku, "ElementsofElectromagnetics", OxfordUniv. Press, 4th ed., 2008.
- 2. William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics", TMH, 7th ed., 2006.
- 3. John D. Krauss, "Electromagnetics", McGraw-Hill publications.

Reference books:

- 1. Electromagnetics, Schaum's outline series, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hills publications, 2006.
- 2. E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", PHI, 2nd Edition, 2000.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3										2	
CO2	2	3										2	
CO3	3	3										3	
CO4	3	1		3								3	
CO5	2	3										2	

Correlation matrix:

Unit			CO			Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	10	16	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2,	PO1: Identify (L2) PO2: Review (L2)	3
2	10	16	2	Understand	L2	P01,P02	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L2)	2 3
3	15	23	3	Apply	L3	P01,P02	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L2)	3
4	14	22	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2 PO4	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Formulate(L6) PO4:Analyze(L4)	3 1 3
5	14	22	3	Understand	L2	PO1,PO2	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L2)	2 3
	63							

Justification Statements:

$\textbf{CO1:.} \ \textbf{Understand the vector algebra and electrostatic fields using coulomb's law and Gauss \ law.}$

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Identify (L2) CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2) CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Understand the concept of magneto static fields using BIOT- Savart's law and Ampere's circuit law.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO2 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2) CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the Maxwell's equations for time varying fields in different boundary conditions. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3) CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the propagation of electromagnetic waves in conductors and dielectric media. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO4 Action Verb is greater to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate (L6) CO4 action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore correlation is low(1)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4) CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: understand the concepts of transmission line parameters and its applications. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3) CO5 Action verb is lesser to PO1 verb by one level. Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L2) CO5 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Analog Communication Systems	L	T/CLC	P	C
20APC0409	II-II	g	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the elements of communication systems and amplitude modulation.
- CO2:Analyze the angle modulation & demodulation methods in time and frequency domains.
- CO3:Evaluate the performance of analog communication systems in the presence of different types of noise.
- CO4:Analyze various pulse analog modulation schemes and parameters of radio receivers.
- CO5:Apply the fundamental concepts of information theory to communication channel.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The elements of communication systems and amplitude modulation			L2
CO2	Analyze	The angle modulation & demodulation methods	In time and frequency domains		L4
CO3	Evaluate	performance of analog communication systems	In the presence of different types of noise.		L5
CO4	Analyze	various pulse analog modulation schemes and parameters of radio receivers.			L4
CO5	Apply	the fundamental concepts of information theory to communication channel			L3

UNIT - I		15Hrs
INTRODUCTION: Element	s of communication systems, Information, Messages and Signals, Mo	dulation, Modulation

INTRODUCTION: Elements of communication systems, Information, Messages and Signals, Modulation, Modulation Methods, Modulation Benefits and Applications.

AMPLITUDE MODULATION & DEMODULATION: Base band and carrier communication, Amplitude Modulation (AM), Rectifier detector, Envelope detector, Double sideband suppressed carrier (DSB-SC) modulation & its demodulation, Switching modulators, Ring modulator, Balanced modulator, Frequency mixer, sideband and carrier power of AM, Generation of AM signals, Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM), Single sideband (SSB) transmission, Time domain representation of SSB signals & their demodulation schemes (with carrier, and suppressed carrier), Generation of SSB signals, Vestigial side band (VSB) modulator & demodulator, Carrier Acquisition- phased locked loop (PLL), Costas loop, Frequency division multiplexing(FDM), and Super-heterodyne AM receiver, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT - II 14 Hrs

ANGLE MODULATION & DEMODULATION: Concept of instantaneous frequency, Generalized concept of angle modulation, Bandwidth of angle modulated waves – Narrow band frequency modulation (NBFM); and Wide band FM (WBFM), Phase modulation, Verification of Frequency modulation bandwidth relationship, Features of angle modulation, Generation of FM waves –Indirect method, Direct generation; Demodulation of FM, Band pass limiter, Practical frequency demodulators, Small error analysis, Pre-emphasis & De-emphasis filters, FM receiver, FM Capture Effect, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT - III 15 Hrs

NOISE IN COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS: Thermal noise, Time domain representation of narrow band noise, Filtered white noise, Quadrature representation of narrow band noise, Envelope of narrowband noise plus sine wave, Signal to noise ratio & probability of error, Noise equivalent bandwidth, Effective noise temperature, and Noise figure, Baseband systems with channel noise, Performance analysis (i.e. finding SNR expression) of AM, DSB-SC, SSB-SC,FM,PM in the presence of noise, Illustrative Problems

UNIT - IV 16 Hrs

ANALOG PULSE MODULATION SCHEMES: Pulse amplitude modulation—Natural sampling, flat top sampling and Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM) & demodulation, Pulse-Time Modulation—Pulse Duration and Pulse Position modulations, and demodulation schemes, PPM spectral analysis, Illustrative Problems.

RADIO RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS: Sensitivity, Selectivity, and fidelity.

UNIT - V 17 Hrs

INFORMATION & CHANNEL CAPACITY: Introduction, Information content of message, Entropy, Entropy of symbols in long independent and dependent sequences, Entropy and information rate of Mark off sources, Shannon's encoding algorithm, Discrete communication channels, Rate of information over a discrete channel, Capacity of discrete memory

less channels, Discrete channels with memory, Shannon- Hartley theorem and its implications, Illustrative problems.

Textbooks:

- B.P. Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, "Oxford Univ.press, 3rd Edition, 2006. Sham Shanmugam, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems", Wiley-India edition, 2006.

Reference Books:

- Bruce Carlson, & Paul B. Crilly, "Communication Systems An Introduction to Signals & Noise in Electrical Communication", McGraw-Hill International Edition, 5th Edition, 2010.
- 2. Herbert Taub & Donald L Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", Tata McGraw-Hill, 3rd
- 3. R.E. Ziemer & W.H. Tranter, "Principles of Communication-Systems Modulation & Noise", Jaico Publishing House, 2001

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	
CO2	2	3										3	
CO3	3	3		3								3	
CO4	3	3										3	
CO5	3	3	3									3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	15	19.4	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2)	2 3
2	14	18.1	2	Analyze	L4	P01, P02	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	3 3
3	15	19.4	2	Evaluate	L5	P01, P02, P04,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3
4	16	20.7	3	Analyze	L4	P01, P02	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify (L3)	3 3
5	17	22	3	Apply	L3	P01, P02, P03	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop(L3)	3 3 3
	77							

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the elements of communication systems and amplitude modulation. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verb : Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2 : Analyze the angle modulation & demodulation methods in time and frequency domains

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb : Identify(L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3:Evaluate the performance of analog communication systems in the presence of different types of noise

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5) PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze various pulse analog modulation schemes and parameters of radio receivers.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than PO2; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5:Apply the fundamental concepts of information theory to communication channel.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Electronic Circuit Analysis	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0410	II-II		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1:**Understand the** multi stage amplifiers and high input resistance amplifiers using BJT and FET.
- CO2: **Apply** the hybrid Π model for transistor amplifiers at high frequencies
- CO3: Evaluate the parameters of feedback amplifier and frequency of oscillators.
- CO4: **Understand** the large signal amplifiers and thermal stabilization concepts
- CO5: Analyze the tuned amplifiers and effect on bandwidth while cascading tuned amplifiers.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The multi stage amplifiers and		using BJT and	L2
		high input resistance amplifiers		FET.	
CO2	Apply	the hybrid Π model for	at high		L3
		transistor amplifiers	frequencies		
CO3	Evaluate	the parameters of feedback amplifier and frequency of oscillators.			L5
CO4	Understand	the large signal amplifiers and thermal stabilization concepts			L2
CO5	Analyze	The tuned amplifiers and effect on bandwidth	while cascading tuned amplifiers		L4

UNIT - I	15Hrs

MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIERS

Introduction, Classification of Amplifiers, Analysis of Cascaded amplifiers, Different Coupling Schemes used in Amplifiers, Analysis of two stage RC Coupled Amplifier, high input resistance transistor amplifiers- Darlington Pair Amplifier, Boot Strap Emitter Follower, Cascade Amplifier, Differential Amplifier, Analysis of multi stage amplifiers using FET.

UNIT - II 14Hrs

HIGH FREQUENCY TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIERS- BJT

Transistor at High Frequencies, Hybrid- π Common Emitter transistor model, Validity of hybrid π model, determination of high-frequency parameters in terms of low-frequency parameters, Single Stage CE Amplifier frequency response with short circuit load and resistive load, gain cutoff frequencies, Gain- Bandwidth Product, Emitter follower at higher frequencies, Illustrative design problems.

FET: FET at High Frequencies, High Frequencies FET Model, Analysis of Common Source and Common Drain Amplifier circuits at High frequencies.

UNIT - III 14Hrs

FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS

FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS: Concepts of Feedback, Classification of Feedback Amplifiers, General Characteristics of Negative Feedback Amplifiers, Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics: Voltage Series, Voltage Shunt, Current Series and Current Shunt Feedback Configurations, Illustrative design Problems.

OSCILLATORS: Introduction, Classification of Oscillators, Conditions for Oscillations, RC and LC Oscillators, RC-Phase shift and Wien-Bridge Oscillators, Generalized Analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators, Crystal Oscillators, Frequency and Amplitude Stability of Oscillators, Illustrative design problems.

UNIT - IV 12Hrs

POWER AMPLIFIERS

Introduction, Classification of power amplifiers, Class A large signal Amplifiers-Series fed and Transformer coupled amplifier, Efficiency, Class B Amplifier-Push-pull amplifiers, Efficiency of Class B Amplifier, Complementary Symmetry push pull amplifier, Cross over Distortion, Phase Inverters, Class

AB operation, Class D amplifier, Class S amplifier, MOSFET power amplifier, Thermal stability and Heat sink, Second harmonic Distortions, Higher order harmonic Distortion.

UNIT - V 14Hrs

TUNEDAMPLIFIERS

Introduction, series resonance, Transformation of resistor and inductor 'Parallel Resonance, Q-Factor, Impedance variation near resonance, Classification of tuned amplifiers, Small Signal Tuned Amplifier – Capacitance and transformed coupled single tuned amplifier, Double Tuned Amplifiers, Effect of Cascading Single tuned amplifiers on Band width, Effect of Cascading Double tuned amplifiers on Bandwidth, Staggered tuned amplifiers, Stability of tuned amplifiers.

Textbooks:

- 1. J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, "Integrated Electronics", McGraw-Hill, 1972.
- 2. Donald A. Neaman, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", McGraw Hill.
- 3. Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A. Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert T. Paynter, "Introductory Electronic Devices and Circuits", Pearson Education, 7th Edition
- 2. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuits Theory" Pearson/Prentice Hall, 9th Edition, 2006.
- 3. Sedra A.S. and K.C. Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits", Oxford University Press, 5th Edition.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3		1	3							2	
CO2	3	3		2	3							3	
CO3	3	3		3	3							3	
CO4	2	3		1	2							2	
CO5	3	3		3	3							3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	15	22	3	Understand	L2	P01,P02,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Review (L2) PO3:Analyze(L4) PO5: Select(L1)	2 3 1 3
2	14	20	2	Apply	L3	P01,P02,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Review (L2) PO4: Analyze- L4 PO5: Apply (L3	3 3 2 3
3	14	20	2	Evaluate	L5	P01,P02,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze- L4 PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3
4	12	18	2	Understand	L2	P01,P02,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Review (L2) PO4: Analyze- L4 PO5: Apply (L3)	2 3 1 2
5	14	20	2	Analyze	L4	P01,P02,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze- L4 PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3
	69	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand multi stage amplifiers and high input resistance amplifiers using BJT and FET.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2),CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb by same levels; therefore, correlation is High (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze-L4,CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two levels; therefore, correlation is low (1).

PO5 Verbs: Select-L1,CO1 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb by one level; therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO2: Apply the hybrid Π model for transistor amplifiers at high frequencies Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb by same level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2),CO2 Action Verb is high than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze-L4,CO2 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels; therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb by same level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO3: Evaluate the parameters of feedback amplifier and frequency of oscillators. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is high than PO1 verb by two levels; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO3 Action Verb is high than PO2 verb by two levels; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze-L4CO3 Action Verb is higher than PO4 verb by one levels; therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO3 Action Verb is higher than PO5 verb by two levels; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4: Understand the large signal amplifiers and thermal stabilization concepts Action Verb: Understand(L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2),CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb by same levels; therefore, correlation is High (3).

PO4 Verb: Analysis (L4),CO4 Action Verb level is less than PO4 verb by two levels; Therefore, correlation is low (1).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO4 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: Analyze tuned amplifiers and effect on bandwidth while cascading tuned amplifiers. Action Verb: Analyse (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3),CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3),CO5 Action Verb is high than PO2 verb by one levels; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO4 verb: Analyze (L4),CO5 Action verb is equal to PO4 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3),CO5 Action Verb is more than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

Branch of Study: ECE

Course Code	Year & Sem	Design of Dython Drogramming Lab	L	T	P	С
20AES0510	II-II	Basics of Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of Python Programming

CO2: Apply the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE and programs.

CO3: Analyze the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries using functions.

CO4: Apply the development applications using python data types to read and write data from files.

CO5: Design the solutions using OOPs concepts for real world problems in python.

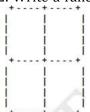
СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the basic concepts of Python Programming			L4
CO2	Apply	the loops and conditional statements of python	using IDLE and programs.		L3
CO3	Analyze	the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries	using functions.		L4
CO4	Apply	the development applications	using python datatypes	to read and write data from files	L3
CO5	Design	the solutions	using OOPs concepts.	for real world problems in python	L6

List of Experiments:

1. Install Python Interpreter and use it to perform different Mathematical Computations. Try to do all **(CO1)**

the operations present in a Scientific Calculator

2. Write a function that draws a grid like the following: (CO1)



3. Write a function that draws a Pyramid with # symbols(CO1)

```
# # #
# # # # #
# # # # # # #
```

- 4. Using turtles concept draw a wheel of your choice(CO1)
- 5. Write a program that draws Archimedean Spiral(CO1)
- 6. The letters of the alphabet can be constructed from a moderate number of basic elements, like vertical and horizontal lines and a few curves. Design an alphabet that can be drawn with a minimal number of basic elements and then write functions that draw the letters. The alphabet can belong to any Natural language excluding English. You should consider at least Ten letters of the alphabet. (CO1)
- 7. The time module provides a function, also named time that returns the current Greenwich Mean Time in "the epoch", which is an arbitrary time used as a reference point. On UNIX systems, the

epoch is 1 January 1970.

>>> import time

>>>time.time()

1437746094.5735958

Write a script that reads the current time and converts it to a time of day in hours, minutes, and seconds, plus the number of days since the epoch.(CO1)

- 8. Given $n+r+1 \le 2r$.n is the input and r is to be determined. Write a program which computes minimum value of r that satisfies the above **(CO2)**
- 9. Write a program that evaluates Ackermann function(CO2)
- 10. The mathematician Srinivasa Ramanujan found an infinite series that can be used to generate a numerical approximation of $1/\,\pi$:

Write a function called estimate_pi that uses this formula to compute and return an estimate of π .

$$\frac{1}{\pi} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{9801} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(4k)!(1103 + 26390k)}{(k!)^4 396^{4k}}$$

It should use a while loop to compute terms of the summation until the last term is smaller than 1e-15 (which is Python notation for 10 -15). You can check the result by comparing it to math.pi.(CO2)

- 11. Choose any five built-in string functions of C language. Implement them on your own in Python. You should not use string related Python built-in functions. (CO2)
- 12. Given a text of characters, Write a program which counts number of vowels, consonants and special characters. (CO2)
- 13. Given a word which is a string of characters. Given an integer say 'n', Rotate each character by 'n' positions and print it. Note that 'n' can be positive or negative. (CO2)
- 14. Given rows of text, write it in the form of columns. (CO2)
- 15. Given a page of text. Count the number of occurrences of each latter (Assume case insensitivity and don't consider special characters). Draw a histogram to represent the same (CO2)
- 16. Write program which performs the following operations on list's. Don't use built-in functions (CO3)
- a) Updating elements of a list
- b) Concatenation of list's
- c) Check for member in the list
- d) Insert into the list
- e) Sum the elements of the list
- f) Push and pop element of list
- g) Sorting of list
- h) Finding biggest and smallest elements in the list
- i) Finding common elements in the list
- 17. Write a program to count the number of vowels in a word. (CO3)
- 18. Write a program that reads a file, breaks each line into words, strips whitespace and punctuation from the words, and converts them to lowercase. (CO4)
- 19. Go to Project Gutenberg (http://gutenberg.org) and download your favorite out-of-copyright book in plain text format. Read the book you downloaded, skip over the header information at the beginning of the file, and process the rest of the words as before. Then modify the program to count the total number of words in the book, and the number of times each word is used. Print the number of different words used in the book. Compare different books by different authors, written in different eras. (CO4)
- 20. Go to Project Gutenberg (http://gutenberg.org) and download your favorite out-of-copyright book in plain text format. Write a program that allows you to replace words, insert words and delete words from the file. (CO4)
- 21. Consider all the files on your PC. Write a program which checks for duplicate files in your PC and displays their location. Hint: If two files have the same checksum, they probably have the same contents. (CO4)
- 22. Consider turtle object. Write functions to draw triangle, rectangle, polygon, circle and sphere. Useobject oriented approach. (CO5)

- 23. Write a program illustrating the object oriented features supported by Python. (CO5)
- 24. Design a Python script using the Turtle graphics library to construct a turtle bar chart representing the grades obtained by N students read from a file categorizing them into distinction, first class, second class, third class and failed. (CO5)
- 25. Design a Python script to determine the difference in date for given two dates in YYYY:MM:DD format(0 <= YYYY <= 9999, 1 <= MM <= 12, 1 <= DD <= 31) following the leap year rules. **(CO5)**
- 26. Design a Python Script to determine the time difference between two given times in HH:MM:SS format.($0 \le HH \le 23$, $0 \le MM \le 59$, $0 \le SS \le 59$)(CO5)

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	- B 01 00												
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											
CO2	3	2	2										
CO3	3	3	2	2				1			1		
CO4	3	2											
CO5		1	3	3	3		2	1			2		

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

Unit No.	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	CO1: Analyze	L4	PO1	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1	CO1. Allalyze		PO2	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
2	CO2: Apply L3 P01 P01: Apply(L3) P02 P02: Analyze (L4) P011: Thumb rule		PO2: Analyze (L4)	3 2 2	
3	CO3 :Analyze L4 PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO8 PO11		PO2 PO3 PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO8: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 2 2 1 1
4	CO4 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze (L4)	3 2
5	CO5 : Design	L6	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO7 PO8 PO11	PO2: Analyze (L4) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Design (L6) PO5: Develop (L6) PO7: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	1 3 3 3 2 1 2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the basic concepts of Python Programming Action Verb :Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE and programs. Action Verb :Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb : Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For usage of the loops and conditional statements of python using IDLE is medium. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Analyze the compound data using Lists, Tuples and dictionaries using functions. Action Verb :Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2:Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is higher level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO3 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required to Analyze the compound data using. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO11: Thumb rule

Construct real time applications using functions can be life long learning. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO4: Apply the development applications using python data types to read and write data from files.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO5: Design the solutions using OOPs concepts for real world problems in python. Action Verb :Design (L6)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Develop(L6)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

IOT Applications can be used to make society better place. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO9: Thumb rule

Team work is required to Create BPP applications. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO11: Thumb rule

In real time oops concepts are used to solve the societal problems. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	ANALOG COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS LAB	L	T	P	С
20APC0411	II-II	ANALOG COMMUNICATION 5151 EM5 LAD	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1:Analyze the Analog modulation and demodulation methods in time domain.

CO2:Evaluate the characteristics of mixer, pre emphasis and de emphasis.

CO3:Evaluate the performance of various analog pulse modulation schemes.

CO4:Analyze the selectivity, sensitivity and fidelity parameters of radio receiver

CO5: Analyze the parameters of Half wave dipole and loop antenna using radiation pattern.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze(L4)	Analog modulation and demodulation methods	in time domain.		L4
CO2	Evaluate(L5)	the characteristics of mixer, pre emphasis and de emphasis.			L5
CO3	Evaluate(L5)	perfomance of Delta modulation and demodulation systems.			L5
CO4	Analyze(L4)	the selectivity, sensitivity and fidelity parameters of radio receiver			L4
CO5	Analyze(L4)	the parameters of Half wave dipole and loop antenna	using radiation pattern.		L4

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: (All Experiments are to be conducted)

- 1. Amplitude modulation and demodulation.(CO1)
- 2. Frequency modulation and demodulation. (CO1)
- 3. Characteristics of Mixer. (CO2)
- 4. Pre-emphasis & de-emphasis. (CO2)
- 5. Pulse amplitude modulation & demodulation. (CO3)
- 6. Pulse width modulation & demodulation. (CO3)
- 7. Pulse position modulation & demodulation. (CO3)
- 8. Radio receiver measurements sensitivity selectivity and fidelity. (CO4)
- 9. Measurement of half power beam width (HPBW) and gain of a half wave dipole antenna.(CO5)
- 10. Measurement of radiation pattern of a loop antenna in principal planes. (CO5)

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR THE LABORATORY

- 1. Regulated Power Supply equipment 0 30 V
- 2. CROs 0 20 M Hz.
- 3. Function Generators 0 3 M Hz
- 4. RF Signal Generators 0 1000 M Hz
- 5. Multimeter

REQUIRED ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS (ACTIVE AND PASSIVE) FOR THE DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS FROM 1 - 7

- 1. Radio Receiver Demo kits or Trainers.
- 2. RF power meter frequency range 0 1000 MHz
- 3. Spectrum Analyzer
- 4. Dipole antennas (2 Nos.) 850 MHz 1GHz
- 5. Loop antenna (1 no.) 850 MHz 1GHz
- 6. Bread Boards

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3		3									3
CO2	3	2		3									3
CO3	3	3		3									3
CO4	3	1	1	3	3								3
CO5	3	1	1	3	3								3

S.No	Course Outcom	es(CO)	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of Correlation		
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	(0-3)		
1	Analyze(L)	L4	PO1, PO2 ,P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3 3		
2	Evaluate(L5)	L5	P01, P02,P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate(L6) P04: Analyze(L4)	3 2 3		
3	Evaluate(L5)	L5	P01, P02, P04	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 3 3		
4	Analyze(L4)	L4	PO1, PO2,PO3,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3:Design(L6) P04: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 1 1 3 3		
5	Analyze(L4)	L4	PO1, PO2,PO3,P04, P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3:Design(L6) P04: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 1 1 3 3		

Justification Statements:

$\textbf{CO1:} Analyze \ the \ Analog \ modulation \ and \ demodulation \ methods \ in \ time \ domain.$

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high(3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high(3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the characteristics of mixer, pre emphasis and de emphasis. Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Evaluate the performance of various analog pulse modulation schemes.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the selectivity, sensitivity and fidelity parameters of radio receiver

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3). PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low (1).

PO3 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by two levels; Therefore correlation is low (1). PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than to PO4 by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3). PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than to PO5 by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5:Apply Phase shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is low (1).

PO3 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than to PO4; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than to PO5; Therefore correlation is high (3).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & sem		L	T	P	С
20APC0412	II-II	ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Analyze the frequency response of multistage amplifier and high input resistance amplifier.
- CO2:Evaluate the Parameters of feedback amplifiers with and without feedback
- CO3: Analyze the steps in the design of LC &RC oscillators.
- CO4: **Evaluate** the conversion efficiency of class A and class B power amplifiers.
- CO5: Evaluate the performance of single and double tuned amplifiers.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	The frequency response of multistage amplifier and high input resistance amplifier			L4
CO2	Evaluate	the Parameters of feedback amplifiers	with and without feedback		L5
CO3	Analyze	the steps in the design of	LC &RC oscillators.		L4
CO4	Evaluate	the conversion efficiency of	class A and class B power amplifiers		L5
CO5	Evaluate	the performance of	single and double tuned amplifiers		L5

(Minimum of Ten experiments to be performed both in hardware and software)

- 1. Determination of ft of a given transistor.CO1
- 2. Voltage-Series Feedback Amplifier CO2
- 3. Current-Shunt Feedback Amplifier CO2
- **4.** RC Phase Shift/Wien Bridge Oscillator **CO3**
- 5. Hartley/Colpitt's Oscillator CO3
- 6. Two Stage RC Coupled Amplifier CO1
- 7. Darlington Pair Amplifier CO1
- 8. Bootstrapped Emitter Follower CO1
- 9. Class A Series-fed Power AmplifierC04
- 10. Transformer-coupled Class A Power Amplifier CO4
- 11. Class B Push-Pull Power Amplifier CO4
- 12. Complementary Symmetry Class B Push-Pull Power Amplifier CO4
- 13. Single Tuned Voltage Amplifier CO5
- 14. Double Tuned Voltage Amplifier CO5

SOFTWARE REQUIRED FOR LABORATORY

- i. Multisim/ P-Spice /Equivalent Licensed simulation software tool
- ii. Computer Systems with required specifications

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR LABORATORY

- 1. Regulated Power supplies
- 2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
- 3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
- 4. Digital Multimeters
- 5. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
- 6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
- 7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital)
- 8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)

- 9. Active & Passive Electronic Components
- 10. Bread Boards
- 11. Connecting Wires

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	3									3
CO2	3	3	2	3									3
CO3	3	3	1	3									3
CO4	3	3	2	3									3
CO5	3	3	2	3									3

S.No	Course Outcome	es(CO)	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	Analyze		PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply	3
		L4	PO4	PO2: Review	3
		ш		PO3: Design PO4: Analyze	1 3
2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply	3 3
			PO4	PO2: Review	3
				PO3: Design	2
				PO4: Analyze	3
3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply	3
			PO4	PO2: Review	3
				PO3: Design	1
				PO4: Analyze	3
4	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply	3
			PO4	PO2: Review	3
				PO3: Design	2
				PO4: Analyze	3
5	Evaluate		PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply	3
		7.5	PO4	PO2: Review	3 2
		L5		PO3: Design	2
				PO4: Analyze	3

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the frequency response of multistage amplifier and high input resistance amplifier.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the Parameters of feedback amplifiers with and without feedback

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

- CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verb: Design (L6)
- CO2 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).
- PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the steps in the design of LC &RC oscillators

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

- PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)
- CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO2 Verb: Review (L2)
- CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verb: Design (L6)
- CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is low (1).
- PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4Evaluate the conversion efficiency of class A and class B power amplifiers.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

- PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)
- CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO2 Verb: Review (L2)
- CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verb: Design (L6)
- CO4 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).
- PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the performance of single and double tuned amplifiers.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

- PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)
- CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO2 Verb: Review (L2)
- CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 3 level therefore correlation is high (3).
- PO3 Verb: Design (L6)
- CO5 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).
- PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)
- CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO4 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3)



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

m	Yea	Year & Sem INTERNET OF THINGS	L	T	
	II-II	INTERNET OF THINGS	1	0	2

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1:Understand the characteristics and functionality of IoT.

CO2: Analyze the characteristics and applications of various sensors

CO3:Apply different enabling technologies for Arduino IDE.

CO4: Analyze the different electronic components in Development Boards.

CO5: Create an IOT application as a mini project.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The characteristics and functionality of IoT			L2
CO2	Analyze	the characteristics and applications of various sensors			L4
соз	Apply	different enabling technologies for Arduino IDE.			L3
CO4	Analyze	the different electronic components in Development Boards			L4
CO5	Create	An IOT application as a mini project.			L6

List of Contents

1. INTRODUCTION TO IOT

- •Characteristics of IoT
- •Design Principles of IoT
- IoT Architecture

2. SENSORS

- •Sensors Classification
- •Working Principle of Sensors
- •Criteria to choose a Sensor
- Generation of Sensors

3. BASICS OF ARDUINO

- Introduction to Arduino
- Study of Arduino Board with Specifications
- · Basic Commands for Arduino
- Advantages of Arduino

4. EXAMPLES USING ARDUINO

- Digital Sensor using Arduino consists of Development Board, Digital Sensor (Pull-up switch), LED, Connecting wires.
 - Development Board, Actuators, Bluetooth Module (HC-05), Connecting wires.

5. MINI PROJECT:

• Students should complete their Mini Project based on the above concepts.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3			3							2	
CO2	3	3			3							1	
CO3	3	3			3								2
CO4	3	3		3	3								2
CO5		3	3	3	3								3

Correlation Matrix

S.No	Course Outcome	es(CO)	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlation (0-3)
	verb			P011)	
				PO1: Apply (L3)	2
1	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2,PO5	PO2: Review (L2) PO5: Select (L1)	3 3
				PO1: Apply (L3)	3
2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2,PO5	PO2: Identify (L3) PO5: Select (L1)	3 3
				PO1: Apply (L3)	3
3	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2, PO5	PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO5: Select (L1)	3
					3
4	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2, PO4,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
			PO5	PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
			500	PO2: Review (L2)	3
5	Create	L6	PO2,	PO3: Design (L6)	3
			PO3,PO4,PO5		3
				PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO 1:Understand the characteristics and functionality of IoT.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Select (L1)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO 2: Analyze the characteristics and applications of various sensors Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high(3) PO5 Verbs: Select (L1)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high(3)

CO 3: Apply different enabling technologies for Arduino IDE.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb , Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verbby one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs:PO5: Select (L1)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by two level Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the different electronic components in Development Boards. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb, Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs:PO5: Select (L1)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb, Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Create an IOT application as a mini project.

Action Verb: Create (L6)

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO4 verb, Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3)



Year: II	Semester: II	<u>sranc</u>	n or	Stua	y: ECE
Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P	Credits
20AHS9905	Universal Human Values	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, Student will be able to:

- **CO1. Understand** the essentials of human values, self-exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education.
- **CO2. Analyze** the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.
- **CO3. Apply** the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society.
- **CO4. Evaluate** the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

CO5. Apply the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.

CO	Action	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms
	Verb				level
CO1	Understand	the essentials of human values, self- exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education			L2
CO2	Analyze	the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.			L4
CO3	Apply	the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society			L3
CO4	Evaluate	the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence			L5
CO5	Apply	the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.			L3

UNIT - 1: <u>Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education</u>

- Purpose and motivation for the course, recapitulation from Universal Human Values-I
- Self-Exploration-what is it? Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation- as the process for self-exploration
- Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations
- Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority
- Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current. scenario
- Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels.

Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and coexistence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking.

UNIT II: <u>Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!</u>

• Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body'

- Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' happiness and physical facility
- Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer)
- Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I'
- Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail
- Programs to ensure Sanyam and Health.

Include practice sessions to discuss the role others have played in making material goods available to me. Identifying from one's own life. Differentiate between prosperity and accumulation. Discuss program for ensuring health vs dealing with disease.

UNIT III: <u>Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship.</u>

- Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfillment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship
- Understanding the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence
- Understanding the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship
- Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals
- Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order- from family to world family

Include practice sessions to reflect on relationships in family, hostel and institute as extended family, real life examples, teacher-student relationship, goal of education etc. Gratitude as a universal value in relationships. Discuss with scenarios. Elicit examples from students' lives

UNIT IV: <u>Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence</u>

- Understanding the harmony in the Nature
- Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature recyclability and self-regulation in nature
- Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all- pervasive space
- Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence. Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

UNIT- V: <u>Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics.</u>

- Natural acceptance of human values
- Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct
- Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order
- Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems.
- Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems
- Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations
 Sum up.

Include practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice (tutorial)

Sessions Eg. To discuss the conduct as an engineer or scientist etc.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan VidyaPrakashan, Amar kantak, 1999.
- 2. A. N. Tripathi, "Human Values", New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 4. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi "The Story of My Experiments with Truth"
- 5. E. F Schumacher. "Small is Beautiful"
- 6. Slow is Beautiful -Cecile Andrews
- 7. J C Kumarappa "Economy of Permanence"
- 8. PanditSunderlal "Bharat Mein Angreji Raj"
- 9. Dharampal, "Rediscovering India"
- 10. Mohandas K. Gandhi, "Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule"
- 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 12. Vivekananda Romain Rolland(English)
- 13. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

Articulation matrix

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1								2			2		
CO2							3	3					
CO3						2	2	2					
CO4						3	3	3			3		
CO5						2	2	2			2		

Correlation matrix

			CO			Program	PO(s):	Level
СО	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	% Correla tion Verb		BTL	Outcomes (PO)	Action Verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	of Correl ation
1	7	19.4	2	Understand	2	P08,P011	Thumb Rule	2,2
2	8	22.2	3	Analyze	4	PO7,PO8	Thumb Rule	3,3
3	7	19.4	2	Apply	3	PO6,PO7,PO8	Thumb Rule	2,2,2
4	8	22.2	3	Evaluate	5	P06,P07,P08 ,P011	Thumb Rule	3,3,3,3
5	7	19.4	2	Apply	3	PO6,PO7,PO8 ,PO11	Thumb Rule	2,2,2,2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the essentials of human values, self-exploration, happiness and prosperity for value added education.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is Understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the harmony in the human being as sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' in various aspects.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is Analyze of BTL 4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO3: Apply the nine universal human values in relationships for harmony in the family and orderliness in the society.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2)

CO4: Evaluate the interconnectedness of four orders of nature and holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

CO4 Action Verb is Evaluate of BTL5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO5: Apply the holistic understanding of harmony on professional ethics through augmenting universal human order.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

V Semester (B.Tech –III year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title		Hours pei week	•	Credits	Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)			
				L	T/CLC	P)	CIE	SEE	Total	
1	PCC	20APC0413	Antennas and Wave Propagation	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
2	PCC	20APC0414	Digital Communication Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
3	PCC	20APC0415	Integrated Circuits and Applications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20APC0515	Operating Systems			0					
4	OEC	20AOE0202	Programmable Logic Controllers	2	1		3	30	70	100	
		20APC0213	Control Systems								
		20APE0401	VLSI Design		1			30	70		
5	PEC	20APE0402	Computer Organization	2		0	3			100	
		20APE0403	Digital System Design								
6	PCC	20APC0416	Digital Communication Systems Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
7	PCC	20APC0417	Integrated Circuits and Applications Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
8	SOC	20AHE9902	Principles of Effective Public Speaking	1	0	2	2	100	-	100	
9	MC	20AMC9904	Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	1	0	0	30	-	30	
10	CSP	20CSP0401	Community Service Project	0	0	0	1.5	100	-	100	
		•		1	TOT	AL	21.5	440	490	930	

S. No.	Open Elective*(OE/JOE come for NPTEL)
1	The Joy of Computing Using Python
2	Computer Architecture
3	An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence
4	Environment and Development
5	Soft Skills
6	Public Speaking
7	Ethical Hacking
8	Cloud Computing
9	Electronic Systems for Cancer Diagnosis
10	Remote Sensing Essentials
11	Sustainable Transportation Systems

Student shall register any number of MOOC courses listed above (Open) by the department as approved by the BOS from III year. But student is required to submit the pass certificate on NPTEL platform for at least one course with in the Programme duration (Before IV-II examination notification released).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Coo	e Year & Sem	ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC041	3 III-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of Antenna Parameters.

comparison, Absolute and 3-AntennaMethods).

UNIT - V

WAVE PROPAGATION

- CO2: Analyze the working principles of Loop, Yagiuda, Helical and Horn antenna
- CO3: **Analyze** the working principles of Micro-strip antenna, Reflector, Lens antennas and its parameters.
- CO4: Analyze the Principles of Antenna Arrays and Measurements using pattern multiplication.
- CO5: **Understand** Different Modes of Wave propagation in Atmospheric Layers.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamentals of Antenna Parameters.			L2
CO2	Analyze	the working principles of		Loop, Yagiuda, Helical and Horn antenna	L4
CO3	Analyze	the working principles of		Micro-strip antenna, Reflector, Lens antennas and its parameters.	L4
CO4	Analyze	The Principle Antenna Arrays and Measurements.	Using Pattern Multiplicati on		L4
CO5	Understand	The Different Modes of Wave propagation in Atmospheric Layers.			L2

CO5	Understand	The Different Modes of				L2
		Wave propagation in				
		Atmospheric Layers.				
UNIT - I	Ī				16Hrs	
ANTEN	INA BASICS	·				
Introdu	uction, Basic a	ntenna parameters patterns,	Beam Area, l	Radiation Intensity, Beam I	Efficiency,	Directivity,
Gain, A	Antenna Apert	ures, Effective height, Pola	rization- Linea	r, Elliptical, & Circular po	olarizations	s, Antenna
impeda	ance, Front–to-l	back ratio, Antenna theorems.	į			
DIPOL	E ANTENNAS					
Basic M	Maxwell's equat	ions, Retarded potential-Heln	nholtz Theoren	n, Radiation from Small Elect	ric Dipole,	Current
		Components, Radiated pov		Resistance, Beam width,	, Natural	current
distrib	utions, Fields fr	om oscillating dipole, Illustra	tive problems.			
UNIT - I	II				16Hrs	
VHF, U	HF AND MICR	OWAVE ANTENNAS-I				
Loop A	Antennas: Intro	duction, Small Loop, Compari	son of far fields	s of small loop and short dipo	ole.	
Arrays	s with Parasitio	c Elements: Yagi-Uda Arrays,	Folded Dipoles	& their characteristics.		
Helica	l Antennas: He	lical Geometry, Helix modes, l	Practical Design	n considerations for Monofila	ar Helical A	ntenna in
Axial a	nd Normal Mod	les.				
Horn A	Antennas: Type	es, Fermat's Principle, Optimu	m Horns, Desig	n considerations of Pyramid	lal Horns, Il	lustrative
Problei	ms.					
UNIT - I	III				15Hrs	
VHF, U	HF AND MICR	OWAVE ANTENNAS-II				
Micro	strip Antenna	s:Introduction, features, adv	antages and li	mitations, rectangular patch	nantennas-	Geometry
and pa	rameters, chara	cteristics of Micro strip anten	nas, Impact of	differentparameters on char	acteristics.	- 1
Reflec	tor antennas:	Introduction, Flat sheet a	nd corner ref	lectors,parabola reflectors-	geometry,	pattern
charact	teristics, Feed N	Methods, Reflector Types - Rel	atedFeatures.			_
Lens A	intennas: Geom	netry of Non-metallic Dielectri	c Lenses, Zonin	g, Tolerances,Applications,Ill	lustrativePr	oblems.
UNIT - I	IV				15Hrs	
ANTENI	NA ARRAYS	•				
	_	rrays of 2 Isotropic sources	different cases	Principle of Pattern Mult	inlication I	Iniform
		ide Arrays, End fire Arrays.	different cases	, i imerpie of factorii Muit	ipiication, (
	NA MEASUREM					
		d Far Fields, Pattern Meası	rement. Direc	tivity Measurement, Gain	Measureme	ents (by
oau	caraii, ricar an	a rai ricias, raccerir ricas		array incubatement, dam	. Ious ai cilic	

Introduction, Definitions, Characterizations and general classifications, different modes of wave propagation, Ray

15Hrs

Mode concepts.

Ground wave propagation: Introduction, Plane earth reflections, Space and surface waves, wavetilt, curvedearth reflections.

Space wave propagation: Introduction, Super refraction, duct propagation, fading and path losscalculations.

Sky wave propagation: Introduction, structure of Ionosphere, refraction and reflection of skywaves by Ionosphere, Ray path, Critical frequency, MUF, LUF, OF, Virtual height and Skipdistance, Relation between MUF and Skipdistance, Multi-HOP propagation, Illustrative problems.

Textbooks:

- 1. John D. Kraus and Ronald J. Marhefka and Ahmad S. Khan, "Antennas and wave propagation," TMH, New Delhi, 4th Ed., (specialIndian Edition), 2010.
- 2. E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems," PHI, 2nd Edn, 2000.

Reference Books:

- 1. C.A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory- Analysis and Design," John Wiley & Sons, 2nd Edn., 2001.
- 2. K.D. Prasad, Satya Prakashan, "Antennas and Wave Propagation," Tech. India Publications, New Delhi, 2001.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

F F													
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2								2	2	
CO2	3	3	3	3							2	3	
CO3	3	3	3	2							2	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3							2	3	
CO5	2	2	2	1							2	2	

Correlation Matrix

Uni	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action	Level of
t	Lesson	%	Correla	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	Verb and	Correlati
No.	plan(Hrs)		tion	verb		(PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	on (0-3)
1	16	21	3	Understand	L2	PO1,PO2	PO1: Apply (L3)	2
						PO3, PO11	PO2:Review(L2)	3
							PO3:Develop (L3)	2
							PO11:Thumb rule	2
2	16	21	1	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2,P	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
						03,P04,P0	PO2:Review(L2)	3
						11	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
							PO4:Interpret(L2).	3
							PO11:Thumb rule	2
3	15	19	1	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2,P	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
						03,P04,P0	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
						11	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
							PO4:Analyze (L4)	3
							PO11:Thumb rule	2
4	15	19	1	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2,P	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
						03,P04,P0	PO2:Identify(L3)	3
						11	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
							PO4:Analyze (L4)	3
							PO11:Thumb rule	2
5	15	19	1	Understand	L2	PO1,PO2,P	PO1:Apply(L3)	2
						03,P04,P0	PO2:Identify(L3)	2
						11	PO3:Develop(L3)	2
							PO4:Analyze (L4)	1
							PO11:Thumb rule	2
	77							

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of Antenna Parameters.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 2 Verbs: Review (L2)CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)CO1 Action Verb isless than PO3 verb by one levels; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 11 Verbs: Based on the Thumb rule CO1 correlates PO11 correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the working principles of Loop, Yagiuda, Helical and Horn antenna

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO 2 Verbs: Review (L2)CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO2 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret (L2)CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO4 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO 11 Verbs: Based on the Thumb rule CO2 correlates PO11 correlation is moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the working principles of Micro-strip antenna, Reflector, Lens antennas and its parameters.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is High (3).

PO4 Verb: Analysis (L4)CO3 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 11 Verbs: Based on the Thumb rule CO3 correlates PO11 correlation is moderate (2).

CO4: Analyze the Principle of Pattern Multiplication for Antenna Arrays and Measurements. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO4 Action Verb is equal PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high(3).

PO4 Verb: Analysis (L4)CO4 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 11 Verbs: Based on the Thumb rule CO4 correlates PO11 correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: Understand Different Modes of Wave propagation in Atmospheric Layers. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO5 Action verb is less than to PO1 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO5 Action Verb level is less than to PO2 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 verb: Develop (L3)CO5 Action verb is less than to PO3 verb by one level; therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 verb: Analysis (L4)CO5 Action verb is less than to PO3 verb by two level; therefore the correlation is low (1).

PO 11 Verbs: Based on the Thumb rule CO5 correlates PO11, correlation is moderate (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Digital communication systems	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0414	III-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1:Understand the concepts of various digital pulse modulation methods.

CO2:Analyze the performance of base band pulse transmission using signalling schemes.

CO3:Apply the signal representation and error probabilities in receivers.

CO4:Apply the digital modulation techniques for pass band data transmission.

CO5:Evaluate the error detection and error correction using Block code and Convolutional code.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The concepts of various digital pulse modulation methods.			L2
CO2	Analyze	The performance of base band pulse transmission	Using signaling schemes.		L4
CO3	Apply	The signal representation and error probabilities in receivers.			L3
CO4	Apply	The digital modulation techniques for pass band data transmission.			L3
CO5	Evaluate	The error detection and error correction	Using Block code and Convolutional code.		L5

UNIT - I	18Hrs

SOURCE CODING SYSTEMS

Introduction, sampling process, quantization, quantization noise, Pulse-Code Modulation (PCM), Line codes-Types, Noise considerations in PCM systems, Time-Division Multiplexing (TDM), Synchronization, Delta modulation (DM), Differential PCM (DPCM), Processing gain, Adaptive DPCM(ADPCM), Comparison of the above systems.

UNIT - II 14Hrs

BASEBAND PULSE TRANSMISSION

Introduction, optimum filter, Matched filter, Properties of Matched filter, Error rate due to noise, Intersymbol Interference (ISI), Nyquist's criterion for distortion less baseband binary transmission, ideal Nyquist channel, Raised cosine filter & its spectrum, Correlative coding -Duo binary & Modified duo binary signaling schemes, Eye diagrams.

UNIT - III 10Hrs

SIGNAL SPACE ANALYSIS

Introduction, Geometric representation of signals, Gram Schmidt orthogonalization procedure, Conversion of the Continuous AWGN channel into a vector channel, Coherent detection of signals in noise, Correlation receiver, Equivalence of correlation and Matched filter receivers, Probability of error, Signal constellation diagram.

UNIT - IV 16Hrs

PASS BAND DATA TRANSMISSION

Introduction, Pass band transmission model, Coherent phase-shift keying – binary phase shift keying (BPSK), Quadrature shift keying (QPSK), Binary Frequency shift keying (BFSK), Error probabilities of BPSK, QPSK, BFSK, Generation and detection of Coherent BPSK, QPSK, &BFSK, Power spectra of above mentioned modulated signals

UNIT - V 16Hrs

CHANNELCODING

Error Detection & Correction- Repetition & Parity Check Codes, Interleaving, Code Vectors and Hamming Distance, Forward Error Correction (FEC) Systems, Automatic Retransmission Query(ARQ) Systems, Linear Block Codes- Matrix Representation of Block Codes, Convolutional Codes- Code tree, state diagram, code trellis, Decoding Methods- Viter bi algorithm.

Textbooks:

- 1. Simon Hakin, "Communication Systems", Wiley India Edition, 4th Edition, 2011.
- 2.B.P.Lathi, & Zhi Ding, "Modern Digital & Analog Communication Systems", Oxford University Press, International 4th edition, 2010.

Reference Books:

- 1. Sam Shanmugam, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems", John Wiley, 2005
- 2. Bruce Carlson, & Paul B. Crilly, "Communication Systems An Introduction to Signals & Noise in Electrical Communication", McGraw-Hill International Edition, 5th Edition, 2010.

BernardSklar, "DigitalCommunications", Prentice-HallPTR, 2ndedition, 2001.

Herbert Taub& Donald L Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", Tata McGraw-

Hill, 3rd Edition, 2009. 5. J. G. Proakis, M Salehi, Gerhard Bauch,

"ModernCommunicationSystemsUsingMATLABORATORY,"CENGAGE,3rdEdition,2013.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	2		2							2	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3							3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							3	
CO4	3	3	3	2	3							3	
CO5	3	3	2	3	2							3	

Correlation Matrix

Unit	CO					Progra	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	m Outcom e (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	18	24	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO3,PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO5: Apply (L3)	2 2 2 2
2	14	19	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
3	10	14	2	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:I Identify (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Interpret(L2) PO5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
4	16	22	3	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	P01: Apply (L3) P02: Identify(L3) P03: Develop (L3) P04: Analyze (L4) P05: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 2 3

5	16	22	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
						PO2,	PO2: Identify (L3)	3
						PO3,	PO3: Design(L6)	2
						PO4, PO5	PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
							PO5: Create (L6)	2
	74							

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the concepts of various digital pulse modulation methods. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the performance of base band pulse transmission using signaling schemes Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

 $PO2\ Verbs:\ Identify\ (L3)CO2\ Action\ Verb\ is\ greater\ than\ PO2\ verb\ ;\ Therefore\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).$

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the signal representation and error probabilities in receivers. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret(L2 CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Apply the digital modulation techniques for pass band data transmission. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2). PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the error detection and error correction using Block code and Convolutional code. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO3 verb: Design(L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2). PO4 verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO4 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Create (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND APPLICATIONS	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0415	III-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the basic building blocks of operational amplifiers and its characteristics
- CO2. Analyze the frequency response of different feedback amplifiers using Operational amplifiers.
- CO3. Analyze the linear and nonlinear applications and filter design using operational amplifiers
- CO4. Understand the oscillators and specialized applications using op amps and 555 IC Timer respectively
- CO5. **Analyze** the Analog to Digital Converters and Digital to Analog Converters using op amp.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the basic building blocks of operational amplifiers its characteristics			L2
CO2	Analyze	the frequency response of different feedback amplifiers	using Operational amplifiers		L4
CO3	Analyze	the linear and nonlinear applications and filter design	using operational amplifiers		L4
CO4	Understand	the oscillators and specialized applications	using op amps and 555 IC Timer respectively		L2
CO5	Analyze	the Analog to Digital Converters and Digital to Analog Converters	using Op amp		L4

UNIT - I		15Hrs
DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFI	IERS: Differential amplifier configurations, Balanced and unbalanced ou	tput differential
amplifiers, current mirror		•
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFI	IERS: Introduction, Block diagram, Ideal op-amp, Equivalent Circuit, V	oltage Transfer
	configurations. Introduction to dual OP-AMP TL082 as a general pur	
Operational Amplifier.		,
UNIT - II		14Hrs
FEED BACK AMPLIFIERS	S: Introduction, feedback configurations, voltage series feedback, voltag	e shunt feedback
	s, properties of Practical op-amp.	
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	: Introduction, compensating networks, frequency response of interna	lly compensated
op-amps and non-comper	nsated op-amps, High frequency op-amp equivalent circuit, open loop g	ain Vs frequency,
closed loop frequency res	ponse, circuit stability, slew rate.	
UNIT - III		15Hrs
OP-AMP APPLICATIONS	-1: DC and AC amplifiers, peaking amplifier, summing, scaling and aver	aging amplifiers,
	r, voltage to current converter, current to voltage converter, integrate	
active filters, First and Sec	cond order Butterworth filter and itsfrequency response.	
UNIT - IV		16Hrs
OP-AMP APPLICATIONS	-2: Oscillators, Phase shift and Wein bridge oscillators, Square, triangula	r and saw tooth
wave generators, Compara	ators, zero crossing detector, Schmitt trigger, characteristics and limitation	ons.
		oplications, PLL,
operating principles, Moi	nolithic PLL, applications, analog multiplier and phase detection	-
UNIT - V		15Hrs
A/D AND D/A CONVERT	TERS: Analog and Digital Data Conversions, D/A converter – specifica	tions – weighted
	der type, Voltage Mode and Current-Mode R - 2R Ladder types - s	
	sample- and-hold circuits, A/D Converters – specifications – Flash ty	
	nter type ADC– Dual Slope type ADC.	
	1 71	
Textbooks:		

1. D. Roy Chowdhury, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age Int. (P) Ltd, 2ndEdition, 2003.

2. K. Lal Kishore, "Operational Amplifiers & Linear Integrated circuits", Pearson Education, 2007.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Mappi	Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes													
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	
CO1	2	2		1								2		
CO2	3	3	1									3		
CO3	3	1		3							3	3		
CO4	2	3	2								2	2		
CO5	3	3		2							3	3		

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlat ion (0-3)
1	15	20%	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4)	2 2 1
2	14	19%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO3,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO3:Design(L6)	3 3 1
3	15	20%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2:Formulate(L6) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO11:Thumb rule	3 1 3 3
4	16	21%	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO11:Thumb rule	2 3 2 2
5	15	20%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Interpret(L5) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 2 3
	75	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the basic building blocks of operational amplifiers and its characteristics

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

CO2: Analyze the frequency response of different feedback amplifiers using Operational amplifiers Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is greater than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)CO2 Action Verb is greater than the PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)CO2 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

CO3: Analyze the linear and nonlinear applications and filter design using operational amplifiers.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is greater than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO2 Verbs: Formulate (L6)CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by two level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)CO3 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO11: CO3 using Thumb rule, correlates PO11 as high (3).

CO4: Understand the oscillators and specialized applications using op amps and 555 IC Timer respectively

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is less than the PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

PO4 Verb: Review (L2)CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb. Therefore, he correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)CO4 Action Verb is less than the PO5 verb by one level. Therefore, correlation is medium (2).

PO11: CO4 using Thumb rule, correlates PO11 as medium (2).

CO5: Analyze the Analog to Digital Converters and Digital to Analog Converters using Op amp. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO5 Action verb is greater than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO2 verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than the PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 verb: Interpret (L5)CO5 Action verb is less than the PO4 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: CO5 using Thumb rule, correlates PO11 as high(3).

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year/Semester: III/V

Branch of Study: EEE, ECE & CIC

Course Name: CONTROLSYSTEMS

Course code: 20APC0213

L	T	P	Credits
2	1	0	3

COURSEOUTCOMES: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **CO1:-Understand** the mathematical modelling and transfer function of physical systems.
- **CO2:-Apply** time response analysis to first order systems &controllers and their stability.
- **CO3:-Analyze** the stability of a system using Routh-Hurwitz criteria and root locus.
- **CO4:-Evaluate** the stability of a system using Bode and Nyquist plot methods.
- **CO5:-Apply** state space analysis to study response of continuous system.

со	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Conditi on	Crit eria	Bloom's level
CO1	Understand	Mathematical Model And Transfer Function Of the			L2
		Physical Systems.			
CO2	Apply	Time response analysis to first order systems & controllers and study their stability.			L3
CO3	Analyze	The stability of a system using Routh-Hurwitzcriteria And root locus.			L4
CO4	Evaluate	The stability of a system using Bode and Nyquist plot methods.			L5
CO5	Apply	State Space Analysis to Study Continuous System.			L3

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I CONTROL SYSTEMS CONCEPTS

Basic elements of control systems- open and close loop systems - Transfer function – Modelling of Electrical systems and mechanical systems – Block diagram reduction techniques – Signal flow graphs.

UNIT-II TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Step Response - Impulse Response - Time response of first order systems - Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems Time domain specifications-Steadystate response-Steadystate errors and error constants, P,PI,PID Controllers.

UNIT-III STABILITY ANALYSIS IN TIME DOMAIN

Stability - concept and definition, Characteristic equation - Location of poles -Routh Hurwitzcriterion-LimitationsofRouth's stability-TheRootlocusconcept- construction of root loci-

UNIT-IV FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Bode plot - Correlation between frequency domain and time domain specifications - Bode Diagrams - Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram - Stability Analysis from Bode Plots - Nyquist

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year/Semester: III/V

Branch of Study: EEE, ECE & CIC

Plots - Phase margin and Gain Margin - Stability Analysis.

UNIT-VSTATESPACEANALYSISOFCONTINUOUSSYSTEMS

Concepts of state, state variables and state models - differential equations & Transfer function models - Transfer function from state model-State Transition Matrix and it's Properties-System response through State Space models-The concepts of controllability and observability, Duality between controllability and observability.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. KatsuhikoOgata, "ModernControlEngineering", 5thedition, PrenticeHallofIndiaPvt.Ltd., 2010.
- 2. I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, "Control Systems Engineering" 5thedition, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 2007.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

- M.Gopal, "ControlSystemsPrinciples&Design" 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- B.C.KuoandFaridGolnaraghi, "AutomaticControlSystems" 8th edition, John Wiley and sons, 2003.
- 3. JosephJDistefanoIII, "Feedback and Control Systems", Allen R Stubberud& Ivan Williams, 2nd Edition, Schaum's outlines, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- 4. GrahamC.Goodwin, "ControlSystemDesign" StefanF.GraebeandMarioE.Salgado, Pearson. 2000.
- 5. Gene F.Franklin, "Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems", J.D. Powell and Abbas Emami-Naeini, 6th Edition, Pearson, 2010.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Course Title	CO s		Programme Outcomes(POs)&Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)										Os)	
Course Title		P0 1	P0 2	P03	PO 4	P0 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	P0 9	PO 10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
	CO1	2	2										3	
CONTROL	CO2	3	2	3									3	
CONTROL SYSTEMS	CO3	3	3	1									3	
	CO4	3	3	2									3	
	CO5	3	2										3	

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year/Semester: III/V

Branch of Study: EEE, ECE & CIC

Justification Table:

СО	СО					Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s):Action verb and BTL (forPO1toPO5)	LevelofCor relation(0- 3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	17	22.6	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L3)	2 2
2	15	20	2	Apply	L3	PO1,PO 2, PO3	PO1:Apply(L3)PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3:Develop (L3)	3 2 3
3	14	18.6	2	Analyze	L4	P01, P02, P03	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Analyze(L4) PO3:Design(L6)	3 3 1
4	16	21.3	3	Evaluate	L5	P01, P02, P03	P01:Apply(L3) P02:Analyze(L4) P03:Design(L6)	3 3 2
5	13	17.3	2	Apply	L3	P01, P02	PO1:Apply(L3) PO2:Analyze(L4)	3 2
	75							

CO1:-Understand the mathematical modelling and transfer function of physical systems.

ActionVerb: Understand(L2)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO1ActionVerbislessthanPO1verbbyonelevel; therefore correlation is moderate (2). PO2:

Identify (L3)

CO1ActionVerbislessthanPO2verbbyone level; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2:-Applytimeresponseanalysistofirstordersystems&controllersandstudytheirstability.

ActionVerb:Apply(L3)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO2ActionVerbisequaltoPO1verb; therefore correlation is High (3). PO2:

Analyze (L4)

CO2ActionVerbislessthanPO2verbbyonelevel; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO2ActionVerbisequaltoPO3verb; therefore correlation is High (3).

CO3:- Analyzethestabilityofa systemusingRouth-Hurwitzcriteria androotlocus.

ActionVerb:Analyze(L4)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO3ActionVerbisgreaterthanPO1verbbyonelevel;thereforecorrelationisHigh(3). PO2:

Analyze (L4)

CO3ActionVerbisequal to PO2verb; therefore correlation is High (3). PO3:

Design (L6)

CO3ActionVerbislessthanasPO3verbbytwolevel;thereforecorrelationisLow(1).

CO4:-Evaluatethestability of asystemusing Bode and Nyquist plot methods.

ActionVerb:Evaluate(L5)

PO1:Apply(L3)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B.Tech Regulation:AK20 Year/Semester: III/V

Branch of Study: EEE, ECE & CIC

CO4ActionVerbisgreaterthanPO1verbbytwolevel;thereforecorrelationisHigh(3). PO2:

Analyze (L4)

CO4ActionVerbisgreaterthanPO2verbbyonelevel; therefore correlation is High (3). PO3:

Design (L6)

CO4Action Verbisless than as PO3 verb by one level; therefore correlation is Moderate (2).

${\bf CO5:-Apply states pace analysis to study response of continuous system.}$

ActionVerb:Apply(L3)

PO1:Apply(L3)

CO5ActionVerbissamePO1verb; therefore correlation is High (3). PO2:

Analyze (L4)

CO5Action Verbisless than PO2 verbby on elevel; therefore correlation is Moderate (2).



ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	VLSI DESIGN	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APE0401	III-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **CO1 Understand** the IC fabrication Process and electrical properties of MOS Circuits.
- **CO2 Analyze** the scaling parameters of Metal Oxide Semiconductor (MOS) circuits.
- **CO3** Analyze a Gate-level VLSI circuits using stick diagrams and layouts with design rules.
- **CO4 Analyze** a VLSI circuits at Physical-level through various VLSI design styles and methods.
- **CO5 Evaluate** the VLSI circuits using VHDL synthesis and Design Tools.

co	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The IC fabrication Process and electrical properties of MOS Circuits			L2
CO2	Analyze	The scaling parameters of	Metal Oxide Semiconductor (MOS) circuits		L4
CO3	Analyze	A Gate-level VLSI circuits design using	Stick diagrams and layouts	Design rules	L4
CO4	Analyze	A VLSI circuits at Physical-level through	Various VLSI Design Styles and Methods		L4
CO5	Evaluate	The VLSI circuits using	VHDL synthesis and Design Tools		L5

UNIT - I					20Hrs					
IC Fabrication: MOS &BiCMOS, and SOI pr		nsistors – working, MOS switches, Basio ss technologies.	c steps of IC fabri	cation: P	MOS, NMO	OS, CMOS				
Basic Electrical Prop	erti	es of MOS and BiCMOS Circuits: MOS des								
		annel length modulation ,gm, gds, figure nd design, Various pull-ups loads, BiCMOS		s transist	or, NMOS	Inverter,				
UNIT - II					10Hrs					
Basic Circuit Concepts: Capacitance, resistance estimations- Sheet Resistance Rs, MOS Device Capacitances, routing Capacitance, Analytic Inverter Delays, Driving large Capacitive Loads, Fan-in and fan-out.										
UNIT - III					21Hrs					
Gates, Scaling of MOS Gate-level Design: Lo Dynamic CMOS Logic	circ ogic	wires, Contacts and Transistors Layout cuits, Limitations of Scaling. gates and other complex gates, Switch log			seudo NM					
UNIT - IV					10Hrs					
	Ful	anning Methods, Global Interconnect, Floor I-custom, Standard Cells, Gate-arrays, F n devices.	_	Design A	Approach	for Full-				
UNIT - V					11Hrs					
VHDL Synthesis: VHDL Synthesis, Circuit Design Flow, Circuit Synthesis, Simulation, Layout, Design capture tools, Design Verification Tools. Test and Testability: Fault-modeling and simulation, test generation, design for testability: Built-in-self-test.										
Textbooks:										
1Kamran Eshraghian Edition.	, Esl	nraghian Douglas and A. Pucknell, —Essent	cials of VLSI circuits	and syste	ems∥, PHI,	2013				

2. K. Lal Kishore and V.S.V. Prabhakar,—VLSI DesignI, IK Publishers

Reference books:

1. Modern VLSI Design – Wayne Wolf, 3 Ed., 1997, Pearson Education.

2. CMOS VLSI Design-A Circuits and Systems Perspective, Neil H.E Weste, David Harris, Ayan Banerjee, 3rd Edn, Pearson, 2009.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcome

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3									1	2	
CO2		3		1							1	3	
CO3			1	2							1	3	
CO4			1	2							1	3	
CO5				3	2						1	3	3

Correlation Matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlati on (0-3)
1	20	27.78	3	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2,PO11	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO11: Thumb rule	2 3 1
2	10	13.88	2	Analyze	L4	PO2,PO4, PO11	PO2: Analyze (L4) PO4: Interpret(L2) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 1
3	21	29.16	3	Analyze	L4	P03,P04, P011	PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Interpret (L5) PO11: Thumb rule	1 2 1
4	10	13.88	2	Analyze	L4	PO3, PO4,PO11	PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Interpret (L5) PO11: Thumb rule	1 2 1
5	11	15.3	2	Evaluate	L5	PO4, PO5,PO11	PO4: Interpret (L5) PO5: Create (L6) PO11: Thumb rule	3 2 1
	72	100						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the IC fabrication Process and electrical properties of MOS Circuits. Action Verb-Understand (L2)

PO1: Action Verb- Apply (L3), CO1 action verb is less than PO1 action verb by one level, therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO2: Action verb- Review (L2), CO1 action verb is equal to PO2 action verb, therefore correlation is high (3) PO11: CO1 correlates PO11 as per thumb rule with correlation is Low (1)

CO2: Analyze the scaling parameters of Metal Oxide Semiconductor (MOS) circuits. Action Verb-Analyze(L4)

PO2: Action verb- Analyze (L4), CO2 action verb is equal to PO2 action verb; therefore correlation is high (3)

PO4: Action verb- Interpret(L2), CO2 action verb is greater than PO4 action verb; therefore correlation is high (3)

PO11: CO2 correlates PO11 as per thumb rule with correlation is Low (1)

CO3: Analyze a Gate-level VLSI circuits design using stick diagrams and layouts with design rules. Action Verb- Analyze(L4)

PO3: Action verb- Design (L6), CO3 action verb is less than to PO3 action verb by two levels; therefore correlation is Low (1)

PO4: Action verb- Interpret(L5), CO3 action verb is less than PO4 action verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO11: CO3 correlates PO11 as per thumb rule with correlation is Low (1)

CO4: Analyze a VLSI circuits at Physical-level through various VLSI design styles and methods. Action Verb- Analyze(L4)

PO3: Action verb- CO4 action verb is less than to PO3 action verb by two levels; therefore correlation is Low (1)

PO4: Action verb- Interpret(L5), CO4 action verb is less than to PO3 action verb by two levels; therefore correlation is Low (1)

PO11: CO4 correlates PO11 as per thumb rule with correlation is Low (1)

CO5: Evaluate the VLSI circuits using VHDL synthesis and Design Tools. Action Verb- Evaluate (L5)

PO4: Action verb- Interpret(L5), CO5 action verb is equal to PO4 action verb; therefore correlation is high (3) PO5: Action verb- Create(L6), CO5 action verb is less than PO5 action verb by one; therefore correlation is

PO11: CO5 correlates PO11 as per thumb rule with correlation is Low (1)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	DIGITAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS LAB	L	T	P	C
20APC0416	III-I		0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the process of transmission and receiving of signals using Time division multiplexing.

CO2: Evaluate the performance of pulse code modulation and demodulation schemes.

CO3: Analyze performance of Delta modulation and demodulation systems.

CO4: Apply Frequency shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals.

CO5: Apply Phase shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze(L4)	the process of transmission and receiving of signals			L4
CO2	Evaluate(L5)	the perfomance of pulse code modulation and demodulation schemes.		-	L5
CO3	Analyze(L4)	Analyze perfomance of Delta modulation and demodulation systems.			L4
CO4	Apply(L3)	Apply Frequency shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals.			L3
CO5	Apply(L3)	Phase shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals.			L3

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Minimum of Ten experiments to be conducted(Five from each Part-A&B)

HARDWARE EXPERIMENTS (PART -A)

- 1. Time division multiplexing.(CO1)
- 2. Pulse code modulation.(CO2)
- 3. Differential pulse code modulation.(CO2)
- 4. Delta modulation.(CO3)
- 5. Frequencyshift keying.(CO4)
- 6. Differential phase shift keying.(CO5)
- 7. QPSK modulation and demodulation.(CO5)

SOFTWARE EXPERIMENTS (PART-B)

Modeling of Digital Communications using MATLABORATORY

- 1. Pulsecode modulation.
- 2. Differential pulse code modulation.
- 3. Frequencyshift keying.
- 4. Phaseshift keying.
- 5. Differential phase shift keying.
- 6. QPSK modulation and demodulation

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	Pupping of course outcomes with program outcomes												
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3		3	3								3
CO2	3	3		3	3								3
CO3	3	3		3	3								3
CO4		3		2	3								3
CO5		3		2	3								3

S.No	Course Outcom	es(CO)	Program	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of Correlation
	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	(0-3)
1	Analyze(L4)	L4	PO1, PO2 .P04.PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2)	3
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	P04:Analyze(L4),	3
				PO5:select(L1)	3
2	Evaluate(L5)	L5	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
			,P04,P05	PO2: Review (L2) PO4:Interpret(L2)	3
				P05: Apply (L3)	3
3	Analyze(L4)	L4	PO1, PO2 ,P04,PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2)	3 3
				PO4:Interpret(L2)	3
				P05: Apply (L3)	3
4	Apply(L3)	L3	PO2,PO4,P05	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
				P04: Analyze(L4)	2
				P05: Apply (L3)	3
5	Apply(L3)	L3	PO2,PO4,P05	PO2: Identify(L3)	3
				P04: Analyze(L4)	2
				P05: Apply (L3)	3

Justification Statements:

CO 1:Analyze the process of transmission and receiving of signals using Time division multiplexing.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1; Therefore correlation is high(3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 verbs: select(L1)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO5; Therefore correlation is high(3).

CO 2: Evaluate the performance of pulse code modulation and demodulation schemes Action Verb:Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret(L2)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO 3: Analyze performance of Delta modulation and demodulation systems. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Interpret(L2)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Apply Frequency shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO5:Apply Phase shift keying method for modulation and demodulation of digital signals. Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2). PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI(AUTONOMOUS) AK20-REGULATIONS

B. Tech III Year I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND APPLICATIONS				
20APC0417	LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the characteristics of negative feedback, regenerative feedback and ICs.

CO2: Evaluate the performance of summing, subtracting and instrumentation amplifiers using op-amps.

CO3: Evaluate the steps in the design of Analog filters for the given specifications.

CO4: Analyze the performance of DC-DC Converter and Function Generator.

CO5: Analyze the performance of Voltage Controlled Oscillator, Phase Locked Loop and Regulator.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
1.	Analyze	the characteristics of negative feedback, regenerative feedback and ICs.			L4
2.	Evaluate	the performance of summing, subtracting and instrumentation amplifiers	using op-amps		L5
3.	Evaluate	Evaluate the steps in the design of Analog filters	for the given specifications.		L5
4.	Analyze	the performance of DC-DC Converter and Function Generator			L4
5	Analyze	performance of Voltage Controlled Oscillator, Phase Locked Loop and Regulator			L4

Minimum of Ten experiments to be conducted All experiments are based upon 741 / TL 082/ASLK Kits.

- 1. Study the characteristics of negative feedback amplifier (CO1)
- 2. Summing and Subtractor Amplifier (CO2)
- 3. Design of an instrumentation amplifier (CO2)
- 4. Study the characteristics of regenerative feedback system with extension to design an Astable multi vibrator (CO1)
- 5. Study the characteristics of integrator circuit (CO1)
- 6. Design of Analog filters I(CO3)
- 7. Design of Analog filters II(CO3)
- 8. DC-DC Converter (CO4)
- 9. Design of a function generator (CO4)
- 10. Design of a Voltage Controlled Oscillator (CO5)
- 11. Design of a Phase Locked Loop (PLL) (CO5)
- 12. Design of a low drop out regulator (CO5)

Mapping of Course OutComes with Program Outcomes:

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	3										3
CO2	3	2	3										3
CO3	3	2	3										3
CO4	3	3		3									3
CO5	3	3		3									3

Correlation Matrix

	СО					Program Outcome	PO(s): Action verb and BTL	Level of Correlat
Expt. No.	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	Correlation	Action Verb	BTL	(PO)	(for PO1 to PO5)	ion (0-3)
		25%				PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
1,4,5	9	25%		Analyze	L4	PO2,	PO2: Formulate (L6)	1
						PO3	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
		1.0				PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
2,3	6	16. 7%		Evaluate	L5	PO2,	PO2: Formulate (L6)	2
		7 %0				PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3

		16.			PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
6,7	6	6%	Evaluate	L5	PO2,	PO2: Formulate (L6)	2
		0 70			PO3	PO3:Develop(L3)	3
		16.			PO1,	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
8,9	6	7%	Analyze	L4	PO2,	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
		7 70			PO4	PO4: Identify(L3)	3
10,11,1		25			PO1,	PO1: Apply(L3)	3
2	9		Analyze	L4	PO3,	PO2: Analyze(L4)	_
2		%			PO4	PO4: Identify(L3)	3
	36	100		•	_		
		%					

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the characteristics of negative feedback, regenerative feedback and ICs

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

PO3 Verbs: Develop(L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the performance of summing, subtracting and instrumentation amplifiers using op-amps.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO2 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium(2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop(L3)

CO3: Evaluate the steps in the design of Analog filters for the given specifications

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO3 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium(2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the performance of DC-DC Converter and Function Generator

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO5: Analyze the performance of Voltage Controlled Oscillator, Phase Locked Loop and Regulator.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Analyze(L4)

CO5 Action Verb level is same as PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

AK20-REGULATIONS

rear: III	Semester: 1 Branc	i: Common	Lonninon to an Branches					
Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	P	С			
20AHE9902	Principles of Effective Public Speaking	1	0	2	2			

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

Voor, III

1. Apply the knowledge of principles, concepts and skills learned in speech preparation.

Compaton I

- 2. Analyze the techniques of knowing audiences and in refining the speech
- 3. Understand the listening skills and styles in effective listening.
- 4. Analyze the diverse methods of speech in speech composition
- 5. Apply the supporting materials and presentation aids in speech preparation.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Apply	the knowledge of principles, concepts and skills learned	in speech preparation		L3
2	Analyze	the techniques of knowing audiences and	in refining the speech		L4
3	Understand	the listening skills and styles	in effective listening		L2
4	Analyze	the diverse methods of speech	in speech composition		L4
5	Apply	the supporting materials and presentation aids	in speech preparation		L3

Syllabus

Unit -1

Introduction to Public Speaking:

Basic communication concepts, processes – Models of Communication, concepts and principles of public speaking - Steps and methods of speech preparation.

Unit -2

Selecting Topic and Knowing your Audience:

Identifying sources; Tools and techniques for selecting and refining speech topics - Identifying speech purposes - Central idea statement - Audience analysis techniques.

Unit - 3

Listening with a purpose:

Effective listening, the listening process, and types of listening; Listening barriers; Identifying and improving listening styles.

Unit - 4

Speaking with a purpose:

 $Methods\ of\ speech\ preparation\ -\ Informative,\ persuasive,\ and\ ceremonial\ speeches.$

Unit -5

Delivering your speech and using Visual Aids:

The mechanics of verbal and nonverbal communication in speech delivery - Effective delivery techniques - Incorporating presentation aids in presentation.

References:

- 1. DeVito, J.A. (2009). The Essential Elements of Public Speaking. (3rd ed.) Boston: Pearson Education, Inc.
- 2. Lucas, S.E. (2009). The Art of Public Speaking. (10th ed.) New York: McGraw Hill Co.
- 3. Zarefsky, D. (2011). Public Speaking: Strategies for Success. (6th ed. Boston: Pearson Education, Inc).

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1									2				
2									3				
3									2				
4									3				
5									2				

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percenta contact h the total contact h	ge of ours plann	over	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1				Apply	L3	9	Thumb Rule	2
2				Analyze	L4	9	Thumb Rule	3
3				Understand	L2	9	Thumb Rule	2
4				Analyze	L4	9	Thumb Rule	3
5				Apply	L3	9	Thumb Rule	2

Justification Statements:

CO1: Apply the knowledge of principles, concepts and skills learned in speech preparation.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is Apply of BTL3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO2: Analyze the techniques of knowing audiences and in refining the speech

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is Analyze of BTL4. Using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3).

CO3: Understand the listening skills and styles in effective listening.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is Apply of BTL 3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2)

CO4: Analyze the diverse methods of speech in speech composition.

CO4 Action Verb is Evaluate of BTL5. Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO6 to PO11 as high (3)

CO5: Apply the supporting materials and presentation aids in speech preparation.

CO5 Action Verb is Apply of BTL3. Using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2)

AK20-REGULATIONS

Year: III	Semester: 1	Branc	n of	Study	7: ECE
Subject Code	Subject Name	L	Т	P	Credits
20AMC9904	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	3	0	0	0

Course Outcomes (CO): After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **Understand** the sustained happiness through identifying the essentials of human values and
- CO2. Understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional
- CO3. Understand the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global
- CO4. Understand the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.
- CO5. Understand appropriate technologies and management patterns to create harmony in professional and personal life.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the sustained happiness	through identifying the essentials of human values and skills		L2
2	Understand	the importance of Values and Ethics		in their personal lives and professional careers.	L2
3	Understand	the rights and responsibilities	as an employee, team member and a global citizen.		L2
4	Understand	the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.			L2
5	Understand	appropriate technologies and management patterns		to create harmony in professional and personal life.	L2

UNIT-I		9Hrs						
Introduction to Human Value	Introduction to Human Values: Need, basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education, Self							
Exploration-' Natural Accepta	ance 'and Experiential Validation. Continuous Happiness and Prosp	perity						
-A look at basic Human Ası	pirations. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities	es.						
Understanding Happiness and	Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly.							
UNIT-II		9Hrs						

Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society: Harmony in Human - Human Relationship: Understanding harmony in the Family the basic unit of human interaction. Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its fulfillment to ensure Ubhay- tripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect(Samman) as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family). Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society-Undivided Society (Akhand Samaj), Universal Order(Sarvabhaum Vyawastha)- from family to world family!

UNIT-III 9Hrs	
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Introduction to Professional Ethics: Basic Concepts, Governing Ethics, Personal& Professional Ethics, Ethical Dilemmas, Life Skills, Emotional Intelligence, Thoughts of Ethics, Value Education, Dimensions of Ethics, Profession and professionalism, Professional Associations, Professional Risks, Professional Accountabilities, Professional Success, Ethics and Profession.

UNIT-IV 9Hrs

Professional Practices in Engineering: Work Place Rights & Responsibilities, Professions and Norms of Professional Conduct, Norms of Professional Conductives. Profession; Responsibilities, Obligations and

Moral Values in Professional Ethics, Professional codes of ethics, the limits of predict ability and responsibilities of the engineering profession. Central Responsibilities of Engineers—The Centrality of Responsibilities of Professional Ethics; lessons from 1979 American Airlines DC-10 Crash and Kansas City Hyatt Regency Walk away Collapse.

UNIT-V 9Hrs

Global issues in Professional Ethics: Introduction—Current Scenario, Technology Globalization of MNCs, International Trade, World Summits, Issues, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance, Sustainable Development Ecosystem, Energy Concerns, Ozone Depletion, Pollution, Ethics in Manufacturing and Marketing, Media Ethics, War Ethics, Bio Ethics, Intellectual Property Rights.

Textbooks:

- 1. R.R.Gaur, RSangal, GPBagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics.
- 2. Professional Ethics: R.Subramanian, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 3. Ethics in Engineering Practice& Research, Caroline Whitbeck, 2e, Cambridge University Press 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Prof. K. V. Subba Raju, 2013, Success Secrets for Engineering Students, Smart Student Publications, 3rd Edition.
- 2. IvanIIIich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and Harper Collins, USA
- 3.Engineering Ethics, Concepts Cases: Charles E Harris Jr., Michael S Pritcha Michael J Rabins, 4e, Cengage learning, 2015.
- 4. Business Ethics concepts & Cases: Manuel G Velasquez, 6e, PHI, 2008.

Online Learning Resources:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9LSEBK03CiY&list=PLysZquKdjuWSv87TaE7pByn5TE_e46O2C

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

СО	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1											2		
2							2	2					
3						2		2	2				
4						2	2	2	2				
5							2				2		

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

CO-PO mapping justification:

СО	Percentage of contact hours over the total planned contact hours Lesson % corr		CO	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)	
	Plan (Hrs)	70	COII	Verb				
1	8	27	2	Understand	L2	PO11	Thumb Rule	2
2	8	26	2	Understand	L2	PO7, PO8	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
3	4	13	2	Understand	L2	PO6, PO8, PO9	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2 2
4	5	17	2	Understand	L2	P06, P07, P08, P09,	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2 2 2
5	5	17	2	Understand	L2	PO7, PO11	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2

CO1: Understand sustained happiness through identifying the essentials of human values and skills. **Action Verb: Understand (L2)**

CO1 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO3: Understand the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen. **Action Verb: Understand (L2)**

CO3 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO4: Understand the importance of trust, mutually satisfying human behavior and enriching interaction with nature.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO5: Understand appropriate technologies and management patterns to create harmony in professional and personal life.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

 ${\sf CO5}$ Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using Thumb rule, L2 correlates PO6 to PO11 as moderate (2).

CO5 Action Verb is understand of BTL 2. Using action verb apply, L2 correlates PO5 as low (1).

VI Semester (B.Tech –III year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Но	Hours per week		Credits	Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)		
				L	T/CLC	P		CIE	SEE	Total
			Theory							
1	PCC	20APC0418	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
2	PCC	20APC0419	Digital Signal Processing	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
3	PCC	20APC0420	Microwave and Optical Communications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
4	PEC(MOOCS)	20APE0404	Low Power VLSI Circuits and Systems	2	1	0	3	30	70	100
•	120(112333)	20APE0405	MEMS and Microsystems		1					
		20APE0406	VLSI physical Design							
5	PCC	20APC0421	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
6	PCC	20APC0422	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC	20APC0423	Microwave and Optical Communications Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SOC	20ASA0501	Basics of Cloud Computing	1	0	2	2	100	-	100
9	MC	20AMC9903	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	0	30	-	30
			TOTAL	<u> </u>			18.5	340	490	830
Interns	$\mathbf{Ship} \ \overline{2 \ \mathbf{Months}} \ (\mathbf{M}$	(andatory) duri	ing summer vacation				-			

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

		nemes in a commentation and the (202)				
Course Code	Year & Sem	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	L	T/CLC	P	C
20APC0418	III-II	(common to ECE and EEE)	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the basic concepts of 8085 architecture and Instruction set
- CO2: **Understand** the architecture details of 8086 processor.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

- CO3: **Apply** various Instructions in assembly language programs by using 8086 Instruction set . CO4: **Analyze** the architectural features of different MSP 430 family processors.
- CO5: Evaluate the operational behavior of peripheral devices by using low power modes

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The basic concepts of 8085 architecture and Instruction set			L2
CO2	Understand	the architecture details of 8086 processor			L2
CO3	Apply	various Instructions in	Assembly language programs	By using 8086 instruction set	L3
CO4	Analyze	The architectural features of different MSP 430 family processors			L4
CO5	Evaluate	the operational behaviour of peripheral devices	By using Low power modes of MSP 430		L5

	peripl	neral devices	of MSP 430			
UNIT - I						10Hrs
OVERVIEW OF S	ROSS MICRO	PROCESSOR · Over	view of microcomputer syst	ems and the	eir huilding blocks	
			modes, Instruction set, Mac			
UNIT - II		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	10Hrs
INTRODUCTION	TO 8086: I	ntroduction-8086 Ar	chitecture-Block Diagram, R	egister Orga	nization, Flag Regi	ster, Pin Diagram,
O	0 /	, ,	ams, Memory Segmentation,	Interrupt st	tructure of 8086 a	nd Interrupt Vector
	rganization a	and memory banks a	accessing.			1
UNIT - III						15Hrs
PROGRAMMING	OF 8086: 1	nstruction Formats	-Addressing Modes-Instruc	tion Set of	8086, Assembler I	Directives- Macros
Procedures Sor ALPs.	ting, Multipl	ication, Division and	multi byte arithmetic code	conversion.	String Manipulation	on instructions-Sin
UNIT - IV						14Hrs
INTRODUCTION	TO LOW P	OWER RISC MSP 43	30: Low power RISC MSP43	0 – block d	iagram, features a	nd architecture.
			MSP430x4x, MSP430x5x and			
		odes, Instruction set m on MSP430 micro	Memory address space, on- controller.	chip periph	erals (analog and d	ligital), and Registe
UNIT - V						14Hrs
PERIPHERAL DE	VICES OF M	ISP 430: I/O ports	pull up/down resistors co	oncepts, Int	errupts, Watchdog	timer. System
			er modes, Active Vs Standby			
(RTC), timing gent transfer using DN		measurements. Ana	log interfacing and data acc	quisition: AE	OC and Comparator	in MSP430, data
Textbooks:						
1. R. S. Gaonkar, Mi	croprocessor A	Architecture: Programn	ning and Applications with the 8	085/8080A, I	Penram International	Publishing, 1996.
2. Douglas V. Hall,	"Microproce	ssors and interfacing	g: Programming and hardwar	e", 2nd Edit	ion. Tata McGraw Hill	, 1991.
3. "Microprocessor	and Microco	ntrollers", N. Senthil	Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeeva	nath Oxford	Publishers. 1st Editi	on, 2010
Reference Books:						
 Microprocessors 3rdEdition,1994. 	and Interfac	ing – Programming an	d Hardware by Douglas V Hal	l, SSSP Rao, T	Гаta McGraw Hill Ed	ucation Private Limi
,	A K Ray, Adv	anced Microprocessors	and Peripherals, 3rd edition, Mo	Graw Hill Edu	ucation, 2017.	
3. Raj Kamal, Micro	controllers: A	rchitecture, Programmi	ng, Interfacing and System Desig	gn, 2nd editio	n, Pearson, 2012.	

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2		2									2	
CO2	2	3	2									2	
CO3	3	3	3									3	
CO4	3			3								3	
CO5	3		3	3							1	3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	10	16%	2	Understand	L2	PO1, PO3,	PO1: Apply (L3) PO3: Develop (L3)	2 2
2	10	16%	2	Understand	L2	PO1,PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Review(L2) PO3: Apply(L3)	2 3 2
3	15	23%	3	Apply	L3	P01,P02, P03	PO1:Apply PO2:Identify(L3) PO3:Develop (L3)	3 3 3
4	14	22%	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4	PO1:Apply PO4:Analyze(L4)	3 3
5	14	22%	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1,PO3, PO4,PO11	P01:Apply(L3) P03:Develop(L3) P04:Analyze(L4) P011: Thumb's rule	3 3 3 2
	63	100%						

Justification Statements:

 $\textbf{CO1: Understand} \ \ \text{the basic} \ \ \ \text{concepts of 8085 architecture and Instruction set}$

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one levels; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the characteristics and features of 8086 processor.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze different MSP 430 family processors using low power design implementation.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the operational behavior of peripheral devices by using low power modes.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO3 verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb therefore the correlation is high (3). PO4 verb: Analyze (L4) $\,$

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO 11: CO5 Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO11 as moderate (2).

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Digital Signal processing	L	T/CLC		С
20APC0419	III-II	Digital digital processing	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Analyze the discrete time signals and systems in time and frequency domains.
- CO2. Apply the Fast Fourier Transform algorithms for efficient computation of DFT.
- CO3. Analyze the steps in the design of analog and digital filters for the given specifications
- CO4.Evaluate the realizations of digital IIR and FIR filters by using various structures.
- CO5. Analyze the interpolation and decimation in multirate digital signal processing and applications

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the discrete time signals and systems	in time and frequency domains		L4
CO2	Apply	the Fast Fourier Transform algorithms	for efficient computation of DFT		L3
CO3	Analyze	the steps in the design of analog and digital filters		for the given specifications	L4
CO4	Evaluate	the realizations of digital IIR and FIR filters	by using various structures		L5
CO5	Analyze	the interpolation and decimation		in multirate digital signal processing	L4

UNIT - I		21Hrs
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Introduction to DSP

Review of discrete-time signals and systems - Time domain analysis of discrete-time signals & systems, Frequency domain analysis of discrete-time signals and systems.

Discrete Fourier Transform: Frequency-domain sampling and reconstruction of discrete- time signals, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), The DFT as a linear transformation, Relationship of the DFT to other transforms, Properties of DFT, Frequency analysis of signals using the DFT.

UNIT - II 12Hrs

Fast Fourier Transform

Efficient computation of the DFT – Direct computation of DFT, Divide and conquer approach to computation of DFT, Radix-2, Radix-4, and Split radix FFT algorithms, Implementation of FFT algorithms, Applications of FFT algorithms – Efficient computation of the DFT of two real sequences, 2N point real sequences, Use of the FFT algorithm in linear filtering and correlation, Quantization errors in the computation of DFT.

UNIT - III 19Hrs

Analog & Digital Filters

General considerations – Causality and its implications, Characteristics of practical Frequency Selective Filters, Design of Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filters – Symmetric and asymmetric FIR filters, Design of linear phase FIR filters using windows, Design of linear phase FIR filters by the frequency sampling method, Comparison of design methods for linear phase FIR filters, Design of Impulse Invariance Response (IIR) filters from analog filters – IIR filter design by approximation of derivatives, by Impulse invariance, and by bilinear transformation methods, Characteristics of commonly used analog filters, Design examples of both FIR and IIR filters, Frequency transformation in the analog and digital domains, Illustrative problems.

UNIT - IV 12Hrs

Realization of Filters

Structures for the realization of discrete-time systems, Structures for FIR systems - Direct form, Cascade form, Linear Phase Realization and Lattice structures, Structures for IIR systems – Direct form, Signal flow graphs & Transposed, Cascade form Parallel form and Lattice structures, lattice – Ladder structure.

UNIT - V 11Hrs

Multirate DSP

Introduction, Decimation, and interpolation, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor, Implementation of sampling rate onversion, Multistage implementation of sampling rate conversion, Sampling rate conversion of band pass signals, Sampling rate conversion by arbitrary factor, Applications of multirate signal processing.

Textbooks:

- 1. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital signal processing, principles, Algorithms and applications," Pearson Education/PHI, 4th ed., 2007.
- 2. Sanjit K Mitra, "Digital signal processing, A computer base approach," Tata

McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. A.V.Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, PHI.
- 2. MH Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, Schaum's Outline series, TATA Mc-Graw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris, Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing using Matlab, Thomson, 2007.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3		2		2						3	
CO2	3	3	3								2	3	
CO3	3		3	1		2						3	
CO4	3	2	3			2						3	
CO5	3	3			1	2					2	3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	21	28%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4 PO6	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO4:Identitify (L5) PO6:Thumb rule	3 3 2 2
2	12	16%	2	Apply	L3	PO1, PO2, PO3 PO11	P01: Apply (L3) P02:Identify(L3) P03:Develop(L3) P011:Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
3	19	25%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO3, PO4, PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3:Develop(L3) PO4: Design(L6) PO6:Thumb rule	3 3 1 2
4	12	16%	3	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3 PO6	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2:Formulate(L6) PO3:Develop(L3) PO6: Thumb rule	3 2 3 2
5	11	15%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6, PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO5: Create (L6) PO6:Thumb rule PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 1 2 2
	75	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the discrete time signals and systems in time and frequency domains.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2) CO1 Action Verb is in the same level of less than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Identify(L5) CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by one levels. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2).

P06: C01 using Thumb rule, correlates P06 as medium (2).

CO2: Apply the Fast Fourier Transform algorithms for efficient computation of DFT Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO2 Action Verb is equal to the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify(L3) CO2 Action Verb is in the same level of PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3) CO2 Action Verb is same level PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

P011: C02 using Thumb rule, correlates P011 as medium (2).

CO3: Analyze the steps in the design of analog and digital filters for the given specifications. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO3 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)CO3 Action Verb level is in the same level of PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Design(L6)CO3 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is high (1).

PO6: CO3 using Thumb rule, correlates PO6 as medium (2).

CO4: Evaluate the realizations of digital IIR and FIR filters by using various structures.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3) CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Formulate (L6) CO4 Action Verb level is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3) CO4 Action Verb is greater than the PO3 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

PO6: CO4 using Thumb rule, correlates PO6 as medium (2).

${ m CO5:}$ Analyze the interpolation and decimation in multirate digital signal processing and applications. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO5 Action verb is less than the PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (3).

PO4 verb: Identify (L3)CO5 Action verb is greater than the PO4 verb . Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 verb: create (L6)CO5 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is low (1)

PO6: CO5 using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO6 as medium (2).

PO11: CO5 using Thumb rule, correlates PO11 as medium (2).

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code Year & Se	Microwave and Optical communications	L	T/CLC	P	С
20APC0420 III-II	(Common to ECE and EEE)	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the different fields in rectangular waveguides and principles of Gunn diode.

CO2: **Evaluate** S parameters of different waveguide components

CO3: **Analyze** the operation of O type tubes and measure different parameters of microwave test bench setup.

CO4: Understand the fundamental concepts of Optical fibre modes in various configurations **CO5: Analyze** the types of Optical sources, detectors, Fiber joining techniques and fiber components.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The different fields in rectangular waveguides and principles of Gunn diode			L2
CO2	Evaluate	S parameters of different waveguide components.			L5
CO3	Analyze	the operation of 0 type tubes and measure different parameters of microwave test bench setup.			L4
CO4	Understand	the fundamental concepts of Optical fibre modes		in various configurations	L2
CO5	Analyze	the types of Optical sources, detectors, Fiber joining techniques and fiber components.			L4

UNIT - I		12Hrs								
INTRODUCTION: Microwave spectrum and bands, applications of Microwaves. Rectangular Waveguides - Solution of Wave Equation in Rectangular Coordinates, TE/TM mode analysis, Expressions for fields, dominant and degenerate modes, Mode characteristics- Phase and Group velocities, wavelengths and impedance relations, Gunn diode- principles, RWH theory.										
UNIT – II	UNIT - II 20Hrs									
WAVEGUIDE COMPONENTS AND APPLICATIONS: Coupling mechanisms- probe, loop. Wave guide discontinuities-waveguide Windows, tuning screws and posts, matched loads. Waveguide attenuators-										

WAVEGUIDE COMPONENTS AND APPLICATIONS: Coupling mechanisms- probe, loop. Wave guide discontinuities-waveguide Windows, tuning screws and posts, matched loads. Waveguide attenuators-resistive card, rotary vane Attenuators; waveguide phase shifters-dielectric, rotary vane phase shifters. Wave guide multiport junctions and scattering parameters-E plane and H plane Tees, Magic Tee, Directional couplers-2-hole, Bothe hole types.

UNIT - III 14Hrs

MICROWAVETUBE: Limitations and losses of conventional tubes at microwave frequencies. O type tubes: 2 cavity klystrons - structure, Applegate diagram, velocity modulation process, bunching process. Reflex Klystrons - structure, Applegate diagram, Velocity Modulation, mathematical theory of bunching.

MICROWAVE MEASUREMENTS: Description of Microwave bench-different blocks and their features, errors and precautions, Measurement of attenuation, Power, low and high VSWR, impedance.

UNIT – IV		10Hrs									
INTRODUCTION TO C	PTICAL FIBERS: Evolution of fiber optic system, element of an	Optical Fiber									
Transmission link, Ray Optics, optical Fiber Modes and Configurations, Mode theory of Circular											
Waveguides, Single Mode and Multimode Mode Fiber structures.											
UNIT – V		16Hrs									

OPTICAL FIBER SOURCES AND RECEIVERS

Direct and indirect band gap structures, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Structures, Laser Diode structures, PIN and APD, Fiber to Fiber Joints, Fiber Splicing, Fiber Connectors. Optical Isolators and Circulators.

Textbooks:

- 1. Microwavedevices and circuits-SamuelY. Liao, Pearson, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- 2. Microwaveprinciples-Herbert J. Reich, J. G. Skalnik, P. F. Ordung and H. L. Krauss, CBS publishers and distributors, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. GerdKeiser, "OpticalFiberCommunication" McGraw-

HillInternational, Singapore, 3rded., 2000.

Reference Books:

- 1. Microwave Engineering David M. Pozar, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., 1989, 3r ed., 2011 Reprint.
- 2. Microwave Engineering G.S. Raghuvanshi, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 3. Electronic Communication System George Kennedy, 6th Ed., McGrawHill.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	2
CO2	3	3	2									3	3
CO3	3	3	1									3	3
CO4	2	3										2	2
CO5	3	3	1									3	3

Correlation Matrix

Uni	CO					Program	PO(s)	Level of
t No.	Lesson plan(Hr s)	%	Correlati on	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcome (PO)	:Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlati on (0-3)
1	12	17%	1	Understand	L2	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2)	3
2	20	27%	3	Evaluate	L5	P01,P02, P03	P01: Apply (L3) P02: Identify (L3) P03: Design (L6)	3 3 2
3	14	20%	2	Analyze	L4	P01,P02,P 03	PO1:Apply (L3) PO2:Identif y	3 3 1

							(L3) PO3:Design (L6)	
4	10	14%	1	Understand	L2	P01, P02	PO1:Apply (L3) PO2:Review (L2)	2 3
5	16	22%	3	Analyze	L4	P01,P02, P03	PO1:Apply (L3) PO2:Review (L2) PO3:Design (L6)	3 3 1
	72	100 %						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand different fields in rectangular waveguides and principles of Gunn diode.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate(2).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate S parameters of different wave guide junctions.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO1 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is higher than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2)

CO3: Analyze the operation of O type tubes and measure different parameters of microwave test bench setup.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is higher than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is higher than PO2 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is low (1) CO4:

Understand the fundamental concepts of Optical fibre modes in various configurations

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is equal to PO2 action verb; therefore correlation is high (3)

CO5: Analyze the types of Optical sources, detectors and their working principles.

Action Verb: Apply (L4)PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is higher than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3)

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is higher than PO2 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2level; therefore correlation is Low(1)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & sem		L	T	P	С
20APC0421	III-II	MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS LAB	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the execution of assembly language program using MASM software
- CO2: Evaluate Arithmetic and Logical operations using 8086 processor.
- CO3: Evaluate sorting and string operations using 8086 processor.
- CO4: Analyze interfacing of various I/O devices using MSP 430.
- CO5: Analyze MSP 430 operations in various Low power modes.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the execution of assembly language program	using MASM software		L2
CO2	Evaluate	Arithmetic and Logical operations	using 8086 processor		L5
CO3	Evaluate	sorting and string operations	using 8086 processor		L5
CO4	Analyze	interfacing of various I/O devices		using MSP 430	L4
CO5	Analyze	MSP 430 operations in		various Low power modes.	L4

Minimum of Ten experiments to be conducted (Five from each Part- A&B) Part A: 8086 Microprocessor Programs using MASM/8086 microprocessor kit.

- 1. Introduction to MASM Programming. (CO1)
- 2. Programs using arithmetic and logical operations (CO2)
- 3. Programs using ASCII arithmetic operations (CO2)
- 4. Programs for code conversion(CO2)
- 5. Sorting of the given numbers(CO2)
- 6. String operations(CO3)

Part B: Embedded C Experiments using MSP430 Microcontroller

- 1. Interfacing and programming GPIO ports in C using MSP430 (blinking LEDs, push buttons) (CO4)
- 2. Usage of Low Power Modes: (Use MSPEXP430FR5969 as hardware platform and demonstrate the low power modes and measure the active mode and standby modecurrent) **(CO5)**
- 3. Interrupt programming examples through GPIOs (CO4)
- 4. Interfacing potentiometer with MSP430 (CO4)
- 5. Using ULP advisor in Code Composer Studio on MSP430 (CO5)
- 6. Low Power modes and Energy trace++ (CO5)

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2		2	1	2								2
CO2	3	3	3	3	3								3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3								3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3								3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3								3

S.No	Course Outcomes(20)	Program Outcome	PO(s) :Action Verb and	Level of Correlation (0-
	Co's Action verb	BTL	(PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	3)
1	Understand	L2	P01, P03,P04,P05	PO1: Apply (L3) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4:Analyze(L4) PO5:Apply(L3)	2 2 1 2
2	Evaluate	L5	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO4,PO5	P01: Apply (L3) P02:Identify(L3) P03: Develop (L3) P04:Analyze(L4) P05:Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3 3
3	Evaluate	L5	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO4,PO5	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2:Identify(L3) PO3: Develop (L3)	3 3 3

				PO4:Analyze(L4) PO5:Apply(L3)	3 3
4	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO4,PO5	P01: Apply (L3) P02:Identify(L3) P03: Develop (L3) P04:Analyze(L4) P05:Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3 3
5	Analyze	L4	P01,P02, P03,P04,P05	P01: Apply (L3) P02:Identify(L3) P03: Develop (L3) P04:Analyze(L4) P05:Apply(L3)	3 3 3 3 3

Justification Statements:

CO 1: Understand the execution of assembly language program using MASM software Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two level Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO1Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2)

CO 2: Evaluate Arithmetic and Logical operations using 8086 processor.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3) Po2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO2Action Verb is equal PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2Action Verb is equal PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO 3: Evaluate sorting and string operations using 8086 processor.

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

Po2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3Action Verb is equal PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO3Action Verb is equal PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO 4: Analyze interfacing of various I/O devices using MSP 430.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

Po2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO4Action Verb is equal PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO4Action Verb is equal PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

CO 5 Analyze MSP 430 operations in various Low power modes.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

Po2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5Action Verb is equal PO2 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5Action Verb is equal PO4 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3)

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS) AK20-REGULATIONS

B. Tech III Year VI Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
20APC0422	DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Analyze the power or energy of a discrete time sequence.
- **CO2:** Evaluate the convolution and correlation of discrete time sequences.
- **CO3:** Apply the Fourier Transform to discrete time sequences for finding it's spectrum.
- **CO4:** Analyze the steps in the design of analog filters for the given specifications.
- **CO5:** Analyze the steps in the design of digital filters for the given specifications

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms Level
1.	Analyze	the power or energy of a discrete time sequence			L4
2.	Evaluate	the convolution and correlation of discrete time sequences.			L5
3.	Apply	the Fourier Transform to discrete time sequences	-	for finding it's spectrum	L3
4.	Analyze	the steps in the design of analog filters	for the given specifications.		L4
5	Analyze	the steps in the design of digital filters	for the given specifications		L4

List of Experiments: (Minimum of 5 experiments are to be conducted from each part)

Software Experiments

(Part - A)

- 1. Power or Energy of a discrete time sequence (CO1)
- 2. Convolution & Correlation of discrete time sequences(.CO2)
- 3. DTFT of a discrete time signal/sequence(CO3)
- 4. N Point Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm(CO3)
- 5. Design of Analog filters and verify the frequency response(CO4)
- 6. Design of Digital IIR filters and verify the frequency response(CO5)
- 7. Design of Digital FIR filters using Windowing Technique(CO5)

Using DSP Processor kits (Floating point) and Code Composure Studio (CCS)

(Part - B)

- 1. Power or Energy of a discrete time sequence.(CO1)
- 2. Convolution & Correlation of discrete time sequences(CO2)
- 3. DTFT of a discrete time signal/sequence(CO3)
- 4. N Point Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm(CO3)
- 5. Design of Analog filters and verify the frequency response(CO4)
- 6. Design of Digital IIR filters and verify the frequency response(CO5)
- 7. Design of Digital FIR filters using Windowing Technique(CO5)

Equipment/Software Required:

1 Licensed MATLABORATORY software with required toolboxes for 30users. 2 DSP floating Processor Kits with Code Composure Studio (8nos.) Function Generators CROs

Regulated Power Supplies.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

Course Title	Cos/POs	PO 1	P0 2	РО3	PO 4	PO 5	P0 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PSO1	PSO 2
Digital	CO1	3	1		3									3
Digital Signal	CO2	3	2		3									3
Processing Laboratory	CO3	3		3	2									3
	CO4	3		3	3									3
	CO5	3		3	3									3

Correlation Matrix

	CO					Program	PO(s): Action verb	Level of
Expt. No.	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	Correlatio n	Action Verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	ion (0-3)
A1,B1	6	14.3%		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 1 3
A2,B2	6	14.3%		Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4)	3 2 3
A3,A4 B3,B4	12	28.5%		Apply	L3	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply (L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 2
A5,B5	6	14.4%		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3
A6,A7, B6,B7	12	28.5%		Analyze	L4	PO1, PO3, PO4	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Develop(L3) PO4: Analyze (L4)	3 3 3
	42	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Analyze the characteristics of negative feedback, regenerative feedback and ICs Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the convolution and correlation of discrete time sequences.

Action Verb: Evaluate(L5)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (1).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO1 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

CO3: Apply the Fourier Transform to discrete time sequences for finding it's spectrum

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is same as the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop(L3)

CO3 Action Verb is in the same level of the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action Verb is less than the PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

CO4: Analyze the steps in the design of analog filters for the given specifications

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb level is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO5: Analyze the steps in the design of digital filters for the given specifications

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb level is more than the PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is same as the PO4 verb. Therefore, correlation is high (3).

ANNAMACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES, TIRUPATI (AUTONOMOUS)AK20-REGULATIONS

Course Code	Year & sem		L	Т	P	С
20APC0423	III-II	Microwave and optical communications Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the Characteristics of Reflex Klystron

CO2: Evaluate the V-I Characteristics of Gunn Diode

 $\textbf{CO3:} \ \ \textbf{Analyze the performance of Reflex Klystron using Directional Coupler, Fixed and Variable}$

Attenuator.

CO4: Evaluate the parameters of LED and LASER from its V-I characteristics.

CO5: Evaluate the parameters of Analog and Digital Optical Fiber Communication link.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Analyze	the Characteristics of Reflex Klystron			L4
CO2	Evaluate	the V-I Characteristics of Gunn Diode			L5
CO3	Analyze	the performance of Reflex Klystron using Directional Coupler, Fixed and Variable Attenuator.			L4
CO4	Evaluate	the parameters of LED and LASER from its V-I characteristics.			L5
CO5	Evaluate	the parameters of Analog and Digital Optical Fiber Communication link.			L5

Microwave Laboratory (PART - A) --- Any Six (6) Experiments

- 1. Reflex Klystron Mode Characteristics.(CO1)
- 2. Reflex Klystron Voltage Characteristics.(CO1)
- 3. Gunn Diode Characteristics.(CO2)
- 4. Fixed Attenuation Measurement.(CO2)
- 5. Variable attenuation measurement(CO2)
- 6. Directional Coupler Characteristics.(CO3)
- 7. Frequency and Wavelength measurements using slotted section. (CO3)

Optical Fiber Laboratory (PART - B) --- Any four (4) Experiments

- 1. Characterization of LED.(CO4)
- 2. Characterization of Laser Diode.(CO4)
- 3. Measurement of Numerical Aperture of the given fiber.(CO5)
- 4. Measurement of Data rate for Digital Optical link.(CO5)
- 5. Measurement of losses for Analog Optical link.(CO5)

Equipment required for Laboratory:

- 1. Regulated Klystron Power Supply 6 nos.
- 2. VSWR Meter 6 nos.
- 3. Milli/Micro Ammeters 10 nos.
- 4. Multi meters 10 nos.
- 5. CROs 8 nos.
- 6. GUNN Power Supply, Pin Moderator4 nos.
- 7. Relevant Microwave components --
- 8. Fiber Optic Analog Trainer based LED3 nos.
- 9. Fiber Optic Analog Trainer based laser2nos.
- 10. Fiber Optic Digital Trainer 1 no.
- 11. Fiber cables (Plastic, Glass)

Mapping of Course Outcomes With Program Outcomes:

		Program Outcomes POs												
Course Title	COs	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO1 0	PO 11	PSO1	PSO2
Microwave and	CO1	3	3	1	3								3	3
Optical	CO2	3	3	2	3								3	3
Communications	CO3	3	3	1	3								3	3
Lab	CO4	3	3	2	3								3	3
	CO5	3	3	2	3								3	3

Correlation matrix

S.No	Program Outcome	(PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Co's Action verb	BTL			
1	Analyze	L4	P01,P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3: Design (L6)	1
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
2	Evaluate	L5	P01,P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3: Design (L6)	2
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
3	Analyze	L4	P01,P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3: Design (L6)	1
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
4	Evaluate	L5	P01,P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3: Design (L6)	2
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3
5	Evaluate	L5	P01,P02,P03,P04	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				PO2: Review (L2)	3
				PO3: Design (L6)	2
				PO4: Analyze (L4)	3

CO Statements:

CO1: Analyze the Characteristics of Reflex Klystron

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Evaluate the V-I Characteristics of Gunn Diode

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 2level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 3level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO4 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Analyze the performance of Reflex Klystron using Directional Coupler, Fixed and Variable Attenuator.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

 ${\tt CO3\ Action\ Verb\ is\ greater\ than\ PO2\ action\ verb\ by\ 1\ level\ therefore\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).}$

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO3 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is low (1).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 action verb therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Evaluate the parameters of LED and LASER from its V-I characteristics.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 3 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO4 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).

CO5: Evaluate the parameters of Analog and Digital Optical Fiber Communication link.

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 action verb by 2 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Review (L2)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 action verb by 3 level therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Design (L6)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO3 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO4 action verb by 1 level therefore correlation is high (3).



Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the various basic concepts related to cloud computing technologies.

CO2: **Understand** the cloud architecture and service delivery models

CO3: **Analyze** the need for cloud service providers in a cloud environment.

CO4: **Design** the various virtualization tools such as Virtual Box, VMware workstation.

CO5: Analyze the security issues in cloud services and disaster management

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	various basic concepts related		to cloud computing technologies	L2
CO2	Understand	cloud architecture and service delivery models			L2
CO3	Analyze	the need for cloud service providers		in a cloud environment	L4
CO4	Design	the various virtualization tools such as Virtual Box, VMware workstation			L6
CO5	Analyze	the security issues in cloud services and disaster management			L4

UNIT I:

Cloud Computing Fundamentals: Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud computing, a Service Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models, Challenges Ahead, and Historical Developments.

- 1. To study in detail about cloud computing.
- 2. Working of Google Drive to make spreadsheet and notes.
- 3. Installation and Configuration of Just cloud.
- 4. Working in Cloud9 to demonstrate different language.

UNIT II:

Cloud Architecture, programming model: NIST reference architecture, architectural styles of cloud applications, deployment models-public, private, hybrid, community; Types of cloud computing: utility computing, cluster; computing Cloud services: Amazon, Google, Azure, online services Applications of cloud computing

- 1. Install Google App Engine. Create hello world app and other simple web applications using Python/java.
- 2. Deployment and Configuration options in Google Cloud
- 3. Deployment and Configuration options in Microsoft Azure

UNIT III:

Cloud Service Models: Defining Clouds for the Enterprise- Storage-as-a-Service, Databases- as-Service, Platform-as-a-Service, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Infrastructure-as-a-Service. Pros and Cons of IaaS, Software as a Service, Pros and Cons of SaaS, Other Cloud Service Models.

Programs on SaaS

- 1. Create an word document of your class time table and store locally and on the cloud with doc,andpdf format . (use www.zoho.com anddocs.google.com)
- 2. Create a spread sheet which contains employee salary information and calculate gross and total sal using the formula DA=10% OF BASIC HRA=30% OF BASIC PF=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=3000 12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>3000 TAX=10% OF BASIC IF BASIC<=1500 =11% OF BASIC IF BASIC>1500 AND BASIC<=2500 =12% OF BASIC IF BASIC>2500 (
- 3. use www.zoho.com and docs.google.com) NET_SALARY=BASIC_SALARY+DA+HRA-PF-TAX
- 4. Prepare a ppt on cloud computing –introduction, models, services, and architecture PPT should contain explanations, images and at least 20 pages (use www.zoho.com and docs.google.com)
- 5. Create your resume in a neat format using Google and zoho cloud

Programs on PaaS

- 1. Write a Google app engine program to generate n even numbers and deploy it to google cloud
- 2. Google app engine program multiply two matrices
- 3. Write a Google app engine program to display nth largest no from the given list of numbers and deploy it into Google cloud

UNIT IV:

Cloud resource virtualization: Basics of virtualization, types of virtualization techniques, merits and demerits of virtualization, Full vs. Para - virtualization, virtual machine monitor/hypervisor. Virtual machine basics, taxonomy of virtual machines, process vs. system virtual machines.

- 1. Install Virtual box/VMware Workstation with different flavours of Linux or windows OS on top of windows 7 or 8.
- 2. Install a C compiler in the virtual machine created using virtual box and executes Simple Programs

UNIT V:

Security: Disaster Recovery, Privacy Design, Data Security, Network Security, Compromise Response Disaster Recovery,

Disaster Recovery, Planning, Cloud Disaster Management.

Case Study: PAAS (Face book, Google App Engine), AWS Case Study: Amazon.com

Text Books:

- 1. Essentials of cloud Computing: K. Chandrasekhran, CRC press, 2014
- 2. Cloud Computing Web Based Applications That Change the way you Work and

Collaboratoryorate Online – Michael Miller, Pearson Education.

3. Cloud Application Architectures, 1st Edition by George Reese O'Reilly Media.

Reference Books:

- 1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011
- 2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.
- 3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, SubraKumaraswamy, ShahedLatif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp 2011.

Online Learning Resources:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105167

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	Trapping of course outcomes with program outcomes												
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2										3	
CO2	2	2			2							2	
CO3	2	2		3	1			1	1			2	
CO4	3			2	3			2				2	
CO5		1	1	3		1	1				1	2	2

Correlation matrix

Unit	lation matrix CO					Program	PO(s):Action Verb and	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correl ation	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcome (PO)	BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1				CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3)	2 2
2				CO2 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2 PO5	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify(L3) PO5: Apply(L3)	2 2 2 2
3				CO3 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO4 PO5 PO8 PO9	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Create(L6) PO8: Thumb rule PO9: Thumb rule	3 3 3 1 1
4				CO4 :Design	L6	PO3 PO4 PO5 PO8	PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Interpret(L5) PO5: Create(L6) PO8: Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
5				CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO6 PO7 PO11	PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3: Design (L6) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO6: Thumb rule PO7: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	1 1 3 1 1

Justification Statements:

 ${\bf CO1:} \ Understand \ the \ various \ basic \ concepts \ related \ to \ cloud \ computing \ technologies.$

Action Verb : Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb: Identify(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO2: Understand the cloud architecture and service delivery models

 $Action\ Verb: Understand (L2)$

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Identify(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Analyze the need for cloud service providers in a cloud environment

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action verb is same PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO5 verb by two levels. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud provider and consumers. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO9: Thumb rule

Effective communication is required, reports to be generated between cloud users and providers. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

CO4: Design the various virtualization tools such as Virtual Box, VMware workstation.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Interpret (L5)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO5: Create(L6)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud provider and consumers in multi disciplinary activities. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO5: Analyze the security issues in cloud services and disaster management

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO2: Formulate (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than two levels as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO3: Design (L6)

CO5 Action verb is less than two levels as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO6: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a cloud and providing services to cloud. Therefore the correlation is low(1)

PO7: Thumb rule

Team work is required between cloud consumers and providers. Hence the correlation is low (1)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of real world applications we use cloud services. Therefore the correlation is low (1)

AK20-REGULATIONS

Year: III Semester: II Branch: Common to All

Subject Code	Subject Name	L	T	P	Credits
20AMC9903	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	0

Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- CO1. Understand the multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies, various renewable and non-renewable resources.
- CO2. Understand the ecosystem and biodiversity to solve complex environmental problems
- CO3. Apply the various types of pollution, solid waste management, and related preventive measures
- CO4. Apply the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion, and wasteland reclamation.
- CO5. Analyze the population explosion and impact of environmental health issues on human being.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
1	Understand	the multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies, various renewable and non-renewable resources.			L2
2	Understand	the ecosystem and biodiversity	to solve complex environmental problems		L2
3	Apply	the various types of pollution, solid waste management, and related preventive measures			L3
4	Apply	the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion, and wasteland reclamation			L3
5	Analyze	the population explosion and impact of environmental health issues on human being.			L4

UNIT - I

Multidisciplinary Nature of **Environmental Studies:** Introduction — Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies — Definition, Scope and Importance — Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy resources –Natural resources and associated problems.

Forest resources: Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and sub-surface – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.

Energy resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy resources.

UNIT - II

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and functions of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem and Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries).

Biodiversity And Its Conservation : Introduction- Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity:

habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man — wildlife conflicts — Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Exsitu conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT - III

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Causes, effects and its control measures of: Air Pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, and Thermal pollution and Nuclear hazards.

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone, Tsunami and landslides.

UNIT - IV

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting and watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people – Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies–Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Public awareness.

UNIT - V

Human Population and the Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by Kaushik, New Age Publishers.
- 3. Environmental Studies by Sri Krishna Hitech publishing Pvt. Ltd.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Environmental studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- 3. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela Printice hall of India Private limited.
- 4. Environmental studies by A. Ravi Krishnan, G. Sujatha Sri Krishna Hitech publications.

Mapping of COs to POs and PSOs

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	PSO1	PSO2
1						2	2						
2							2						
3						2	2						
4						2	2						
5							2						

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation Matrix

CO	Percenta over the t contact h	otal plan		ours	СО		Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Register (Hrs)	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb BTL				
1	10	12	23	3	Understand	L2	P06, P07	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
2	15	15	28	3	Understand	L2	P07	Thumb Rule	2
3	8	8	15	2	Apply	L3	PO6 PO7	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
4	9	10	19	2	Apply	L3	PO6, PO7	Thumb Rule Thumb Rule	2 2
5	8	8	15	2	Analyze L4 P		P07	Thumb Rule	2
	50	53	100						

CO-PO mapping justification:

CO1: Understand the multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies, various renewable and nonrenewable resources.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

Using Thumb rule, CO1 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO2: Understand the ecosystem and biodiversity to solve complex environmental problems

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

Using Thumb rule, CO2 correlates PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO3: Apply the various types of pollution, solid waste management, and related preventive measures

Action Verb: APPLY (L3)

Using Thumb rule, CO3 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO4: Apply the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion, and wasteland reclamation.

Action Verb: APPLY (L3)

Using Thumb rule, CO4 correlates PO6 and PO7 as a moderate (2)

CO5: Analyze the population explosion and impact of environmental health issues on human being

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

Using Thumb rule,CO5 correlates PO7 as a moderate (2)

VII Semester (B.Tech –IV year)

S. No.	Category	Course Code	le Course Title		ours per w	eek	Credits	Scheme of Examination (Max. Marks)			
				L	T/CLC	P	C	CIE	SEE	Total	
			Theory								
1	PC	20APC0424	Pattern Recognition and Applications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20APE0407	Digital Image Processing								
2	PEC	20APE0408	Adaptive Signal Processing	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20APE0409	Television Engineering								
		20APE0410	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	2	1	0					
3	PEC	20APE0418	Sensors and IOT				3	30	70	100	
		20APE0412	RF Integrated Circuits								
		20APE0413	Radar Systems								
4	PEC(MOOCS)	20APE0414	Satellite Communications	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20APE0415	Wireless Communications								
		20APC0516	Computer Networks								
5	OEC	20APE0203	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20AOE0402	Bio Medical Instrumentation								
		20APC0502	Data Base Management Systems								
6	OEC	20APE0416	Computer System Architecture	2	1	0	3	30	70	100	
		20AOE0301	Robotics								
7	SOC	20ASA0401	Embedded Systems and Unmanned Aerial Vehicle	1	0	2	2	100	ı	100	
8	PR	20APR0401	Evaluation of Industry Internship (III-II Summer Internship)	0	0	0	3	100	-	100	
			TOTAL				23	380	420	800	

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

	DDDGTT	enies inte commentation Enumeration (Ecc)				
Course Code	Year & Sem	Pattern Recognition and Applications	L	T/CLC	P	C
20APC0424	IV-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

nptel videos

- CO1: **Understand the** concepts of pattern recognition system for Differential approaches
- CO2: Analyze the statistical pattern recognition using supervised and unsupervised learning.
- CO3: **Understand** the grammars and graphical approaches for syntactic pattern recognition.
- CO4: Analyze the pattern preprocessing clustering techniques using feature selection..
 CO5: Evaluate the different real time applications through pattern recognition techniques

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria		Bloom: level
CO1	Understand	The concepts of pattern recognition system.		For Differenti approaches	al	L2
CO2	Analyze	the statistical pattern recognition	using supervised and unsupervised learning.			L4
CO3	Understand	The Grammars and graphical approaches.		for syntactic recognition	pattern	L2
CO4	Analyze	The Pattern pre-processing clustering techniques	Using feature selection			L4
CO5	Evaluate	The Different real time applications.	through Pattern recognition techniques.			L5
UNIT - I					12hrs	
Typicall Differe	PatternRecogni nttypesofPatter	ON OVERVIEW: tionSystem,PatternsandFeatur nRecognitionApproaches–Stat	_	_	ns.	onsystem
UNIT - 1	<u>II</u>				14hrs	
STATIS	TICAL PATTE	RN RECOGNITION: Parametri	c estimation and supervise	d learning, Maxi	mum likel	lihood
		arameter estimation, Non-par	ametric approaches - Parze	n window, K-NN	lestimatio	on,
		g – Clustering Concepts.				
UNIT - 1					18hrs	
		IRECOGNITION: Grammar Ba	·			_
_		gorithm, Transition Networks i		onal Grammars,	Stochastic	
		Approaches – Graph Isomorph	ism, Attributed Graphs.			
UNIT - 1					10hrs	
PATTE	RNPREPROCE	SSINGANDFEATURESELECTI	ON: Introduction, distance	measures, clust	ering	
		ature ordering, clustering in fea		ropy minimizati	on, featur	es
	_	ogonal expansion, binary featu	ure selection.			
UNIT - '	V				18hrs	
syntacti	c pattern recog	TERNRECOGNITION: Introdugnition problem, syntactic patton of pattern recognition techn	tern description, recognition	n grammars, au	tomata as	pattern
Textbo	oks:					
1.						
		t."PatternrecognitionandImag	eAnalysis",PHI.Tou.Rafael.G	onzalez."Pattern	Recogniti	onPr
	PearsonEducat	tion				
	ice Books:					
I. Richa	rd duda,Hart.	David Strok, "Pattern Classifi	cation", JohnWiley			
Online	Learning Reso	ources:				

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

Happii	rapping of course outcomes with program outcomes												
CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	1								2	
CO2	3	3	3		3							2	
CO3	2	3		1								2	
CO4		3		3	3							2	
CO5	3		2	3	2	1					1	3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson	%	Correlat	Co's Action	BTL	Outcome	Verb and BTL(for	Correlation
	plan(Hrs)		ion	verb		(PO)	PO1 to PO11)	(0-3)
1	12	18 %	2	Understand	L2	PO1,	PO1 :Apply (L3)	2
						PO2,	PO2 :Review (L2)	3
						PO3, PO4	PO3:Develop (L3)	2
							PO4:Analyze (L4)	1
2	14	20%	2 Analyze		L4	PO1, PO1: Apply (L3)		3
				, and the second		PO2,	PO2: Identify (L3)	3
						PO3, PO5	PO3: Develop (L3)	3
							PO5: Apply (L3)	3
3	18	27%	3	Understand	L2	PO1,	PO1 : Apply (L3)	2
						PO2, PO4	PO2: Review (L2)	3
							PO4 : Analyze (L4)	1
4	10	15%	2	Analyze	L4	PO2,	PO2: Identify (L3)	3
						PO4, PO5	PO4: Analysis (L4)	3
							PO5: Apply (L3)	3
5	14	20%	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
						PO3,	PO3: Design (L6)	2
						PO4,	PO4: Interpret (L5)	3
						PO5,PO6,	PO5 : Create (L6)	2
						PO11	PO6: Thumb Rule	1
							PO11:Thumb Rule	1
	68	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the concepts of pattern recognition system for Differential approaches

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

(2).
PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)CO1 Action Verb is the same level of PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3CO1 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 Verbs: Analyze (L4)CO1 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by two level; Therefore correlation is low (1). **CO2: Analyze the** statistical pattern recognition using supervised and unsupervised learning.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply CO2 Action Verb is the same level of PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)CO2 Action Verb is the same level of PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)CO2 Action Verb is the same level of PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is the same level of PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO3: Understand the grammars and graphical approaches for syntactic pattern recognition.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO3 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

 $PO2\ Verb:\ Review\ (L2)\ CO3\ Action\ Verb\ level\ is\ the\ same\ level\ of\ PO2\ verb;\ Therefore\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).$

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4) CO3 Action Verb is less than PO4 verb by Two level; Therefore correlation is low (1).

CO4: Analyze the pattern preprocessing clustering techniques using feature selection..

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3) CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analysis (L4) CO4 Action Verb level is the same level of PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO4 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

 $\textbf{CO5: Evaluate} \ \text{the different real time applications through pattern recognition techniques}$

Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3) CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO3 verb: Design (L6) CO5 Action verb is less than PO3 verb therefore the correlation is moderate (2).

PO4 verb: Interpret (L5) CO5 Action verb is the same level of PO4 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verbs: Create (L6) CO5 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO 6: CO5 Using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO6 as low (1).

PO 11:CO5Using Thumb rule, L5 correlates PO11 as low (1).

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Digital Image Processing	L	T/CLC	P	C
20APE0407	IV-I		2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: **Understand** the fundamental concepts of digital image processing
- CO2. **Analyze** the images in frequency domain using image transforms
- CO3. **Apply** the techniques for image enhancement in spatial and frequency domains
- CO4. **Analyze** various image restoration and image segmentation techniques
- CO5. Evaluate different coding methods for image compression to save memory & bandwidth.

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	the fundamental concepts of digital image processing			L2
CO2	Analyze	the images in frequency domain	using image transforms		L4
CO3	Apply	the techniques for image enhancement		in spatial and frequency domains	L3
CO4	Analyze	the various image restoration and image segmentation techniques.			L4
CO5	Evaluate	the different coding methods	for image compression	to save memory & bandwidth	L5

UNIT - I		15Hrs
IMAGE PROCESSING FU	NDAMENTALS: Introduction to Digital Image processing - Example fie	elds of its usage-
Fundamental steps in Im	nageProcessing, Components of general image processing system, Imag	e sensing and
Acquisition-image Mode	ling- Sampling, Quantization and Digital Image representation - Bas	ic relationships
between pixels, -Mathen	natical tools/ operations applied on images-imaging geometry	
UNIT - II		14Hrs
IMAGE TRANSFORMS:		
Discrete Fourier Transfo	orm- Discrete Cosine Transforms- Discrete Sine Transform, Walsh-H	adamard
Transforms- Haar Transf	orm- Hotelling Transform, Comparison of properties of the above.	
UNIT - III		15Hrs
IMAGE ENHANCEMENT	TECHNIQUES: Background enhancement by point processing Histogra	ım processing,
	ment infrequency Domain, Image smoothing, Image sharpening, Color:	
enhancement		S
UNIT - IV		16Hrs
IMAGE RESTORATION:	Degradation model, Algebraic approach to restoration–Inverse filtering	-Least Mean
Square filters, Constraine	edLeast square restoration, Blind Deconvolution.	
IMAGE SEGMENTATION	I: Edge detection-,Edge linking, Threshold based segmentation methods	-Regionbased
Approaches –Template m	atching-use of motion in segmentation.	
UNIT - V		15Hrs
IMAGE COMPRESSION:	Redundancies in Images - Compression models, Information theoretic p	perspective-
Fundamental coding the	orem. Huffman Coding, Arithmetic coding, Bit plane coding, Run length	coding, Transform
	nd compression standards.	
Textbooks:		
1. R.C.Gonzalez & R.E. W	oods, "Digital Image Processing", Addison Wesley/Pearson education, 3	3rd
Edition, 2010.	, 6 6	
2. A.K. Jain, "Fundament	als of Digital Image processing", PHI.	
Reference Books:		

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E woods and Steven L. Eddins, "Digital Image processing using MATLAB",

Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

- 2. S jayaraman, S Esakkirajan, T Veera kumar, "Digital Image processing", Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. WilliamK.Pratt, "DigitalImageProcessing", JohnWilely, 3rdEdition, 2004.

Online Learning Resources:

nptel videos

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

P P					F8								
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3									1	2	
CO2	2	1										3	
CO3	3		3		3						2	3	
CO4	3			3	3						3	3	
CO5	3	2	2								2	3	

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO					Program	PO(s) :Action Verb	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	15	20%	2 Understand		Understand L2		PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Review (L2) PO11:Thumb rule	2 3 1
2	14	19%	2	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO2	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Formulate(L6)	3 1
3	15	20%	2	Apply	L3	PO1, PO3, PO5, PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply(L3) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 2
4	16	21%	3	Analyze	L4	PO1, PO4, PO5, PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO4: Analyze(L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO11:Thumb rule	3 3 3 3
5	15	20%	2	Evaluate	L5	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Formulate(L6) PO3: Develop (L6) PO11:Thumb rule	3 2 2 2
	75	100%						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of digital image processing. Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3) CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2) CO1 Action Verb is in the same level of less than PO2 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO11: CO1 using Thumb rule, L1 correlates PO11 as low (1).

CO2: Analyze the images in frequency domain using image transforms.

Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO2 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO2 Verbs: Formulate(L6)CO2 Action Verb is less than the PO2 verb by two levels. Therefore, the correlation is low (1).

CO3: Apply the techniques for image enhancement in spatial and frequency domains. Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop(L3)CO3 Action Verb level is in the same level of PO3 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3).

PO11: CO3 using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO11 as medium (2).

CO4: Analyze various image restoration and image segmentation techniques. Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)CO4 Action Verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3).

 $PO4\ Verb: Formulate\ (L4)CO4\ Action\ Verb\ level\ is\ equal\ to\ PO4\ verb.\ Therefore,\ the\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).$

 $PO5\ Verbs:\ Develop\ (L3)CO4\ Action\ Verb\ is\ more\ than\ the\ PO5\ verb.\ Therefore,\ correlation\ is\ high\ (3).$

PO11: CO4 using Thumb rule, L4 correlates PO11 as high (3).

CO5: Evaluate different coding methods for image compression to save memory & bandwidth. Action Verb: Evaluate (L5)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)CO5 Action verb is more than the PO1 verb. Therefore, the correlation is high (3). PO2 verb: Formulate (L6)CO5 Action verb is less than the PO2 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium(2).

PO3 verb: Develop (L6)CO5 Action verb is less than the PO3 verb by one level. Therefore, the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: CO5 using Thumb rule, L3 correlates PO11 as medium (2).

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	L	T/CLC	P	С	
20APE0410	IV-I	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	2	1	0	3	

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- CO1: **Understand** the basic principles involved in the meters for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on
- CO2: **Understand** the working of CRO for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on
- CO3: **Analyze** the working of advanced instruments such as wave analyzer and spectrum analyzers.
- CO4: **Apply** the Principles of measurements associated with different bridges
- CO5: Analyze Electrical Parameters using advanced Electrical and Mechanical Transducer

CO	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The basic principles involved in the meters for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on.			L2
CO2	Understand	the working of CRO for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on			L2
CO3	Analyze	the working of advanced instruments such as wave analyzer and spectrum analyzers			L4
CO4	Apply	The Principles of measurements associated with different bridges			L3
CO5	Analyze	Electrical Parameters using advanced Electrical and Mechanical Transducers			L4

UNIT - I		10Hrs									
PERFORMANCE CHA	ARACTERISTICS OF INSTRUMENTS: Static characteristic	s: Accuracy,									
Precision, Resolution, Sensitivity, static and dynamic calibration, Errors in Measurement, and their											
statistical analysis, dynamic characteristics: speed of Response, fidelity, Lag and dynamic error.											
DC ammeters, DC voltmeters: multirange, range extension/solid state and differential voltmeters,											
AC voltmeters-multirange, range extension. Thermocouple type RF ammeter, ohmmeters: series											
type, shunt type, multimeters for voltage, current and resistance measurements											
UNIT - II 10Hrs											
OSCILOSCOPES: Stand	lard specifications of CRO, CRT features, vertical and horizontal	amplifiers,									
horizontal and vertical	deflection systems, sweep trigger pulse, delay line, probes for CI	RO – active,									
	type, triggered sweep CRO, dual trace CRO and dual beam CRO,										
	y (Lissajous method) and phase. Principles of sampling oscillosc										
oscilloscope and digital storage oscilloscope, Digital frequency counters, time& Period measurements.											
UNIT - III 15Hrs											
SIGNAL GENERATORS	S: Fixed and variable, AF oscillators, Function generators, Pulse,	Random Noise,									
sweep, and arbitrary											

waveformgenerators,theirstandards,specificationsandprinciplesofworking(Blockdiagramapproach).Wave analy zers, Harmonic distortion analyzers, Spectrum analyzers.

UNIT - IV 14Hrs

REVIEW OF DCBRIDGES: Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin Bridge, errors and precautions in using bridges, AC bridges: Measurement of inductance- Maxwell's bridge, Anderson Bridge, Hays Bridge. Measurement of capacitance: Schearing Bridge, Wein Bridge, Q-meter.

UNIT - V 14Hrs

SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS: Active and passive transducers: Measurement of displacement-inductance (LVDT), Force (strain gauges), Pressure (piezoelectric transducers) Temperature (resistance thermometers, thermocouples, and thermistors), Velocity, Acceleration, pH measurement, Signal Conditioning Circuits.

Textbooks:

- 1 A.D.HelfrickandW.D.Cooper, "ModernElectronicInstrumentationandMeasurementTechniques", PHI, $5^{
 m th}$ Edition, 2002.
- 2. H.S.Kalsi, "Electronicinstrumentation", secondedition, TataMcGrawHill, 2004.
- 3. K. LalKishore, "Electronic Measurements & Instrumentations", Pearson Education, 2009

Reference Books:

- 1. H.S.Kalsi, "Electronic instrumentation", second edition, TataMcGrawHill, 2004.
- 2 Ernest O Doebelin and Dhanesh N Manik, "Measurement Systems Application and Design", TMH,5th Edition, 2009
- 3. Oliver and Cage, "Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation", TMH
- 4. Robert A.Witte, "Electronic Test Instruments, Analog and Digital Measurements", Pearson Education, 2nd Ed., 2004.
- 5. DavidA.Bell, "ElectronicInstrumentation&Measurements", PHI, 2nd Edition, 2003

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3										2	
CO2	2	2										2	
CO3	3	3		3								3	
CO4	3	3		2								3	
CO5	3	3											3

Correlation matrix

Uni	CO					Program	PO(s):Action	Level of
t No.	Lesson plan(Hr	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BT L	Outcom e (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to	Correlatio n (0-3)
	s)						P011)	
	10	16	2	Understand	L2	PO1,	PO1: Apply(L3)	2
1						PO2,	PO2: Review (L2)	3
	10	16	2	Understand	L2	PO1,PO2	PO1: Apply (L3)	2
2							PO2: Identify	2
							(L3)	
	15	23	3	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
3							PO2:Identify(L3)	3
							PO4:Analyze(L4)	3
	14	22	3	Apply	L3	PO1,	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
4						PO2 PO4	PO2:Review(L2)	3
							PO4:Analyze(L4)	2
5	14	22	3	Analyze	L4	PO1,PO2	PO1:Apply(L3)	3
3							PO2: Identify(L3)	3
	63	10						
		0						

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand basic principles involved in the meters for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Identify (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO1 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO2: Understand & analyze the CRO for measuring voltage, current, resistance, frequency and so on..

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is less than by one level PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Review (L2)

CO2 Action Verb is less than by one level PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the working of advanced instruments such as wave analyzer and spectrum analyzers.

Action Verb: Apply(L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb level is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

CO4: Analyze the propagation of electromagnetic waves in conductors and dielectric media.

Action Verb: Apply (L3)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is greater to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Review?(L2)

CO4 action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore correlation is high(3)

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action Verb level is less than by one level to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: understand the concepts of transmission line parameters and its applications. Action Verb: Analyze(L4)

PO1 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater to PO1 verb; therefore the correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verb: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb level is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B. Tech Regulation: AK20 Year/Semester: IV / VII

Branch of Study: EEE& ECE

Course Name: NEURAL NETWORKS AND FUZZY LOGIC

Course Code: 20APE0203

L	T	P	Credits
2	1	0	3

COURSE OUTCOMES: After studying of the course, Student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the evolution and basic architecture of artificial neural networks.

CO2: Analyze various learning process of Artificial Neural Networks.

CO3: Analyze various learning rules used to train neural networks to produce desired

results.

CO4: Understand basic fuzzy logic operations and properties.

CO5: Apply fuzzy logic control operations to real world applications.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Bloom's level
CO1	Understand	the evolution and basic architecture of artificial neural networks			L2
CO2	Analyze	various learning process of Artificial Neural Networks			L4
CO3	Analyze	various learning rules used to train neural networks to produce desired results			L4
CO4	Understand	Basic Fuzzy Logic Operations and properties			L2
CO5	Apply	fuzzy logic control operations	to real world applications		L3

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I ARTIFICIALNEURAL NETWORKS

Approaches to AI – Architectures of AI – Symbolic Reasoning System – Rule based Systems–Knowledge Representation–Expert Systems. Introduction and motivation: Neural Network, Human Brain, Structure of biological neuron, Memory, Comparison between Artificial and Biological Neural Networks – Basic Building Blocks of ANN – Artificial Neural Network Terminologies, Artificial Intelligence and Neural Networks.

UNIT-II LEARNING PROCESS

Layers, activation functions, learning methods: Error Correction Learning, Memory Based Learning, Hebbian Learning, Competitive, Boltzmann Learning, Memory, Adaption, Back Propagation and Differentiation, Supervised Learning, unsupervised learning.

UNIT-III NETWORKS

Basic Building Blocks of ANN – Artificial Neural Network Terminologies – McCulloch Pitts Neuron Model – Learning Rules – ADALINE and MADALINE Models – Perceptron Networks – Back Propagation Neural Networks – Associative Memories - Self-Organization Map – Hopfield models – ART networks.

UNIT-IV UNIT-IV FUZZY LOGIC

ClassicalSets–FuzzySets–FuzzyPropertiesandOperations–FuzzyLogicSystem – Fuzzification – Defuzzification – Membership Functions – Fuzzy Rule base – Fuzzy Logic Controller Design.

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B. Tech Regulation: AK20 Year/Semester: IV / VII

Branch of Study: EEE& ECE

UNIT-V FUZZY LOGIC APPLICATIONS

Fuzzy pattern recognition – Fuzzy control system – Aircraft landing control problem - Statistical process control- Fuzzy cognitive mapping – Probability measures – Possibility and necessity measures.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S. N. Deepa, "Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB", McGraw Hill Edition, 2006.
- 2. Timothy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", Third Edition, WILEY india Edition, 2012.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

- 1. S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S. N. Deepa, "Introduction to Fuzzy Logic using
- 2. MATLAB", Springer International Edition, 2013.
- 3. Laurene V. Fausett "Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms and Applications" United States Edition.
- 4. Yung C. Shin and Chengying Xu, "Intelligent System Modeling, Optimization & Control, CRC Press, 2009.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	CO	Pı	rogra	mmeC	utco	mes(l	POs)8	&Prog	ramm	eSpec	ific0ı	ıtcom	es(PSO	s)
CourseTitle	S	P0 1	PO 2	P03	PO 4	PO 5	P0 6	PO 7	P0 8	P09	PO 10	P0 11	PSO1	PSO2
	CO1	2	1							2			1	2
	CO2	3	3	3		3				3			3	3
NEURAL	CO3	3	3	3		3				3			3	3
NETWORKS AND FUZZY LOGIC	CO4	2	1							2			1	2
ruzzi Lugic	CO5	3	2	3		3				2			2	3

Justification Table:

СО			CO			Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s): Action verb and BTL (for PO1 to PO5)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
	Lesson Plan (Hrs)	%	corr	Verb	BTL			
1	12	18.18	2	Understand	L2	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	2
						PO2,PO9	PO2: Identify(L3)	2
							PO9: Thumb Rule	2
2	12	18.18	2	Analyze	L4	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
						PO2,PO3,	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5,PO9	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
							PO5: Apply(L3)	3
							PO9: Thumb Rule	3
3	11	16.66	2	Analyze	L4	PO1,	PO1: Apply (L3)	3
				-		PO2,PO3,	PO2: Analyze(L4)	3
						PO5,PO9	PO3: Develop(L3)	3
							PO5: Apply(L3)	3
							PO9: Thumb Rule	3

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B. Tech Regulation: AK20 Year/Semester: IV / VII

Branch of Study: EEE& ECE

4	11	16.66	2	Understand	L2	P01, P02,P09	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Identify (L3) PO9: Thumb Rule	2 1 2
5	10	15.15	2	Apply	L3	P01, P02,P03, P05,P09	PO1: Apply (L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Develop(L3) PO5: Apply(L3) PO9: Thumb Rule	3 2 3 3 2
	66							

CO1: Understand the evolution, basic architecture of artificial neural networks.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (1).

Based on thumb rule, Students' participate in CLC Activities, CO Action verb is 2. So, its

moderate (2)

CO2: Analyze various learning process of Artificial Neural Networks

Action Verb: Analyze (L4) PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO2 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

 ${\sf CO2}$ Action ${\sf Verb}$ is greater than ${\sf PO3}$ verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate

high(3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is one level greater than to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

Based on thumb rule, Students' participate in CLC Activities, CO Action verb is 4. So, its high (3)

CO3: Analyze various learning rules used to train neural networks to produce desired results.

Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate

high(3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is one level greater than to PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

Based on thumb rule, Students' participate in CLC Activities, CO Action verb is 4. So, its high (3)

CO4: Understand basic fuzzy logic operations.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Program: B. Tech Regulation: AK20 Year/Semester: IV / VII

Branch of Study: EEE& ECE

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO verb by two level; therefore correlation is low (1).

Based on thumb rule, Students' participate in CLC Activities, CO Action verb is 2. So, its moderate (2)

CO 5: Apply fuzzy logic control operations to real world applications.

Action Verb: Apply (L3) PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; therefore correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is moderate high(3).

PO5 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is equal to PO5 verb; therefore correlation is high (3).

Based on thumb rule, Students' participate in CLC Activities, CO Action verb is 3. So, its

moderate (2)



COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (CSE)

		<u> </u>				
Course Code	Year & Sem	Database Management Systems	L	T / CLC	P	С
20APC0502	IV-I	(common to ECE,EEE, CSE,CIC,AIDS,AIML,CSE(DS))	2	1	0	3

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamentals of databases to design relational models.
- CO2: Apply the SQL and PL/SQL concepts to formulate queries.
- **CO3: Apply** the E-R model for data base design of real world applications.
- **CO4: Analyze** the query processing and optimization for data manipulation.

CO5: Analyze the concurrent transactions and recover systems to prevent data loss in system crash.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamentals of databases		To design relational models.	L2
CO2	Apply	the SQL and PL/SQL concepts		To formulate queries.	L3
CO3	Apply	the E-R model		for data base design of real world applications	L3
CO4	Analyze	the query processing and optimization		For data manipulation.	L4
CO5	Analyze	the concurrent transactions and recover systems		to prevent data loss in system crash.	L4

UNIT- I	Introduction, Introduction to Relational Model	9Hrs						
	pase systems applications, Purpose of Database Systems, view o							
	onal Databases, Database Design, Data Storage and Queryi							
Management, Datal	pase Architecture, Data Mining and Information Retrieval, Spec	cialty Databases,						
	d Administrators, Introduction to Relational Model: Structur							
Databases, Databas Operations	se Schema, Keys, Schema Diagrams, Relational Query Langua	ages, Relational						
UNIT-II	Introduction to SQL, Advanced SQL	9Hrs						
Introduction to SQ	L: Overview of the SQL Query Language, SQL Data Definition, Ba	asic Structure of						
SQL Queries, Addit	onal Basic Operations, Set Operations, Null Values, Aggregate Fi	unctions, Nested						
Sub-queries, Modi	fication of the Database. Intermediate SQL: Joint Expr	essions, Views,						
Transactions, Integ	Transactions, Integrity Constraints, SQL Data types and schemas, Authorization.							
Advanced SQL: Accessing SQL from a Programming Language, Functions and Procedures, Triggers,								
Recursive Queries, OLAP, Formal relational query languages.								
UNIT-III Database Design and the E-R Model, Relational Database 9Hrs								
	Design							
	d the E-R Model: Overview of the Design Process, The Entity-Rel							
	oving Redundant Attributes in Entity Sets, Entity-Relation	ship Diagrams,						
	onal Schemas, Entity-Relationship Design Issues.							
	e Design:Features of Good Relational Designs, Atomic Domains a							
-	on Using Functional Dependencies, Functional-Dependency The	•						
	Decomposition Using Multivalued Dependencies, More Normal Fo							
UNIT-IV	Query Processing, Query optimization	9Hrs						
	Overview, Measures of Query cost, Selection operation, sorting	, Join Operation,						
-	valuation of Expressions.	_						
	Query optimization: Overview, Transformation of Relational Expressions, Estimating statistics of							
-	Expression results, Choice of Evaluation Plans, Materialized views, Advanced Topics in Query							
Optimization.								
UNIT-V	Transaction Management, Concurrency control and Recovery System	10Hrs						
Tuon so ation Marra		wa wa Cturrature						
Transaction Manag	Transaction Management: Transactions: Concept, A Simple Transactional Model, Storage Structures,							

Transaction Management: Transactions: Concept, A Simple Transactional Model, Storage Structures, Transaction Atomicity and Durability, Transaction Isolation, Serializability, Isolation and Atomicity, Transaction Isolation Levels, Implementation of Isolation Levels, Transactions as SQL Statements. Concurrency Control: Lock-based Protocols, Deadlock Handling, Multiple granularity, Timestamp-based Protocols, and Validation-based Protocols. Recovery System: Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery Algorithm, Buffer

Management, Failure with Loss of Nonvolatile Storage, Early Lock Release and Logical Undo Operations.

Textbooks:

1.A. Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", 6/e, TMH 2019

Reference Books:

- 1. Database Management System,6/eRamez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, PEA
- 2. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, Carlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning.
 3. Database Management Systems,3/e,Raghurama Krishnan,Johannes Gehrke,TMH

Online Learning Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs04/preview

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

CO	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3											
CO2	3	3									2		
CO3	3	3	3	2	3		2	2			2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	3		3					2	
CO5		3	3	3	3		2	2			2		

(Levels of Correlation, viz., 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3 High)

Correlation matrix

Unit	CO				Program		PO(s):Action	Level of
No.	Lesson plan(Hrs)	%	Correlation	Co's Action verb	BTL	Outcome (PO)	Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Correlation (0-3)
1	13	14%	2	CO1 :Understand	L2	PO1 PO2	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2)	2 3
2	19	20%	2	CO2 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 2
3	18	19%	2	CO3 :Apply	L3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO7 PO8 PO11	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Review(L2) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO7: Thumb rule PO8: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	3 3 2 3 2 2 2 2
4	18	19%	2	CO4 :Analyze	L4	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO7	PO1: Apply(L3) PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO7: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 3 3
5	25	27%	3	CO5 :Analyze	L4	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO7 PO8	PO2: Analyze(L4) PO3: Develop (L3) PO4: Analyze (L4) PO5: Apply(L3) PO7: Thumb rule	3 3 3 3 2 2

			P011	PO8: Thumb rule PO11: Thumb rule	2
93	100				
	%				

Justification Statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of databases to design relational models.

Action Verb : Understand(L2)

PO1 Verb : Apply(L3)

CO1 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2 Verb : Review(L2)

CO1 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

CO2: Apply the SQL and PL/SQL concepts to formulate queries.

Action Verb : Apply (L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO2 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2: Review (L2)

CO2 Action verb is greater than PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of DB applications, PL/SQL concepts are used to formulate queries. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

CO3: Apply the E-R model for data base design of real world applications.

Action Verb : Apply(L3)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO1 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO2:Review (L2)

CO3 Action verb is higher level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze(L4)

CO3 Action verb is less than PO4 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO3 Action verb is same level as PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed to create a database. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required between DBA and Database designer to create a database. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

For some of DB applications, ER model concepts are used to create designs. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

CO4: Analyze the query processing and optimization for data manipulation.

Action Verb : Analyze(L4)

PO1: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is less than PO1 verb by one level. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO4 Action verb is same as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO4 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles shall be followed in data manipulation. Therefore the correlation is high(3)

 ${\tt CO5:}$ Analyze the concurrent transactions and recover systems to prevent data loss in system crash.

Action Verb : Analyze (L4)

PO2: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO2 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO3: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO3 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO4: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action verb is same level as PO4 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO5: Apply(L3)

CO5 Action verb is greater than PO5 verb. Therefore the correlation is high (3)

PO7: Thumb rule

Since ethical principles should be followed for transaction management. Therefore the correlation is medium(2)

PO8: Thumb rule

Team work is required for transaction management and recovery of failure transactions. Hence the correlation is medium (2)

PO11: Thumb rule

In real time transaction management is continuously updating. Therefore the correlation is medium (2)

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (ECE)

Course Code	Year & Sem	EMBEDDED SYSTEMS AND UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE	L	T	P	C
20ASA0401	IV-I	ENDEDDED SISTEMS MAD CAMANALD ALMAL VEHICLE	1	0	2	2

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, Student will be able to:

- Co1 **Understand** the fundamental concepts of embedded systems.
- CO2 Understand the architectural features of TM4C Embedded Processor
- CO3 Analyze the different configurations of TM4C by programming
- CO4 Understand the fundamental concepts of Unmanned Aerial Vehicle
- CO5 **Design** Various applications using Unmanned Aerial Vehicle.

СО	Action Verb	Knowledge Statement	Condition	Criteria	Blooms level
CO1	Understand	The fundamental concepts of embedded systems.			L2
CO2	Understand	The architectural features of TM4C Embedded Processor			L2
CO3	Analyze	The different configurations of TM4C	by programming		L4
CO4	Understand	The fundamental concepts of Unmanned Aerial Vehicle			L2
CO5	Design	Various applications of UAV.			L6

UNIT I

INTRODUCTIONTOEMBEDDEDSYSTEMS

Embedded system introduction, host and target concept, embedded applications, features and architecture considerations for embedded systems-ROM, RAM, timers; data and address bus concept, Embedded Processor and their types, Memory types, overview of design process of embedded systems, programming languages and tools for embedded design.

UNIT II

EMBEDDEDPROCESSORARCHITECTURE

CISC Vs RISC design philosophy, Von-Neumann Vs Harvard architecture. Introduction to ARM architecture and Cortex – M series, Introduction to the TM4C family viz. TM4C123x & TM4C129xand its targeted applications. TM4C block diagram, address space, on-chip peripherals (analog and digital)Register sets, addressing modes and instruction set basics.

UNIT III

MICROCONTROLLERAPPLICATIONS

Program for configuration of GPIO ports for Input and output operation (blinking LEDs, pushbuttons interface). Program for EK-TM4C123GXL Launch pad and associated Timer ISR to toggleonboardLEDusinginterruptprogrammingtechnique.ConfigurehibernationmoduleoftheTM4C123GH6PM microcontroller for different applications.

UNIT IV

UNMANNEDAERIAL VEHICLE

Study of Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) System and its subsystems, sensors and their main characteristics. Assembling of Quadcopter Drone with GPS. Assembling of Hexacopter Drone with GPS.

UNIT V

APPLICATIONS OF UAV

UAV Applications of UAV-Take a snap shot using Quadcopter Drone with Camera. Takeoff and land Quadcopter

and Hexacopter drones. Fly RC Electric Glider Aircraft. Attach 5 Liter sprayer tank and fly Quadcopter Drone.

Text Books:

- EmbeddedSystems:Real-TimeInterfacingtoARMCortex-MMicrocontrollers,2014,CreatespacepublicationsISBN:978-1463590154.
- 2. Embedded Systems: Introduction to ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers, 5th edition Jonathan W Valvano, Create spacepublicationsISBN-13: 978-1477508992
- Embedded Systems 2E Raj Kamal, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2011 ISBN-0070667640,9780070667648
- 4. Basics of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: Time to start working on Drone Technology Paperback-by <u>Garvit</u> Pandya, 2021

Reference Books:

- 1. http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/HandsOn_Training_for_TI_Embedded_Processors
- 2. http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/MCU_Day_Internet_of_Things_2013_Workshop
- 3. http://www.ti.com/ww/en/simplelink_embedded_wi-fi/home.html
- 4. CC3100/CC3200SimpleLink™Wi-Fi®Internet-on-a-ChipUserGuideTexasInstrumentsLiteratureNumber: SWRU368AApril 2014–Revised August 2015
- 5. Unmanned Aerial Vehicle: Applications in Agriculture and Environment

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

СО	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2		2									2	
CO2	2		2									2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3							3	3
CO4	2		2		2							2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3							3	3

Correlation Matrix

СО	Co's Action verb	BTL	Program Outcome (PO)	PO(s) :Action Verb and BTL(for PO1 to PO11)	Level of Correlation (0-3)
1	Understand	L2	PO1,PO3,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO3 : Develop(L3)	2 2
2	Understand	L2	PO1,PO3,	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO3 : Develop (L3)	2 2
3	Analyze	L4	P01,P02, P03, P04, P05	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO2 : Identify (L3) PO3 : Develop (L3) PO4 : Analyze (L4) PO 5: Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3
4	Understand	L2	PO1,PO3, PO5	PO1 : Apply (L3) PO3 : Develop (L3) PO5 : Apply (L3)	2 2 2
5	Design	L6	PO1,PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5	P01 : Apply (L3) P02 : Identify (L3) P03 : Develop (L3) P04 : Analyze (L4) P05 : Apply (L3)	3 3 3 3 3

Justification statements:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of embedded systems.

Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO1 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO2: Understand the architectural features of TM4C Embedded Processor Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verbs: Develop (L3)

CO2 Action Verb is less than PO2 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO3: Analyze the different configurations of TM4C by programming Action Verb: Analyze (L4)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO3 Action Verb is equal to PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO3 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore, correlation is high (3).

CO4: Understand the fundamental concepts of Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Action Verb: Understand (L2)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO1 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO3 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO4 Action Verb is less than PO5 verb by one level; Therefore, correlation is moderate (2).

CO5: Design Various applications using Unmanned Aerial Vehicle.

Action Verb: Design (L6)

PO1 Verbs: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO1 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO2 Verbs: Identify (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO2 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO3 Verb: Develop (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO3 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO4 Verb: Analyze (L4)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO4 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).

PO5 Verb: Apply (L3)

CO5 Action Verb is greater than PO5 verb; Therefore correlation is high (3).